COUNTY OF SCOTT, IOWA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Prepared by

Wesley Rostenbach Accounting and Tax Manager Office of County Auditor Craig Hufford
Financial Management Supervisor
Office of County Treasurer

David Farmer, CPA Budget Manager Office of County Administrator THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

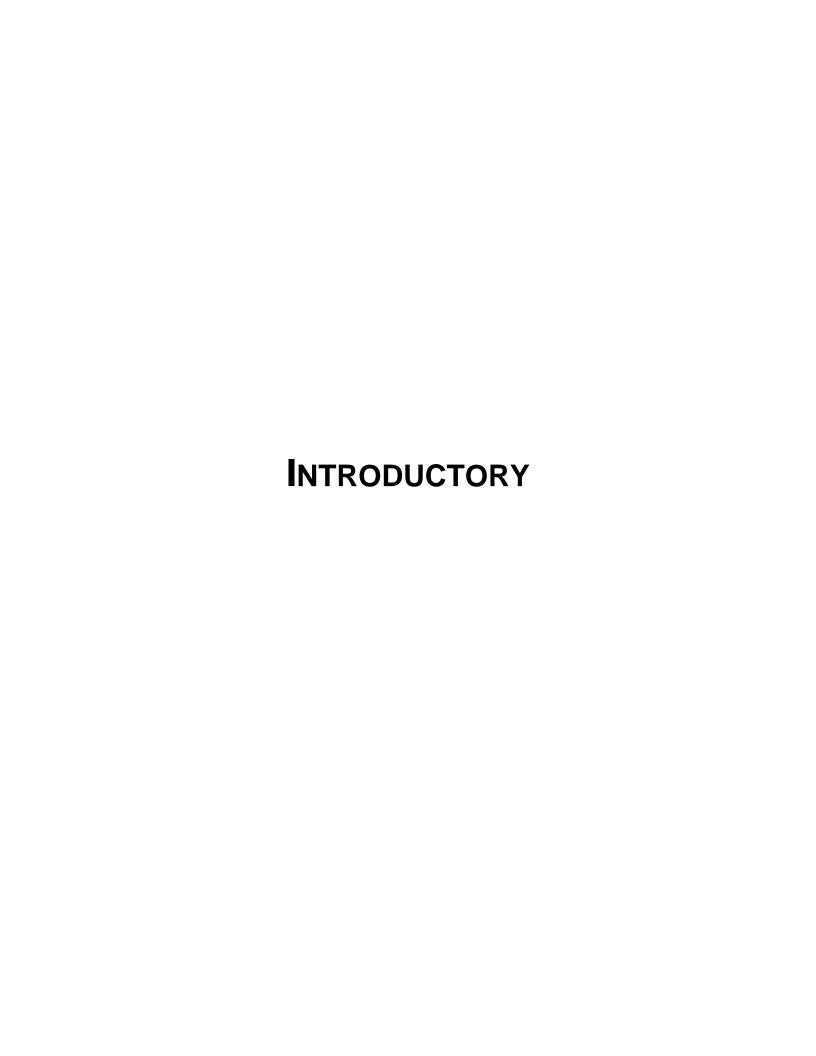


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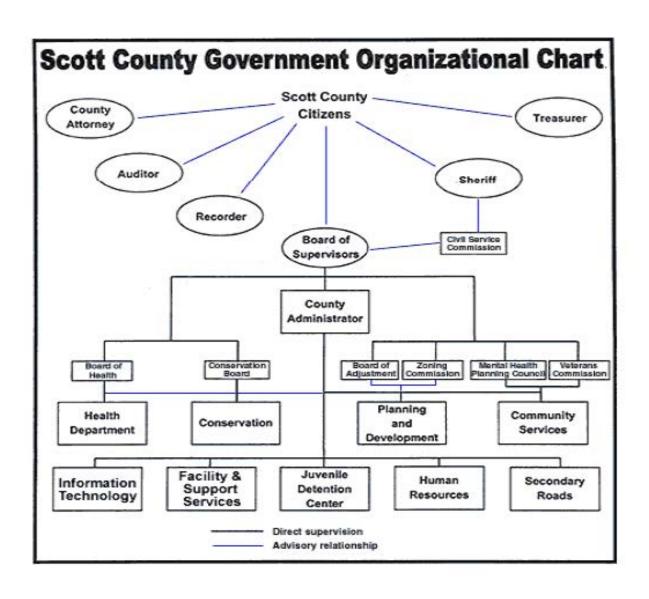
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County Officials

		Term Expiration Date of Elected
Official Title	Official	Officials
Elected Officials		
Supervisor, Chairperson	Larry Minard	2015
Supervisor	James Hancock	2017
Supervisor	Tom Sunderbruch	2017
Supervisor	William P. Cusack	2015
Supervisor	Carol Earnhardt	2015
Attorney	Mike Walton	2015
Auditor	Roxanna Moritz	2017
Recorder	Rita Vargas	2015
Sheriff	Dennis Conard	2017
Treasurer	Bill Fennelly	2015
Administration		
County Administrator	Dee F. Bruemmer	
Department Heads		
Community Services	Lori Elam	
Conservation	Roger Kean	
Facility and Support Services	Dave Donovan	
Health	Ed Rivers	
Human Resources	Mary Thee	
Information Technology	Matt Hirst	
Juvenile Detention Center	Jeremy Kaiser	
Planning and Development	Tim Huey	
Secondary Roads	John Burgstrum	





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Scott Iowa

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2012

Executive Director/CEO

OFFICE OF THE COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR

600 West Fourth Street Davenport, Iowa 52801-1003

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December 3, 2013

To the Members of the Scott County Board of Supervisors, and Citizens of Scott County:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within nine months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion of Scott County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2013. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of Scott County Government

Scott County, Iowa was incorporated on December 31, 1837. Antoine LeClaire, an early settler of the County, donated the square of land the Scott County Courthouse stands on today. If the County ever abandons the site, the property would revert to the heirs of Antoine LeClaire. The first courthouse was erected on this land during 1840-41 and served for 45 years. The following years to 1874 saw changes and additions to the structure of Scott County government. One of the major changes was in the structure of the governing board. From 1838 until 1850 county commissioners were elected on an annual basis. By 1861 the name Board of Supervisors had been mandated, with 14 supervisors from throughout the county representing the citizens. In 1870 the structure changed again, and only three board supervisors were elected countywide. In 1874, the membership of the board of supervisors increased to its present five officials, all elected at-large.

In 1979, an administrator form of government was adopted, and the Board of Supervisors hired a county administrator. Subsequently, staff and departments have grown in efficiency and capacity to serve citizens. In 1978, the County Home Rule Bill was enacted, granting all powers to counties consistent with state laws and not specifically prohibited by the lowa General Assembly.

The County provides a full range of services. These services include law enforcement and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health and developmental disabilities services, county environment, planning and zoning, construction and maintenance of secondary roads, education and general administrative services.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

The County's blended presented component units are as follows: Emergency Management Agency-Scott Emergency Communication Center (SECC), which provides county-wide consolidated emergency 911 dispatch services; and the Scott County Public Safety Authority, which is the owner of the voter approved jail expansion project. These component units are presented as major funds of the County.

The County's discretely presented component units are as follows: Emergency Management Agency, which provides direction for the delivery of the emergency management services and planning, administration, coordination, training and support for local governments and their departments, and the County Library, which provides library services to all cities within Scott County with the exception of the City of Bettendorf, the City of Davenport, and the City of LeClaire.

The discretely presented component units are in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasis that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position, results of operations and cash flows from those of the primary government. The County Board is a voting member of each of the governing bodies of all component units except for the Scott County Library for which the County Board appoints all the Library Trustees and the Public Safety Authority for which the County Board appoints two commissioners, one jointly appointed with the City of Davenport. The component units are discussed further in Note 1.

The Board is required to adopt a final budget by no later than March 15th prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for Scott County's financial planning and control. The State of lowa requires the passage of an annual budget of total County operating expenditures by major program service areas (i.e., public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, etc.). Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects fund and debt service fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is at the total program service area level. The County also maintains administrative budgetary control beyond the State required program service area level at the major object of expenditure basis within each County department.

The Scott Emergency Communication Center adopts an operating budget on an entity wide basis, and the level of budgetary control is at the entity basis, excluding capital improvements and certain expense reimbursements. The Public Safety Authority does not adopt a budget.

Local Economy

Scott County is part of a four county, bi-state, metropolitan area referred to as the Quad-Cities. The counties of Scott (Iowa), Rock Island, Henry and Mercer (Illinois), contain the Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), with a 2010 U.S. Census Bureau count of 379,690 which is a 1.0% increase over the 2000 census count of 376,019. The U.S. Census Bureau's 2010 population of Scott County was 165,224, which is a 4.1% increase over the 2000 census count of 158,689. The 2013 population estimate is 168,225.

The Quad-Cities has been historically known as an industrial, retail/service and transportation center. In the last thirty years the economy has shifted, showing a decline in the number of manufacturing sector jobs. In 1980, 30% of the area jobs were in manufacturing and 53% in the service sector. In 1990 that had changed to 17% manufacturing, 41% service sector; with 20% classified as trade and 4% mining and construction. In 2000 the split was 16% manufacturing and 46.5% classified as service sector; with18% classified as trade and 5% mining and construction. In 2010 the split changed only slightly to 12% manufacturing and 50% classified as service sector; with17% classified as trade and 5% mining and construction. The portion of government sector jobs has remained even at 16% in 1980 and 1990, 14.5% in 2000 and back to 16% in 2010.

The annual average labor force in the Quad Cities MSA (four counties) was 204,440 in 2010. The annual average labor force for Scott County was 88,800 in August of 2013 which is a slight decline over the 2010 labor force of 89,950. In that same three years Eastern lowa Community College saw a student enrollment increase of 23% which equates into 2,156 additional students. In 2010 the unemployment rate for Scott County was 6.9% and for the MSA it was 8.4%. In August of 2013 the Scott County rate dropped to 5.6%. Decreasing unemployment is a consistent trend over the last three years and well below the national average of 7.3%.

In 2010 the median household income for the MSA was \$48,091 and for Scott County it was \$52,218. The median household income in Scott County rose between 1980 and 2000, from \$20,767 in 1980 to \$29,979 in 1990 and \$42,701 in 2000. That is an increase of 106% over the twenty-year period. The median household income in 2008 in Scott County increased another 22% over the 2000 figure to \$52,013, just a shade under the 2008 U.S. median household income of \$52,029.

New residential construction slowed in the Quad Cities MSA and Scott County after very strong years from 2000-2007. The total housing starts for the Quad Cities MSA were 851 in 2006 and 688 in 2007, dropping to 421 in 2008, 371 in 2009 and 422 in 2010. The total housing starts for Scott County for those same years were 538 in 2006, 407 in 2007, dropping to 274 in 2008, 231 in 2009, and 251 in 2010, 243 in 2011. New construction due to higher demand in 2012 resulted in 354 new homes. However, the market slowed in the first half of 2013 with a reduction of about 8%.

The Quad Cities housing market remains one of the most affordable housing markets in the country. The average sales price for homes in the lowa Quad Cities was \$178,300 in September of 2013, which is up from \$176,100 in September of 2012. On the Illinois side of the river, the averages sales price was \$107,000 in September of 2013, down slightly from \$107,400 in September of 2012. The median home value in north Scott County for 2013 was \$213,500. In the last five years, home prices have risen 1.5% in the Quad Cities area.

Economic development efforts for the Quad Cities as a whole continue is on the path to diversify the economy, while taking advantage of its unique location on major transportation corridors and the tremendous asset of the Mississippi River. The global, national and regional economic development marketing for the Quad Cities have been led by Quad Cities First, the regional marketing public-private partnership managed by the Chamber of Commerce. The recent consolidation of the two Chambers of Commerce into one Quad Cities wide organization has helped with these regional marketing efforts. Scott County, as always, is part of those efforts.

Long-Term Financial Planning

Unassigned fund balance in the general fund (19.9% of total 2013 general fund expenditures including transferred expenditures to blended component units) falls within the policy guidelines set by the Board for budgetary and planning purposes (i.e., minimum of 15 percent of total general fund expenditures). Fiscal year 2013 ended with an increase in the unassigned general fund balance of approximately \$564,000. Additionally, the County assigned fund balance to establish a long term building improvement capital plan and additional reserves to stabilize employee health and dental benefit expenses. During these challenging economic times, as the county faces cutbacks at the state level and reduced property tax funding, retaining the current level of fund balance is important. The County is continuing to find ways to reduce its costs for providing services through collaborating with other jurisdictions in delivering services. This consolidation or service sharing is very important as the County weathers this recession. We are committed to remain a county with a superior level of service at one of the lowest tax rates in the State of lowa.

Relevant Financial Policies

It is Scott County's policy to use its share of riverboat gaming proceeds for capital projects. The County currently uses these funds toward pay as you go remodeling and renovation projects.

Major Initiatives

This year, the County implemented initiatives of the ERP software system, fleet service study and capital master plan. The ERP software will be implemented in fiscal year 2014, while the fleet service study and capital master plan will be implemented in following fiscal years.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Scott County for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. This was the twenty-fourth consecutive year that Scott County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both general accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, Scott County also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated July 1, 2012. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staffs of the Auditor's Office, Treasurer's Office and the Administration Office. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of our offices who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. We appreciate the assistance and guidance of our independent auditors. Credit also must be given to the Board of Supervisors for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Scott County's finances.

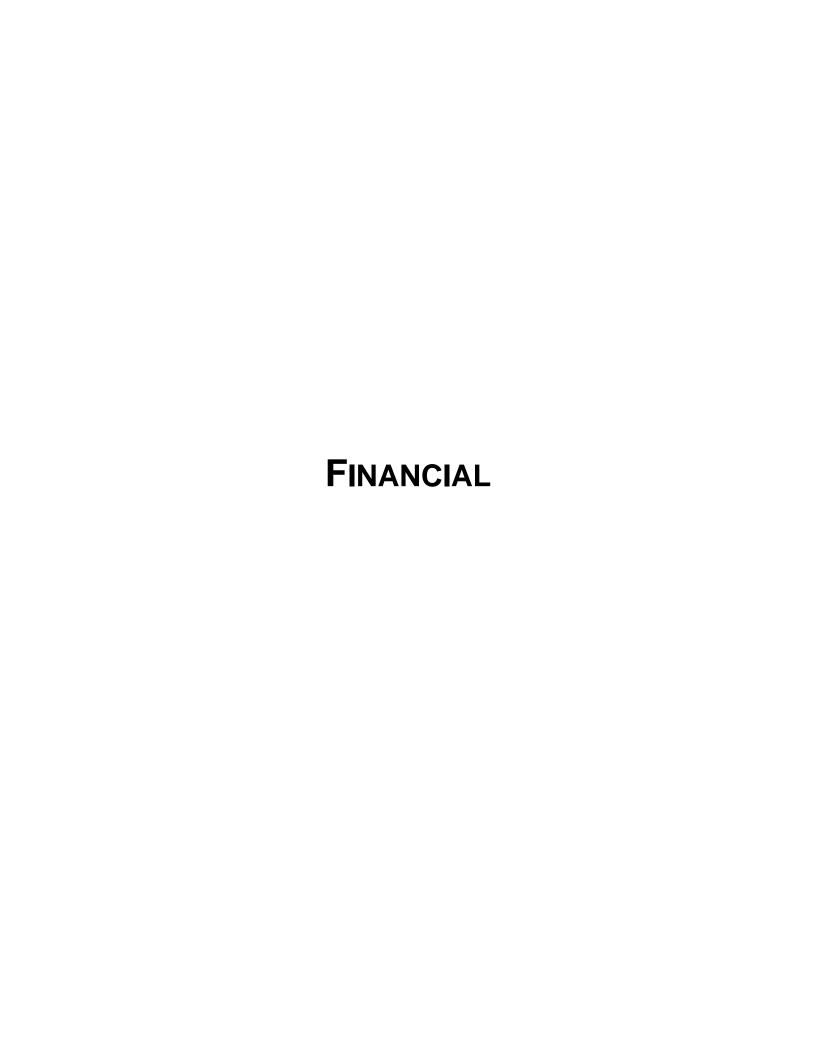
Respectfully submitted,

Bill Fennelly

County Treasurer

Roxanna Moritz County Auditor

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Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP 777 E Wisconsin Ave, 32nd Floor Milwaukee, WI 53202-5313 tel 414 777 5500 fax 414 777 5555 bakertilly.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors of the County of Scott, Iowa Davenport, Iowa

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Scott, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Scott's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control over financial reporting relevant to the County of Scott's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Scott's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



To the Board of Supervisors County of Scott, Iowa

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Scott, Iowa, as of June 30, 2013 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 16, the County of Scott adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 34, the provision of GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements and the provisions of GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting for Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, effective July 1, 2012. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the schedule of funding progress as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Scott's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Board of Supervisors County of Scott, Iowa

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Scott's basic financial statements. The "Introductory Section" and "Statistical Section" listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Baker Tilly Vindow Krause, LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 3, 2013 on our consideration of the County of Scott's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Scott's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin December 3, 2013

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

It is an honor to present to you the financial picture of the County of Scott, Iowa. We offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County of Scott, Iowa for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

The County implemented *GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34* as of July 1, 2012. The implementation of this standard has reclassified the discrete component units, Scott Emergency Communication Center and the Public Safety Authority, as blended component units of the County. To assist readers in the analysis of the County, comparative information for 2012 was restated to blend these component units with County activity within the Management Discussion and Analysis.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the County of Scott exceeded its liabilities as of June 30, 2013 and 2012 by \$97,165,984 and \$94,767,013 (net position), respectively. Of this amount, \$15,365,569 and \$9,597,833, respectively, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The government's total net position increased by \$2,398,971 during the year ended June 30, 2013 and increased by \$1,887,252 during the year ended June 30, 2012.

As of June 30, 2013, the County of Scott's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$44,909,350, an increase of \$16,527,093 in comparison with 2012. Approximately 21 percent of this total amount, \$9,653,814 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned). The increase between 2013 and 2012 is due to the Public Safety Authority issuing crossover refunding bonds in 2013. As of June 30, 2012, the County of Scott's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$28,382,257, an increase of \$2,967,031 in comparison with 2011. Approximately 33 percent of this total amount, \$9,402,481, was available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

As of June 30, 2013, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$10,041,990 or 19.9 percent of total General Fund expenditures including transfers to blended component units and \$9,477,799 or 18.9 percent for 2012.

The County's total long-term debt, excluding compensated absences, other postemployment benefits and claims payable, increased by \$14,896,391 during fiscal year June 30, 2013 and decreased by \$4,075,280 during fiscal year June 30, 2012. The increase in 2013 from 2012 was attributable to the Public Safety Authority issuing crossover refunding bonds.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County of Scott's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u>: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County of Scott's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County of Scott, lowa's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguished functions of the County of Scott that are principally supported by taxes (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, County environment and education, roads and transportation, government services to residents and administration. The business-type activities include an 18-hole golf course.

The government-wide financial statements include the following blended component units: Public Safety Authority and Scott Emergency Communication Center; and the following discretely presented component units: Emergency Management Agency and County Library. There are no other organizations or agencies whose financial statements should be combined and presented with the financial statements of the County.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 19 of this report.

<u>Fund financial statements</u>: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Scott, Iowa, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

The County of Scott, Iowa maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Mental Health/Development Disabilities Fund, Secondary Roads Fund, Debt Service Fund, Scott Emergency Communication Center and Public Safety Authority which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 25 of this report.

<u>Proprietary funds</u>: The County of Scott maintains two types of proprietary funds: enterprise and internal service. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County of Scott maintains one enterprise fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County of Scott's various functions. The County of Scott maintains two internal service funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Golf Course Fund, as this fund is considered to be a major fund of the County of Scott.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 through 28 of this report.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u>: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County of Scott, lowa's own programs. The fiduciary funds of the County are considered agency funds. Total assets of the fiduciary funds were \$252,105,662 and \$246,889,377 for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 29 of this report.

<u>Notes to basic financial statements</u>: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County of Scott, Iowa's budgetary comparison and other postemployment benefit plan schedule of funding progress. This information can be found on pages 63 through 68 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to basic financial statements and the required supplementary information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The County's total net position has increased from a year ago from \$94,767,013 to \$97,165,984.

Of the County of Scott's net position, 76 percent reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County of Scott uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The County's net investment in capital assets, was \$73,963,818 for 2013 and \$76,993,248 for 2012. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Table 1 - County of Scott's Net Position

	Government	al A	ctivities	Business-Typ	oe A	ctivities	Total C	Cour	nty
	2013		2012	2013		2012	2013		2012
Current and other assets	\$ 102,946,156	\$	88,425,311	\$ 247,157	\$	(3,784,326)	\$ 103,193,313	\$	84,640,985
Capital assets	110,893,817		114,926,246	2,214,625		2,226,682	113,108,442		117,152,928
Total assets	213,839,973		203,351,557	2,461,782		(1,557,644)	216,301,755		201,793,913
Noncurrent liabilities outstanding	58,312,934		43,772,550	35,264		34,619	58,348,198		43,807,169
Other liabilities	60,669,460		62,590,727	118,113		629,004	60,787,573		63,219,731
Total liabilities	118,982,394		106,363,277	153,377		663,623	119,135,771		107,026,900
Net position (deficit):									
Net investment in capital assets	71,749,193		74,766,566	2,214,625		2,226,682	73,963,818		76,993,248
Restricted	7,836,597		8,175,932	-		-	7,836,597		8,175,932
Unrestricted (deficit)	15,271,789		14,045,782	93,780		(4,447,949)	15,365,569		9,597,833
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 94,857,579	\$	96,988,280	\$ 2,308,405	\$	(2,221,267)	\$ 97,165,984	\$	94,767,013

Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted through enabling legislation for 2013 and 2012 consist of \$1,491,035 and \$2,160,323 for debt service, \$0 and \$343,637 for mental health, \$2,320,739 and \$1,839,278 for secondary roads, \$968,492 and \$786,943 for other statutory programs, \$2,689,733 and \$2,762,297 for Scott emergency communication center, and \$154,168 and \$70,995 for rural services, respectively. An additional \$212,430 and \$212,459 is restricted by external third parties, respectively. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$15,365,569 for 2013 and \$9,597,833 for 2012, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County of Scott, Iowa is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for governmental activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The County's total net position increased by \$2,398,971 during the current fiscal year as compared to a increase of \$1,887,252 in 2012. The governmental-type activities' net position decreased by \$2,130,701 in 2013 and increased by \$1,840,418 in 2012. The decrease in 2013 was due to the transfers of internal balances from governmental activities to business-type activities. Mental Health Services decreased by \$9.3 million due to a change in state funding of Medicaid eligible expenditures. Property taxes increased by \$1.2 million and charges for services increased by \$90,000. These increases offset the decline in intergovernmental revenues from the federal government. Additionally operating grants from the State of Iowa and State Tax Replacements decreased due to the shift in Medicaid expenditures from the local service level to the state service level. The total business-type activities' net position increased by \$4,529,672 in 2013 and increased by \$46,834 in 2012. The increase in 2013 resulted from

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

a transfer of equity to the golf course through the forgiveness of internal balances due to governmental activities from business-type activities.

Table 2 highlights the County's revenues and expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 and 2012. These two main components are subtracted to yield the change in net position. This table utilizes the full accrual method of accounting.

Revenue is further divided into two major components: program revenue and general revenue. Program revenue is defined as charges for services and sales and services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions. General revenue includes taxes, investment income and other unrestricted revenue sources.

Table 2 - County of Scott's Changes in Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Busines	s-Type A	Activities	Total	l Cour	nty
-	2013	2012	2013		2012	2013		2012
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 6,317,566	\$ 6,116,529	\$ 890,	259 \$	1,002,459	\$ 7,207,825	\$	7,118,988
Operating grants and contributions	7,988,482	12,358,943		-	-	7,988,482		12,358,943
Capital grants and contributions	459,141	1,111,863		-	-	459,141		1,111,863
General revenues:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	46,156,117	44,980,224		-	-	46,156,117		44,980,224
Local option sales tax	4,049,552	4,052,754		-	-	4,049,552		4,052,754
Gaming	579,504	596,840		-	-	579,504		596,840
Other taxes	70,286	68,374		-	-	70,286		68,374
Utility tax replacements	1,598,817	1,625,295		-	-	1,598,817		1,625,295
Penalties, interest and costs on taxes	816,474	789,143		-	-	816,474		789,143
State tax replacement credits	1,205,628	4,898,515		-	-	1,205,628		4,898,515
State shared revenues	3,156,344	3,146,564		-	-	3,156,344		3,146,564
Payments in lieu of taxes	6,521	6,682		-	-	6,521		6,682
Investment earnings	125,127	162,822		-	-	125,127		162,822
Miscellaneous	1,274,786	1,380,103		-	-	1,274,786		1,380,103
Total revenues	73,804,345	81,294,651	890,	259	1,002,459	74,694,604		82,297,110
Expenses:								
Public safety and legal services	21,551,072	20,806,047		_	_	21,551,072		20,806,047
Public safety and legal services - SECC	7,650,488	6,785,573		_	_	7,650,488		6,785,573
Physical health and social services	5,293,759	5,439,626		_	_	5,293,759		5,439,626
Mental health	8,256,862	17,508,289		_	_	8,256,862		17,508,289
County environment and education	5,063,295	5,045,765		_	_	5,063,295		5,045,765
Roads and transportation	8,296,547	9,171,403		_	_	8,296,547		9,171,403
Government services to residents	2,236,126	2,262,947		_	_	2,236,126		2,262,947
Administration	10,869,732	10,131,539		_	_	10,869,732		10,131,539
Debt service, interest	2,101,039	2,090,153		_	_	2,101,039		2,090,153
Golf course	-	-	976.	713	1,168,516	976,713		1,168,516
Total expenses	71,318,920	79,241,342	976,		1,168,516	- 72,295,633		80,409,858
Transfers _	(80,679)	(212,891)	80,	679	212,891			-
Special item - forgiveness of advance	(4,535,447)		4,535,	447				-
Increase (decrease) in net position	(2,130,701)	1,840,418	4,529,	672	46,834	- 2,398,971		1,887,252
Net position (deficit), beginning, restated	96,988,280	95,147,862	(2,221,	267)	(2,268,101)	94,767,013		92,879,761
Net position (deficit), ending		\$ 96,988,280	\$ 2,308,		(2,221,267)	\$ 97,165,984	\$	94,767,013

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Table 3 below discloses cost of services for governmental activities. The total cost of services column contains all costs related to the programs and the net cost column shows how much of the total amount is not covered by program revenues. Succinctly put, net costs are costs that must be covered by local taxes or other general revenue or transfers.

Table 3 - County of Scott's Governmental Activities

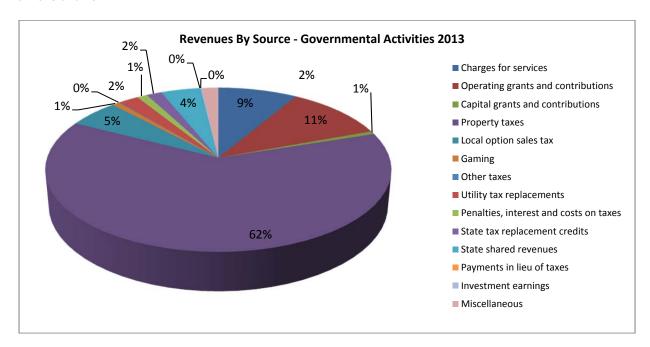
	Total Cost of		Total Cost of	N	let (Expense) of	Net (Expense) of
Programs	Services 2013	,	Services 2012		Services 2013	Services 2012
Public safety and legal services	\$ 21,551,072	\$	20,806,047	\$	(18,891,896)	\$ (18,015,110)
Public safety and legal services - SECC	7,650,488		6,785,573		(7,650,488)	(6,785,573)
Physical health and social services	5,293,759		5,439,626		(3,618,097)	(3,603,647)
Mental health	8,256,862		17,508,289		(4,162,447)	(8,960,920)
County environment and education	5,063,295		5,045,765		(3,426,298)	(3,822,012)
Roads and transportation	8,296,547		9,171,403		(8,228,310)	(8,087,631)
Government services to residents	2,236,126		2,262,947		840,571	596,919
Administration	10,869,732		10,131,539		(9,953,361)	(9,437,913)
Debt service, interest	2,101,039		2,090,153		(1,463,405)	(1,538,120)
Total	\$ 71,318,920	\$	79,241,342	\$	(56,553,731)	\$ (59,654,007)

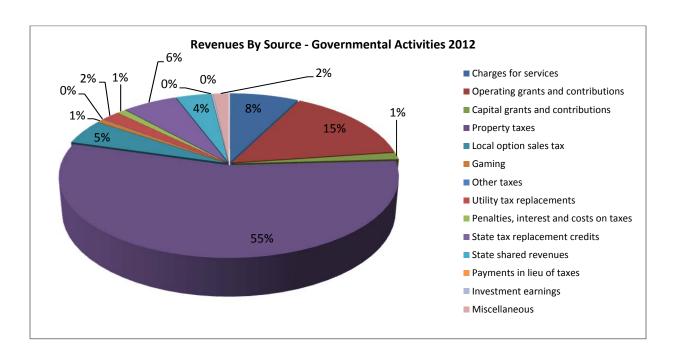
Net cost of services is 79 percent of total cost of services in 2013 and 75 percent in 2012. The change in net cost was significantly impacted by the change in state funding for MHDD eligible services provided on the state level rather than the local level. Mental Health services decreased \$9.3 million, while the net cost of the county decreased by \$4.8 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Governmental Activities

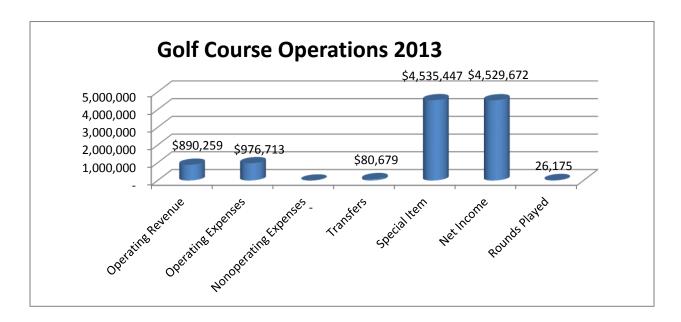
The graphs below show the percentage of the total governmental activities revenues allocated by each revenue type for 2013 and 2012.

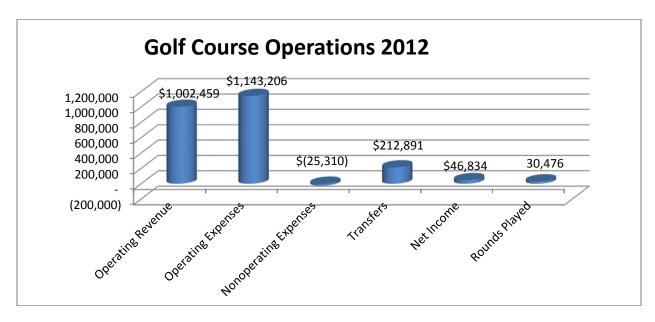




Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Total business-type activities' revenue for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$890,259 and \$1,002,459, respectively. All of this revenue was generated for specific business-type activity expenses. The graphs below show a comparison between the business-type activity expenditures and program revenues and operations for Glynn's Creek Golf Course in 2013 and 2012. The golf course experienced a 14% decrease in rounds played, while operating revenue decreased to \$890,259 or 11%. The fund expended less on small dollar equipment, fertilizer and chemicals in fiscal year 2013. In 2013, the County forgave an interfund advance due from the Golf Fund to the General Fund as a special item.





Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased net position by \$4,529,672 in the government's net position in fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 compared to an increase of \$46,834 in fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County of Scott, Iowa uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental funds</u>: The focus of the County of Scott, lowa's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, spendable fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County of Scott, lowa's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$44,909,350, an increase of \$16,527,093 in comparison with the prior year fund balance of \$28,382,257. Approximately 21 percent of the 2013 total amount or \$9,653,814 constitutes unassigned fund balance. Approximately \$9,402,481, or 33 percent, for 2012 constitutes unassigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending. Restricted fund balance increased between years due to restricted debt service funds received for the Public Safety Authority crossover refunding to be completed in fiscal year 2015.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$10,041,990 for 2013. The amount unassigned was \$9,477,799 for 2012 while total fund balance was \$15,054,841 for 2013 and \$17,509,042 for 2012. Fund balance decreased due the release of the nonspendable fund balance related to the interfund advance forgiven to the Golf Fund. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to fund expenditures including transfers to blended component units. Unassigned fund balance represents 19.9 percent of General Fund expenditures including transfers to blended component units for 2013, while the unassigned fund balance represented 18.8 percent of total General Fund expenditures including transfers to blended component units for 2012. Total fund balance also represents approximately 30 and 35 percent of expenditures including transfers to blended component units for 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The fund balance of the County's General Fund decreased by \$2,454,201 during the year ended June 30, 2013. The key factor in this decrease was the forgiveness of a \$4,041,594 interfund advance due to the General Fund from the Golf Fund. Additionally, property tax revenues increased approximately \$1 million, and net charges for services decreased by \$25,000. The County's General fund expenditures were \$40,932,818 in fiscal year 2013, compared to \$50,211,926 in fiscal year 2012 or a decrease of appromimately \$9,280,000. The 2013 expenditures do not include the transfers, \$9,542,806, to blended component units, which were previously recorded as expenditures. The adjusted expenditures of \$50,475,624 are an increase of \$26,000 from fiscal year 2012. Expenditure reductions in physical health and social services of \$140,000 dollars and Mental Health of \$450,000 dollars offset increases in public safety and legal services and County environment and education of \$970,000.

The fund balance of the County's Mental Health / Development Disabilities Fund decreased by \$656,495 in 2013 compared to a decrease of \$953,641 in 2012. The key factor in the decline is insufficient transition fund revenue supplied by the state for Mental Health services in fiscal year 2013. Traditionally, the State of Iowa has appropriated special dollars to cover Medicaid program increases; however this program was not funded on a state level in fiscal year 2012. Beginning in fiscal year 2013, the State of Iowa assumed the nonfederal share costs at the state level. The State is in process of redesigning mental health funding throughout the state requiring counties to join

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

regional governing bodies. During this time, the State of Iowa supplied transition dollars to local counties, however costs exceeded expectations.

The Secondary Roads Fund increased \$481,461 in 2013 compared to \$954,267 in 2012. The increase in fund balance relates to higher than anticipated revenues during the year of the road use tax. Additionally funds are restricted for future planned capital improvements with the secondary road system.

The Debt Service Fund decreased \$408,987 in 2013 compared to \$505,238 in 2012. The decrease in fund balance relates to the normal principal and interest payments on debt outstanding.

The Scott Emergency Communication Center decreased fund balance by \$72,564 in 2013 compared to \$211,512 increase in 2012. Transferred Contributions from the County tax levy increased by \$166,000, while expenditures increased by \$465,000. The Center continues to invest in software and equipment within its operations.

The Public Safety Authority increased fund balance by \$17,897,379 in fiscal year 2013. The Authority issued two revenue bond series in fiscal year 2013 to set aside proceeds for a crossover refunding of 2006 debt. The crossover refunding will occur in 2015.

<u>Proprietary funds</u>: The County of Scott's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

Budgetary Highlights

Formal and legal budgetary control is based on nonmajor classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund or fund type. Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget can be summarized as follows:

- The total original revenue budget of \$80,955,325 was decreased to \$72,165,461 (a decrease of \$8,789,864) mainly due to an expected decrease in intergovernmental grant revenue from the reduction of Mental health funding provided by the State of Iowa. Actual revenues received were \$73,084,905.
- The total original expenditure budget of \$82,806,294 was decreased to \$80,031,333 (an decrease of \$2,774,961) mainly for decrease mental health spending due to redesign state funding (\$8,340,000), non-program current charges of transfers to proprietary funds, \$5,025,000, and authorization of planned capital outlay projects, \$690,000. Actual expenditures were \$74,496,265.
- The total original budget for transfers to governmental funds in and out of \$10,635,264 was increased to \$12,195,264 (an increase of \$1,560,000).

During the year, however, actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures. Iowa law requires budget amendments to specific expenditure service areas, i.e., public safety and legal service, to be enacted by the Board of Supervisors no later than May 31 of each fiscal year. Since the County's fiscal year ends on June 30 and since the County's budget is based on the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, the Board takes a conservative approach when enacting year-end budget amendments. This means the comparison of actual to budgeted amounts will usually show expenditures to be well below budgeted amounts. This is especially true for capital outlay function when projects may roll over to a subsequent fiscal year. The budgeted transfers out are for transfers to capital projects and special revenue funds.

The Scott Emergency Communication Center is a blended component unit of the County. The legal authority of the budget is at the entity level. The Center did not amend its budget during the year. Additionally the Center is not required to budget for capital expenditures. During 2013, the Center expended \$6,779,252 of the \$7,336,786

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

budgeted. Most of the savings under budget were related to personal services of \$500,000 and maintenance of computer software. Additionally, the Center had \$115,000 of intergovernmental grant revenue that was not planned for in fiscal 2013.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u>: The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2013 and 2012, amounts to \$113,108,442 and \$117,152,928 (net of accumulated depreciation), respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment, infrastructure and construction-in-progress. The total decrease in capital assets for 2013 was 3.45 percent (a 3.50 percent decrease for governmental activities and a 0.05 percent increase for business-type activities). The total decrease in capital assets for 2012 was 3.9 percent (a 3.9 percent decrease for governmental activities and a .04 percent increase for business-type activities).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 included, ERP intangible software preparation, Sheriff patrol vehicles, jail roof, relocation of the County general store, Pioneer Village residence and Indian Hills and Buffalo Shore shelter replacements.

		Capital	Asse	ets			
	2013	2012		2013	2012	2013	2012
Land	\$ 4,424,944	\$ 4,394,059	\$	1,556,336	\$ 1,556,336	\$ 5,981,280	\$ 5,950,395
Construction-in-progress	4,984,123	4,309,602		-	23,872	4,984,123	4,333,474
Buildings	76,963,504	75,645,599		506,490	506,490	77,469,994	76,152,089
Improvements other than buildings	5,722,741	5,500,415		663,428	663,428	6,386,169	6,163,843
Infrastructure	91,932,190	91,342,729		62,374	62,374	91,994,564	91,405,103
Machinery and equipment	29,997,513	29,397,786		1,143,759	1,069,983	31,141,272	30,467,769
Accumulated depreciation	 (103,131,198)	(95,663,944)		(1,717,762)	(1,655,801)	 (104,848,960)	(97,319,745)
Total	\$ 110,893,817	\$ 114,926,246	\$	2,214,625	\$ 2,226,682	\$ 113,108,442	\$ 117,152,928

Additional information on the County of Scott's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

<u>Debt</u>: As of June 30, 2013, the County of Scott, Iowa had general obligation bonds outstanding totaling \$12,455,000, revenue bonds for the jail facility and cross over refunding for \$37,640,000, and notes payable of \$9,638,683. In the current year, the County governmental activities, through the Public Safety Authority, issued \$17,675,000 of new bonds and paid \$3,331,240 in principal and \$2,088,389 in interest on outstanding debt. During the issuance of the cross over refunding debt, the County received an Aa2 rating from Moody's Investors Service.

<u>Debt</u>: As of June 30, 2012, the County of Scott, lowa had general obligation bonds outstanding totaling \$14,080,000, revenue bonds for the jail facility for \$21,210,000 and notes payable of \$10,099,923. During the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the County governmental activities issued \$0 of new bonds and paid \$3,145,000 in principal and \$2,050,550 in interest on outstanding debt. Business-type activities paid \$585,000 in principal and \$18,035 in interest on outstanding debt in the fiscal year. The County retired the lease development agreement for the golf course one year early.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Table 5 - County of Scott's Outstanding Debt, June 30

- Table 6 Goding of God	atstarraining Bob	ι ₁ 5 α	0 00	
	2013		2012	Maturity
Govenmental activities:				
General obligation bonds	\$ 12,455,000	\$	14,080,000	2029
Revenue bonds	37,640,000		21,210,000	2025
Notes payable	9,638,683		10,099,923	2029
Total governmental activities	\$ 59,733,683	\$	45,389,923	- -

Additional information about the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Scott County's urban levy rate was reduced to 1.0% to \$6.23 for FY14. The rural county levy rate decreased by 1.7% for the budget year ending June 30, 2014 due to the legal requirement of Road Use Tax (RUT) local effort match. The tax base for the County of Scott increased 2.7 percent over the previous year.
- Health care costs and personnel costs, which make up a significant portion of the County's operating costs, continue to be reasonably controlled and negotiated. The County's move to self-funded health insurance had resulted in 42 months of zero increase in County insurance premiums. A rate increase for family insurance of \$4.07 per month occurred in January 1, 2013 and a January 1, 2014 rate increase of \$4.24 to the employee family plan was approved by the Board of Supervisors in October 2012 and October, 2013, respectively. The county has two bargaining units up for negotiation in the fall of 2013.
- The County's revenues are stable but flat and continue to remain at all-time low levels. Scott County has adjusted expenditures to meet flat revenue projections. The County is facing funding challenges as the State Legislature has passed a Mental Health reform legislation that reduces state funding for non-medicaid MHDD services in FY14, but continues the County requirement to provide these services during the transition to mental health regions. In the spring of 2013, the state legislature passed property tax reform that will be implemented over fiscal years 2014 2017. While the impacts of the reform are still being determined, there will be structural changes in the taxable value base accessible to the County.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County of Scott, lowa's budget for the June 30, 2014 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

These financial statements and discussions are designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a complete disclosure of the County's finances and to demonstrate a high degree of accountability for the public dollars entrusted to us. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please write Dee F. Bruemmer, County Administrator, Scott County Administrative Center, 600 West 4th Street, Davenport, Iowa 52801-1003.

Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2013

			Pri	mary Government			
	G	overnmental		Business-Type		C	omponent
Assets		Activities		Activities	Total		Units
Current assets:							
Cash and investments	\$	30,956,444	\$	178,945	\$ 31,135,389	\$	435,526
Restricted cash and investments		18,109,809		-	18,109,809		-
Receivables:							
Property taxes		50,108,954		-	50,108,954		-
Accrued interest		13,376		-	13,376		-
Accounts		497,033		58,314	555,347		188
Due from other governmental agencies		1,881,242		-	1,881,242		58,532
Prepaids		131,406		-	131,406		-
Inventories		-		9,898	9,898		_
Total current assets		101,698,264		247,157	101,945,421		494,246
Noncurrent assets:							
Receivables:							
Notes		58,777		-	58,777		-
Loans		835,000		-	835,000		-
Other post employment benefit asset		-		-	-		4,205
Unamortized bond issuance costs		354,115		-	354,115		-
Capital assets:							
Not depreciated:							
Land		4,424,944		1,556,336	5,981,280		16,600
Construction-in-progress		4,984,123		-	4,984,123		-
Depreciated:							
Buildings		76,963,504		506,490	77,469,994		1,131,866
Improvements other than buildings		5,722,741		663,428	6,386,169		-
Infrastructure		91,932,190		62,374	91,994,564		-
Machinery and equipment		29,997,513		1,143,759	31,141,272		829,061
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(103,131,198)		(1,717,762)	(104,848,960)		(806,776)
Total capital assets		110,893,817		2,214,625	113,108,442		1,170,751
Total noncurrent assets		112,141,709		2,214,625	114,356,334		1,174,956
Total assets	\$	213,839,973	\$	2,461,782	\$ 216,301,755	\$	1,669,202

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements

			Prir	mary Government		_	
	Go	vernmental		Business-Type		(Component
Liabilities and Net Position		Activities		Activities	Total		Units
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	2,425,196	\$	37,792	\$ 2,462,988	\$	15,203
Current portion of claims payable		689,848		-	689,848		-
Accrued liabilities		1,828,634		39,802	1,868,436		40,479
Interest payable		181,030		-	181,030		-
Unearned revenue		50,291,182		27,064	50,318,246		-
Compensated absences		1,792,330		13,455	1,805,785		37,457
Current portion of general obligation bonds		1,685,000		-	1,685,000		-
Current portion of notes payable		476,240		-	476,240		-
Current portion of revenue bonds		1,300,000		-	1,300,000		_
Total current liabilities		60,669,460		118,113	60,787,573		93,139
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Claims payable		189,508		-	189,508		-
Compensated absences		1,180,247		35,264	1,215,511		45,810
Other post employment benefits obligation		401,039		-	401,039		3,195
General obligation bonds payable, net							
bond premium and discount		10,719,807		-	10,719,807		-
Note payable, net discount		9,096,057		-	9,096,057		-
Revenue bonds payable, net bond							
discount and premium		36,726,276		-	36,726,276		-
Total noncurrent liabilities		58,312,934		35,264	58,348,198		49,005
Total liabilities		118,982,394		153,377	119,135,771		142,144
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets		71,749,193		2,214,625	73,963,818		1,170,751
Restricted for:							
Debt service		1,491,035		-	1,491,035		-
County conservation sewage treatment		212,430		-	212,430		-
Other statutory programs		968,492		-	968,492		-
Scott emergency communication center		2,689,733		-	2,689,733		-
Secondary roads		2,320,739		-	2,320,739		-
Rural services		154,168		-	154,168		-
Unrestricted	_	15,271,789	_	93,780	 15,365,569		356,307
Total net position		94,857,579		2,308,405	97,165,984		1,527,058
Total liabilities and net position	\$	213,839,973	\$	2,461,782	\$ 216,301,755	\$	1,669,202

				Program Revenues	
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Charges for Sales and Services	C	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government					
Governmental activities:					
Public safety and legal services	\$ 21,551,072	\$ 1,413,724	\$	1,245,452	\$ -
Public safety and legal services - SECC	7,650,488	-		-	-
Physical health and social services	5,293,759	392,116		1,283,546	-
Mental health	8,256,862	176,661		3,917,754	-
County environment and education	5,063,295	1,131,480		46,376	459,141
Roads and transportation	8,296,547	20,531		47,706	-
Government services to residents	2,236,126	2,893,332		183,365	-
Administration	10,869,732	289,722		626,649	-
Interest on long-term debt	2,101,039	-		637,634	-
Total governmental activities	71,318,920	6,317,566		7,988,482	459,141
Business-Type activities, golf	976,713	890,259		-	
Total primary government	\$ 72,295,633	\$ 7,207,825	\$	7,988,482	\$ 459,141
Component Units					
Emergency Management Agency	\$ 177,149	\$ -	\$	77,000	\$ _
County Library	1,100,952	15,652		1,083,248	 - _
Total component units	\$ 1,278,101	\$ 15,652	\$	1,160,248	\$ <u>-</u> _

General Revenues

Taxes:

Property taxes

Local option sales tax

Gaming

Other taxes

Utility tax replacements

Penalties, interest and costs on taxes

State tax replacement credits, unrestricted

State shared revenues, unrestricted

Payments in lieu of taxes

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Transfers

Special item - forgiveness of advance

Changes in net position Net position (deficit), beginning of year, restated Net position, end of year

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

		sition	e and Changes in Net Po	Net (Expense)
			y Government	
mnonont II	Com	Total	ss Typo Activitios	overnmental Activities
mponent U	Com	Total	ss-Type Activities	overnmental Activities
	\$	(18,891,896)	- \$	(18,891,896)
		(7,650,488)	- '	(7,650,488)
		(3,618,097)	-	(3,618,097)
		(4,162,447)	-	(4,162,447)
		(3,426,298)	-	(3,426,298)
		(8,228,310)	_	(8,228,310)
		840,571	_	840,571
		(9,953,361)	_	(9,953,361)
		(1,463,405)	_	(1,463,405)
		(56,553,731)		(56,553,731)
		(00,000,000,		(= 5/2 = 2/1 = 2/
		(86,454)	(86,454)	-
		(56,640,185)	(86,454)	(56,553,731)
(102)				
		46,156,117	_	46,156,117
		4,049,552	_	4,049,552
		579,504	-	579,504
		70,286	-	70,286
		1,598,817	-	1,598,817
		816,474	-	816,474
		1,205,628	-	1,205,628
		3,156,344	-	3,156,344
		6,521	-	6,521
		125,127	-	125,127
70,		1,274,786	-	1,274,786
70		59,039,156	-	59,039,156
		<u> </u>	80,679	(80,679)
			4,535,447	(4,535,447)
(31		2,398.971	4,529,672	(2,130,701)
(31 _,		2,398,971 94,767,013	4,529,672 (2,221,267)	(2,130,701) 96,988,280

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2013

	General			Mental Health/ Development Disabilities		Secondary Roads	
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	15,984,844	\$	46,083	\$	2,342,184	
Restricted cash and investments		212,430		-		-	
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:							
Property taxes, net of allowance for collection losses		40,674,079		3,316,327		-	
Accrued interest		13,376		-		-	
Accounts		467,392		12,644		-	
Loans		-		-		-	
Notes		58,777		-		-	
Due from other governmental agencies		1,374,956		260,278		244,728	
Prepaids		131,406		-		-	
Total assets	\$	58,917,260	\$	3,635,332	\$	2,586,912	
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	1,234,855	\$	642,507	\$	145,888	
Claims payable		9,508		-		-	
Accrued liabilities		1,501,777		14,752		120,285	
Deferred revenue		41,116,279		3,366,249		-	
Total liabilities	-	43,862,419		4,023,508		266,173	
Fund balances (deficit):							
Nonspendable		190,183		-		-	
Restricted		1,138,727		-		2,320,739	
Assigned		3,683,941		-		-	
Unassigned (deficit)		10,041,990		(388,176)		-	
Total fund balances (deficit)		15,054,841		(388,176)		2,320,739	
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficit)	\$	58,917,260	\$	3,635,332	\$	2,586,912	

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements

	ott Emergency ommunication Center		Public Safety Authority		Debt Service	Go	Nonmajor vernmental Funds		Total		
\$	3,057,324	Ś	_	\$	808,669	\$	5,894,223	Ś	28,133,327		
•	-	•	17,897,379	•	-	,	-	,	18,109,809		
					2 244 704		2 772 754		FO 100 0F4		
	-		-		3,344,794		2,773,754		50,108,954		
	-		-		-		-		13,376		
	-		-		-		16,997		497,033		
	-		-		835,000		-	- 835			
	-		-		-		-		58,777		
	-		-		-		1,280		1,280		1,881,242
	-		-		-		-		131,406		
\$	3,057,324	\$	17,897,379	\$	4,988,463	\$	8,686,254	\$	99,768,924		
\$	175,771	\$	-	\$	-	\$	221,887	\$	2,420,908		
	-		-		-		-		9,508		
	191,820		-		-		-		1,828,634		
	-		-		3,344,366	3,344,366 2,773,630			50,600,524		
	367,591		-		3,344,366		2,995,517		54,859,574		
	-		-		-		-		190,183		
	2,689,733		17,897,379		1,644,097		196,362		25,887,037		
	-		-		-		5,494,375		9,178,316		
	-		-		-		-		9,653,814		
	2,689,733		17,897,379		1,644,097		5,690,737		44,909,350		
\$	3,057,324	\$	17,897,379	\$	4,988,463	\$	8,686,254	\$	99,768,924		

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Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities As of June 30, 2013

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 44,909,350
Amounts reported for governmental activities are not financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Land	\$ 4,424,944	
Construction-in-progress	4,984,123	
Buildings	76,963,504	
Improvements other than buildings	5,722,741	
Infrastructure	91,932,190	
Machinery and equipment	29,997,513	110 002 017
Accumulated depreciation	 (103,131,198)	110,893,817
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period		
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:		
Deferred revenues		309,342
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs associated		
with self-insured health insurance. The assets and liabilities of the		
internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the		
statement of net position. Internal service fund net position is:		2,332,922
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in		
the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Claims payable	(383,941)	
Compensated absences	(2,972,577)	
Other post employment benefits obligation	(401,039)	
Accrued interest payable	(181,030)	
Notes payable	(9,638,683)	
Bond issuance costs	354,115	
Bond premium	(560,574)	
Bond discount	290,877	
Revenue bonds payable	(37,640,000)	
General obligation bonds payable	 (12,455,000)	(63,587,852)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 94,857,579

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		General		Mental Health/ Development Disabilities	Seco	ndary Roads
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	39,186,051	Ş	3,109,136	\$	-
Local option sales tax		4,098,552		-		-
Other taxes		1,439,472		112,909		-
Interest and penalties on taxes		816,474		2.046.050		2 204 050
Intergovernmental		4,377,187		3,946,858		3,204,050
Charges for services		5,321,751		176,661		7,696
Investment earnings		99,981		-		12.025
Licenses and permits		759,461		-		12,835
Rentals and fees		176,562		- 		-
Other		819,907		57,911		28,691
Total revenues		57,095,398		7,403,475		3,253,272
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety and legal services		20,242,168		-		-
Physical health and social services		5,256,671		-		-
Mental health		156,419		8,059,970		-
County environment and education		3,977,609		-		-
Roads and transportation		-		-		4,969,030
Government services to residents		2,178,373		-		-
Administration		9,121,578		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		693,015
Debt service						
Principal		-		-		-
Interest and fees		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		40,932,818		8,059,970		5,662,045
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		16,162,580		(656,495)		(2,408,773)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		4,122		-		2,875,234
Transfers out		(14,579,309)		-		-
Debt issued		-		-		-
Premium on debt issued		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		15,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(14,575,187)		-		2,890,234
Special item - forgiveness of advance	-	(4,041,594)		-		
Net change in fund balances		(2,454,201)		(656,495)		481,461
Fund balances, restated, beginning of year		17,509,042		268,319		1,839,278
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$	15,054,841	\$	(388,176)	\$	2,320,739

Scott Emergency Communication Center	Public Safety		Dobt Comico	Nonmajor Courtemental Fund	Total	
Center	Authority		Debt Service	Governmental Fund	15	Total
\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,274,466	\$ 2,589,199)	\$ 46,158,852
-	-	Y		2,303,133	_	4,098,552
-	_		43,888	652,337	7	2,248,606
-	_		-		_	816,474
151,743	_		517,189	93,536	5	12,290,563
-	-		-	56,386	5	5,562,494
-	19,821		-	767	7	120,569
-	-		-		-	772,296
-	-		-		-	176,562
62	-		-	104,992	2	1,011,563
151,805	19,821		1,835,543	3,497,217	7	73,256,531
6,016,487	-		-		-	26,258,655
-	-		-		-	5,256,671
-	-		-	-	-	8,216,389
-	-		-	532,955	5	4,510,564
-	-		-		-	4,969,030
-	-		-		-	2,178,373
-	-		-		-	9,121,578
712,225	-		-	3,058,868	3	4,464,108
461,240	1,245,000		1,625,000		-	3,331,240
453,268	1,235,148		619,530		-	2,307,946
7,643,220	2,480,148		2,244,530	3,591,823	3	70,614,554
(7,491,415)	(2,460,327)		(408,987)	(94,606	5)	2,641,977
7,418,851	2,123,955		-	3,925,549)	16,347,711
-	-		-	(2,189,081		(16,768,390)
-	17,675,000		-		-	17,675,000
-	558,751		-		-	558,751
-	-		-	98,638	3	113,638
7,418,851	20,357,706		-	1,835,106	5	17,926,710
	-		-		-	(4,041,594)
(72,564)	17,897,379		(408,987)	1,740,500)	16,527,093
2,762,297	-		2,053,084	3,950,237	7	28,382,257
\$ 2,689,733	\$ 17,897,379	\$	1,644,097	\$ 5,690,737	7	\$ 44,909,350

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$	16,527,093
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement			
of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the			
statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their			
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following is the detail			
of the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year:			
Capital outlay capitalized			4,056,181
Depreciation	(4 200 70 4)		
Public safety and legal services	\$ (1,390,734)		
Public safety and legal services - SECC Physical health and social services	(1,535,790) (28,266)		
Mental health	(48,447)		
County environment and education	(726,975)		
Roads and transportation	(3,190,093)		
Governmental services to residents	(63,428)		
Administration	(1,505,061)		(8,488,794)
		-	
Book value of capital assets retired			(58,957)
Capital contribution			459,141
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial			
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			(2,554)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to			
individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported			
with governmental activities			698,792
Special item to forgive deferred interest within Business-type activities.			(493,853)
special item to lorgive deletted interest within business-type activities.			(493,633)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, notes) provides current financial resources to governmental			
funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial			
resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.			
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas			
in the governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following is a			
detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:			
Debt issued			(17,675,000)
Premium on debt issued			(558,751)
Bond issuance costs on debt issued			217,906
Repayment of bond principal			3,331,240
Amortization of bond premium and bond issuance costs			(37,738)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current			
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in			
governmental funds:			
Accrued interest on debt			(12,650)
Change in claims payable			3,395
Change in compensated absences			(50,159)
Change in other post employment benefits obligation Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	(45,993)
Change in het position of governmental activities		ب	(2,130,701)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds As of June 30, 2013

Assets	Ente	siness-Type Activities erprise Fund - solf Course		overnmental Activities Internal rvice Funds		
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	178,945	\$	2,823,117		
Receivables, accounts		58,314		-		
Inventories		9,898		_		
Total current assets		247,157		2,823,117		
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Land		1,556,336		_		
Buildings		506,490		-		
Improvements other than buildings		663,428		-		
Infrastructure		62,374		-		
Machinery and equipment		1,143,759		-		
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,717,762))			
Total capital assets		2,214,625				
Total noncurrent assets		2,214,625				
Total assets	\$	2,461,782	\$	2,823,117		
Liabilities and Net Position						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	37,792	\$	4,288		
Claims payable		-		485,907		
Accrued liabilities		39,802		-		
Unearned revenue		27,064		-		
Compensated absences		13,455				
Total current total liabilities		118,113		490,195		
Noncurrent liabilities						
Compensated absences		35,264		_		
Total noncurrent liabilities		35,264		_		
Total liabilities		153,377		490,195		
Net Position:		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>				
Net investment in capital assets		2,214,625		_		
Unrestricted		93,780		2,332,922		
Total net position		2,308,405		2,332,922		
Total liabilities and net position	<u> </u>	2,461,782	\$	2,823,117		
. Otal hamming and net position	<u> </u>	2, 101,702	<u> </u>	2,020,117		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (Deficit) Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Act Enterpr	ess-Type ivities rise Fund - Course	 vernmental Activities Internal vice Funds
Operating revenues:	_		
Charges for services	\$	769,980	\$ 5,648,687
Sales, net of cost of goods sold of \$67,415		118,601	-
Other		1,678	 -
Total operating revenues		890,259	 5,648,687
Operating expenses:			
Personnel		612,313	_
Depreciation		61,961	-
Claims and administrative charges		-	5,294,453
Other		302,439	
Total operating expenses		976,713	5,294,453
Operating income (loss)		(86,454)	354,234
Nonoperating revenues:			
Investment earnings			 4,558
Total nonoperating revenues		-	 4,558
Income (loss) before transfers and special items		(86,454)	358,792
Transfers in		80,679	340,000
Special item - advance forgiven		4,535,447	
Change in net position		4,529,672	698,792
Total net position (deficit), beginning of year		(2,221,267)	1,634,130
Total net position, end of year	\$	2,308,405	\$ 2,332,922

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Ente	siness-Type Activities erprise Fund - olf Course	 vernmental Activities Internal rvice Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Customer deposits paid Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Net cash from operating activities	\$	879,867 3,071 (323,412) (611,007) (51,481)	\$ 5,648,687 - (5,297,220) - 351,467
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities, Purchase of capital assets		(49,905)	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities, Transfers		80,679	 340,000
Cash flows from investing activities, interest received		-	 4,558
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(20,707)	696,025
Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning Ending	\$	199,652 178,945	\$ 2,127,092 2,823,117
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash from operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash from operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities: Receivables	\$	(86,454) 61,961 (10,392)	\$ 354,234 - -
Inventories Accounts payable Claims payable Accrued compensation Compensated absences Unearned revenues Net cash from operating activities	\$	(204) (25,241) - 4,471 1,307 3,071 (51,481)	\$ 2,163 (4,930) - - - 351,467
Noncash noncapital and related financing activities Forgiveness of Interfund advance due to General Fund Forgiveness of Interest payable due to General Fund Total noncash noncapital and related financing activities	\$	4,041,594 493,853 4,535,447	\$ - - -

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

As of June 30, 2013

Assets Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 10,112,098
Property taxes	241,971,246
Accounts	22,318
Total assets	\$ 252,105,662
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 508,829
Due to other governmental agencies	251,177,133
Due to private individuals	419,700
Due to private marriadais	 419,700

Combining Statement of Net Position Discretely Presented Component Units As of June 30, 2013

		Emergency lanagement	Co	unty Library		Total
Assets		Agency	CO	unity Library		TOTAL
Current assets: Cash and investments	\$	242.022	۲	191,604	۲	425 526
	Ş	243,922	Ş	191,604	Ş	435,526
Receivables:				100		400
Accounts		-		188		188
Due from other governmental agencies		242.022		58,532		58,532
Total current assets		243,922		250,324		494,246
Noncurrent assets:				4 205		4 205
Other post employment benefits asset		-		4,205		4,205
Capital assets:				46.600		46.600
Land		-		16,600		16,600
Buildings		-		1,131,866		1,131,866
Machinery and Equipment		623,066		205,995		829,061
Accumulated depreciation		(348,190)		(458,586)		(806,776)
Total capital assets, net		274,876		895,875		1,170,751
Total noncurrent assets		274,876		900,080		1,174,956
Total assets	\$	518,798	\$	1,150,404	\$	1,669,202
Liabilities and Net Position						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	981	\$	14,222	\$	15,203
Accrued liabilities	•	4,357		36,122	•	40,479
Compensated absences		4,897		32,560		37,457
Total current liabilities		10,235		82,904		93,139
Noncurrent liabilities:		,		•		<u>, </u>
Compensated absences		15,404		30,406		45,810
Other post employment benefits obligation		3,195		, -		3,195
Total noncurrent liabilities		18,599		30,406		49,005
		,		•		<u> </u>
Total liabilities		28,834		113,310		142,144
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		274,876		895,875		1,170,751
Unrestricted		215,088		141,219		356,307
Total net position		489,964		1,037,094		1,527,058
Total liabilities and net position	\$	518,798	\$	1,150,404	\$	1,669,202

Combining Statement of Activities
Discretely Presented Component Units
For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

			Program Revenues					Net (Expense	e) Revenue and C Position	Chang	ges in Net
	Expenses		Sa	Charges for Operating Sales and Grants and Services Contributions		es and Grants and		mergency anagement Agency	County Library		Total
Emergency Management Agency											
Public safety and legal services	\$	177,149	\$	-	\$	77,000	\$	(100,149)	\$ -	\$	(100,149)
County Library											
County environment and education		1,100,952		15,652		1,083,248		-	(2,052)		(2,052)
Total component units	\$	1,278,101	\$	15,652	\$	1,160,248		(100,149)	(2,052)		(102,201)
		ral Revenues						40,918	30,077		70,995
	141121	Total gene	ral re	evenues				40,918	30,077		70,995
		. o tai gene						.0,510	30,077		. 0,333
	Cha	nges in Net Po	sitio	n				(59,231)	28,025		(31,206)
	Net	Position, begin	eginning of year					549,195	1,009,069		1,558,264
	Net	Position, end	of ye	ar			\$	489,964	\$ 1,037,094	\$	1,527,058

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of operations:

The County of Scott, Iowa (The County) is incorporated and operates under the provisions of the Code of Iowa. The County is governed by a County Board and managed by the County Administrator. The powers and duties of the County Administrator are to coordinate and direct all administrative and management functions of the County government not otherwise vested by law in boards or commissions or in other elected officials. The County provides many functions and services to citizens, including law enforcement, health and social services, parks and cultural activities, planning and zoning, education and general administrative services. Other activities include the operation of a road department and contracts with a third party to provide mental health services.

Financial reporting entity:

In accordance with the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, the basic financial statements include all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities for which the County is financially accountable. The County has also considered all other potential organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) fiscal dependency or (2) financial benefit or burden relationship to the primary government. Based on these criteria, the County is presented as a primary government and includes the following component units because of their operational significance and relationship with the County. The organizations provide specific benefits to the County. All of the component units have a June 30 year-end. Blended component units are the Public Safety Authority and Scott Emergency Communication Center. Discretely presented component units are the Emergency Management Agency and County Library.

Blended Component Units:

<u>Public Safety Authority</u>: The Public Safety Authority (PSA) is responsible for the jail expansion project through the issuance of revenue bonds. The jail expansion will provide holding cells and a centralized booking area to the County and the City of Davenport. The Authority entered into a lease with the County to provide the funding necessary for the bond repayment schedule. Although the PSA has a jointly appointed Board by the County and the City of Davenport, it is considered a component unit of the County because it would be misleading to exclude due to the PSA being fiscally dependent on the lease payments from the County, making the County financially accountable for the PSA.

Scott Emergency Communication Center: The Scott Emergency Communication Center (SECC) provides public safety dispatch and communication services for all participating public safety answering points to improve services to the citizens of the County. Although the SECC has a jointly appointed Board by the members, it is considered a component unit of the County due to the Code of lowa providing for circumstances whereby the SECC can create a potential financial burden or benefit on the County. A material amount of operating contributions to SECC is provided by the County.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units:

Emergency Management Agency: The Scott County Emergency Management Commission provides direction for the delivery of the emergency management services of planning, administration, coordination, training and support for local governments and their departments. The Commission coordinates its services in the event of a disaster. The Commission receives its funding from the federal government, public utility companies and voluntary allocations from the participating governments, including significant fiscal dependence from Scott County. The Code of lowa provides for circumstances whereby the Commission can create a potential financial burden or benefit on the County.

<u>County Library</u>: The Scott County Library Board of Trustees provides library services to all the cities within Scott County with the exception of the City of Bettendorf, the City of LeClaire and the City of Davenport. In addition, the Library provides services to the unincorporated residents of Scott County and also to the citizens of the City of Durant through a contractual arrangement. The Trustees annually direct the Board of Supervisors to levy property taxes to the unincorporated area, in addition to providing tax levying amounts to each of the participating cities. The Board of Trustees is appointed by the Board of Supervisors and the Code of Iowa provides for circumstances whereby the Library can create a potential financial burden or benefit on the County.

None of the individual component units issue separate financial statements.

In addition, the GASB issued Statement No. 61, in November 2010, which sets forth additional criteria to determine whether certain organizations for which the County is not financially accountable should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the County. These criteria include 1) fiscal dependency and Board Appointment, 2) Board Appointment and financial benefit or burden relationship, 3) or Board appointment and the ability to impose will on the potential component unit. Based on these additional criteria, there are no additional organizations which should be included in these basic financial statements.

Basis of presentation:

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

<u>Government-wide and fund financial statements</u>: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

<u>Fund accounting</u>: The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self balancing accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance/net position, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The County has the following fund types:

Governmental fund types: Governmental fund types are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used; current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they are paid; and the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities, the fund equity, is referred to as "fund balance." The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

<u>Mental Health/Developmental Disabilities Fund</u>: To account for property taxes, state revenue and other revenue that are restricted or committed to be used to provide mental health and disability services. The Mental Health/Developmental Disabilities Fund is a special revenue fund.

<u>Scott Emergency Communication Center Fund</u>: To account for Scott Emergency Communication Center Fund revenue and other revenue that are restricted or committed to be used for public safety dispatch and communication services for all participating public safety answering points. The SECC fund is a blended component unit of the county. The Scott Emergency Communication Center Fund is a blended component unit special revenue fund.

<u>Secondary Roads Fund</u>: To account for state revenue and other revenue that are restricted or committed to be used to maintain and improve the County's roads. The Secondary Roads Fund is a special revenue fund.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to the servicing of the general long-term debt not financed by a specific source.

<u>Public Safety Authority Fund</u>: To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to the servicing of the Public Safety Authority debt not financed by a specific source. The Public Safety Authority Fund is a blended component unit debt service fund.

The other governmental funds of the County are considered nonmajor and are as follows:

Special Revenue Funds: are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Rural Services Fund: To account for taxes levied to benefit the rural residents of the County.

<u>Recorders Management Fees Fund</u>: To account for one dollar fee collected for each recorded transaction to be used for the purpose of preserving and maintaining public records.

Capital Projects Fund: To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned the acquisition of property and equipment or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary funds.

Proprietary fund types: are used to account for a government's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon income determination, financial position and cash flows.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u>: are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the County has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

The following is the County's major Enterprise Fund:

<u>Glynns Creek Golf Course Fund</u>: is used to account for the operation and maintenance for the County's 18-hole golf course.

<u>Internal Service fund types</u>: are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County, or to other governmental entities, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County's internal service fund consists of the following:

<u>Health Insurance Fund</u>: To account for health insurance provided to the County departments and component units.

<u>Dental Insurance Fund</u>: To account for dental insurance provided to the County departments and component units.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fiduciary fund types: Fiduciary fund types are used to account for net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary funds of the County are considered agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities), follow the accrual basis of accounting and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The County's agency funds consist of the following:

Agricultural Extension Service Fund, Bangs Eradication Fund, City Taxing Districts Fund, Community College Taxing District Fund, Fire Taxing District Fund, School Taxing District Fund, Township Taxing District Fund and Other Taxing Districts Fund: To account for the property taxes collected by the County for the Districts.

<u>City Special Assessments Fund</u>: To account for the special assessment taxes collected by the County on behalf of the City of Davenport.

<u>County Sheriff Agency Fund</u>: To account for the funds received for court services performed by the Sheriff's department.

<u>Community Services Fund</u>: To account for funds for those individuals who are incapable of managing their own affairs.

<u>County Recorder Agency Fund, Motor Vehicle Tax Fund and Use Tax Fund</u>: To account for fees and taxes collected by the County for the state.

Tax Sale Redemption Fund: To account for the tax sale proceeds collected by the County.

<u>Jail Inmate Fund</u>: To account for receipts from the sale of commissary items to inmates and for funds confiscated upon arrest.

County Assessor Fund: To account for funds held on behalf of the County Conference Board.

<u>County Assessor Special Fund</u>: To account for funds held on behalf of the County Conference Board.

City Assessor Fund: To account for funds held on behalf of the City Conference Board.

City Assessor Special Fund: To account for funds held on behalf of the City Conference Board.

Riverside Fund: To account for funds held on behalf of the County Library 28E agreement.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements and the discretely presented component unit financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the County; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded and the availability criteria. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, charges for sales and services, and miscellaneous revenues are generally recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are measurable and available.

Property taxes are recognized as a receivable at the time an enforceable legal claim is established. This is determined to occur when the budget is certified and approved by the state of lowa. The current tax levy recognized in revenue was certified in May 2012, based on the 2011 assessed valuations. These taxes are due in two installments, on September 30 and March 31, with a 1.5 percent per month penalty for delinquent payment.

The business-type activities and enterprise funds follow all pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Significant accounting policies:

The significant accounting policies of the County, its blended component units, and its discretely presented component units are as follows:

<u>Pooled cash and investment account</u>: Separate bank accounts and investments are not maintained for all County funds, as certain funds maintain their cash and investment balances in a pooled account. Accounting records are maintained to show the portion of the pooled account attributable to each participating fund. The investments of the Public Safety Authority are not maintained in the pooled cash and investment fund, but in separately held escrow accounts.

Earnings on the pooled account are allocated to the General Fund unless statutes require otherwise or the Board of Supervisors has authorized otherwise. These respective allocations are made based on the average balances by fund.

<u>Investments</u>: Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost which approximates fair value. Securities traded on the national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

<u>Statement of cash flows</u>: For purposes of cash flows, the County considers its pooled cash and investment accounts as cash equivalents since these accounts have the general characteristics of demand deposits. Also, all highly liquid investments, with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, are considered to be cash equivalents.

<u>Inventories</u>: Governmental fund inventory items are charged to expenditure accounts when purchased. Year-end inventory was not significant. Proprietary fund inventories are carried at cost, as determined using the first-in, first-out method.

<u>Capital assets</u>: Capital assets, including land, construction-in-progress, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Infrastructure also includes assets acquired prior to June 30, 1980. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an initial useful life of one year or greater. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized in the current fiscal year.

All reported capital assets except land and construction-in-progress are depreciated.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective:

Building 50 years Improvements other than buildings 20 years Infrastructure 10 - 100 years Machinery and equipment 5 - 20 years

The County's collection of works of art, library books and other similar assets are not capitalized. These collections are unencumbered, held for public exhibition and education, protected, cared for and preserved and subject to County policy that requires proceeds from the sale of these items, if any, to be used to acquire other collection items.

<u>Deferred/unearned revenue</u>: Deferred revenues arise from taxes levied in the current year which are for subsequent year's operations. For governmental fund financial statements, deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received before the County has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the County has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

<u>Interfund transactions</u>: Transactions from County funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to County government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved.

Transactions which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Transactions, which constitute the transfer of resources from a fund receiving revenues to a fund through which revenues are to be expended, are separately reported in the respective funds' operating statements.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Noncurrent portions of long-term inter-fund loan receivables are reported as advances. Within the governmental funds, advances are offset equally by a fund balance nonspendable account which indicates they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

For the statement of net position and statement of activities, interfund balances, advances and transfers within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated absences: Under terms of the County's personnel policy, County employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based upon length of employment by the County. Vacation days accumulate up to two times the employee's yearly vacation rate, and total accumulated vacation will be paid upon termination of employment. Sick leave accumulates without limit. Employees hired before July 1, 2000 have an option of being paid 50 percent of all hours above 720 up to a maximum of 1,680 hours or to be paid 25 percent of all hours available up to a maximum of 1,680 hours. Payment should not exceed 480 hours. The option is not selected until retirement. Employees hired after July 1, 2000 are paid 25 percent of all hours available up to a maximum of 1,680. Payment should not exceed 420 hours.

For proprietary fund types, these accumulations are recorded as expenses and liabilities of the appropriate fund in the fiscal year earned. The governmental fund types report the amount of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave, which is considered due, as a result of employee retirements and resignations. The amount of the liability not considered due is not reported in the fund financial statements. However, the entire compensated absence liability is reported in the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Fund equity</u>: In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the County classifies governmental fund balance as follows:

- Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are
 internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision
 making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (ordinance,
 resolution) of the County. The Board of Supervisors may commit funds through a resolution or
 ordinance as each is considered equally binding. This formal action must occur prior to the end of
 the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints,
 may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the
 same formal action of the County that originally created the commitment.
- Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific
 purposes that are not considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned through
 the following; 1) the County has adopted a financial policy authorizing the County Administrator to
 assign amounts for a specific purpose. 2) All remaining positive spendable amounts in
 governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed.
 Assignments may take place after the reporting period.
- Unassigned Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The County has adopted a fund balance policy for all governmental funds as follows: General Fund unassigned fund balance is to exceed 15% of annual operating expenses; Secondary Roads Fund restricted fund balances is to be between 5% and 10% of annual operating expenses; Mental Health / Developmental Disabilities Fund is to be between 5% and 10% of annual operating expenses; Debt Service Fund is to exceed a \$25,000 minimum balance and Rural Services Fund is to exceed \$25,000 minimum balance. As of June 30, 2013, the Secondary Roads Fund and the Mental Health / Developmental Disabilities Fund had fund balance restrictions at 41% and 0%, respectively. The Secondary Roads Fund exceeded the policy for a planned fiscal year 2014 275th Street repaving project and similar projects. The Mental Health / Developmental Disabilities Fund was below the policy level due to the required reduced funding from the state during the transition of Medicaid expenditures to the state service level. The fund balance will be replenished with future general tax support funding in fiscal year 2014. The fund balance policy for the Mental Health / Development Disabilities Fund was amended in August 2013 to require no minimum fund balance.

The Public Safety Authority and Scott Emergency Communication Center do not have a governmental fund balance policy.

Net position: Net position represents the difference between assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net investment in capital assets excludes unspent debt proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is all other net position that does not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

The County first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the County would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

<u>Bond discounts</u>, <u>premiums and issue costs</u>: In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond discounts and premiums, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond discounts and premiums, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses while premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Budgetary information</u>: Scott County budgets are prepared using the same accounting basis and practices as are used to account for and prepare financial reports for the funds; thus, budgets presented in this report for comparison to actual amounts are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The blending of component units require reclassifications of expenditures to the County to the blended component units. These expenditures are reclassified between transfers and service provided.

The County uses the following procedures when establishing their operational budget, excluding blended component units:

Prior to January 15, each County Officer and department submits budget estimates for the coming fiscal year to the Director of Budget and Information Processing. The Budget Manager compiles the budget estimates received from the officers and departments. The County Administrator presents them to the County Board prior to the end of January.

- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to March 15, the budget is legally adopted by resolution of the County Board.
- The budget may be amended by majority approval of the County Board prior to May 31 after public notice has been published.
- Encumbrances are not recognized in the budget and appropriations lapse at year-end.

The legal level of control is at the program expenditure level. These seven classes are: public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, County environment and education, roads and transportation, governmental services to residents and administration.

In addition, the County Board must appropriate, by resolution, the budgets for each of the different County offices and departments. Emphasis is placed on monitoring budgets at the departmental level by major class of expenditures, rather than by line item expenditure. County management can approve budget shifts within the major classes but not between major classes. During the year, there were two budget amendments adopted in February 2013 and May 2013.

Scott Emergency Communications Center did not budget for capital expenditures or Build America Bond Interest expense or credits in fiscal year 2013. Additionally there were no amendments to the 2013 budget. The legal level of control is at the entity level. The Public Safety Authority did not adopt a budget in fiscal year 2013.

<u>Use of estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

As of June 30, 2013, the County's cash and investments were as follows:

Cash on hand and deposits with financial institutions	\$ 31,135,389
Restricted cash and investments with financial institutions	18,109,809
Cash on hand and deposits with financial institutions,	
discretely presented component units	435,526
Cash on hand and deposits with financial institutions, agency funds	10,112,098
	\$ 59,792,822

<u>Interest rate risk</u>: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with the County's investment policy, portfolio maturities shall be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentration of assets in a specific maturity sector. Maturities shall be selected which provide stability of income and reasonable liquidity.

As of June 30, 2013, the County had the following investments subject to interest rate risk:

	Years to Maturity								
Investments	Le	ss than 1		1-5		Total			
US Treasury - Certificate of Indebtedness	\$	143,683	\$		\$	143,683			
US Treasury - Notes		143,870		17,603,161		17,747,031			
Total	\$	287,553	\$	17,603,161	\$	17,890,714			

<u>Credit risk</u>: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County is authorized by statute to invest in U.S. government and agency obligations, perfected repurchase agreements and commercial paper rated within the two highest prime classifications by at least one of the standard rating services. The County's investment policy does limit them from investing in reverse repurchase agreements, futures and options contracts, inverse floaters, and stripped securities, including principal only and interest only strips.

As of June 30, 2013, the County did not have any investments subject to credit risk.

<u>Custodial credit risk:</u> For deposits, this is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Chapter 12C of the Code of lowa requires all County funds be deposited into an approved depository and be either insured or collateralized. As of June 30, 2013, the County did not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk. There were no deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 3. Interfund Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

	Transfers In	Transfer Out
Governmental activities:		
Major governmental funds:		
General	\$ 4,122	\$ 14,579,309
Scott emergency communication center	7,418,851	-
Public safety authority	2,123,955	-
Secondary roads	2,875,234	-
Nonmajor governmental funds:		
Capital projects	3,925,549	4,122
Rural services	-	2,139,440
Recorders management fees	-	45,519
Internal service fund		
Health insurance	340,000	-
Total governmental activities	16,687,711	16,768,390
Business-type activities		
Nonmajor enterprise fund:		
Golf course	\$ 80,679	\$ -
Total Transfers	\$ 16,768,390	\$ 16,768,390

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them or (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 4. Special Item

The County approved a forgiveness of an interfund advance between the General Fund and Golf-Course fund. The action forgave a \$4,041,594 advance and \$493,853 payable from Business-type activities to Governmental-type activities.

Note 5. Note Receivable

The County issued a note to Greater Davenport Redevelopment Corporation (GDRC) for the purpose of funding operating expenses. During 2008, the County modified the agreement, which increased the principal amount to \$116,175 and decreased the interest rate to 0 percent. The note is due upon the sale or conveyance by GDRC of any lot or parcel at a rate of \$688.75 per acre sold. As of June 30, 2013, the outstanding balance was \$58,777 and there are approximately 85 acres to be sold.

Scott County has entered into a subordination agreement with Wells Fargo in regards to the GDRC note. This subordination agreement states that if GDRC defaults on their loan of \$1,114,000 with Wells Fargo, the County will be unable to collect the \$58,777 note receivable; therefore, the note receivable has been presented as a noncurrent asset.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 6. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2013:

	Balance			Balance	
Governmental Activities	June 30, 2012*	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2013	
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 4,394,059	\$ 30,885	\$ -	\$ 4,424,944	
Construction in progress	4,309,602	1,898,365	(1,223,844)	4,984,123	
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	8,703,661	1,929,250	(1,223,844)	9,409,067	
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings	75,645,599	1,323,037	(5,132)	76,963,504	
Improvements other than buildings	5,500,415	253,371	(31,045)	5,722,741	
Infrastructure	91,342,729	589,461	-	91,932,190	
Machinery and equipment	29,397,786	1,644,047	(1,044,320)	29,997,513	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	201,886,529	3,809,916	(1,080,497)	204,615,948	
Less: accumulated depreciation for					
Buildings	25,924,675	2,628,746	(4,618)	28,548,803	
Improvements other than buildings	1,786,045	308,900	(26,980)	2,067,965	
Infrastructure	55,129,929	2,797,406	-	57,927,335	
Machinery and equipment	12,823,295	2,753,742	(989,942)	14,587,095	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	95,663,944	8,488,794	(1,021,540)	103,131,198	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	106,222,585	(4,678,878)	(58,957)	101,484,750	
Total Governmental Activities				·	
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$ 114,926,246	\$ (2,749,628)	\$ (1,282,801)	\$ 110,893,817	

Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 6. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-Type Activities		Balance ne 30, 2012	Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2013	
		110 00, 2012		aditionio		DICTIONS	- 001	10 00, 2010
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$	4 FEC 226	\$		\$		φ	1 556 226
Land	Ф	1,556,336	Ф	-	Ф	-	\$	1,556,336
Construction in progress		23,872				23,872		
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		1,580,208				23,872		1,556,336
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings		506,490		-		-		506,490
Improvements other than buildings		663,428		-		-		663,428
Infrastructure		62,374		-		-		62,374
Machinery and equipment		1,069,983		73,776				1,143,759
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		2,302,275		73,776		-		2,376,051
Less: accumulated depreciation for								
Buildings		195,350		10,130		-		205,480
Improvements other than buildings		604,405		8,464		-		612,869
Infrastructure		62,374		-		-		62,374
Machinery and equipment		793,672		43,367		-		837,039
Total Accumulated Depreciation		1,655,801		61,961				1,717,762
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		646,474		11,815		-		658,289
Business-Type Activities								
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$	2,226,682	\$	11,815	\$	23,872	\$	2,214,625

A summary of the changes in capital assets of the discretely presented component units is as follows:

		Balance					Balance			
Discretely Presented Component Units		ne 30, 2012 *	Α	Additions		Deletions		June 30, 2013		
Capital assets not being depreciated										
Land	\$	16,600	\$	-	\$	_	\$	16,600		
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		16,600		=				16,600		
Capital assets being depreciated										
Buildings		1,131,866		-		-		1,131,866		
Machinery and equipment		803,071		25,990		_		829,061		
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		1,934,937		25,990				1,960,927		
Less: accumulated depreciation for								_		
Buildings		247,443		30,211		-		277,654		
Machinery and equipment		452,736		76,386		_		529,122		
Total Accumulated Depreciation		700,179		106,597		-		806,776		
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		1,234,758		(80,607)				1,154,151		
Total Governmental Activities										
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$	1,251,358	\$	(80,607)	\$		\$	1,170,751		

^{*} Some beginning balances have been restated due to the County's implementation of GASB #61. See Note 17 - Restatement for further details.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 6. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Public safety and legal services	\$ 1,390,734
Public safety and legal services - SECC	1,535,790
Physical health and social services	28,266
Mental health	48,447
County environment and education	726,975
Roads and transportation	3,190,093
Governmental services to residents	63,428
Administration	 1,505,061
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 8,488,794
Business-Type activities, golf course	\$ 61,961

Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2013:

		Balance					Balance			Due Within	
	Jur	ne 30, 2012 *		Additions		Deletions	Jι	ıne 30, 2013	(One Year	
Governmental Activities:				_				_			
General obligation bonds	\$	14,080,000	\$	_	\$	1,625,000	\$	12,455,000	\$	1,685,000	
Revenue bonds		21,210,000		17,675,000		1,245,000		37,640,000		1,300,000	
Add / deduct deferred amount for:											
Discount		(256,192)		-		(31,701)		(224,491)		-	
Premium		46,251		558,751		44,428		560,574		-	
Subtotal for bonds	_	35,080,059		18,233,751		2,882,727		50,431,083	_	2,985,000	
Other Liabilities:											
Compensated absences		2,956,039		1,624,131		1,607,593		2,972,577		1,792,330	
Note Payable		10,099,923		-		461,240		9,638,683		476,240	
Note Payable - discount		(72,993)		-		(6,607)		(66,386)		-	
Other post employment benefits		355,046		117,152		71,159		401,039		-	
Claims payable		889,520		4,814,291		4,824,455	_	879,356	_	689,848	
Total Governmental Activities											
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	49,307,594	\$	24,789,325	\$	9,840,567	\$	64,256,352	\$	5,943,418	
		Balance					Balance	[Due Within		
	Ju	June 30, 2012		Additions	F	Retirements	June 30, 2013		One Year		
Business-Type Activities:											
Other Liabilities:											
Compensated absences	\$	47,412	\$	14,100	\$	12,793	\$	48,719	\$	13,455	

Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

	Balance June 30, 2012 *		,	Additions Retire		Retirements		Balance June 30, 2013		ıe Within ne Year
Discretely Presented Component Units Activities: Other Liabilities Compensated absences Other post employment benefits	\$	74,976 (1,757)	\$	45,463 747	\$	37,172 -	\$	83,267 (1,010)	\$	37,457 -
Total Discretely Presented Compon Units Long-Term Liabilities	ent <u>\$</u>	73,219	\$	46,210	\$	37,172	\$	82,257	\$	37,457

Some beginning balances have been restated due to the County's implementation of GASB #61.
 See Note 17 – Restatement for further details.

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2013 consist of \$835,000 of solid waste refunding bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.6 percent to 3.8 percent, \$855,000 of general obligation geographic information systems bonds with interest at rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 4.1 percent, \$9,110,000 of general obligation emergency equipment bonds with interest at rates ranging from 1.5 percent to 5.8 percent, and \$1,655,000 of urban renewal refunding bonds with interest at rates ranging from 2.5 percent to 3.0%.

On March 1, 2007, Scott County issued \$3,685,000 in General Obligation County Solid Waste Disposal Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A to refund \$3,645,000 of outstanding Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bond, Series 1995. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$280,000 to \$555,000 through 2015 at interest rates from 3.6 percent to 3.8 percent.

On July 13, 2006, the County issued \$2,500,000 in General Obligation Geographic Information System Bonds, Series 2006A. The bonds were issued to finance improvements to the County's Geographic Information System and related costs. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$275,000 to \$295,000 through 2016 at interest rates from 4.0 percent to 4.1 percent.

On December 17, 2009, the County issued \$10,445,000 in General Obligation Emergency Equipment Bonds, Series 2009A. The bonds were issued to finance the acquisition of emergency equipment and related costs. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$460,000 to \$720,000 through 2029 at interest rates from 1.5 percent to 5.8 percent.

On December 17, 2009, Scott County issued \$2,755,000 in General Obligation Urban Renewal Refunding Bonds, Series 2009B with interest rates ranging from 2.5 percent to 3.0 percent to refund \$2,745,000 of outstanding General Obligation Urban Renewal Bond, Series 2002A, with interest rates ranging from 2.3 percent to 4.6 percent.

Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

The debt service requirements on the general obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	 Principal	 Interest	Total		
2014	\$ 1,685,000	\$ 565,347	\$	2,250,347	
2015	1,440,000	506,965		1,946,965	
2016	1,195,000	456,325		1,651,325	
2017	925,000	412,430		1,337,430	
2018	505,000	378,800		883,800	
2019-2023	2,745,000	1,526,415		4,271,415	
2024-2028	3,240,000	762,945		4,002,945	
2029	720,000	41,760	_	761,760	
Total	\$ 12,455,000	\$ 4,650,987	\$	17,105,987	

The computation of the County's legal margin as of June 30, 2013 is as follows:

2011 assessed valuation	\$ 1	2,232,570,545
Less military exemption		(17,715,296)
Total assessed value	\$ 1	2,214,855,249
Debt limit, 5% of assessed valuation (lowa statutory limitation)	\$	610,742,762
Total amount of debt applicable to debt margin		(50,095,000)
Legal debt margin	\$	560,647,762

Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2013 consist of \$19,965,000 of Jail Lease Revenue bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.75 percent to 4.375 percent and \$17,675,000 of Jail Lease Refunding bonds ranging from 1.60 percent to 2.00 percent.

On February 13, 2006, the Public Safety Authority, a blended component unit, issued \$29,700,000 Jail Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2006. The bonds were issued for the purpose of building a new jail facility. The bonds were issued with interest rates ranging from 3.75 percent to 4.375 percent.

On December 27, 2012, the Public Safety Authority, a blended component unit, issued \$9,750,000 Jail Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012. The bonds were issued for the purpose of crossover refunding the Public Safety Authority Jail Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2006. The bonds were issued with interest rates ranging from 1.60 percent to 2.00 percent.

On January 9, 2013, the Public Safety Authority, a blended component unit, issued \$7,925,000 Jail Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013. The bonds were issued for the purpose of crossover refunding the Public Safety Authority Jail Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2006. The bonds were issued with interest rates of 2.00 percent.

Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Revenue Bonds (Continued)

On December 27, 2012, the Public Safety Authority issued \$9,750,000 in Jail Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds with an average interest rate of 1.797% to advance refund \$9,440,000 of 2006 Jail Facilities Revenue outstanding bonds with an average interest rate of 4.29%. The net proceeds of \$9,804,614 (after payment of \$119,175 in underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs and a reoffering premium of \$175,885) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an account to provide for future debt service payments on the new bonds until the crossover date. The bonds are not considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds as well as the escrow account are recorded in the financial statements. This type of advance refunding is commonly called a crossover refunding.

The cash flow requirements on the refunded bonds prior to the advance refunding was \$13,743,288 from June 1, 2013 through June 1, 2025. The cash flow requirements on the 2012 refunding bonds are \$11,534,147 from June 1, 2013 through June 1, 2025. The advance refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,425,027.

On January 9, 2013, the Public Safety Authority issued \$7,925,000 in Jail Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds with an average interest rate of 2.00% to advance refund \$7,875,000 of 2006 Jail Facilities Revenue outstanding bonds with an average interest rate of 4.04%. The net proceeds of \$8,204,564 (after payment of \$99,563 in underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs and a reoffering premium of \$382,866) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an account to provide for future debt service payments on the new bonds until the crossover date. The bonds are not considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds as well as the escrow account are recorded in the financial statements. This type of advance refunding is commonly called a crossover refunding.

The cash flow requirements on the refunded bonds prior to the advance refunding was \$9,674,463 from June 1, 2013 through June 1, 2021. The cash flow requirements on the 2013 refunding bonds are \$8,793,719 from June 1, 2013 through June 1, 2021. The advance refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$442,772.

The debt service requirements on the revenue bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
0044	f 4 000 000	Ф 4.400.400	Ф 0.400.400
2014	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 1,163,123	\$ 2,463,123
2015	1,350,000	1,111,122	2,461,122
2016	3,025,000	1,057,123	4,082,123
2017	3,120,000	968,422	4,088,422
2018	3,200,000	876,623	4,076,623
2019-2023	17,715,000	2,870,044	20,585,044
2024-2025	7,930,000	370,123	8,300,123
Total	\$ 37,640,000	\$ 8,416,580	\$46,056,580

Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Revenue Bonds (Continued)

The County has pledged as security for bonds issued by the Public Safety Authority, a blended component unit, a portion of the County's property taxes. The bonds issued by the Public Safety Authority in February 2006 in the amount of \$29,700,000 for the purpose of renovation and construction additions to existing jail facilities are payable through 2025. The bonds issued by the Public Safety Authority in December 2012 and January 2013 in the amount of \$9,750,000 and \$7,925,000, respectively, for the purposes of crossover refunding the 2006 bond issue. The County has committed to appropriate each year, from the property taxes, amount sufficient to cover the principal and interest requirements on the Public Safety Authority's debt. The Public Safety Authority has pledged as sole security for the bonds the appropriation from the County. Annual principal and interest payment on the bonds are expected to require 100% of lease payments received. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt is \$46,056,580 with annual requirements ranging from \$2,461,122 to \$4,155,781 after consideration of the crossover refunding in 2015. Property taxes, from which the appropriations will be made, have been equal to the principal and interest amount owed per year before consideration of restricted assets for the cross over refunding. For the current year, principal and interest paid by the Public Safety Authority and the total property taxes recognized by the County were \$2,122,305 each.

Notes Payable

On November 2, 2009, the City of Davenport issued \$10,125,000 General Obligation Communication Building Bonds, Series 2009C on behalf of the SECC. The bonds were issued for the purpose of building a new communications and emergency operations center. The bonds were issued with interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 5.8 percent. The SECC has issued a note payable to the City of Davenport with terms for repayment identical to the bonds.

During 2010, the SECC acquired equipment from the City of Davenport by issuing a note payable with no interest to the City in the amount of \$862,403 payable in equal annual installments from 2011 through 2020.

The debt service requirements on the notes payable outstanding as of June 30, 2013 are as follows:

	City of Davenport SECC Note						City of Davenport GO Note							
Year Ending June 30		Total		Principal	<u>In</u>	terest	Total		Principal			Interest		
2014	\$	86,240	\$	86,240	\$	-	\$	833,893	\$	390,000	\$	443,893		
2015		86,240		86,240		-		837,193		405,000		432,193		
2016		86,240		86,240		-		838,827		420,000		418,827		
2017		86,240		86,240		-		843,077		440,000		403,077		
2018		86,240		86,240		-		845,257		460,000		385,257		
2019-2023		172,483		172,483		-		4,258,240		2,665,000		1,593,240		
2024-2028		-		-		-		4,289,545		3,460,000		829,545		
2029		-		-		-		841,110		795,000		46,110		
Total	\$	603,683	\$	603,683	\$	-	\$	13,587,142	\$	9,035,000	\$	4,552,142		

Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Other Long-Term Liabilities

Compensated absences attributable to governmental activities are generally liquidated by the General Fund and Scott Emergency Communication Center Fund. Claims payable are generally liquidated by the General Fund and the Self – Insurance Fund of the County. The net pension obligation is liquidated by the individual fund paying corresponding salaries. Net other postemployment benefit obligations are liquidated by the Internal Service Health and Dental Funds.

Note 8. Retirement System

The County and its component units contribute to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the state of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 5.78 percent of their annual covered salary and the County is required to contribute 8.67 percent of annual covered payroll, except for sheriff deputies, in which case the percentages are 9.90 percent and 9.90 percent, respectively and conservation peace officers, in which case the percentages are 6.84 percent and 10.27 percent, respectively. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The County's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$2,516,323, \$2,299,215, and \$1,985,400 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 9. Other Postemployment Benefits

<u>Plan description</u>: The County sponsors a single-employer health care plan that provides medical, prescription drugs, dental and vision benefits to all active and retired employees and their eligible dependents. Sheriff's deputies must be a minimum of age 50 with 22 or more years of service to be eligible for retiree benefits. All other employees must be a minimum of age 55 with 20 or more years of service to be eligible for retiree benefits. Eligibility requirements under IPERS is summarized as follows: Normal Retirement -a) General Employees -age 65, any age when age plus years of service equal or exceed 88 with a minimum age of 55, or age 62 with 20 years of service, b) Sheriffs and Deputies -age 55 or age 50 with 22 years of service. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

<u>Funding policy</u>: The health insurance plan contributions on behalf of employees are negotiated by management and the union and governed by the County's union contracts. Employees pay all or a portion of the premium in excess of the full single rate premium. The current funding policy of the County is to pay health claims as they occur.

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing. For fiscal year 2013, the County contributed \$71,159. Retiree and active members receiving benefits have required monthly contributions of:

	 Single	 Family
Health	\$ 463	\$ 1,262
Dental	29	87
Vision	6	15

Annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation: The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance to the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actuarially contributed to the plan and changes in the County's annual OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$	123,690
Interest on net OPEB obligation		15,898
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(21,689)
Annual OPEB cost		117,899
Contributions and payments made		(71,159)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		46,740
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		353,289
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	400,029

Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 9. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligations for the current year and the preceding two years were as follows:

		Percentage of				
	An	nnual OPEB Annual OPEB			Net OPEB	
Year Ending June 30	Cost		Cost Contributed		Obligation	
2011	\$	162,985	38.8%	\$	296,353	
2012		161,349	65.1%		353,289	
2013		117,899	60.4%		400,029	

<u>Funded status and funding progress</u>: As of January 1, 2013, the most recent valuation date, the plan was 0 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,076,019 and the actuarial value of assets is none resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UML) of \$1,076,019. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$24,311,861 and the ratio of the UML to the covered payroll was 4.4 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents only the initial year trend information.

Actuarial methods and assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and included in the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2013 actuarial valuation, projected unit credit method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5 percent investment rate of return, salary increases of 4 percent, health care cost trend rates of: 6 percent for year 1, 5 percent for following years; mortality rates using the 2001 CSO Mortality Table, retiree participation rate of 70 percent, an initial spouse participation rate of 50 percent and turnover rates based on Scale T-6 of the Actuary's Pension Handbook. The UML is being amortized as a level dollar amount on an open basis. The amortization of UML is done over a period of 30 years.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 10. Risk Management and Insurance

The County is self-insured for general and automobile liability, property and workers' compensation claims. This activity is accounted for within the County's General Fund. Charges were made to the operating funds based upon actual claims, historical claim experience and estimated claims incurred and not yet reported for general and automobile liability, property and worker's compensation. Unemployment claims were charged quarterly to the applicable funds based upon actual claims as assessed by the state. Claim settlement and loss expenses are accrued in the General Fund for the estimated settlement value of general, automobile liability, property and workers' compensation claims reported and unreported arising from incidents during the year except for the long-term portion of such estimated claim settlements which are recorded in the government-wide statements until amounts are due and spendable resources become available to liquidate such liabilities.

Self-insurance is in effect up to a stop loss amount of approximately \$300,000 per claim for general and automobile liability, \$100,000 per claim for property and \$500,000 per claim for workers' compensation. Coverage from a private insurance company is maintained for losses in excess of the aggregate stop loss amount with \$10,000,000 maximum coverage on general and automobile liability, \$98,433,456 maximum coverage on property and \$2,000,000 maximum coverage on workers' compensation. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. All claims handling procedures are performed by the County.

The County is self-insured for health and dental care of its employees. This activity is accounted for within the County's Internal Service Fund. Charges were made to the operating funds based upon estimated premium equivalency amounts.

Self-insurance is in effect up to a stop loss amount of approximately \$150,000 per claim for health care. Coverage from a private insurance company is maintained for losses in excess of the aggregate stop loss amount of 125% of total claims. Settled individual claims have exceeded the commercial coverage in fiscal year 2013.

As of June 30, 2013, the amount of liabilities recorded for estimated claim settlements for general, automobile, property and workers' compensation liability claims was \$393,449 of which \$9,508 was recorded in the General Fund. The County has assigned \$383,941 of General Fund balance for payment of future claims liability.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 10. Risk Management and Insurance (Continued)

The changes in the aggregate liabilities for general, automobile, property and workers' compensation liability claims are as follows:

	2013	2012
Claims payable, beginning of year	\$ 398,656	\$ 694,052
Claims expense and change in reserve	213,255	825,904
Claims payments	(218,462)	(1,121,300)
Claims payable, end of year	\$ 393,449	\$ 398,656

The changes in the aggregate liabilities for health care and dental claims are as follows:

	2013			2012
Claims payable, beginning of year	\$	490,837	\$	386,796
Claims expense and change in reserve		4,605,993		4,727,632
Claims payments		(4,610,923)		(4,623,591)
Claims payable, end of year	\$	485,907	\$	490,837

The Emergency Management Agency, County Library, and Public Safety Authority and Scott Emergency Communication Center component units of the County have transferred risk by purchasing commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 11. Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the County has issued revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the County, the state, nor any political subdivision, thereof, is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2013, there were two series of revenue bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal balance of the revenue bonds outstanding is \$14,275,000.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 12. Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission Agreement

In June 1995, the County issued \$7,100,000 in General Obligation County Solid Waste Disposal Bonds for which the County pledged its full faith and credit and power to levy direct general ad valorem taxes without limit as to rate or amount. On March 1, 2007, Scott County issued \$3,685,000 in General Obligation County Solid Waste Disposal Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A to refund \$3,645,000 of outstanding Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bond, Series 1995. The net proceeds were used to call the Series 1995 Bonds. The total amount of the bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2013 is \$835,000.

The County loaned the proceeds from the sale of the bonds to the Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission ("the Commission") for the acquisition, construction and equipping of a material recovery system, recovery facility and a new landfill ("the Project") pursuant to the Financing Agreement by and between the County and the Commission. To obligate itself under the Financing Agreement, the Commission issued a \$7,100,000 Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bond to the County pursuant to a resolution dated April 11, 1995. The repayment of the Revenue Bond corresponds to the payment of the Bonds by the County and \$835,000 remains outstanding as of June 30, 2013.

Under the terms of the Financing Agreement, dated April 11, 1995, the Commission is obligated to establish rates, charges and fees sufficient to pay the cost of operations and maintenance of the Project and to leave net revenues sufficient to pay the semiannual debt service requirements of the bonds. In the event that net revenues are insufficient to pay 100 percent of the debt service on the bonds, the Commission is obligated to pay the County from other funds it has legally available, including the Reserve Fund, which is equal to the maximum annual debt service requirement on the bonds due in any remaining fiscal year. If the Commission does not have sufficient funds to pay 100 percent of the debt service on the bonds when due, the County is obligated to pay such deficiency from and of its funds legally available. Any amounts which are paid by the County for debt service payments on the bonds must be reimbursed by the Commission out of future net revenues of the Project or other Commission funds which become available.

In the event future net revenues or other Commission funds are insufficient to repay the County, each of the Members of the Commission have obligated itself to repay the County its pro rata share of the deficiency from rates imposed on each property within its jurisdiction. The Financing Agreement may not be terminated so long as the bonds are outstanding.

Financial statements of the Commission may be obtained by contacting Scott Area Solid Waste Commission, 11555 110th Avenue, Davenport, Iowa 52804.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 13. Fund Balances

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at June 30, 2013 are:

		ental Health/ evelopment					
	 General	 Disability		ondary Roads	Debt Service		
Fund Balances (Deficit):							
Nonspendable							
Notes receivable	\$ 58,777	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Prepaids	 131,406	 -				-	
Subtotal Nonspendable	 190,183	-					
Restricted							
Debt service	-	-		-		1,644,097	
County conservation							
sewage treatment	212,430	-		-		-	
Secondary roads	-	-		2,320,739		-	
Emergency services	-	-		-		-	
Records management fee	-	-		-		-	
Rural services	-	-		-		-	
Other statutory programs	926,297	-		-		-	
Subtotal Restricted	 1,138,727	 -		2,320,739		1,644,097	
Assigned	 _			_		_	
Capital projects	3,150,000	-		-		-	
Claim liabilities	383,941	-		-		-	
Health claim liability	150,000	-		-		-	
Subtotal Assigned	3,683,941	-		-		-	
Unassigned (Deficit)	 10,041,990	 (388,176)		-		-	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 15,054,841	\$ (388,176)	\$	2,320,739	\$	1,644,097	

Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 13. Fund Balances (Continued)

		t Emergency mmunication Center	Ρ	ublic Safety Authority	G	Nonmajor overnmental		Total
Fund Balances (Deficit):		Ceriter		Authority		Overnimental		Total
Nonspendable								
Notes receivable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	58,777
Prepaids	•	_	•	_	•	-	•	131,406
Subtotal Nonspendable				_				190,183
Restricted								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Debt Service		-		17,897,379		-		19,541,476
County conservation								
sewage treatment		-		-		-		212,430
Secondary Roads				-		-		2,320,739
Emergency Services		2,689,733		-		-		2,689,733
Records management fee		-		-		42,194		42,194
Rural services		-		-		154,168		154,168
Other statutory programs		-		-		-		926,297
Subtotal Restricted		2,689,733		17,897,379		196,362		25,887,037
Assigned								
Capital projects		-		-		5,494,375		8,644,375
Claim liabilities		-		-		-		383,941
Health claim liability		<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>		150,000
Subtotal Assigned		-				5,494,375		9,178,316
Unassigned (Deficit)		-				-		9,653,814
Total Fund Balances	\$	2,689,733	\$	17,897,379	\$	5,690,737	\$	44,909,350

Note 14. Litigation

The County is a defendant in several claims and lawsuits. In the opinion of the County Attorney and management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the future financial statements of the County.

Note 15. Commitments and Contingency

The County has financial commitments relating to software implementation projects that are estimated to be approximately \$807,000.

The County has received federal and state grants for specific programs that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 16. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

The County adopted the following statements as of July 1, 2012:

- GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34, issued November 2010, was effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2013. This Statement is intended to improve financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity. It amends Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. The Statement modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity and amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government. The Statement also clarifies the reporting of equity interests in legally separate organizations. See Note 1 for additional information regarding the financial reporting entity. See Note 17 for restatement information of net position and fund balance of blended component units.
- GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, issued December 2010, was effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2013. This Statement is intended to incorporate into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, which do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. This Statement also supersedes Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. See Note 1 for additional information regarding accounting and financial reporting guidance.
- GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, issued in June 2011, was effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2013. This statement establishes guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and renames net assets to net position in a statement of financial position.

Note 17. Restatement

The County implemented GASB Statement Number 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34* as of July 1, 2012. The implementation of the statement required the inclusion of the Scott Emergency Communication Center and Public Safety Authority as blended component units of the County. The impact to net position and fund balances is as follows:

	Governmental Type Activities	Component Units	Governmental Funds
Net Position / Fund Balance as of June 30, 2012:	\$ 82,235,411	\$ 16,311,133	\$25,619,960
Inclusion of Scott Emergency Communication Center	14,598,543	(14,598,543)	2,762,297
Inclusion of Public Safety Authority	154,326	(154,326)	
Restated Net Position / Fund Balance as of June 30, 2012	\$ 96,988,280	\$ 1,558,264	\$28,382,257

Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 18. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements (Continued)

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following statement not yet implemented by the County. The Statements which may impact the County are as follows:

- GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, issued March 2012, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2014. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. This statement also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term deferred in financial statement presentations.
- GASB Statement No. 66, Technical Corrections 2012- an amendment of GASB statement No. 10 and No. 62., issued March 2012, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2014. This statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of two pronouncements, Statements No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, and No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASDB and AICPA Pronouncements.
- GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25, issued June 2012, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2015. This statement will improve financial reporting by state and local governmental pension plans. The statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to pension for governments whose employees are provided with pension through pension plans that are within the scope of the statement.
- GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, issued June 2012, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2015. This statement will improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pension this is provided by other entities.
- GASB Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposal of Government Operations, issued January 2013, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2015. This statement established accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations.
- GASB Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial, Guarantees, issued April 2013, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2014. This statement will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring consistent reporting by those governments that extend nonexchange financial guarantees and by those governments that receive nonexchange financial guarantees.

The County's management has not yet determined the effect these GASB statements will have on the County's future financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information Other Postemployment Benefit Plan As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

								UAAL as a
	Actuaria	ıl	Actuarial					Percentage of
	Value of N	let	Accrued			Funded	Covered	Covered
Actuarial	Position	1	Liability (AAL)	Ur	nfunded AAL	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Valuation Date	(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	[(b-a) / c]
1/1/2009	\$ -	\$	1,770,912	\$	1,770,912	0.00%	\$20,080,910	8.82%
1/1/2011	-		1,473,922		1,473,922	0.00%	23,130,003	6.37%

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation date as of January 1, 2013. Additional information follows:

- a. The cost method used to determine the ARC is the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost method.
- b. There are no plan assets.
- c. The actuarial assumptions included: 1) 4.5 percent investment rate of return, 2) salary increases of 4 percent, 3) health care cost trend rates of: 6 percent for year 1, 5 percent for 2 and beyond, 4) mortality rates using the 2001 CSO Mortality Table, 5) retiree participation rate of 70 percent, 6) an initial spouse participation rate of 50 percent and 7) turnover rates based on Scale T-6 of the Actuary's Pension Handbook.
- d. The amortization method is level dollar amount on an open basis.

See Independent Auditors' Report and Note to Required Supplementary Information.

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County of Scott, Iowa

Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
All Governmental Funds - Primary Government
For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	 Bud _i Original	get	Final		Budgetary Basis	Fi	ariance with inal Budget Favorable nfavorable)
Revenues:				_		_	(222 222)
Property taxes	\$ 46,511,841	\$	46,511,841	\$	46,158,852	\$	(352,989)
Local option sales tax	4,052,754		4,098,552		4,098,552		- 0.227
Other taxes	2,240,369		2,240,369		2,248,606		8,237
Interest and penalties on taxes	780,000		780,000		816,474		36,474
Intergovernmental	20,950,823		11,696,302		12,138,820		442,518
Charges for services	5,037,746		5,236,050		5,562,494		326,444
Investment earnings	140,322		140,322		100,748		(39,574)
Licenses and permits	631,170		628,183		772,296		144,113
Rentals and fees	207,350		221,171		176,562		(44,609)
Other	 402,950		612,671		1,011,501		398,830
Total revenues	 80,955,325		72,165,461		73,084,905		919,444
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public safety and legal services	28,801,440		28,772,198		27,661,019		1,111,179
Physical health and social services	6,107,415		6,022,793		5,256,671		766,122
Mental health	16,926,575		8,587,246		8,216,389		370,857
County environment and education	4,662,956		4,734,314		4,510,564		223,750
Roads and transportation	5,780,000		5,759,551		4,969,030		790,521
Government services to residents	2,284,878		2,333,604		2,178,373		155,231
Nonprogram current	-		5,025,447		4,462,273		563,174
Administration	9,890,135		9,754,128		9,126,198		627,930
Capital outlay	3,989,030		4,678,187		3,751,883		926,304
Debt service	4,363,865		4,363,865		4,363,865		-
Total expenditures	82,806,294		80,031,333		74,496,265		5,535,068
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	 (1,850,969)		(7,865,872)		(1,411,360)		6,454,512
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	10,635,264		12,195,264		17,918,369		5,723,105
Transfers out	(10,635,264)		(12,195,264)		(17,918,369)		(5,723,105)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	224,000		64,000		113,638		49,638
Total other financing sources (uses)	224,000		64,000		113,638		49,638
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,626,969)	\$	(7,801,872)	\$	(1,297,722)	\$	6,504,150

See Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Scott Emergency Comunication Center For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues:			_
Intergovernmental	\$ 7,303,080 \$	7,303,080 \$	151,743
Other	-	-	62
Total revenues	7,303,080	7,303,080	151,805
Expenditures			
Current:			
Public safety and legal services	6,580,922	6,580,922	6,016,487
Capital outlay	-	-	712,225
Debt service	755,864	755,864	914,508
Total expenditures	7,336,786	7,336,786	7,643,220
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	(33,706)	(33,706)	(7,491,415)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	 		7,418,851
Total other financing sources			
(uses)	 -	-	7,418,851
Net change in fund balances	\$ (33,706) \$	(33,706) \$	(72,564)

See Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

idgetary ustments	Reclassificaitons	Total		Variand Final E Favo (Unfavo	Budget rable
\$ (151,743) \$	7,418,851	\$ 7,4	118,851	\$	115,771
 -	-		62		62
(151,743)	7,418,851	7,4	118,913		115,833
			MC 407		FC4 42F
- (712 225)	-	6,0)16,487		564,435
(712,225)	-	_	-		-
 (151,743) (863,968)			762,765 779,252		(6,901) 557,534
(803,308)		0,7	79,232		337,334
712,225	7,418,851	6	39,661		673,367
-	(7,418,851)		-		-
 -	(7,418,851)		-		
\$ 712,225 \$	-	\$ 6	39,661	\$	673,367

Schedule of Comparison Budgetary Comparison Schedule All Governmental Funds to Primary Government Budgeted Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Go	vernmental	Scott Emergency Comunications			
	do	Fund	Center	Public Safety Authority		Budgetary
	Tν	pes Actual	Component Unit	Component Unit	Reclassifications	Basis
Revenues:		pes / tetau.	component cont	component cine		
Property taxes	\$	46,158,852	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 46,158,852
Local option sales tax		4,098,552	· -	-	· -	4,098,552
Other taxes		2,248,606	_	_	-	2,248,606
Interest and penalties on taxes		816,474	_	_	-	816,474
Intergovernmental		12,290,563	(151,743)	_	-	12,138,820
Charges for services		5,562,494	-	-	-	5,562,494
Investment earnings		120,569	_	(19,821)	-	100,748
Licenses and permits		772,296	-	-	-	772,296
Rentals and fees		176,562	-	-	-	176,562
Other		1,011,563	(62)	-	-	1,011,501
Total revenues		73,256,531	(151,805)	(19,821)	-	73,084,905
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public safety and legal services		26,258,655	(6,016,487)	-	7,418,851	27,661,019
Physical health and social services		5,256,671	-	-	-	5,256,671
Mental health		8,216,389	-	-	-	8,216,389
County environment and education		4,510,564	-	-	-	4,510,564
Roads and transportation		4,969,030	-	-	-	4,969,030
Government services to residents		2,178,373	-	-	-	2,178,373
Nonprogram current		-	-	-	4,462,273	4,462,273
Administration		9,121,578	-	-	4,620	9,126,198
Capital outlay		4,464,108	(712,225)	-	-	3,751,883
Debt service		5,639,186	(914,508)	(2,480,148)	2,119,335	4,363,865
Total expenditures		70,614,554	(7,643,220)	(2,480,148)	14,005,079	74,496,265
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		2,641,977	7,491,415	2,460,327	(14,005,079)	 (1,411,360)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		16,347,711	(7,418,851)	(2,123,955)	11,113,464	17,918,369
Transfers out		(16,768,390)	-	-	(1,149,979)	(17,918,369)
Debt issued		17,675,000	-	(17,675,000)	-	-
Premium on debt issued		558,751	-	(558,751)	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		113,638	-		-	113,638
Total other financing sources		-				
(uses)		17,926,710	(7,418,851)	(20,357,706)	9,963,485	 113,638
Special item - forgiveness of advance		(4,041,594)	-	-	4,041,594	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	16,527,093	\$ 72,564	\$ (17,897,379)	\$ -	\$ (1,297,722)

See Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Note to Required Supplementary Information As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 1. Budgetary Comparison Schedule

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the County Board of Supervisors annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all governmental funds. The budget basis of accounting is in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon ten major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These ten functions are: public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, County environment and education, roads and transportation, government services to residents, nonprogram current, administration, capital outlay and debt service. Function expenditures required to be budgeted do not include expenses for the enterprise fund. The legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not at the fund or fund type level. During the year, two budget amendments decreased budgeted expenditures by \$2,774,961. The budget amendment was primarily due to the decrease of mental health fund services and transfer of equity to forgive an interfund advance.

The Public Safety Authority did not adopt a budget in fiscal year 2013.

Reclassifications consist of revenues and expenditures that are transferred from the primary government to the blended component unit, as well as reclassification of budgetary object classifications such as nonprogram current and debt service expenditures.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2013

		Special I	Reve	nue				
			ı	Recorders				
	Ru	ral Services	M	anagement				
		Fund	ı	Fees Fund	Ca	pital Projects		Total
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	154,044	\$	41,790	\$	5,698,389	\$	5,894,223
Receivables:		•		•	·	, ,	·	, ,
Property taxes		2,773,754		-		-		2,773,754
Accounts		-		404		16,593		16,997
Due from other governmental agencies		-		-		1,280		1,280
Total assets	\$	2,927,798	\$	42,194	\$	5,716,262	\$	8,686,254
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	221,887	\$	221,887
Deferred Revenue		2,773,630		-		-		2,773,630
Total Liabilites	\$	2,773,630	\$	-	\$	221,887	\$	2,995,517
Fund balances								
Restricted		154,168		42,194		_		196,362
Assigned		154,100				5,494,375		5,494,375
Total fund balance		154,168		42,194		5,494,375		5,690,737
Total fully palatice		134,100		72,134		3,434,373		3,030,737
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,927,798	\$	42,194	\$	5,716,262	\$	8,686,254

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Special Revenue							
			Recorders					
	Ru	ral Services	Management					
		Fund	Fees Fund	С	Capital Projects	Total		
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	2,589,199	\$	- \$	- \$	2,589,199		
Other taxes		72,833		-	579,504	652,337		
Intergovernmental		93,536		-	-	93,536		
Charges for services		-	39,16	3	17,223	56,386		
Investment earnings		-	13	2	635	767		
Other		-		-	104,992	104,992		
Total revenues		2,755,568	39,29	5	702,354	3,497,217		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
County environment and education		532,955		_	_	532,955		
Capital outlay		-		_	3,058,868	3,058,868		
Total Expenditures		532,955		-	3,058,868	3,591,823		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		2,222,613	39,29	_	(2,356,514)	(94,606)		
excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		2,222,013	39,29)	(2,330,314)	(94,606)		
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		-		-	3,925,549	3,925,549		
Transfers out		(2,139,440)	(45,51	9)	(4,122)	(2,189,081)		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-	98,638	98,638		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,139,440)	(45,51	9)	4,020,065	1,835,106		
Net change in fund balances		83,173	(6,22	4)	1,663,551	1,740,500		
Fund balances, beginning of year		70,995	48,41		3,830,824	3,950,237		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	154,168	\$ 42,19	4 \$	5,494,375 \$	5,690,737		

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds As of June 30, 2013

		ļ	S			
	Dent	al Insurance	He	alth Insurance		_
		Fund		Fund		Total
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	146,867	\$	2,676,250	\$	2,823,117
Total assets	\$	146,867	\$	2,676,250	\$	2,823,117
Liabilities and Net Position Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	2,298	Ś	1,990	Ś	4,288
Claims payable		15,757	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	470,150		485,907
Total liabilities		18,055		472,140		490,195
Net Position:						
Unrestricted		128,812		2,204,110		2,332,922
Total Net Position		128,812		2,204,110		2,332,922
Total liabilities and Net Position	\$	146,867	\$	2,676,250	\$	2,823,117

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Dental Insurance	Health Insurance	
	Fund	Fund	Total
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 378,24	5 \$ 5,270,442 \$	5,648,687
Total operating revenues	378,24		5,648,687
Total operating revenues	370,24.	3,270,442	3,048,087
Operating expenses:			
Administrative charges	28,56	7 238,793	267,360
Claims	308,90	5 4,718,188	5,027,093
Total operating expenses	337,47	2 4,956,981	5,294,453
Operating income	40,773	3 313,461	354,234
Nonoperating revenues:			
Investment earnings	24!	5 4,313	4,558
Total nonoperating revenues	24	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,558
Income before transfers	41,018	317,774	358,792
Transfers in		- 340,000	340,000
Change in Net Position	41,018	8 657,774	698,792
Total Net Position, beginning of year	87,79	4 1,546,336	1,634,130
Total Net Position, end of year	\$ 128,81	2 \$ 2,204,110 \$	2,332,922

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Int				
	Dent	al Insurance	Hea	alth Insurance		
		Fund		Fund		Total
Cash flavor from anarating activities.						
Cash flows from operating activities:	\$	270 245	<u>۲</u>	F 270 442	۲	F C 40 C 07
Cash received from customers	Þ	378,245	>	5,270,442	>	5,648,687
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(338,261)		(4,958,959)		(5,297,220)
Net cash from operating activities		39,984		311,483		351,467
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities,						
Transfer from other funds		-		340,000		340,000
Cash flows from investing activities, interest received		245		4,313		4,558
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		40,229		655,796		696,025
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Beginning		106,638		2,020,454		2,127,092
Ending	\$	146,867	\$	2,676,250	\$	2,823,117
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash from operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	\$	40,773	\$	313,461	\$	354,234
from operating activities: Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts payable		173		1,990		2,163
Claims payable		(962)		(3,968)		(4,930)
Net cash from operating activities	\$	39,984	\$	311,483	\$	351,467

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds For the Year Ended Ju

For the Year Ended Jur	ne 30, 2013
------------------------	-------------

Agricultural Extension Service Fund		Balance June 30, 2012		Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2013
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	4,978	\$	479,070	\$	478,209	\$	5,839
Receivables, property taxes		481,129		497,549		482,474		496,204
Total assets	\$	486,107	\$	976,619	\$	960,683	\$	502,043
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$	486,107	\$	976,633	\$	960,697	\$	502,043
Bangs Eradication Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	210	\$	24,187	Ś	24,135	Ś	262
Receivables, property taxes	•	23,527	•	24,199	•	23,526	•	24,200
Total assets	\$	23,737	\$	48,386	\$	47,661	\$	24,462
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$	23,737	\$	48,386	\$	47,661	\$	24,462
City Taxing Districts Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	1,142,455	\$	109,264,287	\$	108,707,072	\$	1,699,670
Receivables, property taxes		109,565,899		112,016,274		109,798,732		111,783,441
Total assets	\$	110,708,354	\$	221,280,561	\$	218,505,804	\$	113,483,111
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$	110,708,354	\$	221,284,554	\$	218,509,797	\$	113,483,111
Community College Taxing District Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	78,509	\$	6,816,627	\$	6,810,318	\$	84,818
Receivables, property taxes		6,849,092		7,058,707		6,868,446		7,039,353
Total assets	\$	6,927,601	\$	13,875,334	\$	13,678,764	\$	7,124,171
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$	6,927,601	\$	13,875,530	\$	13,678,960	\$	7,124,171
Fire Taxing District Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	2,811	\$	355,564	\$	354,808	\$	3,567
Receivables, property taxes		356,383		369,271		357,088		368,566
Total assets	\$	359,194	\$	724,835	\$	711,896	\$	372,133
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$	359,194	\$	724,835	\$	711,896	\$	372,133

(continued)

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Balance June 30,						Balance June 30,
School Taxing District Fund	 2012		Additions		Deletions		2013
Assets		_		_		_	
Cash and investments	\$ 1,243,852	Ş	117,568,091	Ş	117,353,199	\$	1,458,744
Receivables, property taxes	 118,106,450		119,807,712		118,407,117		119,507,045
Total assets	\$ 119,350,302	\$	237,375,803	\$	235,760,316	\$	120,965,789
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$ 119,350,302	\$	237,379,495	\$	235,764,008	\$	120,965,789
Township Taxing District Fund Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 1,754	\$	198,820	\$	198,140	\$	2,434
Receivables, property taxes	 198,759		211,733		199,057		211,435
Total assets	\$ 200,513	\$	410,553	\$	397,197	\$	213,869
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$ 200,513	\$	410,553	\$	397,197	\$	213,869
Other Taxing Districts Fund Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 93,813	\$	17,656,244	\$	17,672,944	\$	77,113
Receivables, property taxes	41,048		68,279		67,383		41,944
Total assets	\$ 134,861	\$	17,724,523	\$	17,740,327	\$	119,057
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 30,694	\$	179,890	\$	154,167	\$	56,417
Due to other governmental agencies	 104,167		17,542,658		17,584,185		62,640
Total liabilities	\$ 134,861	\$	17,722,548	\$	17,738,352	\$	119,057
City Special Assessments Fund							
Assets, cash and investments	\$ 583,342	\$	3,180,670	\$	3,309,366	\$	454,646
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$ 583,342	\$	3,180,670	\$	3,309,366	\$	454,646

(continued)

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

County Recorder Agency Fund		Balance June 30, 2012		Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2013
Assets Cash and investments	\$	214,733	Ś	1,793,425	Ś	1,921,331	Ś	86,827
Receivables, accounts	Ψ	13,777	Ψ	2,134,989	Ψ.	2,126,543	Ψ.	22,223
Total assets	\$	228,510	\$	3,928,414	\$	4,047,874	\$	109,050
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	228,510	\$	1,801,871	\$	1,921,331	\$	109,050
County Sheriff Agency Fund								
Assets Cash and investments	\$	254,850	\$	3,402,716	ċ	3,413,726	ċ	243,840
Receivables, accounts	Ą	234,830	٦	32,560	Ç	32,580	Ç	243,840 95
Total assets	\$	254,965	\$	3,435,276	\$	3,446,306	\$	243,935
							•	
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	237,563	\$	3,209,974	\$	3,218,023	\$	229,514
Due to other government agencies		17,402		227,107		230,088		14,421
Total Liabilities	\$	254,965	\$	3,437,081	\$	3,448,111	\$	243,935
Motor Vehicle Tax Fund Assets, cash and investments	¢	2 (02 (20	۲.	26 147 725	۲.	26,060,450	Ļ	2.760.004
Assets, Cash and investments	\$	2,682,628	\$	26,147,735	\$	26,060,459	\$	2,769,904
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	2,682,628	\$	26,147,735	\$	26,060,459	\$	2,769,904
								_
Tax Sale Redemption Fund								
Assets, cash and investments	\$	222,707	\$	744,157	\$	597,872	\$	368,992
			Ψ	7 1 1,1207	Υ	337,072	Υ	300,332
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	222,707	\$	744,157	\$	597,872	\$	368,992
Use Tax Fund								
Assets, cash and investments	\$	635,866	\$	17,205,022	\$	17,086,531	\$	754,357
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	635,866	\$	17,205,022	\$	17,086,531	\$	754,357
(continued)								

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Balance June 30, 2012 Additions Deletions							Balance June 30, 2013
Community Services Fund		227.502		44.426				274 720
Assets, cash and investments	\$	327,593	\$	44,136	\$	-	\$	371,729
Liabilities, due to private individuals	\$	327,593	\$	44,136	\$	-	\$	371,729
County Assessor Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	267,758	\$	950,453	\$	936,031	¢	282,180
Receivables, property taxes	Ą	949,537	Ç	992,998	ې	955,867	Ç	986,668
Total assets	\$	1,217,295	\$	1,943,451	\$	1,891,898	\$	1,268,848
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	6,107	\$	446,055	\$,	\$	13,444
Due to other governmental agencies		1,211,188		2,714,507		2,670,291		1,255,404
Total liabilities	\$	1,217,295	\$	3,160,562	\$	3,109,009	\$	1,268,848
County Assessor Special Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	874,661	\$	-	\$	36,540	\$	838,121
Receivables, property taxes		1,835		-		1,835		-
Total assets	\$	876,496	\$	-	\$	38,375	\$	838,121
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	36,540	\$	_	\$	36,540	\$	_
Due to other governmental agencies	т	839,956	,	-	7	1,835	т.	838,121
Total liabilities	\$	876,496	\$	-	\$	38,375	\$	838,121
City Assessor Fund								
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	240,959	\$	1,243,471	\$	1,049,093	\$	435,337
Receivables, property taxes		1,250,256		1,512,463		1,250,329		1,512,390
Total assets	\$	1,491,215	\$	2,755,934	\$	2,299,422	\$	1,947,727
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	80,815	\$	1,158,171	\$	1,029,768	\$	209,218
Due to other governmental agencies		1,410,400		2,801,080		2,472,971		1,738,509
Total liabilities	\$	1,491,215	\$	3,959,251	\$	3,502,739	\$	1,947,727
City Assessor Special Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	105,276	\$	19,325	\$	•	\$	89,945
Receivables, property taxes		105 035	۲	10 225	۲	649	۲	- 00.045
Total assets (continued)	\$	105,925	\$	19,325	\$	35,305	Ş	89,945
(continued)								

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Balance June 30, 2012	Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2013
City Assessor Special Fund (continued)						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	15,330	\$ 19,325	\$	34,655	\$ -
Due to other governmental agencies		90,595	 151,080		151,730	 89,945
Total liabilities	\$	105,925	\$ 170,405	\$	186,385	\$ 89,945
Jail Inmate Fund						
Assets, cash and investments	\$	41,214	\$ 6,757	\$	-	\$ 47,971
Liabilities, due to private individuals	\$	41,214	\$ 6,757	\$	-	\$ 47,971
Riverside Fund Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	30,952	\$ 127,661	\$	122,811	\$ 35,802
Total assets	\$	30,952	\$ 127,661	\$	122,811	\$ 35,802
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	436	\$ 122,202	\$	122,402	\$ 236
Due to other government agencies	_	30,516	 5,050	_	-	 35,566
Total liabilities	\$	30,952	\$ 127,252	\$	122,402	\$ 35,802
Total Combined Funds						
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	9,050,921	\$ 307,228,418	\$	306,167,241	\$ 10,112,098
Receivables:						
Property taxes		237,824,564	242,559,185		238,412,503	241,971,246
Accounts		13,892	2,167,549		2,159,123	 22,318
Total Assets	\$	246,889,377	\$ 551,955,152	\$	546,738,867	\$ 252,105,662
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	407,485	\$ 5,135,617	\$	5,034,273	\$ 508,829
Due to other governmental agencies	-	246,113,085	547,220,923	•	542,156,875	251,177,133
Due to private individuals		368,807	50,893		-	419,700
Total Liabilities	\$	246,889,377	\$ 552,407,433	\$	547,191,148	\$ 252,105,662

Combining Balance Sheet and Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position Discretely Presented Component Units As of June 30, 2013

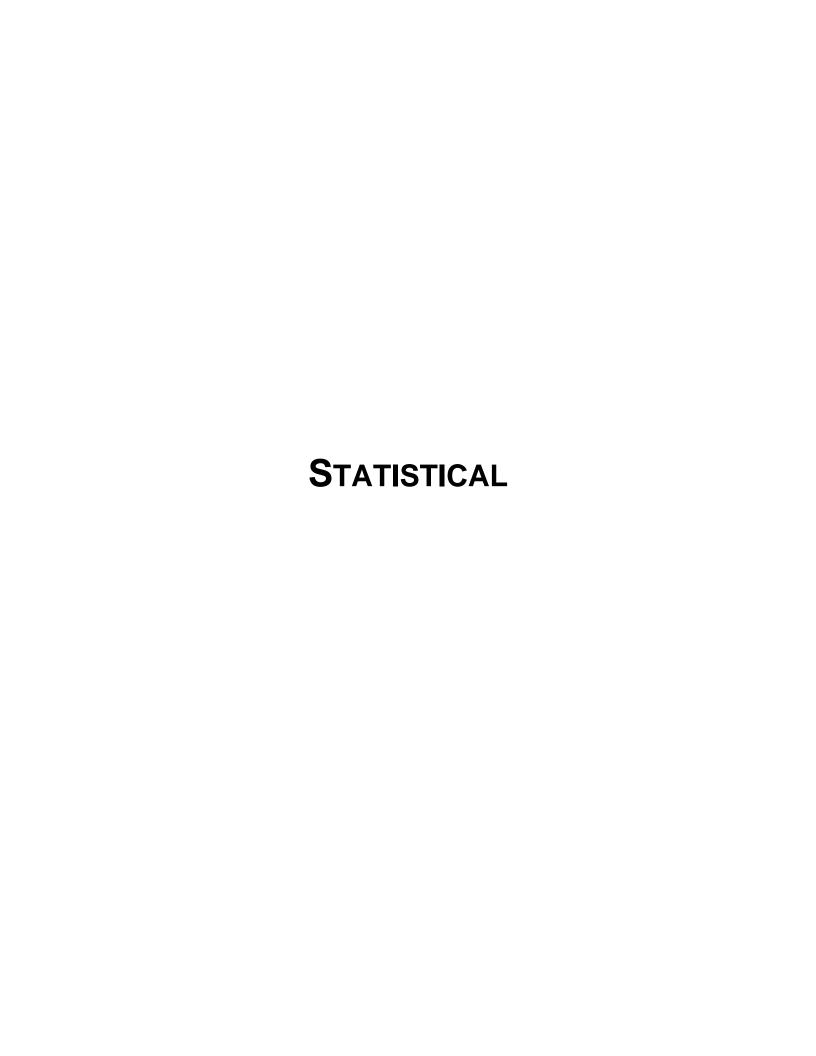
	Emergency Management Agency			County Library		Total
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	243,922	\$	191,604	\$	435,526
Receivables:						
Accounts		-		188		188
Due from other governmental agencies		-		58,532		58,532
Total assets	\$	243,922	\$	250,324	\$	494,246
Liabilities and Fund Balance						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	981	\$	14,222	Ś	15,203
Accrued liabilities	*	4,357	,	36,122	7	40,479
Total liabilities		5,338		50,344		55,682
		,		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		,
Fund balances:						
Unassigned		238,584		199,980		438,564
Total fund balances		238,584		199,980		438,564
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	243,922	\$	250,324	\$	494,246
Reconciliation to statement of net position						
Total component unit fund balances	\$	238,584	\$	199,980	\$	438,564
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the						
statement of net position are different because:						
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial						
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:						
Capital assets:						
Land		-		16,600		16,600
Buildings		-		1,131,866		1,131,866
Machinery and equipment		623,066		205,995		829,061
Accumulated depreciation		(348,190)		(458,586)		(806,776)
Liabilities not due and payable in the current period are not						
reported in the funds:						
Compensated absences		(20,301)		(62,966)		(83,267)
Other post employment benefits obligation		(3,195)		4,205		1,010
Total net position	\$	489,964	\$	1,037,094	\$	1,527,058

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and Reconciliation to Statement of Activities - Discretely Presented Component Units For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	nergency nagement			
	Agency	Cou	unty Library	Total
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental				
Operating	\$ 77,000	\$	1,083,248	\$ 1,160,248
Charges for services	-		15,652	15,652
Other	40,918		30,077	70,995
Total revenues	117,918		1,128,977	1,246,895
Expenditures: Current:				
Public safety and legal services	105,778		-	105,778
County environment and education	-		1,082,678	1,082,678
Total expenditures	105,778		1,082,678	1,188,456
Net change in fund balances	12,140		46,299	58,439
Fund balances, beginning of year	226,444		153,681	380,125
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 238,584	\$	199,980	\$ 438,564

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and Reconciliation to Statement of Activities - Discretely Presented Component Units (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Ma	nergency nagement Agency	Coun	ty Library		Total	
Reconciliation to statement of activities,							
Net change in fund balances	\$	12,140	\$	46,299	\$	58,439	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following is the detail of the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year: Capital outlay capitalized Depreciation		- (70,058)		25,990 (36,539)		25,990 (106,597)	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the component unit: Change in compensated absences Change in other post employment benefits obligation		(1,083) (230)		(7,208) (517)		(8,291) (747)	
		/=0.05 :\		20.00-	_	(04.00=)	
Changes in Net Position of Component Units	Ş	(59,231)	\$	28,025	Ş	(31,206)	



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Statistical Section

Contents

The statistical section of the County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information presented in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	82
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax (or sales tax).	94
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current level of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	102
Demographic and Economic Information These schedule offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.	108
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	110

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual report for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

				Fiscal Year		
		2004		2005		2006
Governmental activities:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	53,196,584	\$	58,403,448	\$	62,017,939
Restricted for:						
Debt service		4,828,092		4,486,204		4,460,937
County conservation sewage treatment		160,678		170,507		182,850
Mental health		-		-		855,147
Scott emergency communication center		-		-		-
Other statutory programs		-		-		-
Rural services		-		-		-
Secondary roads		-		-		1,459,411
Unrestricted		11,848,957		11,456,380		11,004,368
Total governmental activities net position	\$	70,034,311	\$	74,516,539	\$	79,980,652
Business-Type activities						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	198,958	\$	342,758	\$	475,691
Restricted for lease purchase contract		324,627		326,105		326,596
Unrestricted		(1,843,166)		(2,051,330)		(2,341,036)
Total business-type activities net position	\$	(1,319,581)	\$	(1,382,467)	\$	(1,538,749)
D						
Primary government:	<u>,</u>	F2 20F F42	۲.	E0 746 206	<u>۲</u>	62 402 620
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$	53,395,542	Ş	58,746,206	Ş	62,493,630
Debt service		4,828,092		4,486,204		4,460,937
County conservation sewage treatment		160,678		170,507		182,850
Lease purchase contract		324,627		326,105		326,596
Mental health		324,027		320,103		855,147
Scott emergency communication center		_		_		033,147
Other statutory programs		_		_		_
Rural services		_		_		_
Secondary roads		_		_		1,459,411
Unrestricted		10,005,791		9,405,050		8,663,332
Total primary government net position	\$	68,714,730	\$	73,134,072	\$	78,441,903

Note: A restatement to blend component units as required by GASB Statement No. 61 was applied in Fiscal Year 2013 to 2012 and 2013 comparative data.

Source: County records.

	Fiscal Year 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013														
	2007		2008		2009		2010	2012	2013						
\$	65,298,164	\$	70,527,812	\$	70,017,361	\$	73,643,761	\$	64,874,432	\$	74,766,566	\$	71,749,193		
	4,152,198		3,728,760		3,229,346		2,849,754		2,503,008		2,160,323		1,491,035		
	196,692		206,674		222,551		209,483		210,592		212,459		212,430		
	396,372		572,242		1,713,646		1,499,167		1,221,960		343,637		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		2,762,297		2,689,733		
	-		-		-		663,173		783,546		786,943		968,492		
	-		-		-		-		57,929		70,995		154,168		
	936,185		486,405		273,409		370,604		885,011		1,839,278		2,320,739		
	10,576,072		6,065,147		6,205,472		6,934,776		10,009,511		14,045,782		15,271,789		
\$	81,555,683	\$	81,587,040	\$	81,661,785	\$	86,170,718	\$	80,545,989	\$	96,988,280	\$	94,857,579		
\$	633,574	Ś	807,121	Ś	1,011,730	Ś	1,201,240	\$	1,640,815	Ś	2,226,682	Ś	2,214,625		
,	326,831	т.	325,166	т	324,400	т.	324,407	т.	324,407	т.	-,,	т	-,,		
	(2,832,971)		(3,225,906)		(3,623,282)		(3,921,629)		(4,233,323)		(4,447,949)		93,780		
\$	(1,872,566)	\$	(2,093,619)	\$	(2,287,152)	\$	(2,395,982)	\$	(2,268,101)	\$	(2,221,267)	\$	2,308,405		
	CE 024 720	¢	74 224 022	ć	71 020 001	¢	74 045 001	¢	CC 545 247	ć	76 002 249	ć	72.062.040		
\$	65,931,738	\$	71,334,933	\$	71,029,091	>	74,845,001	\$	66,515,247	>	76,993,248	\$	73,963,818		
	4,152,198		3,728,760		3,229,346		2,849,754		2,503,008		2,160,323		1,491,035		
	196,692		206,674		222,551		209,483		210,592		212,459		212,430		
	326,831		325,166		324,400		324,407		324,407		-		-		
	396,372		572,242		1,713,646		1,499,167		1,221,960		343,637		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		2,762,297		2,689,733		
	-		-		-		663,173		783,546		786,943		968,492		
	-		-		-		-		57,929		70,995		154,168		
	936,185		486,405		273,409		370,604		885,011		1,839,278		2,320,739		
	7,743,101		2,839,241		2,582,190		3,013,147		5,776,188		9,597,833		15,365,569		
\$	79,683,117	\$	79,493,421	\$	79,374,633	\$	83,774,736	\$	78,277,888	\$	94,767,013	\$	97,165,984		

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

		2004		2005		2006		2007
Expenses:								
Governmental activities:								
Public safety and legal services	\$	15,359,610	\$	17,378,230	\$	19,231,650	\$	20,051,534
Public safety and legal services -SECC		-		-		-		-
Physical health and social services		5,599,865		5,433,189		5,543,800		5,682,835
Mental health		12,464,838		12,689,373		13,430,170		14,308,820
County environment and education		4,179,381		3,978,818		4,142,926		4,371,103
Roads and transportation		5,322,321		6,514,158		5,983,682		6,711,217
Governmental services to residents		1,834,390		1,853,466		1,945,223		2,074,972
Administration		8,182,576		9,848,118		9,376,193		9,943,559
Interest on long-term debt		457,073		434,854		662,882		1,606,659
Total governmental activities expenses		53,400,054		58,130,206		60,316,526		64,750,699
Business-Type activities, golf course		988,195		1,074,754		1,186,450		1,223,696
Total government expenses	\$	54,388,249	\$	59,204,960	\$	61,502,976	\$	65,974,395
Program revenues:								
Governmental activities								
Charges for services								
Public safety and legal services	\$	899,053	\$	878,359	\$	1,101,152	\$	1,053,355
Public safety and legal services - SECC		-		-		-		-
Physical health and social services		356,232		291,344		290,280		285,637
Mental health		18,432		40,441		57,465		41,070
County environment and education		693,246		880,593		943,194		889,915
Roads and transportation		32,875		9,241		27,646		9,943
Governmental services to residents		2,693,220		2,501,165		2,616,909		2,506,821
Administration		150,904		264,264		191,548		251,682
Operating grants and contributions		8,544,625		8,857,256		9,135,717		9,896,826
Capital grants and contributions		706,004		6,519,732		2,846,478		1,417,942
Total governmental activities program revenues		14,094,591		20,242,395		17,210,389		16,353,191
Business-Type activities, golf course		1,101,788		1,008,046		1,019,793		875,270
Total government program revenues	\$	15,196,379	\$	21,250,441	\$	18,230,182	\$	17,228,461
Net (expense)/revenue:								
Governmental activities	\$	(39,305,463)	\$	(37,887,811)	\$	(43,106,137)	\$	(48,397,508)
Business-Type activities		113,593		(66,708)		(166,657)		(348,426)
Total government net expense	\$	(39,191,870)	\$	(37,954,519)	\$	(43,272,794)	\$	(48,745,934)

(Continued)

			Fisca	l Vos	ır						
	2008		2009	1100	2010		2011		2012		2013
\$	20,289,680	\$	20,925,221	\$	27,972,373	\$	36,474,619	\$	20,806,047	\$	21,551,072
	-		-		-		-		6,785,573		7,650,488
	5,956,132		6,180,832		6,238,358		5,695,818		5,439,626		5,293,759
	15,211,596		14,605,242		14,484,152		15,279,397		17,508,289		8,256,862
	4,410,086		4,882,023		4,044,619		4,893,713		5,045,765		5,063,295
	6,712,511		7,461,585		6,219,535		7,863,504		9,171,403		8,296,547
	2,151,064		2,821,526		2,167,664		2,117,384		2,262,947		2,236,126
	10,980,111		10,135,767		8,294,027		11,500,872		10,131,539		10,869,732
	1,471,972		1,393,678		1,457,291		1,674,554		2,090,153		2,101,039
	67,183,152		68,405,874		70,878,019		85,499,861		79,241,342		71,318,920
	1,178,367		1,144,254		1,021,548		949,850		1,168,516		976,713
\$	68,361,519	\$	69,550,128	\$	71,899,567	\$	86,449,711	\$	80,409,858	\$	72,295,633
\$	939,874	\$	1,182,577	\$	992,171	\$	1,457,575	\$	1,622,292	\$	1,413,724
Ş	939,874	Þ	1,182,5//	Ş	992,171	Ş	1,457,575	Ş	1,022,292	Ş	1,413,724
	330,296		358,704		355,941		376,158		399,182		392,116
	42,261		31,633		31,902		50,250		74,244		176,661
	920,315		891,352		988,522		1,017,239		1,145,202		1,131,480
	11,268		21,109		32,893		20,863		18,900		20,531
	2,382,447		2,307,783		2,343,094		2,469,734		2,588,909		2,893,332
	251,070		228,445		271,056		267,955		267,800		289,722
	11,847,705		12,233,452		11,912,913		12,882,216		12,358,943		7,988,482
	153,469		1,184,458		6,674,252		2,567,522		1,111,863		459,141
	16,878,705		18,439,513		23,602,744		21,109,512		19,587,335		14,765,189
	947,487		949,445		912,712		900,741		1,002,459		890,259
\$	17,826,192	\$	19,388,958	\$	24,515,456	\$	22,010,253	\$		\$	15,655,448
\$	(50,304,447)	\$	(49,966,361)	\$	(47,275,275)	\$	(64,390,349)	\$	(59,654,007)	\$	(56,553,731)
	(230,880)		(194,809)		(108,836)		(49,109)		(166,057)		(86,454)
\$	(50,535,327)	\$	(50,161,170)	\$	(47,384,111)	\$	(64,439,458)	\$	(59,820,064)	\$	(56,640,185)

Changes in Net Position (Continued)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

			Fisca	l Yea	nr		
		2004	2005		2006		2007
General revenues and other changes in net position:							
Governmental activities:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$	24,998,507	\$ 25,923,952	\$	31,335,227	\$	31,995,844
Local option sales tax		3,393,432	3,488,462		3,470,318		3,700,844
Gaming		919,864	904,897		887,690		789,210
Other taxes		117,731	59,143		63,287		61,766
Utility tax replacements		1,133,932	1,228,633		1,377,835		1,382,625
Penalties, interest and costs on taxes		652,959	837,554		791,859		782,123
State tax replacement credits		5,435,819	5,152,761		5,246,050		5,243,536
Payments in lieu of taxes		-	-		-		165
State shared revenues		2,851,114	2,909,524		2,970,800		2,906,371
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific purpose		274,703	258,703		241,277		188,557
Investment earnings		367,089	782,291		1,381,353		2,140,787
Miscellaneous		738,062	824,119		804,554		780,711
(Loss) on the sales of capital assets		-	-		-		-
Total General Revenues		40,883,212	42,370,039		48,570,250		49,972,539
Transfers (out)		-	-		-		-
Special item		-	-		-		-
Total governmental activities		40,883,212	42,370,039		48,570,250		49,972,539
Business-Type activities:							
Investment earnings		796	3,822		10,375		14,609
Transfers		-	-		-		-
Special item		-	-		-		-
Total Business-Type Activities		796	3,822		10,375		14,609
Total government	\$	40,884,008	\$ 42,373,861	\$	48,580,625	\$	49,987,148
Change in net position:							
Governmental activities	\$	1,577,749	\$ 4,482,228	\$	5,464,113	\$	1,575,031
Business-Type activities	•	114,389	(62,886)		(156,282)	•	(333,817)
Total primary government	\$	1,692,138	\$ 4,419,342	\$	5,307,831	\$	1,241,214
				_		_	

Note: A restatement to blend component units was applied in Fiscal Year 2013 to 2012 and 2013 comparative data.

Source: County records.

Fiscal Year													
2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	2013				
\$ 33,138,131	\$	34,113,141	\$	36,228,794	\$	43,052,682	\$	44,980,224	\$	46,156,117			
3,867,941		3,602,230		3,637,825		3,863,574		4,052,754		4,049,552			
815,524		748,920		676,255		584,582		596,840		579,504			
65,253		66,852		63,470		68,512		68,374		70,286			
1,341,669		1,348,776		1,395,383		1,539,020		1,625,295		1,598,817			
731,456		847,456		790,006		791,685		789,143		816,474			
5,194,016		5,183,554		4,826,563		4,930,224		4,898,515		1,205,628			
8,226		9,046		6,828		6,782		6,682		6,521			
2,866,918		2,743,735		3,101,887		2,775,120		3,146,564		3,156,344			
-		-		-		-		-		-			
1,447,577		674,859		188,207		228,038		162,822		125,127			
859,093		702,537	868,990			1,102,391		1,380,103		1,274,786			
-		-		-		-		-		-			
50,335,804		50,041,106		51,784,208		58,942,610		61,707,316		59,039,156			
-		-		-		(176,990)	(176,990) (212,891)			(80,679)			
-		-		-		-	((4,535,447)			
50,335,804		50,041,106		51,784,208		58,765,620	765,620 61,494,425			54,423,030			
9,827		1,276		6		-		-		-			
-		-		-		176,990		212,891		80,679			
-		-		-		-		-		4,535,447			
 9,827		1,276		6		176,990		212,891		4,616,126			
\$ 50,345,631	\$	50,042,382	\$	51,784,214	\$	58,942,610	\$	61,707,316	\$	59,039,156			
\$ 31,357	\$	74,745	\$	4,508,933	\$	(5,624,729)	\$	1,840,418	\$	(2,130,701)			
(221,053)		(193,533)		(108,830)		127,881		46,834		4,529,672			
\$ (189,696)	\$	(118,788)	\$	4,400,103	\$	(5,496,848)	\$	1,887,252	\$	2,398,971			

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	 2004		2005		2006	2007
General Fund:						
Reserved:						
Notes receivable	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$ 100,000
Advances	1,508,314	•	1,673,314	•	1,863,314	2,262,314
County conservation sewage treatment	160,678		170,507		182,850	196,692
Other statutory programs	-		-		-	-
Unreserved, designated claim liabilities	805,257		886,689		886,689	1,004,488
Unreserved, undesignated	5,488,379		4,637,761		5,479,818	5,301,970
Nonspendable:						
Notes receivable	-		-		-	-
Advances	-		-		-	-
Prepaids	-		-		-	-
Restricted:						
County conservation sewage treatment	-		-		-	-
Other statutory programs	-		-		-	-
Assigned:						
Capital projects	-		-		-	-
Health claim liabilities	-		-		-	-
Future budgetary reductions	-		-		-	-
Claim liabilities	-		-		-	-
Unassigned	 -		-		-	
Total general fund	\$ 8,062,628	\$	7,468,271	\$	8,512,671	\$ 8,865,464
All other governmental funds:						
Reserved for:						
Debt service	\$ 724,111	\$	5,269,337	\$	4,460,937	\$ 4,152,198
Unreserved, undesignated reported in:						
Special revenue funds:						
Mental health/development disabilities	1,000,512		1,251,251		855,147	396,372
Secondary Roads	2,943,900		1,552,667		1,459,411	936,185
Rural services	1,997,741		2,191,392		111,064	123,384
Recorders management fees	93,315		117,636		129,231	138,081
Capital projects funds, capital projects	1,275,218		3,426,597		4,223,180	6,945,117
Restricted:						
Debt service	-		-		-	-
Secondary Roads	-		-		-	-
Rural services	-		-		-	-
Other statutory programs	-		-		-	-
Records management fee	-		-		-	-
Capital projects	-		-		-	-
Scott Emergency Communications Center	-		-		-	-
Assigned:						
Mental health/development disabilities	-		-		-	-
Other capital projects	-		-		-	-
Unassigned (Deficit)	 -		-		-	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 8,034,797	\$	13,808,880	\$	11,238,970	\$ 12,691,337

Note: A restatement to blend component units as required by GASB Statement No. 61 was applied in Fiscal Year 2013 to 2012 and 2013 comparative data.

Source: County records.

^{*} In 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 54 - Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions which changed the reporting of the components of fund balance. Retroactive application to years prior to 2011 was not required.

	2008		2009		2010		2011 *		2012 *		2013 *
\$	116,175	\$	116,175	\$	113,358	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Ψ.	2,702,314	Ψ	3,207,314	Ψ	3,397,314	Ψ.	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
	206,674		222,551		213,843		_		-		_
	-		-		663,173		-		-		-
	718,847		589,331		522,407		-		-		-
	5,849,553		5,956,480		7,613,701		-		-		-
	_		-		-		113,358		81,428		58,777
	-		-		-		3,720,324		4,041,594		-
	-		-		-		109,106		109,906		131,406
	-		-		-		210,592		212,459		212,430
	-		-		-		783,546		786,943		926,297
	_		-		-		-		1,500,000		3,150,000
	_		-		_		_		340,000		150,000
	-		_		-		-		560,257		-
	-		-		-		694,052		398,656		383,941
	-		-		-		9,247,282		9,477,799		10,041,990
\$	9,593,563	\$	10,091,851	\$	12,523,796	\$	14,878,260	\$	17,509,042	\$	15,054,841
\$	3,728,760	\$	3,229,346	\$	2,908,690	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	572,242		1,713,646		1,499,167		-		-		-
	486,405		273,409		370,604		-		-		-
	118,672		117,451		137,271		-		-		-
	139,847		139,496		90,270		-		-		-
	5,541,207		4,053,819		8,310,749		-		-		-
	-		-		-		2,558,322		2,053,084		19,541,476
	-		-		-		885,011		1,839,278		2,320,739
	-		-		-		57,929		70,995		154,168
	-		-		-		-		343,637		-
	-		-		-		72,687		48,418		42,194
	-		-		-		1,712,860		1,252,027		-
	-		-		-		-		2,762,297		2,689,733
	-		-		-		1,221,960		-		-
	-		-		-		1,473,162		2,578,797 (75,318)		5,494,375 (388 176)
\$	10,587,133	\$	9,527,167	\$	13,316,751	\$	7,981,931	\$	(75,318) 10,873,215	\$	(388,176) 29,854,509
٧	10,307,133	٧	3,321,101	٧	13,310,731	٧	7,301,331	٧	10,073,213	٧	23,034,303

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		2004		2005		2006		2007
Revenues:	· <u> </u>		_		_		-	_
Property taxes	\$	24,996,346	\$	25,895,065	\$	31,364,663	\$	32,017,310
Local option sales tax		3,403,432		3,418,462		3,382,318		3,727,522
Other taxes		2,171,528		2,192,673		2,328,812		2,233,601
Interest and penalty on taxes		652,959		837,554		791,859		782,123
Intergovernmental		17,181,934		17,899,516		18,596,027		18,714,770
Charges for services		4,389,232		4,336,407		4,656,145		4,521,226
Investment earnings		348,442		738,160		1,381,353		2,008,067
Licenses and permits		454,731		529,000		572,049		517,197
Rentals and fees		113,952		124,758		141,568		144,693
Other		604,805		695,374		569,001		636,018
Total revenues		54,317,361		56,666,969		63,783,795		65,302,527
Expenditures:								
Public safety and legal services		14,593,427		16,507,338		18,225,493		19,330,101
Physical health and social services		5,563,018		5,398,110		5,489,011		5,638,002
Mental health		12,454,452		12,673,353		13,416,089		14,288,703
County environment and education		3,809,045		3,554,450		3,558,603		3,845,185
Roads and transportation		3,716,998		3,915,398		3,937,871		4,360,061
Governmental services to residents		1,746,145		1,765,623		1,866,796		1,933,065
Administration		6,622,680		6,815,170		7,306,402		7,555,798
Capital outlay		5,320,722		5,583,383		5,290,532		5,580,379
Debt service:								
Principal		580,000		610,000		2,570,000		1,880,000
Bond issuance costs		· -		-		-		99,453
Interest		458,905		436,926		665,130		1,569,359
Total expenditures		54,865,392		57,259,751		62,325,927		66,080,106
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(548,031)		(592,782)		1,457,868		(777,579)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		6,468,235		5,835,149		6,665,376		5,107,655
Transfers out		(6,468,235)		(5,835,149)		(6,665,376)		(5,107,655)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-		33,394
Debt issued		-		-		-		6,185,000
Bond discount		-		-		-		-
Bond premium		-		-		-		9,345
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-		-		(3,645,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-		-		-		2,582,739
Special item		-		-		-		_
Net Change in fund balances		(548,031)		(592,782)		1,457,868		1,805,160
Fund balances, beginning of year		19,434,586		18,886,555		18,293,773		19,751,641
Fund balances, end of year	\$	18,886,555	\$	18,293,773	\$	19,751,641	\$	21,556,801
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital	_		_					_
expenditures		2.14%		2.07%		6.01%		5.84%

Note: A restatement to blend component units as required by GASB Statement No. 61 was applied in Fiscal Year 2013 to 2012 and 2013 comparative data.

Source: County records.

	Fisca	al Ye	ar								
	2008		2009		2010		2011		2012*		2013*
¢	22 420 740	Ļ	24.002.776	Ļ	26 222 000	Ļ	42 000 550	۲.	44.070.260	۲	46 450 053
\$	33,120,748	\$	34,082,776	\$	36,232,900	\$	43,098,556	\$		\$	46,158,852
	3,860,101		3,691,392		3,637,825		3,863,574		4,052,754		4,098,552
	2,222,446		2,164,548		2,135,108		2,192,115		2,290,508		2,248,606
	731,456		847,456		790,006		791,685		789,143		816,474
	19,873,049		20,369,088		19,848,192		20,595,340		20,410,705		12,290,563
	4,337,361		4,516,303		4,490,155		4,993,149		5,463,130		5,562,494
	1,447,577		674,859		186,708		221,853		155,838		120,569
	540,170		505,300		525,427		666,627		653,399		772,296
	157,323		165,676		186,492		188,240		222,959		176,562
	701,770		536,861		642,792		598,716		937,286		1,011,563
	66,992,001		67,554,259		68,675,605		77,209,855		79,954,082		73,256,531
									0= 460 600		
	19,214,446		19,768,037		19,942,386		26,494,923		25,163,609		26,258,655
	5,915,796		6,075,938		6,595,222		6,511,764		5,395,364		5,256,671
	15,182,707		14,560,838		14,492,698		15,221,435		17,466,386		8,216,389
	4,099,548		4,378,787		4,197,866		4,338,106		4,450,578		4,510,564
	4,493,009		4,680,676		4,604,129		4,540,049		5,111,168		4,969,030
	2,012,787		2,134,299		2,052,707		2,022,332		2,210,614		2,178,373
	8,238,360		8,711,784		8,342,657		9,094,998		9,203,859		9,121,578
	5,832,465		4,369,892		9,072,467		7,748,371		2,916,473		4,464,108
	1,925,000		2,065,000		2,140,000		2,680,000		3,145,000		3,331,240
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	1,503,745		1,398,136		1,562,013		1,675,660		2,050,550		2,307,946
	68,417,863		68,143,387		73,002,145		80,327,638		77,113,601		70,614,554
	/		((= = ===)				
	(1,425,862)		(589,128)		(4,326,540)		(3,117,783)		2,840,481		2,641,977
	8,516,222		8,616,899		8,007,463		8,433,584		11,825,251		16,347,711
	(8,516,222)		(8,616,899)		(8,007,463)		(8,610,574)		(12,038,142)		(16,768,390)
	49,757		27,450		39,705		157,209		339,441		113,638
			27,430		13,200,000		137,203		555,441		17,675,000
			_		(17,392)		_		_		17,073,000
	_		_		70,756		_		_		558,751
	_		_		(2,745,000)		_		_		338,731
	49,757		27,450		10,548,069		(19,781)		126,550		17,926,710
	43,/3/		27,430		10,346,009		(13,/01)		120,330		
	/1 276 10F\		/EG1 670\		6 221 520		(2.127.564)		2.067.021		(4,041,594)
	(1,376,105)		(561,678)		6,221,529		(3,137,564)		2,967,031		16,527,093
Ċ	21,556,801	Ċ	20,180,696	Ċ	19,619,018	Ċ	25,840,547	Ċ	25,415,226	Ċ	28,382,257
\$	20,180,696	\$	19,619,018	\$	25,840,547	\$	22,702,983	\$	28,382,257	\$	44,909,350
	E 202/		F 2004		E E #0/		E 740/		C 0701		0.470
	5.39%		5.39%		5.54%		5.71%		6.97%		8.479

Program Revenues by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year											
Function / Program	·	2004		2005		2006		2007				
Governmental activities:												
Public safety and legal services Physical health and social services	\$	1,440,430 2,278,296	\$	2,076,189 2,393,807	\$	2,396,794 2,126,736	\$	2,624,858 2,114,672				
Mental health County environment and education		5,019,401 1,253,269		5,435,434 1,143,866		5,507,832 1,197,394		6,324,361 1,074,486				
Roads and transportation		725,079		5,980,515		1,943,220		979,629				
Governmental services and residents Administration		3,041,924 336,192		2,705,131 507,453		3,670,976 367,437		2,824,963 410,222				
Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities		14,094,591		20,242,395		17,210,389		16,353,191				
· ·	-	, ,		, ,		, ,						
Business-Type activities, Glynns Creek Golf Course Total government	\$	1,101,788 15,196,379	\$	1,008,046 21,250,441	\$	1,019,793 18,230,182	\$	875,270 17,228,461				

Note: A restatement to blend component units was applied in Fiscal Year 2013 to 2012 and 2013 $\,$

comparative data.
Source: County records.

Fiscal Year													
2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013			
\$ 2,087,424	\$	3,080,316	\$	2,285,735	\$	2,603,842	\$	2,790,937	\$	2,659,176			
2,179,694		2,222,418		2,984,594		2,449,219		1,835,979		1,675,662			
7,891,347		8,163,582		6,969,490		7,753,736		8,547,369		4,094,415			
1,306,680		1,301,062		1,415,324		1,094,796		1,223,753		1,636,997			
54,786		154,581		6,744,340		2,645,043		1,083,772		68,237			
2,926,459		3,063,718		2,704,150		2,656,916		2,859,866		3,076,697			
432,315		453,836		499,111		1,502,699		693,626		916,371			
-		-		-		403,261		552,033		637,634			
16,878,705		18,439,513		23,602,744		21,109,512		19,587,335		14,765,189			
947,487		949,445		912,712		900,741		1,002,459		890,259			
\$ 17,826,192	\$	19,388,958	\$	24,515,456	\$	22,010,253	\$	20,589,794	\$	15,655,448			

County of Scott, Iowa

Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Local Option		Interest &	
Fiscal Year	Property	Sales Tax	Other Tax	Penalties on Taxes	Intergovernmental
2004	\$ 24,996,346	\$ 3,403,432	\$ 2,171,528	\$ 652,959	\$ 17,181,934
2005	25,895,065	3,418,462	2,192,673	837,554	17,899,516
2006	31,364,663	3,382,318	2,328,812	791,859	18,596,027
2007	32,017,310	3,727,522	2,233,601	782,123	18,714,770
2008	33,120,748	3,860,101	2,222,446	731,456	19,873,049
2009	34,082,776	3,691,392	2,164,548	847,456	20,369,088
2010	36,232,900	3,637,825	2,135,108	790,006	19,848,192
2011	43,098,556	3,863,574	2,192,115	791,685	20,595,340
2012	44,978,360	4,052,754	2,290,508	789,143	20,410,705
2013	46,158,852	4,098,552	2,248,606	816,474	12,290,563
Change					
2004-2013	84.66%	20.42%	3.55%	25.04%	-28.47%

Note: A restatement to blend component units was applied in Fiscal Year 2013 to 2012 and 2013 comparative data.

Source: County records.

Charges for Services		Investment Earnings		Licenses & Permits		R	entals & Fees	Other			Total		
\$	4,389,232 4,336,407 4,656,145 4,521,226 4,337,361 4,516,303 4,490,155 4,993,149 5,463,130 5,562,494	\$	348,442 738,160 1,381,353 2,008,067 1,447,577 674,859 186,708 221,853 155,838 120,569	\$	454,731 529,000 572,049 517,197 540,170 505,300 525,427 666,627 653,399 772,296	\$	113,952 124,758 141,568 144,693 157,323 165,676 186,492 188,240 222,959 176,562	\$	604,805 695,374 569,001 636,018 701,770 536,861 642,792 755,925 937,286 1,011,563	\$	54,317,361 56,666,969 63,783,795 65,302,527 66,992,001 67,554,259 68,675,605 77,367,064 79,954,082 73,256,531		
	26.73%		-65.40%		69.84%		54.94%		67.25%		34.87%		

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal												
Year												
Ended		Real Pi	rop	erty		Persona	al Pr	operty		Utilities		
June 30	Taxable Value			Assessed Value	Taxable Value		Assessed Value		Taxable Value		Assessed Value	
2004	\$	4,812,295,795	\$	7,645,182,637	\$	5,356,152	\$	5,356,152	\$	402,785,799	\$	403,680,208
2005		5,087,898,264		8,391,908,858		-		-		416,619,162		416,632,167
2006		5,299,824,281		8,858,213,729		-		-		405,323,627		405,323,627
2007		5,636,684,084		9,304,359,638		-		-		242,007,768		287,536,004
2008		5,782,600,890		9,629,908,628		-		-		236,556,404		311,762,064
2009		6,175,708,574		10,870,184,903		-		-		244,749,886		300,708,935
2010		6,239,157,174		10,946,041,950		-		-		407,227,695		491,195,351
2011		6,408,604,034		11,185,801,070		-		-		382,244,194		501,524,388
2012		6,673,545,437		11,407,016,930		-		-		402,661,960		519,674,870
2013		6,943,020,526		11,830,247,547		-		-		402,322,998		402,322,998

Source: Auditor's Office

Note 1: Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to the actual value.

Note 2: Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

То	ital	Ratio Taxable to	Tax Increment Financing	
Taxable Value	Assessed Value	Assessed Value	District Values	County Urban Rate
\$ 5,220,437,746 5,504,517,426 5,705,147,908 5,878,691,852 6,019,157,294 6,420,458,460 6,646,384,869 6,790,848,228 7,076,207,397 7,345,343,524	\$ 8,054,218,997 8,808,541,025 9,263,537,356 9,591,895,642 9,941,670,692 11,170,893,838 11,437,237,301 11,687,325,458 11,926,691,800 12,232,570,545	64.8% 62.5% 61.6% 61.3% 60.5% 57.5% 58.1% 59.3% 60.0%	\$ 232,697,034 213,970,420 235,146,048 235,149,590 301,116,369 330,175,178 369,081,487 371,369,162 360,551,426 379,706,751	4.48 4.81 4.75 5.57 5.51 5.34 5.48 6.38 6.38

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (in thousands of dollars) (Unaudited)

			2004	
Taxpayer	Taxabl	e Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value
Add Association Francis	, .	220 454 274	4	4.770/
Mid-American Energy	\$	239,151,271	1	4.77%
SDG Macerich Properties		71,516,500	2	1.43%
Davenport Water Co.		54,133,629	3	1.08%
Isle of Capri		45,002,320	4	0.90%
ALCOA		40,060,567	5	0.80%
Qwest		30,293,424	6	0.60%
Northern Border Pipeline		27,853,758	7	0.56%
Quanex Corporation		20,862,200	8	0.42%
National Amusement Inc		18,254,200	9	0.36%
THF Davenport North Development		18,145,507	10	0.36%
Total	\$	565,273,376		11.28%
			2013	
				Percentage of
				Total County
				Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer	Taxabl	e Assessed Value	Rank	Value
MidAmerican Energy	\$	356,391,262	1	4.85%
Isle of Capri		85,002,320	2	1.16%
Iowa American Water Company		64,944,940	3	0.88%
Macerich North Park Mall LLC		58,460,300	4	0.80%
ALCOA		39,944,340	5	0.54%
Qwest Corp			_	0.440/
		29,919,385	6	0.41%
Gulf Investments		29,919,385 24,760,600	6 7	0.41%
Gulf Investments Deere & Company				
		24,760,600	7	0.34%
Deere & Company		24,760,600 23,567,200	7 8	0.34% 0.32%

Source: County records

County of Scott, Iowa

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Property Year Taxes Levied				Property Collected W Fiscal Year o	Property Tax Collections			Property Tax Total Collections to Date		
Ended June 30	for the Fiscal Year			Amount	Percentage of Levy	In Subsequent Years			Amount	Percentage of Levy
June 30		riscar rear		Amount	OI LCVY		Tears		Amount	OI LCVy
2004	\$	170,396,572	\$	168,156,252	98.69%	\$	618,183	\$	168,774,435	99.05%
2005		181,497,890		179,753,240	99.04%		1,664,237		181,417,477	99.96%
2006		194,032,266		193,001,228	99.47%		195,545		193,196,773	99.57%
2007		202,141,914		200,878,707	99.38%		(20,856)		200,857,851	99.36%
2008		210,294,826		209,445,543	99.60%		131,295		209,576,838	99.66%
2009		223,092,062		221,671,064	99.36%		205,504		221,876,568	99.46%
2010		234,648,806		233,278,412	99.42%		93,197		233,371,609	99.46%
2011		247,987,832		246,709,768	99.48%		357,380		247,067,148	99.63%
2012		258,210,732		256,655,331	99.40%		206,819		256,862,150	99.48%
2013		270,826,988		269,647,673	99.56%		26,946		269,674,619	99.57%

Source: County records

County of Scott, Iowa

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value) (Unaudited)

	2004	2005	2006	2007
County disease set as	2004	2005	2006	2007
County direct rates:	ć 40000 -	ć 4.75.405	ć F.55543	ć F.54400
Scott County Urban Rate	\$ 4.80887	\$ 4.75497	\$ 5.56513	\$ 5.51106
Scott County Rural Rate	7.71192	7.84647	8.60445	8.52602
Total direct rates	12.52079	12.60144	14.16958	14.03708
City and town rates:				
Bettendorf	11.85000	12.34932	12.34952	12.60000
Blue Grass	12.48463	11.51524	11.43975	11.58668
Buffalo	7.65547	8.09999	8.09998	8.10000
Davenport	14.96445	15.24000	15.24000	15.56702
Dixon	8.09977	8.10000	8.10000	8.10000
Donahue	7.96293	7.36868	5.42517	5.43321
Durant	12.17088	14.20315	15.56204	15.56204
Eldridge	6.64799	6.64795	6.64795	6.64800
LeClaire	14.69660	14.69639	14.69637	14.69636
Long Grove	8.10000	8.10000	8.10000	8.39529
Maysville	5.16066	5.16083	5.16097	5.16094
McCausland	7.91704	8.10000	8.10000	8.10000
New Liberty	2.22375	2.99975	2.90011	3.57028
Panorama Park	6.29016	6.25158	6.50590	6.76329
Princeton	9.22504	8.81288	9.02314	8.97804
Riverdale	2.30970	2.30949	2.93819	2.50485
Walcott	9.50000	9.75001	9.75001	9.75000
School District Rates:				
Bennett Schools	12.43900	12.85967	11.78130	11.62880
Bettendorf Schools	15.77779	15.46630	14.69042	15.00216
Davenport Schools	17.07873	17.09591	17.09734	17.10760
Durant Schools	12.04676	12.21711	12.62186	11.96178
North Scott Schools	14.99307	15.03382	15.12320	15.17814
Pleasant Valley Schools	13.45835	13.46470	13.66430	13.86154
Area IX CC	0.61738	0.59216	0.59269	0.61277
, wed in de	0.01750	0.03210	0.00200	0.01277
Other:				
Scott County Assessor	0.33119	0.27124	0.27404	0.29563
Davenport City Assessor	0.31521	0.27648	0.26045	0.29672
Ag. Extension - BANGS	0.06721	0.06939	0.06973	0.07034

Source: County records - Auditor's Office.

Υe	Year Taxes are Payable									
	2008	2009		2010	2011		2012	2013		
\$	5.54040	\$ 5.33791	\$	5.47607	\$ 6.37607	\$	6.37759	\$ 6.30156		
	8.62666	8.35745		8.49561	9.39561		9.51525	9.43922		
	14.16706	13.69536		13.97168	15.77168		15.89284	15.74078		
	12.95000	12.85000		12.85000	12.60000		12.60000	12.55000		
	11.65760	11.07291		10.98600	11.18972		11.30132	11.57130		
	8.10000	8.09999		8.17628	8.17540		9.12078	9.12604		
	15.57515	15.57584		15.58000	15.53000		15.53000	16.78000		
	8.10000	8.10000		8.10000	8.10000		8.10000	8.10000		
	5.43025	5.96370		5.96079	7.21883		7.22080	7.22267		
	15.56203	15.56203		14.95411	15.70846		15.70847	17.07103		
	6.64797	6.64880		6.64916	6.74852		6.75418	6.75396		
	14.69188	14.69998		16.08173	16.00434		15.07379	14.69999		
	8.10000	9.76863		11.15854	11.03125		10.90085	10.74199		
	5.16095	5.16100		5.16094	5.16962		5.16951	5.16957		
	8.10000	8.10000		8.10000	9.25982		9.21668	9.22504		
	3.34915	2.93849		2.92797	3.96650		3.12506	7.88563		
	6.74595	5.64940		5.55117	5.56196		5.51713	5.47320		
	8.93821	8.94763		9.58243	9.58242		9.58242	10.26832		
	2.50485	2.70103		2.70103	3.37602		7.00244	10.55647		
	10.00000	10.00000		10.00000	9.99999		10.00000	9.99999		
	10.72766	11.01374		11.25066	11.23830		12.47240	12.05990		
	15.00025	14.84626		14.85367	15.00820		15.00244	15.00292		
	17.10610	17.08731		17.09334	17.11276		17.05061	17.04996		
	12.37027	12.60365		13.34659	11.84246		13.62815	12.39188		
	15.11048	14.76476		14.51584	14.75964		14.75525	14.50592		
	13.99385	13.98720		13.99319	14.74116		14.73829	14.64092		
	0.60785	0.60635		0.87714	0.92444		1.01724	0.91511		
	0.28899	0.28870		0.33733	0.28465		0.28110	0.28081		
	0.30964	0.27680		0.25789	0.23892		0.25171	0.31490		
	0.07079	0.06892		0.06845	0.06946		0.06891	0.00330		

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands, except per capita) (Unaudited)

	 G	overnmer	ntal Activitie	S		Business-Type Activities Capital Lease Purchase Contract - \$ 218 \$ 2,101			
Fiscal Year	al Obligation Bonds	Revenu	ie Bonds	(Capital Lease	Capita	l Lease	Purcha	se Contract
2004	\$ 9,245	\$	-	\$	-	\$	218	\$	2,101
2005	8,635		-		-		476		1,918
2006	8,000		-		27,765		370		1,725
2007	9,655		-		26,770		266		1,523
2008	8,760		-		25,740		156		1,304
2009	7,765		-		24,670		39		1,075
2010	17,190		-		23,560		-		855
2011	15,660		-		22,410		-		585
2012	14,080		21,210		-		-		-
2013	12,455		37,640		-		-		-

 $[\]hbox{*} \textbf{Calculation made using population and personal income figures from Demographics and Economics Statistics Table.}$

Note: A restatement to blend component units as required by GASB 61 Statement No. 61 was applied in Fiscal Year 2013. The restatement moved the Capital Lease to Revenue Bonds of the Blended Public Safety Authority Component Unit.

Source: County records.

N/A - Not Available

Total Government		Percentage of Personal Income*	Per Capita*		
\$	11,564	0.21% \$	73.12		
	11,029	0.19%	69.56		
	37,860	0.62%	237.22		
	38,214	0.59%	238.72		
	35,960	0.52%	222.22		
	33,549	0.49%	205.09		
	41,605	0.57%	250.87		
	38,655	0.50%	231.94		
	35,290	N/A	210.63		
	50,095	N/A	297.79		

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

General Bonded Debt
Outstanding

		utstanding			
			Percent of Debt to		
Fiscal Year	General	Obligation Bonds	Assessed Value	Per Capita*	
2004	\$	9,245,000	0.12% \$	57.46	
2005		8,635,000	0.10%	53.92	
2006		8,000,000	0.09%	49.69	
2007		9,655,000	0.10%	58.93	
2008		8,760,000	0.09%	53.20	
2009		7,765,000	0.07%	46.93	
2010		17,190,000	0.15%	103.65	
2011		15,660,000	0.13%	93.96	
2012		14,080,000	0.12%	84.04	
2013		12,455,000	0.10%	74.04	

^{*}Calculated using population figure from Demographics and Economics Statistics Table.

Source: County records.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt	
Direct Debt:				
Scott County	\$ 50,095,000	100.00%	\$	50,095,000
Oundaries Pales				
Overlapping Debt:				
School Districts:		100.00%		
Bettendorf Community	2 400 000	100.00%		- 628 560
Durant Community North Scott Community	2,400,000	26.19% 100.00%		628,560
Pleasant Valley Community	-	100.00%		_
Wheatland Community	329,600	8.04%		26,500
Eastern Iowa Community College	64,240,000	59.70%		38,351,280
Subtotal, School Districts	04,240,000	33.70%		39,006,340
Subtotal, School Districts		-		33,000,340
Cities:				
Bettendorf	107,920,000	100.00%		107,920,000
Blue Grass	2,386,697	100.00%		2,386,697
Buffalo	155,000	100.00%		155,000
Davenport	205,045,000	100.00%		205,045,000
Donahue	176,000	100.00%		176,000
Durant	1,935,000	3.38%		65,403
Eldridge	4,015,000	100.00%		4,015,000
LeClaire	19,825,893	100.00%		19,825,893
Long Grove	872,000	100.00%		872,000
Maysville	-	100.00%		-
McCausland	-	100.00%		-
New Liberty	273,000	100.00%		273,000
Princeton	1,690,000	100.00%		1,690,000
Riverdale	2,526,354	100.00%		2,526,354
Walcott	1,495,000	100.00%		1,495,000
Subtotal, Cities				346,445,347
Overlapping Debt:				385,451,687
Total direct and overlapping debt:			\$	435,546,687

Source: County records

Outstanding debt amounts are obtained directly from the debt issuing entity. The percentage of overlapping debt attributed to Scott County is based on the percentage of the entity's total taxable valuation that lies within Scott County.

Legal Debt Margin Information As of June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

	 2004	2005	2006	2007
Debt limit	\$ 392,500,605	\$ 428,112,694	\$ 451,734,795	\$ 479,594,782
Total net debt applicable to limit	9,245,000	8,635,000	35,765,000	36,425,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 383,255,605	\$ 419,477,694	\$ 415,969,795	\$ 443,169,782
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	2.41%	2.06%	8.60%	8.22%

Source: County records.

				Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2013 Assessed value, net of military exemption							\$ 12,214,855,249		
				A331	233Ca value, net	011	illitary exemption	011		ر <u>ر</u>	12,214,033,243		
					t limit (5% of as		•			\$	610,742,762		
				Deb	t applicable to I	imit	:						
General obligation bonds										12,455,000			
Revenue Bonds										37,640,000			
Total net applicable to limit										50,095,000			
				Legal debt margin							560,647,762		
				-							<u> </u>		
	2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		
\$	497,083,535	\$	558,544,692	\$	571,861,865	\$	584,366,273	\$	595,431,703	\$	610,742,762		
	34,500,000		32,435,000		40,750,000		38,070,000		35,290,000		50,095,000		
\$	462,583,535	\$	526,109,692	\$	531,111,865	\$	546,296,273	\$	560,141,703	\$	560,647,762		
	7.46%		6.17%		7.67%		6.97%		6.30%		8.94%		

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

Year	Population ¹	Personal Income (000's) ²	Per Capita Personal Income ²	Farm Proprietors ³	School Enrollment ⁴	Unemployment Rate ⁵
	·	, ,				
2004	158,145	\$ 5,463,012	\$ 34,544	740	26,597	5.0
2005	158,543	5,675,918	35,800	730	26,735	4.5
2006	159,597	6,062,478	37,986	730	26,818	3.8
2007	160,077	6,472,814	40,436	860	27,316	3.8
2008	161,824	6,953,445	42,969	850	27,813	4.1
2009	163,582	6,832,527	41,768	850	28,016	6.9
2010	165,841	7,272,593	43,874	850	28,460	7.1
2011	166,659	7,748,606	46,372	N/A	28,538	6.8
2012	167,545	N/A	N/A	N/A	28,538	6.4
2013	168,225	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.2

Sources:

Note: Woods & Poole data are projections

Total Enrollment includes Bettendorf CSD, Davenport CSD, North Scott CSD, and Pleasant Valley CSD

School enrollments are for the fall of year posted and spring of following year (i.e. 2011-12 would be listed under 2011)

2013 totals are the average from January - July 2013

Date accessed: 9/3/13

¹Woods & Poole Economics, Inc. 2013

²U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

³USDA, National Agricultural Statistics Services

⁴Iowa Department of Education

⁵lowa Workforce Development

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

	2004						
			Percentage of Total				
Employer	Employees	Rank	County Employment				
Genesis Medical Center	3,000	1	3.7%				
ALCOA	2,513	2	3.1%				
Kraft Foods (Oscar Mayer)	1,200	3	1.5%				
MidAmerican Energy Company	1,200	4	1.5%				
APAC Customer Service	800	5	1.0%				
Von Maur	650	6	0.8%				
UPS Distribution	500	7	0.6%				
Von Hoffman Graphics	445	8	0.5%				
Nestle Purina Pet Care Co.	380	9	0.5%				
Eagle Foods Distribution	379	10	0.5%				

	2013						
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment				
Genesis Medical Center	4,730	1	5.8%				
Alcoa Inc	2,200	2	2.7%				
Kraft Foods North America	1,500	3	1.8%				
MidAmercian Energy Company	1,230	4	1.5%				
APAC customer Svc Inc.	950	5	1.2%				
UPS Distribution	590	6	0.7%				
Von Maur	570	7	0.7%				
Swiss Valley Farms	550	8	0.7%				
Lee Enterprises News / Publishing	490	9	0.6%				
Great Dane Trailers	450	10	0.5%				

Sources:

Iowa Workforce Development

InfoGroup, Reference USA (2013); and Individual Employers

Data from the 2004 QC Fact Sheet, compiled by Quad City Development Group

Note: Only selected employers were included in list

Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function / Program	2004	2005	2006	2007
Public safety and legal services:				
Attorney	30.63	30.63	30.75	30.75
Health	4.90	4.90	7.30	8.30
Juvenile Court Services	15.20	14.20	14.20	14.20
Sheriff	154.15	159.65	166.10	164.10
Physical health and social services:				
Community Services	9.20	8.70	8.70	8.70
Health	31.25	32.25	31.85	29.85
Mental Health, Mental Retardation				
& Developmental Disabilities:				
Community Services	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.80
County Environment and Education				
Conservation	50.60	52.40	47.53	48.08
Golf Course	19.35	19.35	19.35	19.35
Planning & Development	4.08	4.08	4.08	4.08
Roads and Transportation				
Secondary Roads	35.15	35.15	35.15	35.15
Governmental services to residents:				
Auditor	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Recorder	13.00	12.00	12.00	11.50
Treasurer	14.20	14.20	14.20	14.20
Administration:				
Administration	3.70	3.10	3.10	3.10
Auditor	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.90
Facility & Support Services	23.74	24.19	24.19	28.69
Human Resources	7.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
Information Technology	10.00	10.00	11.00	11.00
Non-Departmental	-	-	-	-
Supervisors, Board of	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Treasurer	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40
Total	465.25	467.90	472.60	474.65

Source: Scott County Year-End Actual Revenue and Expenditure Reports

Fiscal Year									
2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013				
31.00	30.00	31.00	31.00	31.00	31.00				
8.30	11.15	11.15	11.15	11.15	11.80				
14.20	14.20	14.20	14.20	14.20	15.00				
166.10	166.35	167.35	167.35	154.35	161.75				
9.70	0.70	7.70	7 70	7.00	7.00				
8.70	8.70	7.70	7.70	7.00	7.00				
30.85	31.85	31.85	31.85	32.10	32.10				
3.80	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.00	3.00				
48.71	49.71	49.85	51.87	48.62	51.45				
19.35	19.35	19.35	19.35	19.35	19.35				
4.08	4.08	4.08	4.08	4.08	4.08				
35.15	35.15	35.15	35.15	35.40	34.40				
6.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00				
11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.00	11.00				
14.20	12.20	12.20	12.20	12.40	12.40				
2.10	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50				
3.10	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50				
9.90	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.05	9.05				
28.69	29.04	30.04	31.04	30.55	30.55				
4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50				
11.00	12.00	12.00	15.00	15.40	15.40				
5.00	- 5.00	- 5.00	- 5.00	- 5.00	- 5.00				
14.40	5.00 15.40	5.00 15.40	5.00 15.40	5.00 15.60	5.00 15.60				
478.53	482.88	484.02	490.04	472.25	482.93				
	702.00	707.02	7,0.07	7, 2.23	+02.33				

County of Scott, Iowa

Operating Indicators by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

Function / Program	2004	2005	2006	2007
Public Safety and Legal Services				
Attorney:				
# of felonies/aggravated field cases filed	4,641	4,832	5,077	4,845
# of new felony cases	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sheriff:				
# of civil papers received	15,069	15,620	14,764	14,479
# of jail bookings	9,343	9,876	10,859	11,658
Inmate instances of programming attendance	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of traffic citations written	4,003	3,114	3,502	2,068
# of traffic contacts	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of 9-1-1 calls	12,088	11,767	11,088	11,580
Physical Health and Social Services				
Community Services:				
# of applications for general assistance	7,822	6,575	6,446	6,524
# of applications approved for general assist	4,133	3,490	3,354	3,569
# of requests for veteran services	1,026	1,055	1,613	814
# of invol commit filed for substance abuse	213	241	289	340
Health Department:				
# of health related inmate contacts within jail	2,520	4,509	3,795	3,979
# of comm disease requiring investigation	234	122	302	369
# of environmental health inspections conducted	3,124	3,955	3,987	4,363
# of public health nuisance complaints received	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mental Health, HR & DD				
Community Services:				
# of invol commit filed for mental health	218	322	304	338
# of persons with MH/CMI served	3,777	4,115	4,015	4,136
# of juvenle MH commitments	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of persons with MR/DD served	529	518	560	572
# of adult MH commitments	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of protective payee cases	430	434	398	401
County Environment and Education				
Conservation:				
# of camp sites available	788	788	788	788
# of acres managed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of rounds of golf course	33,012	30,803	30,898	27,196
Planning & Development:	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of building permits issued	653	613	691	622

(Continued)

Source: County records - Year-end Indicator Report

Fiscal Year					
2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
4,814	4,752	4,782	4,664	N/A	N/A
4,814 N/A	4,73 <u>2</u> N/A	4,76 <u>2</u> N/A	4,004 N/A	1,040	1,044
N/A	IV/A	IV/A	N/A	1,040	1,044
14,879	14,002	13,491	11,284	10,674	11,755
9,747	9,011	8,245	8,283	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	22,231	26,686
2,233	2,802	2,678	4,028	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,195	2,481
13,002	12,442	10,672	N/A	N/A	N/A
7,544	8,105	8,907	7,294	1,428	1,076
3,797	3,829	4,660	4,065	756	479
982	880	1,204	1,134	1,160	1,164
260	210	214	246	N/A	N/A
5,434	10,617	10,817	12,618	13,888	12,466
285	360	338	442	276	317
4,464	4,198	4,389	4,141	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	167	174
335	361	312	450	405	340
4,078	1,537	1,505	1,516	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	91	88
570	384	380	409	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	246	340
390	367	339	384	313	304
788	788	788	788	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,496	2,496
27,765	28,549	29,258	28,553	30,476	26,175
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
603	643	583	, 728	735	933

County of Scott, Iowa

Operating Indicators by Function/Program (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function / Program	2004	2005	2006	2007
Roads and Transportation:				
Secondary Roads:				
# of miles of road paved	175	176	176	176
# of bridges/culverts repaired/replaced	98	102	104	140
Governmental Services to Residents				
Auditor:				
# of elections	24	6	26	11
# of registered voters	104,462	111,806	114,507	115,457
Recorder:				
# of real estate transactions recorded	59,384	49,447	48,297	43,976
# of vital statistics registered/issued	21,770	20,315	20,207	21,830
# of passport applications accepted	641	531	788	1,564
# of conservation privileges issued	1,282	1,235	808	797
# of conservation licenses - ATV/Snow				
boat reg, titles and liens and privileges				
issued	5,587	13,642	6,098	13,498
Treasurer:				
# of title and security interest trans processed	72,522	75,405	76,517	64,468
Administration				
Auditor:				
# of real estate transactions processed	9,357	8,829	8,859	8,414
# invoices processed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Facility & Support Service:				
# of service calls	5,010	5,810	4,608	4,586
# hours spent in safety training				
# of purchase requisitions received	739	733	849	864
# of pieces of outgoing mail	524,775	550,631	524,752	547,591
# of square feet of hard surface floors maintained	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of files imaged	109,450	273,526	327,979	887,629
# of hours spend on imaging	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Information Technology:				
# of network users	566	652	686	805
# of network connections supported	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of 3rd party applications maintained	108	47	52	54
# of users supported	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Treasurer:	•	•	•	•
# of prop tax/spec assessment statutes issued	183,741	184,685	180,196	186,423
# of tax certifications issued	23	3,284	1,834	1,974

iscal Year					
2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
176	183	183	183	219	221
213	79	94	89	89	120
27	5	26	3	4	3
116,570	118,641	120,962	123,115	124,263	124,356
40,493	40,010	37,856	38,493	31,385	34,697
20,726	20,196	20,450	20,776	20,313	22,863
1,430	1,134	1,280	1,151	1,142	1,177
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6,505	4,291	14,612	5,852	6,611	12,494
60,342	66,597	67,777	71,883	69,904	69,097
7,728	6,689	7,303	6,663	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	25,035	22,453
4,408	4,579	3,045	2,197	N/A	N/A
4.442	1.011	N1 / A	21/2	83	24
1,113	1,011	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
491,571	534,148	479,814 N/A	446,405	N/A	N//
N/A 746,690	N/A 899,403	N/A 792,379	N/A 698,680	728,940 N/A	559,100 N//
740,090 N/A	899,403 N/A	792,379 N/A	098,080 N/A	2,744	2,489
NA	14/75	N/A	N/A	2,744	2,40.
851	899	929	1,094	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,680	2,77
54	55	61	67	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	724	91
176,450	181,657	191,493	198,053	195,415	197,57
2,116	2,592	2,151	1,691	2,144	1,728

County of Scott, Iowa

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

<u>Function / Program</u>	2004	2005	2006
Public safety and legal services:			
Sheriff:			
# of patrol cars	48	62	54
Physical health and social services:			
Health Department			
# of vehicles	16	18	13
County environment and education:			
Conservation			
# of acres managed	2,795	2,795	2,795
Planning and Development			
# of vehicles	2	2	2
Roads and transportation:			
Secondary Roads			
# of vehicles	61	61	61
# of buildings	10	10	10
Administration:			
Facility and Support Services			
# of vehicles	5	4	6
# of buildings maintained	12	12	12
Non-Departmental (Risk Management)			
# of vehicles	1	1	6

Source: County records - Vehicle Report & FSS and Conservation Offices.

	Fiscal Year					
2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
54	55	42	45	46	44	53
13	13	13	13	13	13	13
2,795	2,795	2,795	2,795	2,795	2,795	2,795
2	2	2	2	2	2	2
61 10	61 10	61 10	61 10	61 10	60 10	60 10
6 12	5 12	5 12	5 12	6 11	6 11	7 11
6	1	1	1	1	1	1

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Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Indentifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
(Passed through the Iowa Department of Human Services) National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	\$ 19,046
National School Editori Program	10.555	N/A	φ 19,0 4 0
(Passed through Iowa Department of Education, Bureau/Division of Nutrition & Health)			
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	63712	900
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			19,946
(Passed through Iowa Department of Human Services) ARRA - State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental			
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	N/A	85,346
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			105,292
U.S Department of Housing and Urban Development (Passed through the City of Davenport)			
Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control in Privately-Owned Housing HUD Lead Hazard Control Grant	14.900	IALHB0497-11	12,782
U.S. Department of Justice			
(Passed through the Governor's Alliance on Substance Abuse)			
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	2008-AP-BX-0714	5,354
JAG Program Cluster			
(Direct Program) Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2010-DJ-BX-0797	127,419
ARRA - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance	10.736	2010-03-07-07-97	127,419
Grant (JAG) Program	16.804	2009-SB-B9-0549	163,931
(Passed through the Governor's Office of Drug Control Policy)		10.11.0 100=0	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total JAG Program Cluster	16.738	10JAG-43056	85,877 377,227
Total JAG Flogram Cluster			311,221
(Passed through State of Iowa Department of Justice, Crime Victim Assistance Division)			
ARRA-Violence Against Women Formula Grants			
Stop Violence Against Women	16.588	VW-13-17	33,178
Total U.S. Department of Justice			415,759
Total O.O. Department of Justice			410,709

(Continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Indentifying Number	Federal Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Transportation National Highway Traffic Safety Administration				
(Passed through lowa Department of Public Safety-Governor's Traffic Safety Division)				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	PAP 12-04, Task 21	\$ 18,540	
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	PAP 13-04, Task 21	38,032	
U.S. Department of Energy			56,572	
(Direct Program)				
ARRA - Energy Efficieny and Conservation Block Grant	81.128	N/A	20,920	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
(Passed through the Iowa Department of Health)				
Immunization Cooperative Agreements				
Immunization Action Grant	93.268	58811468	29,248	
I-4 Project/Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268	5883I468	12,747	
			41,995	
Integrated HIV&Viral Help CTR	93.940	5883AP29	5,598	
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States				
Maternal and Child Health/Dental/ABCD &Hawk	93.994	5881MH21	39,474	
Dental Health Grant	93.994	5881MH21	3,390	
CHIPRA Teen Outreach	93.994	5881MH21	2,729	
Maternal and Child Health/Dental/ABCD &Hawk	93.994	5881MH21	807	
CHIPRA Teen Outreach	93.994	5881MH21	2,131	
			48,531	
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	5881BT382	122,678	
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	5882BT206	379	
			123,057	
The Affordable Care Act: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Invest	igations and Tech	nical Assistance		
and Technical Assistance	-			
Mosquito Surveillance Project	93.283	MOU-2013-ELC09	840	
Project Grants and Cooperative Agreements for Tuberculosis Control Progra	ms			
TB Directly Observed Therapy	93.116	MOU-2014-ELC09	4,755	
Total passed through lowa Department of Health			224,776	

(Continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Indentifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (continued)			
(Passed through Iowa Department of Human Services)			
Refugee and Entrant Assistance	93.566	N/A	\$ 383
ARRA - Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	N/A	29,686
ARRA - Adoption Assistance	93.659	N/A	8,285
Medical Assistance (Title XIX)	93.778	N/A	84,861
PPHF-2012: Community Transformation Grants and National			
Dissemination and Support for Community Transformation	93.531	5882HP20	44,195
PPHF-2012: Community Transformation Grants and National			
Dissemination and Support for Community Transformation	93.531	5883HP20	49,655
Total PPHF-2012: Community Transformation Grants and			
National Dissemination and Support for Community Transformation			93,850
Transistination			
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	N/A	87,317
Refugee and Entrant Assistance / Child Care Development Fund	93.596	N/A	19,719
Total Child Care and Development Funding Cluster	00.000		107,036
Children's Health Insurance Program - Contingency Funds	93.767	N/A	2,437,247
Children's Health Insurance Program - Expansion Title XXI	93.767	N/A	324
Total Children's Health Insurance Program	00.707	1477	2,437,571
Social Service Block Grant - Indirect	93.667	N/A	25,743
Total passed through lowa Department of Human Services			2,787,415
(D. 14 14 0); (D. 1)			
(Passed through the City of Davenport)			
The Affordable Care Act: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	93.283	5883NB21	64 163
Investigations and Technical Assistance / Care for Yourself	93.283	5883INB2 I	64,163
Total U.S. Dept of Health and Human Services			3,076,354
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
(Passed through Iowa Homeland Security & Emergency Mgt Division)			
Port Security Grant Program	97.056	EMW-2011-PU-00206	174,921
(Passed through Iowa Homeland Security & Emergency Mgt Division)			
Homeland Security Grant Programs			
FY 2010 State Homeland Security Program	97.067	2010-SS-T0-0031-17	39,392
FY 2010 State Homeland Security Program	97.067	2010-SS-T0-0031-18	72,959
FY 2010 State Homeland Security Program	97.067	2011-SS-0071-S01-24	105,664
State Homeland Security Program	97.067	SS-00071-S01-25	27,656
State Homeland Security Program	97.067	SS-00028-06	188
(Passed through the Iowa Disaster Services Division)			
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program	97.039	DR 1763	20,341
Total US Department of Homeland Security			441,121
Total expenditures of federal awards			\$ 4,128,800

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the County of Scott, Iowa and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States and Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue from federal awards is recognized when the County has done everything necessary to establish its right to revenue. For government funds, revenue from federal grants is recognized when they become both measurable and available. Expenditures of federal awards are recognized in the accounting period when the liability is incurred.

Note 3. Pass-Through Funding

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the County provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

	Federal CFDA	Amount Provided	
Program Title	Number	to Subrecipient	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	\$	110,635
ARRA - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance			
Grant (JAG) Program	16.804		127,678
TB Directly Observed Therapy	93.116		4,755
I-4 Project	93.268		21,789
Integrated HIV & Viral Help CTR	93.940		4,298
Care for Yourself	93.283		64,163
Maternal and Child Health Grant	93.994		12,118
Community Transformation Grant	93.531		1,300
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program	97.039		20,920
Port Security Grant Program	97.056		174,921
Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program	97.067		75,600
		\$	618,177

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Finding Status

There were no findings relative to federal awards reported in the County of Scott's single audit report for the year ended June 30, 2012.



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Supervisors County of Scott, Iowa Davenport, Iowa

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Scott, Iowa as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Scott's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 3, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Scott's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Scott's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Scott's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Scott's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the County of Scott's operations for the year ended June 30, 2013, are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the County of Scott. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bahen Tilly Vindow Krause, LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin December 3, 2013



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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Supervisors County of Scott, Iowa Davenport, Iowa

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Scott, Iowa's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Scott's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. The County of Scott's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Scott's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Scott's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Scott's compliance.



Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of Scott complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County of Scott is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Scott's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Scott's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bahen Tilly Vindow Krause, LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin December 3, 2013

Section I: Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements				
Type of auditor's report issued Internal control over financial reporting	Unmodified			
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	Х	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes	X	none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes	Х	no
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs				
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	Х	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes	Х	none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510(a)?		yes	X	no
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		yes	Х	no
Identification of major federal programs				
CFDA NUMBER(S)	Name of Fed			
16.738 / 16.804 93.767	Justice Assis		•	
93.101	Children's He	ailli IIISUli	ance riogia	2111
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between				
Type A and Type B programs	\$ 300,000			

(Continued)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs(Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Section II: Financial Statement Findings Required to be Reported in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

There were no findings in 2013.

Section III: Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings or questioned costs in 2013.

(Continued)

Section IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

2013-IV-A Certified Budget

Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2013 did not exceed the amounts budgeted.

2013-IV-B Questionable expenditures

No expenditures were noted that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in the Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.

2013-IV-C Travel Expense

No expenditures of County money for travel expenses of spouses of County officials or employees were noted.

2013-IV-D Business Transactions

No business transactions between the County and County officials or employees were noted.

2013-IV-E Bond Coverage

Surety bond coverage of County officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure that coverage is adequate for current operations.

2013-IV-F Board Minutes

No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not.

2013-IV-G Deposits and Investments

No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and County's investment policy were noted.

2013-IV-H Resource Enhancement and Protection Certification

The County properly dedicated property tax revenue to conservation purposes as required by Chapter 455A.19(1)(b) of the Code of Iowa in order to receive the additional REAP funds allocated in accordance with Subsections (b)(2) and (b)(3).

2013-IV-I Capital Lease Purchase Agreements

No lease purchase agreements were entered into the current year by the County.

2013-IV-J County Extension Office

The County Extension Office is operated under the authority of Chapter 176A of the Code of Iowa and serves as an agency of the State of Iowa. This fund is administered by an extension council separate and distinct from County operations.

Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2013 for the County Extension Office did not exceed the amount budgeted.