# COUNTY OF SCOTT, IOWA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Prepared by

Wesley Rostenbach Accounting and Tax Manager Office of County Auditor Craig Hufford Financial Management Supervisor Office of County Treasurer David Farmer, CPA Budget Manager Office of County Administrator

## INTRODUCTORY

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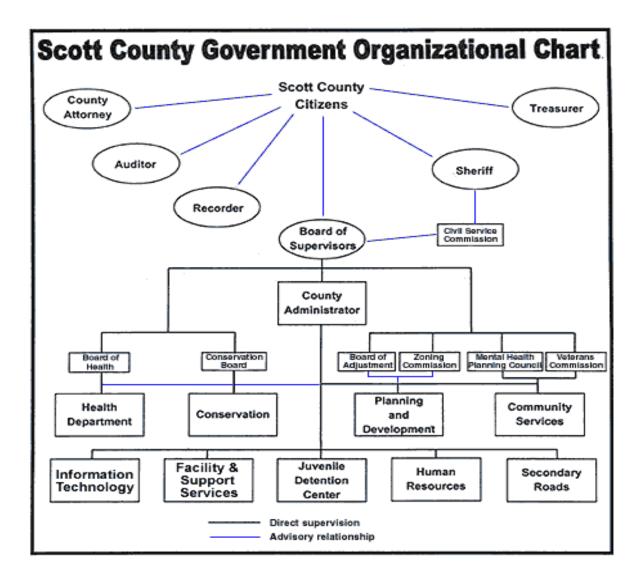
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#### **County Officials**

Official Title	Official	Term Expiration Date of Elected Officials
Elected Officials		
Supervisor, Chairperson	Tom Sunderbruch	2013
Supervisor	James Hancock	2013
Supervisor	Larry Minard	2015
Supervisor	William P. Cusack	2015
Supervisor	Carol Earnhardt	2015
Attorney	Mike Walton	2015
Auditor	Roxanna Moritz	2013
Recorder	Rita Vargas	2015
Sheriff	Dennis Conard	2013
Treasurer	Bill Fennelly	2015
Administration		
County Administrator	Dee F. Bruemmer	
Department Heads		
Community Services	Lori Elam	
Conservation	Roger Kean	
Facility and Support Services	Dave Donovan	
Health	Ed Rivers	
Human Resources	Mary Thee	
Information Technology	Matt Hirst	
Juvenile Detention Center	Jeremy Kaiser	
Planning and Development	Tim Huey	
Secondary Roads	John Burgstrum	



### Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

### County of Scott Iowa

For its Comprehensive Annual **Financial Report** for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Linda C. Davison President Million P. Enge

**Executive Director** 

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November 20, 2012

To the Members of the Scott County Board of Supervisors, and Citizens of Scott County:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within nine months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion of Scott County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2012. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### Profile of Scott County Government

Scott County, Iowa was incorporated on December 31, 1837. Antoine LeClaire, an early settler of the County, donated the square of land the Scott County Courthouse stands on today. If the County ever abandons the site, the property would revert to the heirs of Antoine LeClaire. The first courthouse was erected on this land during 1840-41 and served for 45 years. The following years to 1874 saw changes and additions to the structure of Scott County government. One of the major changes was in the structure of the governing board. From 1838 until 1850 county commissioners were elected on an annual basis. By 1861 the name Board of Supervisors had been mandated, with 14 supervisors from throughout the county representing the citizens. In 1870 the structure changed again, and only three board supervisors were elected countywide. In 1874, the membership of the board of supervisors increased to its present five officials, all elected at-large.

In 1979 an administrator form of government was adopted, and the Board of Supervisors hired a county administrator. Subsequently, staff and departments have grown in efficiency and capacity to serve citizens. In 1978 the County Home Rule Bill was enacted, granting all powers to counties consistent with state laws and not specifically prohibited by the Iowa General Assembly.

The County provides a full range of services. These services include law enforcement and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health and developmental disabilities services, county environment, planning and zoning, construction and maintenance of secondary roads, education and general administrative services.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

The County's discretely presented component units are as follows: Emergency Management Agency, which provides direction for the delivery of the emergency management services and planning, administration, coordination, training and support for local governments and their departments, Emergency Management Agency-Scott Emergency Communication Center (SECC), which provides county-wide consolidated emergency 911 dispatch services; County Library, which provides library services to all cities within Scott County with the exception of the City of Bettendorf, the City of Davenport, and the City of LeClaire; and the Scott County Public Safety Authority, which is the owner of the voter approved jail expansion project.

These component units are discretely presented in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasis that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position, results of operations and cash flows from those of the primary government. The County Board is a voting member of each of the governing bodies of all component units except for the Scott County Library for which the County Board appoints all the Library Trustees and the Public Safety Authority for which the County Board appoints two commissioners, one jointly appointed with the City of Davenport. The component units are discussed further in Note 1.

The Board is required to adopt a final budget by no later than March 15<sup>th</sup> prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for Scott County's financial planning and control. The State of Iowa requires the passage of an annual budget of total County operating expenditures by major program service areas (i.e., public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, etc.). Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects fund and debt service fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is at the total program service area level. The County also maintains administrative budgetary control beyond the State required program service area level at the major object of expenditure basis within each County department.

#### Local Economy

Scott County is part of a four county, bi-state, metropolitan area referred to as the Quad-Cities. The counties of Scott (Iowa), Rock Island, Henry and Mercer (Illinois), contain the Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), with a 2010 U.S. Census Bureau count of 379,690 which is a 1.0% increase over the 2000 census count of 376,019. The U. S. Census Bureau's 2010 population of Scott County was 165,224, which is a 4.1% increase over the 2000 census count of 158,689. That 2010 total is just a 3.25% increase over the 1980 census count for Scott County which was 160,022.

The Quad-Cities has been historically known as an industrial, retail/service and transportation center. In the last thirty years the economy has shifted, showing a decline in the number of manufacturing sector jobs. In 1980, 30% of the area jobs were in manufacturing and 53% in the service sector. In 1990 that had changed to 17% manufacturing, 41% service sector; with 20% classified as trade and 4% mining and construction. In 2000 the split was 16% manufacturing and 46.5% classified as service sector; with18% classified as trade and 5% mining and construction. In 2010 the split changed only slightly to 12% manufacturing and 50% classified as service sector; with17% classified as trade and 5% mining and construction. The portion of government sector jobs has remained even at 16% in 1980 and 1990, 14.5% in 2000 and back to 16% in 2010.

The Quad Cities and Scott County have not escaped the impacts of the current national recession. The region lost approximately 738 to 1,073 jobs this past fiscal year. Primarily the dislocation was due to the Rock Island Arsenal realignment of its Tank Automotive and Armament Command moving to Warren Michigan. Also RR Donnelley in Eldridge IA closed with a loss of 278 jobs. However these losses were counterbalanced with the reassignment of First Army from Atlanta, Georgia with approximately 350 jobs to the Arsenal and the expansion of several manufacturers in the region. ALCOA recalled all it's laid off workers and added 140 new production jobs at the end of 2011. They also announced a plant expansion with machinery and equipment which will total \$300 million in new investment and will help retain 200 jobs and create an additional 150.

The annual average labor force in the Quad Cities MSA (four counties) was 204,440 in 2010. The annual average labor force for Scott County was 87,080 in September of 2012 which is a slight decline over the 2010 labor force of 89,950. In that same two years Eastern Iowa Community College saw a student enrollment increase of 23% which equates into 2,156 additional students. In 2010 the unemployment rate for Scott County was 6.9% and for the MSA it was 8.4%. In September of 2012 the Scott County rate dropped to 5.8%. Decreasing unemployment is a consistent trend over the last three years and well below the national average of 7.8%.

In 2010 the median household income for the MSA was \$48,091 and for Scott County it was \$52,218. The median household income in Scott County rose between 1980 and 2000, from \$20,767 in 1980 to \$29,979 in 1990 and \$42,701 in 2000. That is an increase of 106% over the twenty-year period. The median household income in 2008 in Scott County increased another 22% over the 2000 figure to \$52,013, just a shade under the 2008 U.S. median household income of \$52,029.

New residential construction slowed in the Quad Cities MSA and Scott County after very strong years from 2000-2007. The total housing starts for the Quad Cities MSA were 851 in 2006 and 688 in 2007, dropping to 421 in 2008, 371 in 2009 and 422 in 2010. The total housing starts for Scott County for those same years were 538 in 2006, 407 in 2007, dropping to 274 in 2008, 231 in 2009, and 251 in 2010 and now 243 in 2011.

Even with a slowing housing market the Quad Cities remains one of the most affordable housing markets in the country. The average sales price for homes in the Iowa Quad Cities was \$173,500 in September of 2012 which is up from \$162,600 in September of 2011. On the Illinois side of the river the averages sales price was \$107,200 in September of 2012 down slightly from \$107,400 in September of 2011. The median home value in Scott County for 2009 was \$129,300.

With the drastic decline in the national economic indicators slowing, the European Union financial crisis continuing and consumer confidence appearing to remain low it is encouraging that the outlook for the Quad Cities still can be considered somewhat stable, if not improving. Housing prices have not seen a sharp decline in this area mainly because they had not seen significant increases in previous years. There have been some layoffs and production slow-downs at some of the areas largest employers, while others have seen modest increases or have been hiring to replace retiring workers. Although with BRAC the Arsenal reduced positions, current production capacity at the Rock Island Arsenal is increasing. The Local Arsenal Redevelopment Task Force is working to attract new private sector jobs to the Arsenal in the future.

Construction of the rail extension to the Eastern Iowa Industrial Center (EIIC) in Davenport has begun and was completed by Summer 2012. This long sought after infrastructure improvement will be a key factor in making the EIIC more competitive in winning business attraction projects in the years to come. Also all funding has been secured for the \$8.25 million City of Davenport Public Transload Facility. The Transload will be located along the north of the Deere Distribution Center in the EIIC. The Transload is currently being engineered and designed while the land necessary is acquired. As will the EIIC rail extension, the Transload will be an important industrial amenity which will assist the City of Davenport, as well as the Quad Cities as a whole, in achieving success in our business attraction efforts.

Economic development efforts for the Quad Cities as a whole continue to try to diversify the economy, while taking advantage of its unique location on major transportation corridors and the tremendous asset of the Mississippi River. The Quad Cities and Scott County is also positioned well for the renewable energy sector as a location for the manufacture, assembly and distribution of wind and solar energy generators. The global, national and regional economic development marketing for the Quad Cities have been led by Quad Cities First, the regional marketing public-private partnership managed by the Chamber of Commerce. The recent consolidation of the two Chambers of Commerce into one Quad Cities wide organization has helped with these regional marketing efforts. Scott County, as always, is part of those efforts.

#### Long-Term Financial Planning

Unassigned fund balance in the general fund (17.77% of total general fund expenditures) falls within the policy guidelines set by the Board for budgetary and planning purposes (i.e., minimum of 15 percent of total general fund expenditures). Fiscal year 2012 ended with an increase in the unassigned general fund balance of approximately \$230,518. Additionally, the County assigned fund balance to establish a long term building improvement capital plan and additional reserves to stabilize employee health and dental benefit expenses. During these challenging economic times, as the county faces cutbacks at the state level, retaining the current level of fund balance is important. The County is continuing to find ways to reduce its costs for providing services through LEAN and other efficiency initiatives. This is very important as the County weathers this recession. We are committed to remain a county with a superior level of service at one of the lowest tax rates in the State of lowa.

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

It is Scott County's policy to use its share of riverboat gaming proceeds for capital projects. The County currently uses these funds toward pay as you go remodeling and renovation projects.

#### Major Initiatives

This year, the County completed the Juvenile Court Services renovation which moved these services from a leased space back to our Courthouse. The Board's goal of purchasing an ERP software system continues with solicitation of requests for proposals to vendors and demonstration of software capabilities. The purchase of an ERP system is budgeted for the following fiscal year.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Scott County for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. This was the twenty-third consecutive year that Scott County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both general accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, Scott County also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated July 1, 2011. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staffs of the Auditor's Office, Treasurer's Office and the Administration Office. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of our offices who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. We appreciate the assistance and guidance of our independent auditors. Credit also must be given to the Board of Supervisors for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Scott County's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Bill Fennelly County Treasurer

Dee F. Bruemmer County Administrator

Koxammo I

Roxanna Moritz County Auditor



### FINANCIAL





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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors of the County of Scott, Iowa Davenport, Iowa

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Scott, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County of Scott's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County of Scott's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Scott, Iowa, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 20, 2012 on our consideration of the County of Scott's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the schedule of funding progress as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economical, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Scott's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of State, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Scott's basic financial statements. The "Introductory Section" and "Statistical Section" listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Bahen Tilly Vinchow Krause, LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin November 20, 2012

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

It is an honor to present to you the financial picture of the County of Scott, Iowa. We offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County of Scott, Iowa for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

#### **Financial Highlights**

The assets of the County of Scott exceeded its liabilities as of June 30, 2012 and 2011 by \$80,014,144 and \$78,277,888 (net assets), respectively. Of this amount, \$12,183,996 and \$5,834,116, respectively, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The government's total net assets increased by \$1,702,868 during the year ended June 30, 2012 and decreased by \$5,496,848 during the year ended June 30, 2011.

As of June 30, 2012, the County of Scott's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$25,619,960, an increase of \$2,759,769 in comparison with 2011. Approximately 37 percent of this total amount, \$9,247,282 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned). As of June 30, 2011, the County of Scott's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$22,860,191, a decrease of \$2,980,356 in comparison with 2010. Approximately 40 percent of this total amount, \$9,247,282, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

As of June 30, 2012, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$9,477,799 or 18.88 percent of total General Fund expenditures and \$9,247,282 or 18.4 percent for 2011.

The County of Scott, Iowa's total long-term debt, excluding compensated absences, other postemployment benefits and claims payable, decreased by \$2,780,000 during fiscal year June 30, 2012 and decrease vgy by \$2,950,000 during fiscal year June 30, 2011. The decrease in 2012 and 2011 was attributable to scheduled payments on bonds and capital leases.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County of Scott's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u>: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County of Scott's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the County of Scott, Iowa's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguished functions of the County of Scott that are principally supported by taxes (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County of Scott include public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, County environment and education, roads and transportation, government services to residents and administration. The business-type activities of the County of Scott include an 18-hole golf course.

The government-wide financial statements include the County of Scott and the following discretely presented component units: Emergency Management Agency, County Library, Public Safety Authority and Scott Emergency Communication Center. There are no other organizations or agencies whose financial statements should be combined and presented with the financial statements of the County.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 19 of this report.

<u>Fund financial statements</u>: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Scott, Iowa, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County of Scott, Iowa maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Mental Health/Development Disabilities Fund, Secondary Roads Fund, and Debt Service Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 25 of this report.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

<u>Proprietary funds</u>: The County of Scott maintains two types of proprietary funds: enterprise and internal service. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County of Scott maintains one enterprise fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County of Scott's various functions. The County of Scott maintains two internal service funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Golf Course Fund, as this fund is considered to be a major fund of the County of Scott.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 through 28 of this report.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u>: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County of Scott, Iowa's own programs. The fiduciary funds of the County are considered agency funds. Total assets of the fiduciary funds were \$246,889,377 and \$234,778,857 for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 29 of this report.

<u>Notes to basic financial statements</u>: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Other information</u>: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County of Scott, Iowa's budgetary comparison and other postemployment benefit plan schedule of funding progress. This information can be found on pages 59 through 61 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to basic financial statements and the required supplementary information.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The County's total net assets have increased from a year ago from \$78,277,888 to \$80,014,144.

Of the County of Scott's net assets, 78 percent reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County of Scott uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The County's net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, was \$62,570,839 for 2011 and \$66,515,247 for 2011. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

		Ta	able	e 1 - County of S	cott's	Net Assets				
		Governmen	tal	Activities		Business-Type	Activities	 Total	Cou	nty
		2012		2011		2012	2011	 2012		2011
Current and other assets	\$	84,969,256	\$	80,408,152	\$	(3,784,326) \$	(3,277,337)	\$ 81,184,930	\$	77,130,815
Capital assets		92,889,823		97,191,690		2,226,682	2,225,815	 95,116,505		99,417,505
Total assets	_	177,859,079		177,599,842		(1,557,644)	(1,051,522)	 176,301,435		176,548,320
Noncurrent liabilities outstanding		34,305,149		37,159,020		34,619	328,247	34,339,768		37,487,267
Other liabilities		61,318,519		59,894,833		629,004	888,332	61,947,523		60,783,165
Total liabilities	_	95,623,668		97,053,853	_	663,623	1,216,579	 96,287,291		98,270,432
Net assets (deficit):										
Invested in capital assets, net of										
related debt		60,344,157		64,874,432		2,226,682	1,640,815	62,570,839		66,515,247
Restricted		5,259,339		5,662,046		-	324,407	5,259,339		5,986,453
Unrestricted (deficit)		16,631,945		10,009,510		(4,447,949)	(4,233,323)	12,183,996		5,776,187
Total net assets (deficit)	\$	82,235,441	\$	80,545,988	\$	(2,221,267) \$	(2,268,101)	\$ 80,014,174	\$	78,277,887

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted through enabling legislation for 2012 and 2011 consist of \$2,005,997 and \$2,503,008 for debt service, \$343,637 and \$1,221,960 for mental health and \$1,839,278 and \$885,011 for secondary roads, \$786,943 and \$783,546 for other statutory programs, \$70,995 and \$57,29 for rural services, respectively. An additional \$212,459 and \$534,999 is restricted by external third parties, respectively. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, \$12,183,996 for 2012 and \$5,834,116 for 2011, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County of Scott, Iowa is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets for governmental activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The County's total net assets increased by \$1,736,256 during the current fiscal year as compared to an increase of \$4,400,103 in 2010. The governmental-type activities' net assets increased by \$1,689,422 in 2012 and decreased by \$5,624,729 in 2011. The increase in 2012 was due to reduced functional expenditures in public safety and legal services and Adminstration. Property taxes increased by \$1.9 million and charges for services inncreased by \$507,000. These increases offst the decline intergovernmental revenues from the federal government. The decrease in 2011 was due to a transfer of assets to Scott Emergency Communication Center. The total business-type activities' net assets increased by \$46,834 in 2011 and increased by \$127,881 in 2011. The increase in 2012 was due to a transfer of equity to the golf course to offset capital maintenance an non capital equipment in capital assets for the golf course.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

Table 2 highlights the County's revenues and expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. These two main components are subtracted to yield the change in net assets. This table utilizes the full accrual method of accounting.

Revenue is further divided into two major components: program revenue and general revenue. Program revenue is defined as charges for services and sales and services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions. General revenue includes taxes, investment income and other unrestricted revenue sources.

	Governmental Activities		nges in Net Assets Business-Type	Activities	Total	County
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Revenues:	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 6,166,529	\$ 5,659,774	\$ 1,002,459	\$ 900,741	\$ 7,168,988	\$ 6,560,515
Operating grants and contributions	12,197,425	12,882,216	Ş 1,002,439 .	5 500,741	12,197,425	12,882,216
Capital grants and contributions	1,062,256	2,567,522			1,062,256	2,567,522
General revenues:	1,002,250	2,507,522			1,002,230	2,507,522
Taxes:					_	_
Property taxes	44,980,224	43,052,682	-	-	44,980,224	43,052,682
Local option sales tax	4,052,754	3,863,574	_	_	4,052,754	3,863,574
Gaming	596,840	584,582	-	_	4,0 <u>5</u> 2,754 596,840	584,582
Other taxes	68,374	68,512	_	_	68,374	68,512
Utility tax replacements	1,625,295	1,539,020	_	_	1,625,295	1,539,020
Penalties, interest and costs on taxes	789,143	791,685	_	_	789,143	791,685
State tax replacement credits	4,898,515	4,930,224	_	_	4,898,515	4,930,224
State shared revenues	3,146,564	2,775,120	_	_	3,146,564	2,775,120
Payments in lieu of taxes	6,682	6,782	-	-	6,682	6,782
Investment earnings	159,177	228,038	_	_	159,177	228,038
Miscellaneous	1,379,300	1,102,391	-	-	1,379,300	1,102,391
Total revenues	81,129,078	80,052,122	1,002,459	900,741	82,131,537	80,952,863
						00,002,000
Expenses:						
Public safety and legal services	28,029,758	36,474,619	-	-	28,029,758	36,474,619
Physical health and social services	5,439,626	5,695,818	-	-	5,439,626	5,695,818
Mental health	17,508,289	15,279,397	-	-	17,508,289	15,279,397
County environment and education	5,045,765	4,893,713	-	-	5,045,765	4,893,713
Roads and transportation	9,171,403	7,863,504	-	-	9,171,403	7,863,504
Government services to residents	2,262,947	2,117,384	-	-	2,262,947	2,117,384
Administration	10,131,539	11,500,872	-	-	10,131,539	11,500,872
Debt service, interest	1,587,438	1,674,554	-	-	1,587,438	1,674,554
Golf course	-	-	1,168,516	949,850	1,168,516	949,850
Total expenses	79,176,765	85,499,861	1,168,516	949,850	- 80,345,281	86,449,711
Transfers	(212,891)	(176,990)	212,891	176,990		-
Increase in net assets	1,739,422	(5,624,729)	46,834	127,881	1,786,256	(5,496,848)
Net assets (deficit), beginning	80,545,989	86,170,718	(2,268,101)	(2,395,982)	78,277,888	83,774,736
Net assets (deficit), ending	\$ 82,285,411	\$ 80,545,989	\$ (2,221,267)		\$ 80,064,144	\$ 78,277,888

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

Table 3 below discloses cost of services for governmental activities. The total cost of services column contains all costs related to the programs and the net cost column shows how much of the total amount is not covered by program revenues. Succinctly put, net costs are costs that must be covered by local taxes or other general revenue or transfers.

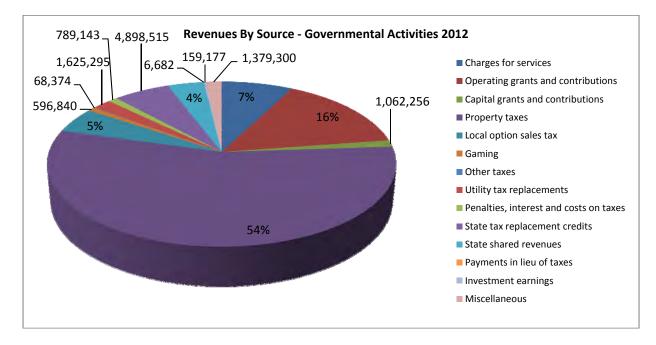
Tab	le 3 - Co	ounty of Scott'	s Go	vernmental A	ctivi	ities		
	-	otal Cost of	-	otal Cost of		et (Expense) of	ſ	Net (Expense) of
Programs	Se	ervices 2012	Se	ervices 2011		Services 2012		Services 2011
Public safety and legal services	\$	28,029,758	\$	36,474,619	\$	(25,288,428)	\$	(33,870,777)
Physical health and social services		5,439,626		5,695,818		(3,603,647)		(3,246,599)
Mental health		17,508,289		15,279,397		(8,960,920)		(7,525,661)
County environment and education		5,045,765		4,893,713		(3,822,012)		(3,798,917)
Roads and transportation		9,171,403		7,863,504		(8,087,631)		(5,218,461)
Government services to residents		2,262,947		2,117,384		596,919		539,532
Administration		10,131,539		11,500,872		(9,437,913)		(9,998,173)
Debt service, interest		1,587,438		1,674,554		(1,196,923)		(1,271,293)
Total	\$	79,176,765	\$	85,499,861	\$	(59,800,555)	\$	(64,390,349)

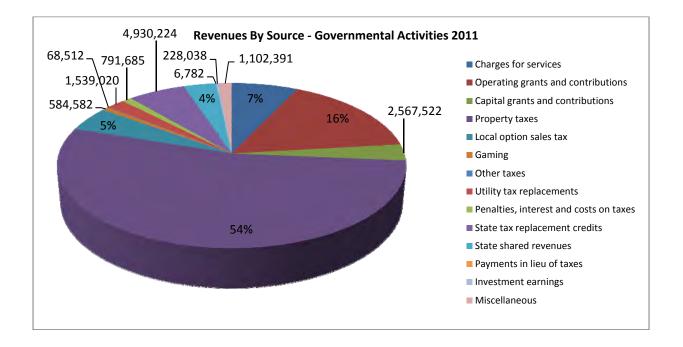
Net cost of services is 76 percent of total cost of services in 2012 and 75 percent in 2011. The County was able to maintain the net cost of services in the current year due to nontax revenues and fees being reviewed and adjusted on an ongoing basis based upon current budgeted expenditure controls. In fiscal year 2011, the County contributed public safety capital assets to the the Scott Emergency Communication Center component units.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### **Governmental Activities**

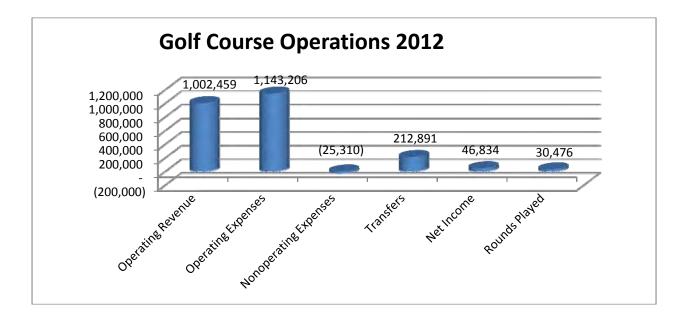
The graphs below show the percentage of the total governmental activities revenues allocated by each revenue type for 2012 and 2011.

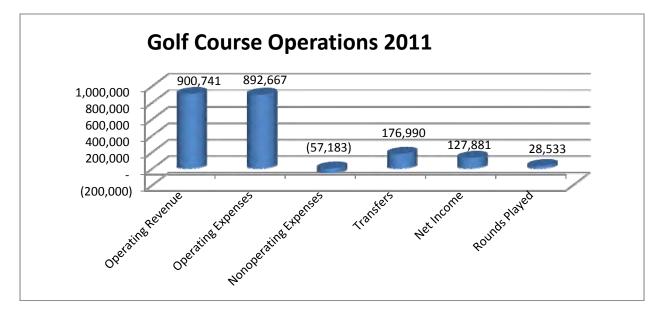




#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

Total business-type activities' revenue for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$1,002,459 and \$900,741, respectively. All of this revenue was generated for specific business-type activity expenses. The graphs below show a comparison between the business-type activity expenditures and program revenues and operations for Glynn's Creek Golf Course in 2012 and 2011. The golf course experienced at 6.8% increase in rounds played, while operating revenue impoved to \$1,002,459 or 11%. The fund expended additional operating expenses for non capital equipment and fertilizers / chemicals in fiscal year 2012.





#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

**Business-type activities:** Business-type activities increased the County of Scott's net assets by \$46,834 in the government's net assets in fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 compared to an increase of \$127,881 in fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County of Scott, Iowa uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental funds</u>: The focus of the County of Scott, Iowa's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, spendable fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County of Scott, Iowa's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$25,619,960, an increase of \$2,759,769 in comparison with the prior year fund balance of \$22,860,191. Approximately 37 percent of the 2012 total amount, or \$9,402,481 constitutes unassigned fund balance. Approximately \$9,247,282, or 40 percent, for 2011 constitutes unassigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$9,477,799 for 2011. The amount unassigned was \$9,247,282 for 2011 while total fund balance reached \$17,509,042 for 2012 and \$14,878,260 for 2011. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 19 percent of General Fund expenditures for 2012, while the unassigned fund balance represented 18 percent of total General Fund expenditures for 2011, while total fund balance also represents approximately 54 and 30 percent of that same amount for 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The fund balance of the County's General Fund increased by \$2,630,782 during the year ended June 30, 2012. The key factor in this increase was an increase in property tax revenues of \$1.8 Million. This increase offset the declining intergovernmental revenues of \$1.5 million. Charges for services increased by \$440 thousand. The county's General fund expenditures were \$50,211,926 in fiscal year 2012, compared to \$60,231,633 in fiscal year 2011 or a decrease in \$19,000. Expenditure reductions in Physical health and social services of \$1.1 millon dollars offset increases in Public safety and legal services, Mental health, Government services to residents and Administration.

The fund balance of the County's Mental Health / Development Disabilites decreased by \$943,641 during the year ended June 30, 2012. The key factor in this decrease was an increase in mental health spending to fullty utilize intergovernmental revenues in fiscal year 2012. Beginning fiscal year 2013, the State of Iowa reassigned Medicaid dollars to the state level from the local level. The State is in process of redisning mental health funding throughout the state.

The Secondary Roads Fund increased \$954,267 in 2012 from \$885,011 in 2011. The increase in fund balance relates to higher than anticipated revenues during the year of the road use tax. Additionally funds are restricted for future planned capital improvements with the secondary road system.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

The Debt Service Fund decreased \$505,238 in 2012 from \$2,558,322 in 2011. The decrease in fund balance relates to the normal principal and interest payments on debt outstanding.

<u>Proprietary funds</u>: The County of Scott's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

Formal and legal budgetary control is based on nonmajor classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund or fund type. Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget can be summarized as follows:

- The total original revenue budget of \$79,517,088 was increased to \$79,524,196 (an increase of \$10,108) mainly due to an expected decrease in intergovernmental grant revenue and an increase in local option sales tax. Actual revenues received were \$80,127,558.
- The total original expenditure budget of \$81,235,972 was increased to \$86,178,152 (an increase of \$4,942,180) mainly for increase mental health spending due to redesign state funding and authorization of planned capital outlay projects. Actual expenditures were \$77,154,896.
- The total original budget for transfers in and out of \$10,322,530 was decreased to \$9,973,030 (a decrease of \$349,500).

During the year, however, actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures. Iowa law requires budget amendments to specific expenditure service areas, i.e., public safety and legal service, to be enacted by the Board of Supervisors no later than May 31 of each fiscal year. Since the County's fiscal year ends on June 30 and since the County's budget is based on the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, the Board takes a conservative approach when enacting year-end budget amendments. This means the comparison of actual to budgeted amounts will usually show expenditures to be well below budgeted amounts. This is especially true for capital outlay function when projects may roll over to a subsequent fiscal year. The budgeted transfers out are for transfers to capital projects and special revenue funds.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u>: The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, amounts to \$95,116,505 and \$99,417,505 (net of accumulated depreciation), respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment, infrastructure and construction-in-progress. The total decrease in capital assets for 2012 was 4.3 percent (a 4.4 percent decrease for governmental activities). The total decrease in capital assets for 2011 was 5.2 percent (a 5.4 percent decrease for governmental activities and a 8.2 percent increase for business-type activities).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 included, the remodel of Juvenile Court Services – which brought this department back to the County campus from a leased facility, Conservation tractors and vehicles, motorgradors for secondary roads, Wapsi Center pond restoration, secondary road infrastructure improvements as well as technology additions to several courtrooms in the County Courthouse.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Table 4 - County of Scott's Capital Assets											
	_	Governmen	tal A	Activities		Business-Ty	pe A	Activities		То	tal	
		2012		2011		212		2011		2012		2011
Land	\$	4,394,059	\$	4,394,059	\$	1,556,336	\$	1,556,336	\$	5,950,395	\$	5,950,395
Construction-in-progress		1,466,617		4,421,553		23,872		-		1,490,489		4,421,553
Buildings		67,918,112		66,695,806		506,490		506,490		68,424,602		67,202,296
Improvements other than buildings		4,964,688		4,946,414		663,428		663,428		5,628,116		5,609,842
Infrastructure		91,342,729		88,224,817		62,374		62,374		91,405,103		88,287,191
Machinery and equipment		16,556,450		16,095,856		1,069,983		1,223,711		17,626,433		17,319,567
Accumulated depreciation		(93,752,832)		(87,586,815)		(1,655,801)		(1,786,524)		(95,408,633)		(89,373,339)
Total	\$	92,889,823	\$	97,191,690	\$	2,226,682	\$	2,225,815	\$	95,116,505	\$	99,417,505

Additional information on the County of Scott's capital assets can be found in Note 7 of this report.

<u>Debt</u>: As of June 30, 2012, the County of Scott, Iowa had general obligation bonds outstanding totaling \$14,080,000, a lease agreement for the jail facility for \$21,210,000. In the current year, the County governmental activities issued \$0 of new bonds and paid \$2,780,000 in principal and \$1,589,070 in interest on outstanding debt. Business-type activities paid \$585,000 in principal and \$18,035 in interest on outstanding debt in the current year. The county retired the lease development agreement for the golf course one year early.

<u>Debt</u>: As of June 30, 2011, the County of Scott, Iowa had general obligation bonds outstanding totaling \$15,660,000, a lease agreement for the jail facility for \$22,410,000 and a purchase contract (business-type activities) outstanding for \$585,000. In the current year, the County governmental activities issued \$0 of new bonds and paid \$2,680,000 in principal and \$1,675,660 in interest on outstanding debt. Business-type activities paid \$270,000 in principal and \$49,919 in interest on outstanding debt in the current year.

Table 5 - County of Scott	's Outstand	ling Debt, June	e 30		
		2012		2011	Maturity
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$	14,080,000	\$	15,660,000	2029
Lease agreement		21,210,000		22,410,000	2025
Total governmental activities	\$	35,290,000	\$	38,070,000	
Business-type activities, purchase contract and					
capital lease	\$	-	\$	585,000	2013

Additional information about the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 to the financial statements.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Scott County's urban levy rate was reduced to 1.3% to \$6.30 for FY13. The rural county levy rate increased by 0.3 percent for the budget year ending June 30, 2013 due to the legal requirement of Road Use Tax (RUT) local effort match. The tax base for the County of Scott increased 3.8 percent over the previous year.
- Health care costs and personnel costs, which make up a significant portion of the County's operating costs, continue to be reasonably controlled and negotiated. The County's move to self funded health insurance has resulted in 42 months of zero increase in County insurance premiums. A rate increase of \$4.07 to the employee family plan was approved by the Board of Supervisors in October, 2012. The county has two bargaining unit up for negotiation in the fall of 2012.
- The County's revenues are stable but flat and continue to remain at all-time low levels. Scott County has adjusted expenditures to meet flat revenue projections. This has been done through efficiencies such as LEAN programs, as well as the "Wall of Savings." The County is facing funding challenges as the State Legislature has passed a Mental Health reform legislation that eliminaties County funding for MHDD services in 2013, but continues the County requirement to provide these services. The County is applying for fiscal transition funding from the state to be awareded in the Spring of 2013. The Legislature is also working toward various property tax reform measures.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County of Scott, Iowa's budget for the June 30, 2013 fiscal year.

#### **Requests for Information**

These financial statements and discussions are designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a complete disclosure of the County's finances and to demonstrate a high degree of accountability for the public dollars entrusted to us. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please write Dee F. Bruemmer, County Administrator, Scott County Administrative Center, 600 West 4<sup>th</sup> Street, Davenport, Iowa 52801-1003.

#### Statement of Net Assets As of June 30, 2012

	Go	vernmental	mary Government Business-Type		C	omponent
Assets		Activities	Activities	Total		Units
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	26,991,590	\$ 199,652	\$ 27,191,242	\$	3,768,091
Restricted cash and investments		367,459	-	367,459		-
Receivables:						
Property taxes		49,224,753	-	49,224,753		-
Accrued interest		507,977	-	507,977		-
Accounts		537,926	47,922	585,848		12,684
Loans		535,000	-	535,000		-
Due from other governmental agencies		1,577,147	-	1,577,147		-
Capital lease receivable from primary						
government		-	-	-		1,245,000
Prepaids		109,906	-	109,906		-
Inventories		-	9,694	9,694		-
Total current assets		79,851,758	257,268	80,109,026		5,025,775
Noncurrent assets:						
Receivables:						
Notes		81,428	-	81,428		-
Loans		835,000	-	835,000		-
Capital lease receivable from primary						
government		-	-	-		19,965,000
Internal balances		4,041,594	(4,041,594)	-		-
Other post employment benefits asset		-	-	-		4,722
Unamortized bond issuance costs		159,476	-	159,476		112,782
Capital assets:						
Not depreciated:						
Land		4,394,059	1,556,336	5,950,395		16,600
Construction-in-progress		1,466,617	23,872	1,490,489		2,842,985
Depreciated:						
Buildings		67,918,112	506,490	68,424,602		8,859,353
Improvements other than buildings		4,964,687	663,428	5,628,115		-
Infrastructure		91,342,729	62,374	91,405,103		-
Machinery and equipment		16,556,450	1,069,983	17,626,433		14,180,133
Less accumulated depreciation		(93,752,831)	(1,655,801)	(95,408,632)		(2,611,290)
Total capital assets		92,889,823	2,226,682	95,116,505		23,287,781
Total noncurrent assets		98,007,321	(1,814,912)	96,192,409		43,370,285
Total assets	\$	177,859,079	\$ (1,557,644)	\$ 176,301,435	\$	48,396,060

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements

			Prin	nary Government			
	Governm			Business-Type		С	omponent
Liabilities and Net Assets	Activiti			Activities	Total	Units	
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 4,9	55,837	\$	63,034	\$ 5,018,871	\$	430,850
Current portion of claims payable		39,520		-	739,520		-
Accrued liabilities		11,652		35,331	1,646,983		207,503
Interest payable		51,380		493,853	545,233		110,881
Unearned revenue	49,6	46,648		23,993	49,670,641		-
Compensated absences	1,4	88,482		12,793	1,501,275		156,283
Current portion of general obligation bonds	1,6	25,000		-	1,625,000		-
Current portion of capital lease							
payable to component unit	1,2	45,000		-	1,245,000		-
Current portion of notes payable		-		-	-		461,240
Current portion of revenue bonds		-		-	-		1,245,000
Total current liabilities	61,3	63,519		629,004	61,992,523		2,611,757
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Claims payable	1	50,000		-	150,000		-
Compensated absences	1,2	93,704		34,619	1,328,323		92,547
Other post employment benefits obligation	3	50,194		-	350,194		7,817
General obligation bonds payable, net							
bond premium		01,251		-	12,501,251		-
Capital lease payable to component unit	19,9	65,000		-	19,965,000		-
Note payable, net discount		-		-	-		9,565,690
Revenue bonds payable, net bond discount		-		-	-		19,807,116
Total noncurrent liabilities	34,2	60,149		34,619	34,294,768		29,473,170
Total liabilities	95,6	23,668		663,623	96,287,291		32,084,927
Net assets (deficit):							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	62,3	92,934		2,226,682	64,619,616		13,624,990
Restricted for:							
Debt service	2,0	05,997		-	2,005,997		-
County conservation sewage treatment	2	12,459		-	212,459		-
Other statutory programs	7	86,943		-	786,943		
Mental health	3	43,637		-	343,637		-
Secondary roads	1,8	39,278		-	1,839,278		-
Rural services		70,995		-	70,995		-
Capital project, jail expansion		-		-	-		154,326
Unrestricted (deficit)	14,5	83,168		(4,447,949)	 10,135,219		2,531,817
Total net assets (deficit)		35,411		(2,221,267)	80,014,144		16,311,133
Total liabilities and net assets (deficit)	\$ 177,8	59,079	\$	(1,557,644)	\$ 176,301,435	\$	48,396,060

#### Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

			Program Revenues	
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Charges for Sales and Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government				
Governmental activities:	A			
Public safety and legal services	\$ 28,029,758			
Physical health and social services	5,439,626	399,182	1,336,797	100,000
Mental health	17,508,289	74,244	8,473,125	-
County environment and education	5,045,765	1,145,202	78,551	-
Roads and transportation	9,171,403	18,900	102,616	962,256
Government services to residents	2,262,947	2,588,909	270,957	-
Administration	10,131,539	267,800	425,826	-
Interest on long-term debt	1,587,438	-	390,515	-
Total governmental activities	79,176,765	6,116,529	12,197,425	1,062,256
Business-Type activities, golf	1,168,516	1,002,459		
Total primary government	\$ 80,345,281	\$ 7,118,988	\$ 12,197,425	\$ 1,062,256
Component Units				
Emergency Management Agency	\$ 174,737	\$ -	\$ 77,000	\$-
County Library	1,189,113	492,697	539,149	· _
Public Safety Authority	956,518	-	-	-
Scott Emergency Communication Center	7,257,076	-	7,385,229	49,607
Total component units	\$ 9,577,444	\$ 492,697	\$ 8,001,378	\$ 49,607
	State tax rep State shared r Payments in li Investment ea Miscellaneous	es sales tax placements terest and costs on ta placement credits, uni evenues, unrestricted eu of taxes irnings s <b>neral revenues</b>	restricted	
	Net assets (de	ficit), beginning of ye	ar	

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

Net assets (deficit), end of year

	Net (Expense)	Revenue and Changes in Net . Primary Government	Assets	
Goveri	nmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units
\$	(25,288,428)	\$ - \$	(25,288,428)	\$-
	(3,603,647)	-	(3,603,647)	-
	(8,960,920)	-	(8,960,920)	-
	(3,822,012)	-	(3,822,012)	-
	(8,087,631)	-	(8,087,631)	-
	596,919	-	596,919	-
	(9,437,913)	-	(9,437,913)	-
	(1,196,923)	-	(1,196,923)	-
	(59,800,555)	-	(59,800,555)	-
	-	(166,057)	(166,057)	
	(59,800,555)	(166,057)	(59,966,612)	-

(1,033,762)

44,980,224	-	44,980,224	-
4,052,754	-	4,052,754	-
596,840	-	596,840	-
68,374	-	68,374	-
1,625,295	-	1,625,295	-
789,143	-	789,143	-
4,898,515	-	4,898,515	-
3,146,564	-	3,146,564	-
6,682	-	6,682	-
159,177	-	159,177	928,950
1,379,300	-	1,379,300	57,902
 61,702,868	-	61,702,868	 986,852
 (212,891)	212,891	-	 -
1,689,422	46,834	1,736,256	(46,910)
 80,545,989	(2,268,101)	78,277,888	 16,358,043
\$ 82,235,411 \$	(2,221,267) \$	80,014,144	\$ 16,311,133

#### Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2012

		General		Mental Health/ Development Disabilities
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$	14,618,980	Ş	3,543,389
Restricted cash		212,459		-
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:				
Property taxes, net of allowance for collection losses		41,794,486		3,316,148
Accrued interest		507,977		-
Accounts		498,545		12,063
Loans		-		-
Notes		81,428		-
Due from other governmental agencies		1,268,680		102,203
Advance to other funds		4,041,594		-
Prepaids		109,906		-
Total assets	\$	63,134,055	\$	6,973,803
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		1,082,775	Ś	3,366,179
Claims payable	\$	11,347	Ŧ	
Accrued liabilities		1,474,326		23,553
Compensated absences		33,620		
Deferred revenue		43,022,945		3,315,752
Total liabilities		45,625,013		6,705,484
Fund balances (Deficits);				<u> </u>
Nonspendable		4,232,928		-
Restricted		999 <i>,</i> 402		343,637
Committed		-		-
Assigned		2,798,913		-
Unassigned		9,477,799		(75,318)
Total fund balances		17,509,042		268,319
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	63,134,055	\$	6,973,803

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements

					Nonmajor		
Seco	ondary Roads		Debt Service	Gov	ernmental Funds		Total
ć	1 000 212	÷	c02.002	ć	4 0 2 0 0 4 5	÷	24.004.400
\$	1,990,312	\$	682,902	\$	4,028,915	\$	24,864,498 367,459
	-		-		155,000		307,439
	-		1,355,797		2,758,322		49,224,753
	-		-		-		507,977
	-		-		27,318		537,926
	-		1,370,000		-		1,370,000
	-		-		-		81,428
	205,944		-		320		1,577,147
	-		-		-		4,041,594
	-		-		-		109,906
\$	2,196,256	\$	3,408,699	\$	6,969,875	\$	82,682,688
\$	243,205	\$	-	\$	261,553	\$	4,953,712
	-		-		-		11,347
	113,773		-		-		1,611,652
	-		-		-		33,620
	-		1,355,615		2,758,085		50,452,397
	356,978		1,355,615		3,019,638		57,062,728
	-		-		-		4,232,928
	1,839,278		2,053,084		1,323,022		6,558,423
	-		-		48,418		48,418
	-		-		2,578,797		5,377,710
	-		-		-		9,402,481
	1,839,278		2,053,084		3,950,237		25,619,960
\$	2,196,256	\$	3,408,699	\$	6,969,875	\$	82,682,688



# Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities As of June 30, 2012

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 25,619,960
Amounts reported for governmental activities are not financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Land	\$ 4,394,059	
Construction-in-progress	1,466,617	
Buildings	67,918,112	
Improvements other than buildings	4,964,687	
Infrastructure	91,342,729	
Machinery and equipment	16,556,450	
Accumulated depreciation	 (93,752,831)	92,889,823
Other long term assets are not available to pay for surrent pariod		
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:		
Deferred revenues		805,749
Deterred revenues		003,745
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs associated		
with self-insured health insurance. The assets and liabilities of the		
internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the		
statement of net assets. Internal service fund net assets are:		1,634,130
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in		
the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Claims payable	(387,336)	
Compensated absences	(2,748,566)	
Other post employment benefits obligation	(350,194)	
Accrued interest payable	(51,380)	
Capital lease payable to component unit	(21,210,000)	
Bond issuance costs	159,476	
Bond premium	(46,251)	
General obligation bonds payable	(14,080,000)	 (38,714,251)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 82,235,411

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		General		Mental Health/ Development Disabilities
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$	38,177,504	Ş	3,058,912
Local option sales tax		4,052,754		-
Other taxes		1,459,382		115,959
Interest and penalties on taxes		789,143		-
Intergovernmental		4,042,645		12,437,223
Charges for services		5,346,517		74,244
Investment earnings		145,478		-
Licenses and permits		641,244		-
Rentals and fees		222,959		-
Other		658,179		218,128
Total revenues		55,535,805		15,904,466
Expenditures: Current: Public safety and legal services Physical health and social services Mental health County environment and education Roads and transportation Government services to residents Administration Capital outlay Debt service Principal Interest and fees Total expenditures		26,757,076 5,395,364 608,279 3,911,429 - 2,210,614 9,203,859 - 1,200,000 925,305 50,211,926 5,323,879		- 16,858,107 - - - - - - 16,858,107 (953,641)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in		-		-
Transfers out		(2,693,097)		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,693,097)		-
Net change in fund balances		2,630,782		(953,641)
Fund balances, beginning of year		14,878,260		1,221,960
Fund balances, end of year	\$	17,509,042	\$	268,319
· · ·	<u> </u>	,,		

			Nonmajor		
Secondary Roads		Debt Service	Governmental Funds		Total
\$-	\$	1,275,366	\$ 2,466,578	\$	44,978,360
Ŷ -	Ŷ	-	- 2,400,370	Ŷ	4,052,754
-		45,882	669,285		2,290,508
-					789,143
3,249,180		417,279	102,860		20,249,187
6,745			35,624		5,463,130
-		-	6,715		152,193
12,155		-			653,399
		-	-		222,959
32,932		-	27,243		936,482
3,301,012		1,738,527	3,308,305		79,788,115
`					
-		-	-		26,757,076
-		-	-		5,395,364
-		-	-		17,466,386
-		-	539,149		4,450,578
5,111,168		-	-		5,111,168
-, ,		-	-		2,210,614
-		-	-		9,203,859
238,577		-	1,952,204		2,190,781
-		1,580,000	-		2,780,000
-		663,765	-		1,589,070
5,349,745		2,243,765	2,491,353		77,154,896
(2,048,733	)	(505,238)	816,952		2,633,219
2,743,000		-	1,858,539		4,601,539
-		-	(2,121,333)		(4,814,430)
260,000		-	79,441		339,441
3,003,000		-	(183,353)		126,550
954,267		(505,238)	633,599		2,759,769
885,011		2,558,322	3,316,638		22,860,191
\$ 1,839,278	\$	2,053,084	\$ 3,950,237	\$	25,619,960
<u> </u>		i			

#### Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 2,759,769
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement		
of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the		
statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their		
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following is the detail		
of the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year:		
Capital outlay capitalized		2,190,781
Some items reported as operating expenditures in the fund financial statements but are		2,150,701
capitalized in the government-wide statements		328,164
Capital assets transferred to Emergency Management Agency (Scott Emergency		520,201
Communication Center)		(22,941)
Depreciation		( ) ,
Public safety and legal services	\$ (1,372,456)	
Physical health and social services	(22,871)	
Mental health	(49,026)	
County environment and education	(678,311)	
Roads and transportation	(4,074,015)	
Governmental services to residents	(64,036)	
Administration	 (1,269,739)	(7,530,454)
Book value of capital assets retired		(329,673)
Capital contribution		1,062,256
Capital Contribution		1,002,230
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial		
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		1,865
		,
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to		
individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported		
with governmental activities		245,198
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, notes) provides current financial resources to governmental		
funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial		
resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets.		
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas		
in the governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following is a		
detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:		2 700 000
Repayment of bond principal and capital lease		2,780,000
Amortization of bond premium and bond issuance costs		(25,244)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current		
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds:		
Accrued interest on debt		3,934
Change in claims payable		255,946
Change in compensated absences		25,663
Change in other post employment benefits obligation		(55,842)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 1,689,422

# Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) Proprietary Funds As of June 30, 2012

Assets Current assets:	G	olf Course	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds			
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	199,652	\$	2,127,092		
Receivables, accounts		47,922		-		
Inventories		9,694		-		
Total current assets		257,268		2,127,092		
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Land		1,556,336		-		
Construction in progress		23,872		-		
Buildings		506,490		-		
Improvements other than buildings		663,428		-		
Infrastructure		62,374		-		
Machinery and equipment		1,069,983		-		
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,655,801)		-		
Total capital assets		2,226,682				
Total noncurrent assets		2,226,682		-		
Total assets	\$	2,483,950	\$	2,127,092		
Liabilities and Net Assets (Deficit)						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	63,034	\$	2,125		
Claims payable	Ļ	03,034	Ļ	490,837		
Accrued liabilities		- 35,331		490,837		
Interest payable		493,853		-		
Unearned revenue		23,993		-		
Compensated absences		12,793		-		
Current total liabilities		629,004		492,962		
		025,004		452,502		
Noncurrent liabilities						
Compensated absences		34,619		-		
Advance from other funds		4,041,594				
Total noncurrent liabilities		4,076,213				
Total liabilities		4,705,217		492,962		
Net assets (deficit):						
Invested in capital assets		2,226,682		-		
Unrestricted (deficit)		(4,447,949)		1,634,130		
Total net assets (deficit)		(2,221,267)		1,634,130		
Total liabilities and net assets (deficit)	\$	2,483,950	\$	2,127,092		

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets (Deficit) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	 Ente	siness-Type Activities rprise Fund - olf Course	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds		
Operating revenues: Charges for services Sales, net of cost of goods sold of \$78,549 Other <b>Total operating revenues</b>	\$	862,638 139,330 491 1,002,459	\$	5,642,935 - - 5,642,935	
Operating expenses: Personnel Depreciation Claims and administrative charges Other Total operating expenses		594,305 57,541 - 491,360 1,143,206		- 5,404,720 - 5,404,720	
Operating income (loss) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings Interest and amortization expense Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(140,747) - (25,310) (25,310)		238,215 6,983 - 6,983	
Income (loss) before transfers Transfers in		(166,057) 212,891		245,198	
Change in net assets Total net assets (deficit), beginning of year Total net assets (deficit), end of year	\$	46,834 (2,268,101) (2,221,267)	\$	245,198 1,388,932 1,634,130	

#### Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Bu	Business-Type		vernmental
		Activities		Activities
		erprise Fund -		Internal
	G	olf Course	Se	rvice Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from customers	\$	1,107,033	\$	5,642,935
Customer deposits paid		1,324		-
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(540,084)		(5,300,599)
Cash payments to employees for services		(585,931)		-
Net cash from operating activities		(17,658)		342,336
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Payments of purchase contract		(585,000)		-
Purchase of capital assets		(58,408)		-
Interest paid on purchase contract and capital lease		(18,035)		-
Net cash from capital and related financing activities		(661,443)		-
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Advance from other funds		321,270		
Transfers		212,891		-
Net cash from noncapital financing activities		534,161		
Net cash non noncapital mancing activities		554,101		
Cash flows from investing activities, interest received		-		6,983
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(144,940)		349,319
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Beginning		344,592		1,777,773
Ending	\$	199,652	\$	2,127,092
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(140,747)	\$	238,215
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities:		,		
Depreciation		57,541		-
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Receivables		26,028		-
Inventories		1,433		-
Accounts payable		28,390		80
Claims payable		-		104,041
Accrued compensation		8,373		-
Customer deposits		1,324		-
Net cash from operating activities	\$	(17,658)	\$	342,336
Noncash capital and related financing activities, amortization of bond issuance				
costs and discount on purchase contract	Ś	13,317	\$	-
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Statement of Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds As of June 30, 2012

Assets		
Cash and investments	\$	9,050,921
Receivables:		
Property taxes		237,824,564
Accounts		13,892
Total assets	\$	246,889,377
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	407,485
Due to other governmental agencies		246,113,085
Due to private individuals		368,807
Total liabilities	\$	246,889,377
	_	

# Combining Statement of Net Assets

Discretely Presented Component Units

As of June 30, 2012

		mergency anagement Agency	Со	unty Library	Public Safety Authority		ott Emergency ommunication Center		Total
Assets									
Current assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	219,023	Ş	205,795	Ş -	\$	3,343,273	Ş	3,768,091
Receivables:									
Accounts		12,684		-	-		-		12,684
Capital lease receivable from primary									
government		-		-	1,245,000		-		1,245,000
Total current assets		231,707		205,795	1,245,000		3,343,273		5,025,775
Noncurrent assets:									
Capital lease receivable from primary									
government		-		-	19,965,000		-		19,965,000
Other post employment benefits asset		-		4,722	-		-		4,722
Bond issuance costs		-		-	69,551		43,231		112,782
Capital assets:									
Land		-		16,600	-		-		16,600
Construction in progress		-		-	-		2,842,985		2,842,985
Buildings		-		1,131,866	-		7,727,487		8,859,353
Machinery and equipment		623,066		180,005	-		13,377,062		14,180,133
Accumulated depreciation		(278,132)		(422,047)	-		(1,911,111)		(2,611,290)
Total capital assets, net		344,934		906,424	-		22,036,423		23,287,781
Total noncurrent assets		344,934		911,146	20,034,551		22,079,654		43,370,285
Total assets	\$	576,641	\$	1,116,941	\$ 21,279,551	\$	25,422,927	\$	48,396,060
Liabilities and Net Assets									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	1,226	ć	18,588	s -	\$	411,036	ć	430,850
Accrued liabilities	Ļ	4,037	Ļ	33,526	- ,	Ļ	169,940	Ļ	207,503
Interest payable		4,037		55,520	73,109		37,772		110,881
		4 405		-	75,109		-		
Compensated absences		4,485		32,687	1 245 000		119,111		156,283
Current portion revenue bonds payable		-		-	1,245,000		-		1,245,000
Current portion notes payable				-	-		461,240		461,240
Total current liabilities		9,748		84,801	1,318,109		1,199,099		2,611,757
Noncurrent liabilities:									
Compensated absences		14,733		23,071	-		54,743		92,547
Other post employment benefits obligation		2,965		-	-		4,852		7,817
Revenue bonds payable, net bond discount		-		-	19,807,116		-		19,807,116
Notes payable, net discount		-		-	-		9,565,690		9,565,690
Total noncurrent liabilities		17,698		23,071	19,807,116		9,625,285		29,473,170
Total liabilities		27,446		107,872	21,125,225		10,824,384		32,084,927
Net Assets:		27,440		107,872	21,125,225		10,824,384		52,004,527
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		344,934		906,424			12,373,632		13,624,990
•		544,554		500,424	154 220		12,373,032		
Restricted for capital projects		-		102 645	154,326		-		154,326
Unrestricted		204,261		102,645	-		2,224,911		2,531,817
Total net assets		549,195		1,009,069	154,326		14,598,543		16,311,133
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	576,641	\$	1,116,941	\$ 21,279,551	\$	25,422,927	\$	48,396,060

#### Combining Statement of Activities Discretely Presented Component Units For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Program Revenues				
		Charges for Operating Sales and Grants and		Capi	al Grants and	
	 Expenses	Services	Со	ntributions	Con	tributions
Emergency Management Agency						
Public safety and legal services	\$ 174,737	\$-	\$	77,000	\$	-
County Library						
County environment and education	1,189,113	492,697		539,149		-
Public Safety Authority						
Public safety and legal services	956,518	-		-		-
Scott Emergency Communication Center						
Government services to reidents	7,257,076	-		7,385,229		49,607
Total component units	\$ 9,577,444	\$ 492,697	\$	8,001,378	\$	49,607

#### **General Revenues**

Interest earnings Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Changes in net assets Net assets, beginning of year Net assets, end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets											
	mergency anagement		Public Safety	Scott Emergency Communication							
	Agency	County Library	Authority	Center	Total						
\$	(97,737)	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ (97,737)						
	-	(157,267)	-	-	(157,267)						
	-	-	(956,518)	-	(956,518)						
	-	-	-	177,760	177,760						
	(97,737)	(157,267)	(956,518)	177,760	(1,033,762)						
	-	-	925,305	3,645	928,950						
	51,010	6,088	-	804	57,902						
	51,010	6,088	925,305	4,449	986,852						
	(46,727)	(151,179)	(31,213)	182,209	(46,910)						
	595,922	1,160,248	185,539	14,416,334	16,358,043						
\$	549,195	\$ 1,009,069	\$ 154,326	\$ 14,598,543	\$ 16,311,133						

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies

### Nature of operations:

The County of Scott, Iowa (The County) is incorporated and operates under the provisions of the Code of Iowa. The County is governed by a County Board and managed by the County Administrator. The powers and duties of the County Administrator are to coordinate and direct all administrative and management functions of the County government not otherwise vested by law in boards or commissions or in other elected officials. The County provides many functions and services to citizens, including law enforcement, health and social services, parks and cultural activities, planning and zoning, education and general administrative services. Other activities include the operation of a road department and contracts with a third party to provide mental health services.

#### Financial reporting entity:

In accordance with the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, the basic financial statements include all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities for which the County is financially accountable. The County has also considered all other potential organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the County to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for that organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the County. Based on these criteria, the County is presented as a primary government and includes the following component units because of their operational significance and relationship with the County. The organizations provide specific benefits to the County. All of the component units have a June 30 year-end and are considered discretely presented component units. Discretely presented component units are as follows:

<u>Emergency Management Agency</u>: The Scott County Emergency Management Commission provides direction for the delivery of the emergency management services of planning, administration, coordination, training and support for local governments and their departments. The Commission coordinates its services in the event of a disaster. The Commission receives its funding from the federal government, public utility companies and voluntary allocations from the participating governments, including significant fiscal dependence from Scott County. The Code of Iowa provides for circumstances whereby the Commission can create a potential financial burden or benefit on the County.

<u>County Library</u>: The Scott County Library Board of Trustees provides library services to all the cities within Scott County with the exception of the City of Bettendorf, the City of LeClaire and the City of Davenport. In addition, the Library provides services to the unincorporated residents of Scott County and also to the citizens of the City of Durant through a contractual arrangement. The Trustees annually direct the Board of Supervisors to levy property taxes to the unincorporated area, in addition to providing tax levying amounts to each of the participating cities. The Board of Trustees is appointed by the Board of Supervisors and the Code of Iowa provides for circumstances whereby the Library can create a potential financial burden or benefit on the County.

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Public Safety Authority</u>: The Public Safety Authority (PSA) is responsible for the jail expansion project through the issuance of revenue bonds. The jail expansion will provide holding cells and a centralized booking area to the County and the City of Davenport. The Authority entered into a lease with the County to provide the funding necessary for the bond repayment schedule. Although the PSA has a jointly appointed Board by the County and the City of Davenport, it is considered a component unit of the County because it would be misleading to exclude due to the PSA being fiscally dependent on the lease payments from the County, making the County financially accountable for the PSA.

<u>Scott Emergency Communication Center</u>: The Scott Emergency Communication Center (SECC) provides public safety dispatch and communication services for all participating public safety answering points to improve services to the citizens of the County. Although the SECC has a jointly appointed Board by the members, it is considered a component unit of the County due to the Code of lowa providing for circumstances whereby the SECC can create a potential financial burden or benefit on the County. A material amount of operating contributions to SECC is provided by the County.

None of the individual component units issue separate financial statements.

In addition, the GASB issued Statement No. 39, in May 2002, which sets forth additional criteria to determine whether certain organizations for which the County is not financially accountable should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the County. These criteria include 1) the economic resources being received or held by the separate organization being entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the County, its component units, or its constituents, 2) the County being entitled to, or having the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the County and 3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the County is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the County. Based on these additional criteria, there are no additional organizations which should be included in these basic financial statements.

#### Basis of presentation:

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

<u>Government-wide and fund financial statements</u>: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

<u>Fund accounting</u>: The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self balancing accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance/net assets, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The County has the following fund types:

**Governmental fund types**: Governmental fund types are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used; current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they are paid; and the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities, the fund equity, is referred to as "fund balance." The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

<u>Mental Health/Developmental Disabilities Fund</u>: To account for property taxes, state revenue and other revenue that are restricted or committed to be used to provide mental health and disability services. The Mental Health/Developmental Disabilities Fund is a special revenue fund.

<u>Secondary Roads Fund</u>: To account for state revenue and other revenue that are restricted or committed to be used to maintain and improve the County's roads. The Secondary Roads Fund is a special revenue fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to the servicing of the general long-term debt not financed by a specific source.

The other governmental funds of the County are considered nonmajor and are as follows:

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Special Revenue Funds**: are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

<u>Rural Services Fund</u>: To account for taxes levied to benefit the rural residents of the County.

<u>Recorders Management Fees Fund</u>: To account for one dollar fee collected for each recorded transaction to be used for the purpose of preserving and maintaining public records.

**Capital Projects Fund**: To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned the acquisition of property and equipment or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary funds.

**Proprietary fund types**: are used to account for a government's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon income determination, financial position and cash flows.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u>: are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the County has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

The following is the County's major Enterprise Fund:

<u>*Glynns Creek Golf Course Fund*</u>: is used to account for the operation and maintenance for the County's 18-hole golf course.

<u>Internal Service fund types</u>: are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County, or to other governmental entities, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County's internal service fund consists of the following:

<u>Health Insurance Fund</u>: To account for health insurance provided to the County departments and component units.

<u>Dental Insurance Fund</u>: To account for dental insurance provided to the County departments and component units.

**Fiduciary fund types**: Fiduciary fund types are used to account for net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary funds of the County are considered agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities), follow the accrual basis of accounting and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The County's agency funds consist of the following:

<u>Agricultural Extension Service Fund, Bangs Eradication Fund, City Taxing Districts Fund,</u> <u>Community College Taxing District Fund, Fire Taxing District Fund, School Taxing District Fund,</u> <u>Township Taxing District Fund and Other Taxing Districts Fund</u>: To account for the property taxes collected by the County for the Districts.

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>City Special Assessments Fund</u>: To account for the special assessment taxes collected by the County on behalf of the City of Davenport.

<u>County Sheriff Agency Fund</u>: To account for the funds received for court services performed by the Sheriff's department.

<u>Community Services Fund</u>: To account for funds for those individuals who are incapable of managing their own affairs.

<u>County Recorder Agency Fund, Motor Vehicle Tax Fund and Use Tax Fund</u>: To account for fees and taxes collected by the County for the state.

Tax Sale Redemption Fund: To account for the tax sale proceeds collected by the County.

Jail Inmate Fund: To account for receipts from the sale of commissary items to inmates and for funds confiscated upon arrest.

<u>County Assessor Fund</u>: To account for funds held on behalf of the County Conference Board.

<u>County Assessor Special Fund</u>: To account for funds held on behalf of the County Conference Board.

<u>City Assessor Fund</u>: To account for funds held on behalf of the City Conference Board.

City Assessor Special Fund: To account for funds held on behalf of the City Conference Board.

Riverside Fund: To account for fund held on behalf of the County Library 28E agreement.

#### Measurement focus and basis of accounting:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements and the discretely presented component unit financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the County; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded and the availability criteria. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, charges for sales and services, and miscellaneous revenues are generally recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are measurable and available.

Property taxes are recognized as a receivable at the time an enforceable legal claim is established. This is determined to occur when the budget is certified and approved by the state of Iowa. The current tax levy recognized in revenue was certified in May 2011, based on the 2010 assessed valuations. These taxes are due in two installments, on September 30 and March 31, with a 1.5 percent per month penalty for delinquent payment.

The business-type activities and enterprise funds follow all pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and have elected not to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board guidance issued after November 30, 1989.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### Significant accounting policies:

The significant accounting policies of the County and its discretely presented component units are as follows:

<u>Pooled cash and investment account</u>: Separate bank accounts and investments are not maintained for all County funds, as certain funds maintain their cash and investment balances in a pooled account. Accounting records are maintained to show the portion of the pooled account attributable to each participating fund.

Earnings on the pooled account are allocated to the General Fund unless statutes require otherwise or the Board of Supervisors has authorized otherwise. These respective allocations are made based on the average balances by fund.

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Investments</u>: Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost which approximates fair value. Securities traded on the national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

<u>Statement of cash flows</u>: For purposes of cash flows, the County considers its pooled cash and investment accounts as cash equivalents since these accounts have the general characteristics of demand deposits. Also, all highly liquid investments, with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, are considered to be cash equivalents.

<u>Inventories</u>: Governmental fund inventory items are charged to expenditure accounts when purchased. Year-end inventory was not significant. Proprietary fund inventories are carried at cost, as determined using the first-in, first-out method.

<u>Prepaids</u>: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Capital assets</u>: Capital assets, including land, construction-in-progress, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Infrastructure also includes assets acquired prior to June 30, 1980. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an initial useful life of one year or greater. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized in the current fiscal year.

All reported capital assets except land and construction-in-progress are depreciated.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective

Building	50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 years
Infrastructure	10 - 100 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20 years

The County's collection of works of art, library books and other similar assets are not capitalized. These collections are unencumbered, held for public exhibition and education, protected, cared for and preserved and subject to County policy that requires proceeds from the sale of these items, if any, to be used to acquire other collection items.

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Deferred/unearned revenue</u>: Deferred revenues arise from taxes levied in the current year which are for subsequent year's operations. For governmental fund financial statements, deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received before the County has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the County has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

<u>Interfund transactions</u>: Transactions from County funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to County government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved.

Transactions which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Transactions, which constitute the transfer of resources from a fund receiving revenues to a fund through which revenues are to be expended, are separately reported in the respective funds' operating statements.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Noncurrent portions of long-term inter-fund loan receivables are reported as advances. Within the governmental funds, advances are offset equally by a fund balance nonspendable account which indicates they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

For the statement of net assets and statement of activities, interfund balances, advances and transfers within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

<u>Compensated absences</u>: Under terms of the County's personnel policy, County employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based upon length of employment by the County. Vacation days accumulate up to two times the employee's yearly vacation rate, and total accumulated vacation will be paid upon termination of employment. Sick leave accumulates without limit. Employees hired before July 1, 2000 have an option of being paid 50 percent of all hours above 720 up to a maximum of 1,680 hours or to be paid 25 percent of all hours available up to a maximum of 1,680 hours. Payment should not exceed 480 hours. The option is not selected until retirement. Employees hired after July 1, 2000 are paid 25 percent of all hours available up to a maximum of 1,680. Payment should not exceed 420 hours.

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

For proprietary fund types, these accumulations are recorded as expenses and liabilities of the appropriate fund in the fiscal year earned. The governmental fund types report the amount of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave, which is considered due, as a result of employee retirements and resignations. The amount of the liability not considered due is not reported in the fund financial statements. However, the entire compensated absence liability is reported in the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Fund equity</u>: In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the County classifies governmental fund balance as follows:

- Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are
  internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making
  authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (ordinance, resolution,
  motion) of the County. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but
  the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the
  subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the
  County that originally created the commitment.
- Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are not considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned through the following; 1) the County has adopted a financial policy authorizing the County Administrator to assign amounts for a specific purpose. 2) All remaining positive spendable amounts in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments may take place after the reporting period.
- Unassigned Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

The County has adopted a fund balance policy for all governmental funds as follows: General Fund unassigned fund balance is to exceed 15% of annual operating expenses; Secondary Roads Fund restricted fund balances is to be between 5% and 10% of annual operating expenses; Mental Health / Developmental Disabilities Fund is to be between 5% and 10% of annual operating expenses; Debt Service Fund is to exceed a \$25,000 minimum balance and Rural Services Fund is to exceed \$25,000 minimum balance. As of June 30, 2012, the Secondary Roads Fund and the Mental Health / Developmental Disabilities Fund had fund balance restrictions at 34% and 2%, respectively. The Secondary Roads Fund exceeded the policy for a planned fiscal year 2014 275<sup>th</sup> Street repaving project and similar projects. The Mental Health / Developmental Disabilities Fund was below the policy level due to the required Medicaid expenditures exceeding state funding appropriations.

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Net assets</u>: Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, excludes unspent debt proceeds. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net assets are all other net assets that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

The County first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the County would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

<u>Bond discounts, premiums and issue costs</u>: In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond discounts and premiums, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond discounts and premiums, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses while premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Budgetary information</u>: Budgets are prepared using the same accounting basis and practices as are used to account for and prepare financial reports for the funds; thus, budgets presented in this report for comparison to actual amounts are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The County uses the following procedures when establishing their operational budget:

Prior to January 15, each County Officer and department submits budget estimates for the coming fiscal year to the Director of Budget and Information Processing. The Budget Manager compiles the budget estimates received from the officers and departments. The County Administrator presents them to the County Board prior to the end of January.

- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to March 15, the budget is legally adopted by resolution of the County Board.
- The budget may be amended by majority approval of the County Board prior to May 31 after public notice has been published.
- Encumbrances are not recognized in the budget and appropriations lapse at year-end.

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The legal level of control is at the program expenditure level. These seven classes are: public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, County environment and education, roads and transportation, governmental services to residents and administration.

In addition, the County Board must appropriate, by resolution, the budgets for each of the different County offices and departments. Emphasis is placed on monitoring budgets at the departmental level by major class of expenditures, rather than by line item expenditure. County management can approve budget shifts within the major classes but not between major classes. During the year, there were two budget amendments adopted in March 2012 and May 2012.

<u>Use of estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 2. Deficit Net Assets

The Glynns Creek Golf Course Enterprise Fund had a net asset deficit of \$2,221,267 as of June 30, 2012. The deficit is expected to be eliminated through future earnings of the golf course.

# Note 3. Deposits and Investments

As of June 30, 2012, the County's cash and investments were as follows:

Cash on hand and deposits with financial institutions	\$ 27,558,701
Cash on hand and deposits with financial institutions,	
discretely presented component units	3,768,091
Cash on hand and deposits with financial institutions, agency funds	9,050,921
	\$ 40,377,713

<u>Interest rate risk</u>: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with the County's investment policy, portfolio maturities shall be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentration of assets in a specific maturity sector. Maturities shall be selected which provide stability of income and reasonable liquidity.

As of June 30, 2012, the County did not have any investments subject to interest rate risk.

<u>Credit risk</u>: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County is authorized by statute to invest in U.S. government and agency obligations, perfected repurchase agreements and commercial paper rated within the two highest prime classifications by at least one of the standard rating services. The County's investment policy does limit them from investing in reverse repurchase agreements, futures and options contracts, inverse floaters, and stripped securities, including principal only and interest only strips.

As of June 30, 2012, the County did not have any investments subject to credit risk.

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

# Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

<u>Custodial credit risk:</u> For deposits, this is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa requires all County funds be deposited into an approved depository and be either insured or collateralized. As of June 30, 2012, the County did not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk. There were no deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

### Note 4. Interfund Account Balances

Advances from and to other funds as of June 30, 2012 were as follows:

	A	dvances To	Ad	ances From
	Other			
General Fund	\$	4,041,594	\$	-
Glynns Creek Golf Course Enterprise Fund		-		4,041,594
	\$	4,041,594	\$	4,041,594

Advances include interfund loans for annual operating costs. Any excess funds generated by the golf course are used to repay this advance. Of the balance reported, \$4,041,594 is considered to be non-current.

# Note 5. Interfund Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

	T	ransfers In	Tr	ansfers Out
Governmental activities:				
Major governmental funds:				
General	\$	-	\$	2,693,097
Secondary roads		2,743,000		-
Nonmajor governmental funds:				
Capital projects		1,858,539		-
Rural services		-		2,061,118
Recorders management fees		-		60,215
Total governmental activities		4,601,539		4,814,430
Business -Type Activities				
Nonmajor Enterprise fund:				
Golf-Course		212,891		-
Total Transfers	\$	4,814,430	\$	4,814,430

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them or (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

### Note 6. Note Receivable

The County issued a note to Greater Davenport Redevelopment Corporation (GDRC) for the purpose of funding operating expenses. During 2008, the County modified the agreement, which increased the principal amount to \$116,175 and decreased the interest rate to 0 percent. The note is due upon the sale or conveyance by GDRC of any lot or parcel at a rate of \$688.75 per acre sold. As of June 30, 2012, the outstanding balance was \$81,428 and there are approximately 119 acres to be sold.

Scott County has entered into a subordination agreement with Wells Fargo in regards to the GDRC note. This subordination agreement states that if GDRC defaults on their loan of \$400,000 with Wells Fargo, the County will be unable to collect the \$81,428 note receivable; therefore, the note receivable has been presented as a noncurrent asset.

### Note 7. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2012:

		Balance					Balance
Governmental Activities	Ju	ne 30, 2011	A	Additions	Deletions	Ju	ine 30, 2012
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	4,394,059	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,394,059
Construction in progress		4,421,553		1,450,434	 (4,405,370)		1,466,617
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		8,815,612		1,450,434	 (4,405,370)		5,860,676
Capital assets being depreciated							
Buildings		66,695,806		1,222,306	-		67,918,112
Improvements other than buildings		4,946,414		18,273	-		4,964,687
Infrastructure		88,224,817		3,117,912	-		91,342,729
Machinery and equipment		16,095,856		2,177,646	 (1,717,052)		16,556,450
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		175,962,893		6,536,137	 (1,717,052)		180,781,978
Less: accumulated depreciation for							
Buildings		23,353,824		2,416,302	-		25,770,126
Improvements other than buildings		1,469,806		270,359	-		1,740,165
Infrastructure		51,475,163		3,654,766	-		55,129,929
Machinery and equipment		11,288,022		1,189,027	 (1,364,438)		11,112,611
Total Accumulated Depreciation		87,586,815		7,530,454	 (1,364,438)		93,752,831
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciation		88,376,078		(994,317)	 (352,614)		87,029,147
Total Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$	97,191,690	\$	456,117	\$ (4,757,984)	\$	92,889,823

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

# Note 7. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-Type Activities	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2011	A	dditions	C	Deletions	Balance ne 30, 2012
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	1,556,336	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,556,336
Construction in progress		-		23,872		-	 23,872
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		1,556,336		23,872			 1,580,208
Capital assets being depreciated							
Buildings		506,490		-		-	506,490
Improvements other than buildings		663,428		-		-	663,428
Infrastructure		62,374		-		-	62,374
Machinery and equipment		1,223,711		34,536		(188,264)	 1,069,983
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		2,456,003		34,536		(188,264)	2,302,275
Less: accumulated depreciation for							
Buildings		185,220		10,130		-	195,350
Improvements other than buildings		592,029		12,376		-	604,405
Infrastructure		62,374		-		-	62,374
Machinery and equipment		946,901		35,035		(188,264)	 793,672
Total Accumulated Depreciation		1,786,524		57,541		(188,264)	1,655,801
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciation		669,479		(23,005)		-	646,474
Business-Type Activities							 
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$	2,225,815	\$	867	\$	-	\$ 2,226,682

A summary of the changes in capital assets of the discretely presented component units is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Discretely Presented Component Units	June 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2012
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 16,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,600
Construction in progress	10,947,315	558,500	(8,662,830)	2,842,985
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	10,963,915	558,500	(8,662,830)	2,859,585
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	1,297,266	7,727,487	(165,400)	8,859,353
Machinery and equipment	12,766,476	1,413,657		14,180,133
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	14,063,742	9,141,144	(165,400)	23,039,486
Less: accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	280,339	185,036	(63,384)	401,991
Machinery and equipment	779,592	1,429,707		2,209,299
Total Accumulated Depreciation	1,059,931	1,614,743	(63,384)	2,611,290
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciation	13,003,811	7,526,401	(102,016)	20,428,196
Total Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$ 23,967,726	\$ 8,084,901	\$ (8,764,846)	\$ 23,287,781

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

### Note 7. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Public safety and legal services	\$ 1,372,456
Physical health and social services	22,871
Mental health	49,026
County environment and education	678,311
Roads and transportation	4,074,015
Governmental services to residents	64,036
Administration	 1,269,739
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 7,530,454
Business-Type activities, golf course	\$ 57,541

#### Note 8. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2012:

	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions		Balance s June 30, 2012		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:									
General obligation bonds	\$	15,660,000	\$ -	\$	1,580,000	\$	14,080,000	\$	1,625,000
Add deferred amount for:									
Premium		55,824	 -		9,573		46,251		
Subtotal for general obligation bonds		15,715,824	 -		1,589,573		14,126,251		1,625,000
Other Liabilities:									
Compensated absences		2,774,229	1,346,629		1,338,672		2,782,186		1,488,482
Other post employment benefits		294,352	159,936		104,094		350,194		-
Capital lease		22,410,000	-		1,200,000		21,210,000		1,245,000
Claims payable		1,080,849	 5,553,562		5,744,891		889,520		739,520
Total Governmental Activities									
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	42,275,254	\$ 7,060,127	\$	9,977,230	\$	39,358,151	\$	5,098,002
		Balance		_			Balance		Due Within
	Ju	ine 30, 2011	 Additions	Retirements		Ju	ine 30, 2012		One Year
Business-Type Activities:									
Purchase contract	\$	585,000	\$ -	\$	585,000	\$	-	\$	-
Compensated absences		45,125	 19,165		16,878		47,412		12,793
	\$	630,125	\$ 19,165	\$	601,878	\$	47,412	\$	12,793

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

### Note 8. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

	Balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Retirements	Balance etirements June 30, 2012	
Discretely Presented Component					
Units Activities:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 22,410,000	\$-	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 21,210,000	\$ 1,245,000
Subtract deferral amounts for:					
Discount	(179,434)	-	(21,550)	(157,884)	-
Subtotal for revenues bonds	22,230,566		1,178,450	21,052,116	1,245,000
Notes payable Subtract deferral amounts for:	10,551,163	-	451,240	10,099,923	461,240
Discount	(79,718)	-	(6,725)	(72,993)	-
Subtotal for notes payable	10,471,445		444,515	10,026,930	461,240
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated absences	239,061	143,912	134,143	248,830	156,283
Other post employment benefits	2,601	1,414	920	3,095	
Total Discretely Presented Compon	ent				
Units Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 32,943,673	\$ 145,326	\$ 1,758,028	\$ 31,330,971	\$ 1,862,523

General obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2012 consist of \$1,370,000 of solid waste refunding bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.6 percent to 3.8 percent, \$1,115,000 of general obligation geographic information systems bonds with interest at rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 4.1 percent, \$9,560,000 of general obligation emergency equipment bonds with interest at rates ranging from 1.5 percent to 5.8 percent, and \$2,035,000 of urban renewal refunding bonds with interest at rates ranging from 2.5 percent to 3.0%

On March 1, 2007, Scott County issued \$3,685,000 in General Obligation County Solid Waste Disposal Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A to refund \$3,645,000 of outstanding Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bond, Series 1995. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$280,000 to \$555,000 through 2015 at interest rates from 3.6 percent to 3.8 percent.

On July 13, 2006, the County issued \$2,500,000 in General Obligation Geographic Information System Bonds, Series 2006A. The bonds were issued to finance improvements to the County's Geographic Information System and related costs. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$215,000 to \$290,000 through 2016 at interest rates from 4.0 percent to 4.1 percent.

On December 17, 2009, the County issued \$10,445,000 in General Obligation Emergency Equipment Bonds, Series 2009A. The bonds were issued to finance the acquisition of emergency equipment and related costs. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$440,000 to \$720,000 through 2029 at interest rates from 1.5 percent to 5.8 percent.

On December 17, 2009, Scott County issued \$2,755,000 in General Obligation Urban Renewal Refunding Bonds, Series 2009B with interest rates ranging from 2.5 percent to 3.0 percent to refund \$2,745,000 of outstanding General Obligation Urban Renewal Bond, Series 2002A, with interest rates ranging from 2.3 percent to 4.6 percent.

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

### Note 8. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The debt service requirements on the bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2012 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	 Principal Interes		Interest	Total		
2013	\$ 1,625,000	\$	616,560	\$	2,241,560	
2014	1,685,000		565,348		2,250,348	
2015	1,440,000		506,965		1,946,965	
2016	1,195,000		456,325		1,651,325	
2017	925,000		412,430		1,337,430	
2018-2022	2,665,000		1,654,610		4,319,610	
2023-2027	3,130,000		932,175		4,062,175	
2028-2029	1,415,000		123,135		1,538,135	
Total	\$ 14,080,000	\$	5,267,548	\$	19,347,548	

On February 13, 2006, the Public Safety Authority, a discretely presented component unit, issued \$29,700,000 Jail Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2006. The bonds were issued for the purpose of building a new jail facility. The bonds were issued with interest rates ranging from 3.75 percent to 4.375 percent.

The debt service requirements on the revenue bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2012 are as follows:

Principal	Interest	Total
\$ 1,245,000	\$ 877,305	\$ 2,122,305
1,300,000	827,505	2,127,505
1,350,000	775,505	2,125,505
1,410,000	721,505	2,131,505
1,470,000	665,105	2,135,105
8,400,000	2,381,638	10,781,638
6,035,000	530,741	6,565,741
\$21,210,000	\$ 6,779,304	\$27,989,304
	\$ 1,245,000 1,300,000 1,350,000 1,410,000 1,470,000 8,400,000 6,035,000	\$ 1,245,000 \$ 877,305 1,300,000 827,505 1,350,000 775,505 1,410,000 721,505 1,470,000 665,105 8,400,000 2,381,638 6,035,000 530,741

The County has pledged as security for bonds issued by the Public Safety Authority, a portion of the County's property taxes. The bonds issued by the Public Safety Authority in February 2006 in the amount of \$29,700,000 for the purpose of renovation and construction additions to existing jail facilities are payable through 2025. The County has committed to appropriate each year, from the property taxes, amount sufficient to cover the principal and interest requirements on the Public Safety Authority's debt. The Public Safety Authority has pledged as sole security for the bonds the appropriation from the County. Annual principal and interest payment on the bonds are expected to require 100% of lease payments received. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt is \$27,989,304 with annual requirements ranging from \$2,122,305 to \$2,197,094. Property taxes, from which the appropriations will be made, have been equal to the principal and interest amount owed per year. For the current year, principal and interest paid by the Public Safety Authority and the total property taxes recognized by the County were \$2,125,305 each.

On March 14, 2006, the County entered into a Capital Lease Agreement (the "Agreement") with the Public Safety Authority ("PSA"), to lease the above mentioned jail facility.

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

# Note 8. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The Agreement commenced on March 23, 2006 and terminates on May 26, 2025 (the date at which all rental payments have been made). The rental payments as outlined in the agreement are set at a level to meet the revenue bond principal and interest payments of the PSA. The Agreement further requires the County to pay all trustee fees, maintenance costs, taxes and utility charges of the facility. The County plans to fund its payments with a property tax levy. As of June 30, 2012, the County recognized a liability of \$21,210,000.

A schedule of annual principal and interest payments under this agreement at the end of each year is as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total Payment		
2013	\$ 1,245,000	\$ 877,305	\$ 2,122,305		
2013	1,300,000	\$ 877,305 827,505	\$ 2,122,305 2,127,505		
2015	1,350,000	775,505	2,125,505		
2016	1,410,000	721,505	2,131,505		
2017	1,470,000	665,105	2,135,105		
2018-2022	8,400,000	2,381,638	10,781,638		
2023-2025	6,035,000	530,741	6,565,741		
Total	\$ 21,210,000	\$ 6,779,304	\$ 27,989,304		

Compensated absences and claims payable attributable to governmental activities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

The computation of the County's legal margin as of June 30, 2012 is as follows:

2010 assessed valuation Less military exemption	\$ 11,926,691,800 (18,057,748)
Total assessed value	\$ 11,908,634,052
Debt limit, 5% of assessed valuation (lowa statutory limitation) Total amount of debt applicable to debt margin	\$ 595,431,703 (35,290,000)
Legal debt margin	\$ 560,141,703

In May 1990, the County entered into an agreement to lease certain land of the County to a golf course developer. The agreement, which expires April 30, 2030, required the developer to make a one-time payment to the County of \$10 and to make deposits into various escrow accounts to pay for the construction of the golf course on the leased ground.

Simultaneously, the County entered into a lease purchase contract with the developer for the acquisition of the golf course. This agreement was to provide the financing for the project. The final agreement (as refinanced in 1993) between the County and Boatmen's Trust Company requires the County to make varying semiannual rental payments through May 1, 2013. The terms of the lease purchase contract provide that should the County fail to make an annual appropriation for any year before the beginning of that year in an amount sufficient, together with amounts budgeted to be available for such purpose in the Enterprise Fund, for the scheduled payments coming due during that year, the agreement shall terminate as of the beginning of that year.

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

### Note 8. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The County may at any time during this agreement pay the total prepayment price at which time the land lease is canceled. During the fiscal year 2012, the county paid the remaining prepayment price of \$300,000 and the agreement was retired.

On November 2, 2009, the City of Davenport issued \$10,125,000 General Obligation Communication Building Bonds, Series 2009C on behalf of the SECC. The bonds were issued for the purpose of building a new communications and emergency operations center. The bonds were issued with interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 5.8 percent. The SECC has issued a note payable to the City of Davenport with terms for repayment identical to the bonds.

During 2010, the SECC acquired equipment from the City of Davenport by issuing a note payable with no interest to the City in the amount of \$862,403 payable in equal annual installments from 2011 through 2020.

The debt service requirements on the notes payable outstanding as of June 30, 2012 are as follows:

	City of Davenport SECC Note City of D				Dav	Davenport GO Note				
Year Ending June 30		Total		Principal	 Interest	 Total		Principal		Interest
2013	\$	86,240	\$	86,240	\$ -	\$ 828,268	\$	375,000	\$	453,268
2014		86,240		86,240	-	833,892		390,000		443,892
2015		86,240		86,240	-	837,192		405,000		432,192
2016		86,240		86,240	-	838,828		420,000		418,828
2017		86,240		86,240	-	843,078		440,000		403,078
2018-2022		258,723		258,723	-	4,246,337		2,535,000		1,711,337
2023-2027		-		-	-	4,291,990		3,285,000		1,006,990
2028-2029		-		-	 -	 1,695,825		1,560,000		135,825
Total	\$	689,923	\$	689,923	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 14,415,410	\$	9,410,000	\$	5,005,410

#### Note 9. Retirement System

The County and its component units contribute to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the state of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 5.38 percent of their annual covered salary and the County is required to contribute 8.07 percent of annual covered payroll, except for sheriff deputies, in which case the percentages are 9.83 percent and 9.83 percent, respectively and conservation peace officers, in which case the percentages are 6.65 percent and 9.97 percent, respectively. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The County's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$2,299,215, \$1,985,400, and \$1,696,095, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

### Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits

<u>Plan description</u>: The County sponsors a single-employer health care plan that provides medical, prescription drugs, dental and vision benefits to all active and retired employees and their eligible dependents. Sheriff's deputies must be a minimum of age 50 with 22 or more years of service to be eligible for retiree benefits. All other employees must be a minimum of age 55 with 20 or more years of service to be eligible for retiree benefits. Eligibility requirements under IPERS is summarized as follows: Normal Retirement -a) General Employees -age 65, any age when age plus years of service equal or exceed 88 with a minimum age of 55, or age 62 with 20 years of service, b) Sheriffs and Deputies -age 55 or age 50 with 22 years of service. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

<u>Funding policy</u>: The health insurance plan contributions on behalf of employees are negotiated by management and the union and governed by the County's union contracts. Employees pay all or a portion of the premium in excess of the full single rate premium. The current funding policy of the County is to pay health claims as they occur.

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing. For fiscal year 2012, the County contributed \$105,014. Retiree and active members receiving benefits have required monthly contributions of:

	 Single	Family		
Health	\$ 443	\$	1,207	
Dental	28		85	
Vision	6		13	

<u>Annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation</u>: The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance to the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actuarially contributed to the plan and changes in the County's annual OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation	\$ 166,216 13,363
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (18,229)
Annual OPEB cost	161,350
Contributions and payments made	 (105,014)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	 56,336
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	 296,953
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 353,289

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

### Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligations for the current year and the preceding year were as follows:

		Percentage of						
	Ar	Annual OPEB Ar		Net OPEB				
Year Ending June 30		Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation				
2010	\$	181,561	44.4%	\$ 197,126				
2011		162,985	38.8%	296,953				
2012		161,349	65.1%	353,289				

<u>Funded status and funding progress</u>: As of January 1, 2011, the most recent valuation date, the plan was 0 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,473,922 and the actuarial value of assets is none resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UML) of \$1,473,922. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$23,130,003 and the ratio of the UML to the covered payroll was 6.4 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents only the initial year trend information.

<u>Actuarial methods and assumptions</u>: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and included in the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2011 actuarial valuation, projected unit credit method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5 percent investment rate of return, salary increases of 3 percent, health care cost trend rates of: 8 percent for year 1, 7 percent for year 2, 6 percent for year 3 and 5 percent for year 4 and beyond; mortality rates using the 2001 CSO Mortality Table, retiree participation rate of 90 percent, an initial spouse participation rate of 50 percent and turnover rates based on Scale T-8 of the Actuary's Pension Handbook. The UML is being amortized as a level dollar amount on an open basis. The amortization of UML is done over a period of 30 years.

# Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

# Note 11. Risk Management and Insurance

The County is self-insured for general and automobile liability, property and workers' compensation claims. This activity is accounted for within the County's General Fund. Charges were made to the operating funds based upon actual claims, historical claim experience and estimated claims incurred and not yet reported for general and automobile liability, property and worker's compensation. Unemployment claims were charged quarterly to the applicable funds based upon actual claims as assessed by the state. Claim settlement and loss expenses are accrued in the General Fund for the estimated settlement value of general, automobile liability, property and workers' compensation claims reported and unreported arising from incidents during the year except for the long-term portion of such estimated claim settlements which are recorded in the government-wide statements until amounts are due and spendable resources become available to liquidate such liabilities.

Self-insurance is in effect up to a stop loss amount of approximately \$300,000 per claim for general and automobile liability, \$100,000 per claim for property and \$500,000 per claim for workers' compensation. Coverage from a private insurance company is maintained for losses in excess of the aggregate stop loss amount with \$10,000,000 maximum coverage on general and automobile liability, \$98,379,456 maximum coverage on property and \$2,000,000 maximum coverage on workers' compensation. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. All claims handling procedures are performed by the County.

The County is self insured for health and dental care of its employees. This activity is accounted for within the County's Internal Service Fund. Charges were made to the operating funds based upon estimated premium equivalency amounts.

Self-insurance is in effect up to a stop loss amount of approximately \$125,000 per claim for health care. Coverage from a private insurance company is maintained for losses in excess of the aggregate stop loss amount of 125% of total claims. Settled individual claims have exceeded the commercial coverage in fiscal year 2012.

As of June 30, 2012, the amount of liabilities recorded for estimated claim settlements for general, automobile, property and workers' compensation liability claims was \$398,656 of which \$11,347 was recorded in the General Fund. The County has assigned \$398,656 of General Fund balance for payment of future claims liability.

### Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

### Note 11. Risk Management and Insurance (Continued)

The changes in the aggregate liabilities for general, automobile, property and workers' compensation liability claims are as follows:

	 2012	2011
Claims payable, beginning of year	\$ 694,052	\$ 522,397
Claims expense and change in reserve	825,904	1,036,718
Claims payments	(1,121,300)	(865,063)
Claims payable, end of year	\$ 398,656	\$ 694,052

The changes in the aggregate liabilities for health care and dental claims are as follows:

	 2012	2011		
Claims payable, beginning of year	\$ 386,796	\$ 317,041		
Claims expense and change in reserve	4,727,632	3,979,963		
Claims payments	(4,623,591)	(3,910,208)		
Claims payable, end of year	\$ 490,837	\$ 386,796		

The Emergency Management Agency, County Library, and Public Safety Authority and Scott Emergency Communication Center component units of the County have transferred risk by purchasing commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

# Note 12. Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the County has issued revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the County, the state, nor any political subdivision, thereof, is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2012, there were two series of revenue bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal balance of the revenue bonds outstanding is \$14,315,000.

#### Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 13. Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission Agreement

In June 1995, the County issued \$7,100,000 in General Obligation County Solid Waste Disposal Bonds for which the County pledged its full faith and credit and power to levy direct general ad valorem taxes without limit as to rate or amount. On March 1, 2007, Scott County issued \$3,685,000 in General Obligation County Solid Waste Disposal Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A to refund \$3,645,000 of outstanding Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bond, Series 1995. The net proceeds were used to call the Series 1995 Bonds. The total amount of the bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2012 is \$1,370,000.

The County loaned the proceeds from the sale of the bonds to the Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission ("the Commission") for the acquisition, construction and equipping of a material recovery system, recovery facility and a new landfill ("the Project") pursuant to the Financing Agreement by and between the County and the Commission. To obligate itself under the Financing Agreement, the Commission issued a \$7,100,000 Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bond to the County pursuant to a resolution dated April 11, 1995. The repayment of the Revenue Bond corresponds to the payment of the Bonds by the County and \$1,370,000 remains outstanding as of June 30, 2012.

Under the terms of the Financing Agreement, dated April 11, 1995, the Commission is obligated to establish rates, charges and fees sufficient to pay the cost of operations and maintenance of the Project and to leave net revenues sufficient to pay the semiannual debt service requirements of the bonds. In the event that net revenues are insufficient to pay 100 percent of the debt service on the bonds, the Commission is obligated to pay the County from other funds it has legally available, including the Reserve Fund, which is equal to the maximum annual debt service requirement on the bonds due in any remaining fiscal year. If the Commission does not have sufficient funds to pay 100 percent of the debt service on the bonds when due, the County is obligated to pay such deficiency from and of its funds legally available. Any amounts which are paid by the County for debt service payments on the bonds must be reimbursed by the Commission out of future net revenues of the Project or other Commission funds which become available.

In the event future net revenues or other Commission funds are insufficient to repay the County, each of the Members of the Commission have obligated itself to repay the County its pro rata share of the deficiency from rates imposed on each property within its jurisdiction. The Financing Agreement may not be terminated so long as the bonds are outstanding.

Financial statements of the Commission may be obtained by contacting Scott Area Solid Waste Commission, 11555 110th Avenue, Davenport, Iowa 52804.

#### Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 14. Fund Balances

#### Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at June 30, 2012 are:

	-	Mental Health/				
		Development	Secondary		Nonmajor	
	General	Disability	Roads	Debt Service	Governmental	Total
Fund Balances (Deficit):						
Nonspendable						
Advances	\$ 4,041,594	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 4,041,594
Notes receivable	81,428	-	-	-	-	81,428
Prepaids	109,906	-	-	-	-	109,906
Subtotal Nonspendable	4,232,928		-	-	-	4,232,928
Restricted						
Debt Service	-	-	-	2,053,084	-	2,053,084
County conservation						
sew age treatment	212,459	-	-	-	-	212,459
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	1,252,027	1,252,027
Secondary Roads	-	-	1,839,278	-	-	1,839,278
Rural services	-	-	-	-	70,995	70,995
Other statutory programs	786,943	343,637			-	1,130,580
Subtotal Restricted	999,402	343,637	1,839,278	2,053,084	1,323,022	6,558,423
Committed						
Records management fee	-		-	-	48,418	48,418
Assigned						
Capital projects	1,500,000	-	-	-	2,578,797	4,078,797
Claim liabilities	398,656	-	-	-	-	398,656
Health claim liability	340,000	-	-	-	-	340,000
Future budgetary reduction	560,257	-	-	-	-	560,257
Subtotal Assigned	2,798,913	-	-	-	2,578,797	5,377,710
Unassigned (Deficit)	9,477,799	(75,318)	-	-	-	9,402,481
Total Fund Balances	\$ 17,509,042	\$ 268,319	\$ 1,839,278	\$ 2,053,084	\$ 3,950,237	\$ 25,619,960

#### Note 15. Litigation

The County is a defendant in several claims and lawsuits. In the opinion of the County Attorney and management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the future financial statements of the County.

#### Note 16. Commitments and Contingency

The County has financial commitments relating to renovation projects that are estimated to be approximately \$1,346,368.

The County has received federal and state grants for specific programs that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

#### Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 17. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following statement not yet implemented by the County. The Statements which may impact the County are as follows:

- GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34, issued November 2010, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2013. This Statement is intended to improve financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity. It amends Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. The Statement modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity and amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government. The Statement also clarifies the reporting of equity interests in legally separate organizations.
- GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, issued December 2010, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2013. This Statement is intended to incorporate into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, which do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. This Statement also supersedes Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting.
- GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, issued in June 2011, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2013. This statement establishes guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and renames net assets to net position in a statement of financial position.

#### Notes To Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 17. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements (Continued)

- GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, issued March 2012, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2014. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. This statement also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term deferred in financial statement presentations.
- GASB Statement No. 66, Technical Corrections 2012- an amendment of GASB statement No. 10 and No. 62., issued March 2012, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2014. This statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of two pronouncements, Statements No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, and No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASDB and AICPA Pronouncements.
- GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25, issued June 2012, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2015. This statement will improve financial reporting by state and local governmental pension plans. The statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to pension for governments whose employees are provided with pension through pension plans that are within the scope of the statement.
- GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, issued June 2012, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2015. This statement will improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pension this is provided by other entities.

The County's management has not yet determined the effect these GASB statements will have on the County's future financial statements.

#### Required Supplementary Information Other Postemployment Benefit Plan As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS									
		Actuarial				UAAL as a			
	Acturial	Accrued				Percentage			
Actuarial	Value of	Liability	Unfunded	Funded	Covered	of Covered			
Valuation	Net Assets	(AAL)	AAL	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll			
Date	(a)	(b)	( b-a )	( a/b )	(c)	[ (b-a) / c ]			
1/1/2009	\$ -	\$ 1,770,912	\$ 1,770,912	0.00%	\$ 20,080,910	8.82%			
1/1/2011	-	1,473,922	1,473,922	0.00%	23,130,003	6.37%			

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation date as of January 1, 2011. Additional information follows:

- a. The cost method used to determine the ARC is the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost method.
- b. There are no plan assets.
- c. The actuarial assumptions included: 1) 4.5 percent investment rate of return, 2) salary increases of 3 percent, 3) health care cost trend rates of: 8 percent for year 1, 7 percent for year 2, 6 percent for year 3 and 5 percent for year 4 and beyond, 4) mortality rates using the 2001 CSO Mortality Table, 5) retiree participation rate of 90 percent, 6) an initial spouse participation rate of 50 percent and 7) turnover rates based on Scale T-8 of the Actuary's Pension Handbook.
- d. The amortization method is level dollar amount on an open basis.

See Independent Auditors' Report and Note to Required Supplementary Information.

#### Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule All Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	 Bud	get	Final	G	overnmental Fund Types Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Favorable Jnfavorable)
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$ 45,222,869	\$	45,166,456	\$	44,978,360	\$	(188,096)
Local option sales tax	3,863,575		4,052,754		4,052,754		-
Other taxes	2,326,018		2,277,678		2,290,508		12,830
Interest and penalties on taxes	790,000		780,000		789,143		9,143
Intergovernmental	20,901,088		20,205,287		20,249,187		43,900
Charges for services	4,859,826		4,970,053		5,463,131		493,078
Investment earnings	140,000		160,000		152,193		(7,807)
Licenses and permits	547,320		618,654		653,400		34,746
Rentals and fees	208,421		202,171		222,959		20,788
Other	 657,971		641,704		936,480		294,776
Total revenues	79,517,088		79,074,757		79,788,115		713,358
Expenditures Current: Public safety and legal services Physical health and social services Mental health	28,483,717 6,294,948 16,584,651		28,482,992 6,443,511 19,112,019		26,757,076 5,395,364 17,466,386		1,725,916 1,048,147 1,645,633
County environment and education	4,906,623		4,945,534		4,450,578		494,956
Roads and transportation	5,586,280		5,601,280		5,111,168		490,112
Government services to residents	2,271,277		2,346,410		2,210,614		135,796
Administration	9,648,287		9,981,439		9,203,859		777,580
Capital outlay	3,091,119		4,895,897		2,190,781		2,705,116
Debt service	 4,369,070		4,369,070		4,369,070		-
Total expenditures	 81,235,972		86,178,152		77,154,896		9,023,256
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (1,718,884)		(7,103,395)		2,633,219		9,736,614
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	10,322,530		9,973,030		4,601,539		(5,371,491)
Transfers out	(10,322,530)		(9,973,030)		(4,814,430)		5,158,600
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	 60,000		369,500		339,441		(30,059)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 60,000		369,500		126,550		(242,950)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,658,884)	\$	(6,733,895)	\$	2,759,769	\$	9,493,664

See Independent Auditors' Report and Note to Required Supplementary Information.

#### Note to Required Supplementary Information As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 1. Budgetary Comparison Schedule

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the County Board of Supervisors annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all governmental funds. The budget basis of accounting is in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon nine major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These nine functions are: public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, County environment and education, roads and transportation, government services to residents, administration, capital outlay and debt service. Function expenditures required to be budgeted do not include expenses for the enterprise fund. The legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not at the fund or fund type level. During the year, two budget amendments increased budgeted expenditures by \$4,942,180. The budget amendment was primarily due to the issuance of appropriation capital projects financed by that prior year fiscal debt and the use of mental health funds.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2012

		Special	Povo					
		Special		Recorders	•			
	Du	ral Services		Management				
	Fund			Fees Fund	Capital Projects			Total
		Tunu		reestund				TOTAL
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	70,758	\$	48,163	\$	3,909,994	\$	4,028,915
Restricted cash		-		-		155,000		155,000
Receivables:								
Property taxes		2,758,322		-		-		2,758,322
Accounts		-		255		27,063		27,318
Due from other governmental agencies		-		-		320		320
Total assets	\$	2,829,080	\$	48,418	\$	4,092,377	\$	6,969,875
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	261,553	\$	261,553
Deferred revenue		2,758,085		-		-		2,758,085
Total Liabilites		2,758,085		-		261,553		3,019,638
Fund balances								
Restricted		70,995		-		1,252,027		1,323,022
Committed		-		48,418		-		48,418
Assigned		-		-		2,578,797		2,578,797
Total fund balance		70,995		48,418		3,830,824		3,950,237
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,829,080	\$	48,418	\$	4,092,377	\$	6,969,875

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Special	Revenue		
			Recorders	-	
	Ru	ral Services	Management		
		Fund	Fees Fund	Capital Projects	Total
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	2,466,578	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,466,578
Other taxes		72,445	-	596,840	669,285
Intergovernmental		74,310	-	28,550	102,860
Charges for services		-	35,624	-	35,624
Investment earnings		-	322	6,393	6,715
Other		-	-	27,243	27,243
Total revenues		2,613,333	35,946	659,026	3,308,305
Expenditures:					
Current:					
County environment and education		539,149	-	-	539,149
Capital outlay		-	-	1,952,204	1,952,204
Total expenditures		539,149	-	1,952,204	2,491,353
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		2,074,184	35,946	(1,293,178)	816,952
Other financing source (uses):					
Transfers in		-	-	1,858,539	1,858,539
Transfers out		(2,061,118)	(60,215)	-	(2,121,333)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-	-	79,441	79,441
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,061,118)	(60,215)	1,937,980	(183,353)
Net change in fund balances		13,066	(24,269)	644,802	633,599
Fund balances, beginning of year		57,929	72,687	3,186,022	3,316,638
Fund balances, end of year	\$	70,995	\$ 48,418	\$ 3,830,824	\$ 3,950,237

## Combining Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Funds As of June 30, 2012

			nterr	nal Service Fund	s	
	Den	tal Insurance	He	alth Insurance		
	Fund			Fund		Total
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	106,638	\$	2,020,454	\$	2,127,092
Total assets	\$	106,638	\$	2,020,454	\$	2,127,092
Liabilities and Net Assets						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	2,125	\$	-	\$	2,125
Claims payable	1	16,719		474,118		490,837
Total liabilities		18,844		474,118		492,962
Net assets:						
Unrestricted		87,794		1,546,336		1,634,130
Total net assets		87,794		1,546,336		1,634,130
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	106,638	\$	2,020,454	\$	2,127,092

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

			Interna	al Service Funds	ds		
	Denta	al Insurance	Hea	th Insurance			
		Fund	Fund			Total	
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	376,477	Ś	5,266,458	Ś	5,642,935	
Total operating revenues	<u> </u>	376,477	Ŧ	5,266,458	Ŧ	5,642,935	
Operating expenses:							
Administrative charges		20,909		234,577		255,486	
Claims		303,962		4,845,272		5,149,234	
Total operating expenses		324,871		5,079,849		5,404,720	
Operating income		51,606		186,609		238,215	
Nonoperating revenues:							
Investment earnings		302		6,681		6,983	
Total nonoperating revenues		302		6,681		6,983	
Change in net assets		51,908		193,290		245,198	
Total net assets, beginning of year		35,886		1,353,046		1,388,932	
Total net assets, end of year	\$	87,794	\$	1,546,336	\$	1,634,130	

## Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended Junr 30, 2012

	Internal Service Funds					
	Dent	al Insurance		Ith Insurance		
		Fund		Fund		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Cash received from customers	\$	376,477	ć	5,266,458	ć	5,642,935
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	Ļ	(333,151)	Ļ	(4,967,448)		(5,300,599)
Net cash from operating activities		43,326		299,010		342,336
Net cash nom operating activities		45,520		299,010		542,550
Cash flows from investing activities, interest received		302		6,681		6,983
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		43,628		305,691		349,319
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Beginning		63,010		1,714,763		1,777,773
Ending	\$	106,638	\$	2,020,454	\$	2,127,092
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash						
from operating activities:						
Operating income	\$	51,606	\$	186,609	\$	238,215
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash						
from operating activities:						
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts payable		80		-		80
Claims payable		(8 <i>,</i> 360)		112,401		104,041
Net cash from operating activities	\$	43,326	\$	299,010	\$	342,336

#### Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Agricultural Extension Service Fund		Balance June 30, 2011		Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2012
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	5,226	\$	463,424	\$	463,672	\$	4,978
Receivables, property taxes		466,466		482,503		467,840		481,129
Total assets	\$	471,692	\$	945,927	\$	931,512	\$	486,107
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$	471,692	\$	945,927	\$	931,512	\$	486,107
Bangs Eradication Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	237	Ś	22,566	Ś	22,593	Ś	210
Receivables, property taxes	Ŷ	21,963	Ŷ	23,526	Ŷ	21,962	Ŷ	23,527
Total assets	\$	22,200	Ś	46,092	Ś	44,555	\$	23,737
	Ŷ	22,200	Ŷ	10,052	Ŷ	11,000	Ŷ	23,737
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$	22,200	\$	46,092	\$	44,555	\$	23,737
City Taxing Districts Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	1,164,298	\$	100,245,501	\$	100,267,344	\$	1,142,455
Receivables, property taxes		100,895,225		109,803,150		101,132,476		109,565,899
Total assets	\$	102,059,523	\$	210,048,651	\$	201,399,820	\$	110,708,354
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$	102,059,523	\$	210,057,042	\$	201,408,211	\$	110,708,354
Community College Taxing District Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	74,126	\$	7,319,732	\$	7,315,349	\$	78,509
Receivables, property taxes		7,369,138	-	6,868,353	-	7,388,399		6,849,092
Total assets	\$	7,443,264	\$	14,188,085	\$	14,703,748	\$	6,927,601
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$	7,443,264	\$	14,188,308	\$	14,703,971	\$	6,927,601
Fire Taxing District Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	3,419	\$	334,973	\$	335,581	\$	2,811
Receivables, property taxes		335,313		357,023		335,953		356,383
Total assets	\$	338,732	\$	691,996	\$	671,534	\$	359,194
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$	338,732	\$	691,996	\$	671,534	\$	359,194

#### Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Balance June 30,						Balance June 30,
School Taxing District Fund	2011		Additions		Deletions		2012
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 1,292,755	\$	113,594,251	\$	113,643,154	\$	1,243,852
Receivables, property taxes	 114,373,935		118,406,068		114,673,553		118,106,450
Total assets	\$ 115,666,690	\$	232,000,319	\$	228,316,707	\$	119,350,302
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$ 115,666,690	\$	232,005,829	\$	228,322,217	\$	119,350,302
Township Taxing District Fund Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 2,460	\$	197,992	\$	198,698	\$	1,754
Receivables, property taxes	 197,901		199,041		198,183		198,759
Total assets	\$ 200,361	\$	397,033	\$	396,881	\$	200,513
Liabilities, due to other government funds	\$ 200,361	\$	397,033	\$	396,881	\$	200,513
Other Taxing Districts Fund Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 128,722	\$	10,460,032	\$	10,494,941	\$	93,813
Receivables, property taxes	 38,165		116,729		113,846		41,048
Total assets	\$ 166,887	\$	10,576,761	\$	10,608,787	\$	134,861
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 12,202	\$	160,088	\$	141,596	\$	30,694
Due to other governmental agencies	 154,685	~	10,350,442	~	10,400,960	~	104,167
Total liabilities	\$ 166,887	\$	10,510,530	\$	10,542,556	\$	134,861
City Special Assessments Fund							
Assets, cash and investments	\$ 553,399	\$	3,003,411	Ş	2,973,468	Ş	583,342
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$ 553,399	\$	3,003,411	\$	2,973,468	\$	583,342

#### Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Balance						Balance
		June 30,						June 30,
County Recorder Agency Fund		2011		Additions		Deletions		2012
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	164,127	\$	1,393,319	\$	1,342,713	\$	214,733
Receivables, accounts		11,764		1,436,970		1,434,957		13,777
Total assets	\$	175,891	\$	2,830,289	\$	2,777,670	\$	228,510
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	175,891	\$	1,395,332	\$	1,342,713	\$	228,510
County Sheriff Agency Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	286,321	¢	4,311,732	¢	4,343,203	¢	254,850
Receivables, accounts	Ļ	200,321	Ļ	27,365	Ļ	27,250	Ļ	115
Total assets	\$	286,321	\$	4,339,097	\$	4,370,453	\$	254,965
iotal assets	Ŷ	200,521	Ŷ	4,335,057	Ŷ	4,570,455	Ŷ	234,303
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	252,624	¢	4,016,197	\$	4,031,258	¢	237,563
Due to other government agencies	Ļ	33,697	Ļ	323,076	Ļ	339,371	Ļ	17,402
Total Liabilities	\$	286,321	\$	4,339,273	Ś	4,370,629	\$	254,965
	<u> </u>	200,021	Ŷ	1,000,270	Ŷ	1,37 0,023	Ŧ	
Motor Vehicle Tax Fund								
Assets, cash and investments	Ś	2,721,074	Ś	26,158,294	Ś	26,196,740	\$	2,682,628
	<u> </u>	2,721,071	Ŷ	20,130,231	Ŷ	20,130,710	Ŷ	2,002,020
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	2,721,074	Ś	26,158,294	\$	26,196,740	\$	2,682,628
	<u> </u>	2,721,071	Ŷ	20,100,201	Ŷ	20,130,710	Ŷ	2,002,020
Tax Sale Redemption Fund								
Assets, cash and investments	\$	145,394	\$	1,026,720	\$	949,407	\$	222,707
	<u> </u>	,	-	, ,	<u> </u>	,	·	<u> </u>
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	145,394	\$	1,026,720	\$	949,407	\$	222,707
Use Tax Fund	~	(52.404	ć	45 220 262	÷	45 347 600	÷	
Assets, cash and investments	\$	653,191	Ş	15,230,363	\$	15,247,688	\$	635,866
Lightilities, due to other governmental according	ć	CE2 404	ć	45 220 202	÷	45 347 600	÷	
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	653,191	\$	15,230,363	\$	15,247,688	\$	635,866

#### Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Balance June 30, 2011		Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2012
Community Services Fund Assets, cash and investments	\$	313,945	\$	13,648	\$	- \$	327,593
	<u> </u>	313,313	Ŷ	10,010	Ŷ	Ŷ	527,555
Liabilities, due to private individuals	\$	313,945	\$	13,648	\$	- \$	327,593
County Assessor Fund Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	423,354	\$	491,559	\$	647,155 \$	267,758
Receivables, property taxes		489,817		955,747		496,027	949,537
Total assets	\$	913,171	\$	1,447,306	\$	1,143,182 \$	1,217,295
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	16,224	\$	151,112	\$	161,229 \$	6,107
Due to other governmental agencies		896,947		1,934,227		1,619,986 \$	1,211,188
Total liabilities	\$	913,171	\$	2,085,339	\$	1,781,215 \$	1,217,295
County Assessor Special Fund Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	611,592	ć	408,778	ć	145,709 \$	974 661
	Ş	410,278	Ş	408,778	Ş	410,278	874,661 1,835
Receivables, property taxes Total assets	\$	,	\$	410,613	\$	555,987 \$	876,496
	<u> </u>	1,021,070	Ŷ	410,015	Ļ	555,567 \$	670,450
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	182,249	\$	145,709 \$	36,540
Due to other governmental agencies		1,021,870		367,725		549,639	839,956
Total liabilities	\$	1,021,870	\$	549,974	\$	695,348 \$	876,496
City Assessor Fund Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	296,553	\$	778,216	\$	833,810 \$	240,959
Receivables, property taxes		787,041		1,250,531		787,316	1,250,256
Total assets	\$	1,083,594	\$	2,028,747	\$	1,621,126 \$	1,491,215
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	72,031	\$	842,594	\$	833,810 \$	80,815
Due to other governmental agencies		1,011,563		1,933,206		1,534,369	1,410,400
Total liabilities	\$	1,083,594	\$	2,775,800	\$	2,368,179 \$	1,491,215

#### Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds (Concluded) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Balance June 30, 2011		Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2012
City Assessor Special Fund								
Assets Cash and investments	\$	251,174	ć	191,596	ć	227 404	ć	105 276
Receivables, property taxes	Ş	193,839	Ş	191,590 649	Ş	337,494 193,839	Ş	105,276 649
Total assets	\$	445,013	\$	192,245	\$	531,333	\$	105,925
	<u> </u>	113,013	Ŷ	102,210	Ŷ	331,333	Ŷ	103,323
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	27,402	\$	325,422	\$	337,494	\$	15,330
Due to other governmental agencies		417,611		170,990		498,006		90,595
Total liabilities	\$	445,013	\$	496,412	\$	835,500	\$	105,925
Jail Inmate Fund Assets, cash and investments	ć	00 047	ć		ć	FF 422	ć	41 214
Assets, Cash and investments	\$	96,647	Ş	-	\$	55,433	Ş	41,214
Liabilities, due to private individuals	\$	96,647	¢	-	\$	55,433	\$	41,214
	ç	50,047	Ş		Ş	55,455	Ş	41,214
Riverside Fund								
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	247,883	\$	216,931	\$	30,952
Total assets	\$	-	\$	247,883	\$	216,931	\$	30,952
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	202,109	\$	201,673	\$	436
Due to other government agencies		-	\$	30,516	\$	-	\$	30,516
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$	232,625	\$	201,673	\$	30,952
Total Combined Funds								
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	9,188,014	Ş	285,893,990	\$	286,031,083	Ş	9,050,921
Receivables:		225 570 081		220 465 155		226 210 672		
Property taxes		225,579,081		238,465,155		226,219,672		237,824,564
Accounts	ć	11,764	ć	1,464,335	ć	1,462,207	ć	13,892
Total Assets	\$	234,778,859	Ş	525,823,480	Ş	513,712,962	Ş	246,889,377
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	380,483	\$	5,879,771	Ś	5,852,769	Ś	407,485
Due to other governmental agencies	Ŧ	233,987,784	7	520,256,529	٠	508,131,228	ť	246,113,085
Due to private individuals		410,592		13,648		55,433		368,807
Total Liabilities	\$	234,778,859	\$	526,149,948	\$	514,039,430	\$	246,889,377
	<u> </u>		-	. , -		, , -		

#### Combining Balance Sheet and Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets Discretely Presented Component Units

As of June 30, 2012

	mergency magement		County	P	Public Safety		Scott Emergency		
	Agency		Library		Authority		mmunication Center		Total
Assets	0/								
Cash and investments	\$ 219,023	\$	205,795	\$	-	\$	3,343,273	\$	3,768,091
Receivables:									
Accounts	 12,684		-		-		-		12,684
Total assets	\$ 231,707	\$	205,795	\$	-	\$	3,343,273	\$	3,780,775
Liabilities and Fund Balance									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ 1,226	\$	18,588	\$	-	\$	411,036	\$	430,850
Accrued liabilities	4,037		33,526		-		169,940		207,503
Total liabilities	 5,263		52,114		-		580,976		638,353
Fund balances:									
Restricted for capital projects	-		-		-		615,446		615,446
Unassigned	226,444		153,681		-		2,146,851		2,526,976
Total fund balances	 226,444		153,681		-		2,762,297		3,142,422
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 231,707	\$	205,795	\$	-	\$	3,343,273	\$	3,780,775
Reconciliation to statement of net assets	 ,	<u> </u>	,				, ,	<u>.</u>	
Total component unit fund balances	\$ 226,444	\$	153,681	Ś	-	\$	2,762,297	Ś	3,142,422
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	- /	•				•	, - , -		-, ,
statement of net assets are different because:									
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial									
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:									
Capital assets:									
Land	-		16,600		-		-		16,600
Construction in progress	-		-		-		2,842,985		2,842,985
Buildings	-		1,131,866		-		7,727,487		8,859,353
Machinery and equipment	623,066		180,005		-		13,377,062		14,180,133
Accumulated depreciation	(278,132)		(422,047)		-		(1,911,111)		(2,611,290)
Capital lease receivable from primary government	-		-		21,210,000		-		21,210,000
Liabilities not due and payable in the current period are not									
reported in the funds:									
Compensated absences	(19,218)		(55,758)		-		(173,854)		(248,830)
Other post employment benefits obligation	(2,965)		4,722		-		(4,852)		(3,095)
Revenue bonds payable	-		-		(21,210,000)		-		(21,210,000)
Notes payable	-		-		-		(10,099,923)		(10,099,923)
Unamortized bond discount	-		-		157,884		72,993		230,877
Accrued interest payable	-		-		(73,109)		(37,772)		(110,881)
Bond issuance costs	 -		-		69,551		43,231		112,782
Total net assets	\$ 549,195	Ş	1,009,069	\$	154,326	\$	14,598,543	\$	16,311,133

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and Reconciliation to Statement of Activities - Discretely Presented Component Units

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Revenues:	Ma	mergency inagement Agency	Со	unty Library	Public Safety Authority	Scott Emergency Communication Center		Total
Intergovernmental								
Operating	\$	77,000	Ś	1,017,032	Ś -	\$ 7,385,229	Ś	8,479,261
Charges for services	7	-	7	14,814	-		7	14,814
Investment earnings		-		,	925,305	3,645		928,950
Rentals and fees		-		-	1,200,000			1,200,000
Other		51,010		6,088	_,,	804		57,902
Total revenues		128,010		1,037,934	2,125,305	7,389,678		10,680,927
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety and legal services		102,311		-	4,250	5,625,994		5,732,555
County environment and education		-		1,041,851	-	-		1,041,851
Capital outlay		-		-	-	725,692		725,692
Debt service:								
Principal		-		-	1,200,000	365,000		1,565,000
Interest and fees		-		-	925,305	461,480		1,386,785
Total expenditures		102,311		1,041,851	2,129,555	7,178,166		10,451,883
Net change in fund balances		25,699		(3,917)	(4,250)	211,512		229,044
Fund balances, beginning of year		200,745		157,598	4,250	2,550,785		2,913,378
Fund balances, end of year	\$	226,444	\$	153,681	\$-	\$ 2,762,297	\$	3,142,422

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and Reconciliation to Statement of Activities - Discretely Presented Component Units (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	nergency				Scott Emergency	
	nagement		unty Library	Public Safety Authority	Communication Center	Total
Reconciliation to statement of activities,	 Agency	CO	unity Library	Authority	Center	TOTAL
Net change in fund balances	\$ 25,699	\$	(3,917)	\$ (4,250)	\$ 211,512	\$ 229,044
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following is the detail of the amount by						
which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year:						
Capital outlay capitalized	-		-	-	725,692	725,692
Operating expenditures capitalized	-		-	-	261,514	261,514
Depreciation	(70,130)	)	(36,155)	-	(1,508,458)	(1,614,743)
Capital contributions	-		-	-	49,607	49,607
Book value of retired assets	-		(102,016)	-	-	(102,016)
Rentals and fees	-		-	(1,200,000)	-	(1,200,000)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the component unit: Change in compensated absences	(1,823)	)	(9,844)	-	1,898	(9,769)
Change in other post employment benefits obligation	(473)		753	-	(774)	(494)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principa of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following is a detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:						
and related items: Repayment of bond principal	-		-	1,200,000	451,240	1,651,240
Interest expense	-		-	4,000	684	4,684
Amortization of bond issuance costs and discounts	-		-	(30,963)	(10,706)	(41,669)
Changes in net assets of component units	\$ (46,727)	) \$	(151,179)			\$ (46,910)

# STATISTICAL



# Statistical Section Contents

The statistical section of the County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information presented in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	77
<b>Revenue Capacity</b> These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax (or sales tax).	89
<b>Debt Capacity</b> These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current level of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	97
<b>Demographic and Economic Information</b> These schedule offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.	103
<b>Operating Information</b> These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	105

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual report for the relevant year. The County implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

#### Net Assets by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Governmental activities:	<i>~</i>	2003		iscal Year		
	<u>,</u>			2004		2005
Invested in sevital seconds, uset of valated data	~					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	\$	51,390,670	\$	53,196,584	\$	58,403,448
Debt service		5,142,886		4,828,092		4,486,204
County conservation sewage treatment Mental health		151,021		160,678 -		170,507 -
Other statutory programs		-		-		-
Rural services		-		-		-
Secondary roads		-		-		-
Unrestricted		11,771,985		11,848,957		11,456,380
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	68,456,562	\$	70,034,311	\$	74,516,539
Business-Type activities		()				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	(50,362)	Ş	198,958	Ş	342,758
Restricted for lease purchase contract		-		324,627		326,105
Unrestricted	ć	(1,383,608)	ć	(1,843,166)	<u> </u>	(2,051,330)
Total business-type activities net assets	\$	(1,433,970)	Ş	(1,319,581)	Ş	(1,382,467)
Primary government:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	\$	51,340,308	\$	53,395,542	\$	58,746,206
Debt service		5,142,886		4,828,092		4,486,204
County conservation sewage treatment		151,021		160,678		170,507
Lease purchase contract		-		324,627		326,105
Mental health		-		-		-
Other statutory programs		-		-		-
Rural services		-		-		-
Secondary roads		-		-		-
Unrestricted	-	10,388,377		10,005,791		9,405,050
Total primary government net assets	Ş	67,022,592	\$	68,714,730	\$	73,134,072

Source: County records.

		Fisca	al Ye	ar				
 2006	2007	2008		2009	2010		2011	2012
\$ 62,017,939	\$ 65,298,164	\$ 70,527,812	\$	70,017,361	\$ 73,643,761	\$	64,874,432	\$ 62,392,934
4,460,937	4,152,198	3,728,760		3,229,346	2,849,754		2,503,008	2,005,997
182,850	196,692	206,674		222,551	209,483		210,592	212,459
855,147	396,372	572,242		1,713,646	1,499,167		1,221,960	343,637
-	-	-		-	663,173		783,546	786,943
-	-	-		-	-		57,929	70,995
1,459,411	936,185	486,405		273,409	370,604		885,011	1,839,278
11,004,368	10,576,072	6,065,147		6,205,472	6,934,776		10,009,511	14,583,168
\$ 79,980,652	\$ 81,555,683	\$ 81,587,040	\$	81,661,785	\$ 86,170,718	\$	80,545,989	\$ 82,235,411
\$ 475,691	\$ 633,574	\$ 807,121	\$	1,011,730	\$ 1,201,240	\$	1,640,815	\$ 2,226,682
326,596	326,831	325,166		324,400	324,407		324,407	-
 (2,341,036)	(2,832,971)	(3,225,906)		(3,623,282)	(3,921,629)		(4,233,323)	(4,447,949)
\$ (1,538,749)	\$ (1,872,566)	\$ (2,093,619)	Ş	(2,287,152)	\$ (2,395,982)	Ş	(2,268,101)	\$ (2,221,267)
\$ 62,493,630	\$ 65,931,738	\$ 71,334,933	\$	71,029,091	\$ 74,845,001	\$	66,515,247	\$ 64,619,616
4,460,937	4,152,198	3,728,760		3,229,346	2,849,754		2,503,008	2,005,997
182,850	196,692	206,674		222,551	209,483		210,592	212,459
326,596	326,831	325,166		324,400	324,407		324,407	-
855,147	396,372	572,242		1,713,646	1,499,167		1,221,960	343,637
-	-	-		-	663,173		783 <i>,</i> 546	786,943
-	-	-		-	-		57,929	70,995
1,459,411	936,185	486,405		273,409	370,604		885,011	1,839,278
 8,663,332	7,743,101	2,839,241		2,582,190	3,013,147		5,776,188	10,135,219
\$ 78,441,903	\$ 79,683,117	\$ 79,493,421	\$	79,374,633	\$ 83,774,736	\$	78,277,888	\$ 80,014,144

#### Changes in Net Assets Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

			Fiscal Year				
	 2003		2004		2005		2006
Expenses:							
Governmental activities:							
Public safety and legal services	\$ 14,416,219	\$	15,359,610	\$	17,378,230	\$	19,231,650
Physical health and social services	5,354,508		5,599,865		5,433,189		5,543,800
Mental health	12,560,244		12,464,838		12,689,373		13,430,170
County environment and education	4,077,028		4,179,381		3,978,818		4,142,926
Roads and transportation	5,319,941		5,322,321		6,514,158		5,983,682
Governmental services to residents	1,728,824		1,834,390		1,853,466		1,945,223
Administration	6,864,076		8,182,576		9,848,118		9,376,193
Interest on long-term debt	498,341		457,073		434,854		662,882
Total governmental activities expenses	50,819,181		53,400,054		58,130,206		60,316,526
Business-Type activities, golf course	964,728		988,195		1,074,754		1,186,450
Total government expenses	\$ 51,783,909	\$	54,388,249	\$	59,204,960	\$	61,502,976
Program revenues:							
Governmental activities							
Charges for services							
Public safety and legal services	\$ 966,549	\$	899,053	\$	878,359	\$	1,101,152
Physical health and social services	264,329		356,232		291,344		290,280
Mental health	46,259		18,432		40,441		57,465
County environment and education	695,885		693,246		880,593		943,194
Roads and transportation	2,841		32,875		9,241		27,646
Governmental services to residents	2,930,055		2,693,220		2,501,165		2,616,909
Administration	222,833		150,904		264,264		191,548
Operating grants and contributions	5,448,938		8,544,625		8,857,256		9,135,717
Capital grants and contributions	1,329,326		706,004		6,519,732		2,846,478
Total governmental activities program revenues	 11,907,015		14,094,591		20,242,395		17,210,389
Business-Type activities, golf course	1,033,286		1,101,788		1,008,046		1,019,793
Total government program revenues	\$ 12,940,301	\$	15,196,379	\$	21,250,441	\$	18,230,182
Net (expense)/revenue:							
Governmental activities	\$ (38,912,166)	Ş	(39,305,463)	Ş	(37,887,811)	Ş	(43,106,137)
Business-Type activities	 68,558	4	113,593	~	(66,708)	<u>,</u>	(166,657)
Total government net expense	\$ (38,843,608)	\$	(39,191,870)	\$	(37,954,519)	\$	(43,272,794)

	Fiscal	Yea	r				
2007	2008		2009	2010		2011	2012
\$ 20,051,534 \$	20,289,680	\$	20,925,221	\$ 27,972,373	\$	36,474,619	\$ 28,029,758
5,682,835	5,956,132		6,180,832	6,238,358		5,695,818	5,439,626
14,308,820	15,211,596		14,605,242	14,484,152		15,279,397	17,508,289
4,371,103	4,410,086		4,882,023	4,044,619		4,893,713	5,045,765
6,711,217	6,712,511		7,461,585	6,219,535		7,863,504	9,171,403
2,074,972	2,151,064		2,821,526	2,167,664		2,117,384	2,262,947
9,943,559	10,980,111		10,135,767	8,294,027		11,500,872	10,131,539
1,606,659	1,471,972		1,393,678	1,457,291		1,674,554	1,587,438
64,750,699	67,183,152		68,405,874	70,878,019		85,499,861	79,176,765
 1,223,696	1,178,367		1,144,254	 1,021,548		949,850	 1,168,516
\$ 65,974,395 \$	68,361,519	\$	69,550,128	\$ 71,899,567	\$	86,449,711	\$ 80,345,281
\$ 1,053,355 \$		\$	1,182,577	\$ 992,171	\$	1,457,575	\$ 1,622,292
\$		\$		\$ •	\$		\$ 
285,637	330,296		358,704	355,941		376,158	399,182
41,070 889,915	42,261 920,315		31,633 891,352	31,902 988,522		50,250 1,017,239	74,244 1,145,202
9,943	920,313 11,268		21,109	32,893		20,863	1,143,202
2,506,821	2,382,447		2,307,783	2,343,094		20,803	2,588,909
251,682	251,070		2,307,785	2,545,054		267,955	2,368,909
9,896,826	11,847,705		12,233,452	11,912,913		12,882,216	12,197,425
1,417,942	153,469		1,184,458	6,674,252		2,567,522	1,062,256
 16,353,191	16,878,705		18,439,513	23,602,744		21,109,512	19,376,210
875,270	947,487		949,445	912,712		900,741	1,002,459
\$ 17,228,461 \$		\$	19,388,958	\$ 24,515,456	\$	22,010,253	\$ 20,378,669
					-		
\$ (48,397,508) \$	(50,304,447)	\$	(49,966,361)	\$ (47,275,275)	\$	(64,390,349)	\$ (59,800,555)
(348,426)	(230,880)		(194,809)	(108,836)		(49,109)	(166,057)
\$ (48,745,934) \$	(50,535,327)	Ś	(50,161,170)	\$ (47,384,111)	\$	(64,439,458)	\$ (59,966,612)

#### Changes in Net Assets (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fisca	l Yea	r	
	2003	2004		2005	2006
General revenues and other changes in net assets:					
Governmental activities:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 22,780,080	\$ 24,998,507	\$	25,923,952 \$	31,335,227
Local option sales tax	3,199,382	3,393,432		3,488,462	3,470,318
Gaming	805,667	919,864		904,897	887,690
Other taxes	172,113	117,731		59,143	63,287
Utility tax replacements	1,061,401	1,133,932		1,228,633	1,377,835
Penalties, interest and costs on taxes	667,318	652,959		837,554	791,859
State tax replacement credits	8,313,347	5,435,819		5,152,761	5,246,050
Payments in lieu of taxes	3,659	-		-	-
State shared revenues	2,804,003	2,851,114		2,909,524	2,970,800
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific purpose	289,800	274,703		258,703	241,277
Investment earnings	518,804	367,089		782,291	1,381,353
Miscellaneous	692,184	738,062		824,119	804,554
(Loss) on the sales of capital assets	(35,371)	-		-	-
Total General Revenues	 41,272,387	40,883,212		42,370,039	48,570,250
Transfers (out)	-	-		-	-
Total governmental activities	 41,272,387	40,883,212		42,370,039	48,570,250
Business-Type activities:					
Investment earnings	2,461	796		3,822	10,375
Transfers	-	-		-	-
Total Business-Type Activities	 2,461	796		3,822	10,375
Total government	\$ 41,274,848	\$ 40,884,008	\$	42,373,861 \$	48,580,625
Change in net assets:					
Governmental activities	\$ 2,360,221	\$ 1,577,749	\$	4,482,228 \$	5,464,113
Business-Type activities	 71,019	 114,389		(62,886)	(156,282)
Total primary government	\$ 2,431,240	\$ 1,692,138	\$	4,419,342 \$	5,307,831

Source: County records.

		Fiscal	Yea	ar		
2007	2008	2009		2010	2011	2012
\$ 31,995,844	\$ 33,138,131	\$ 34,113,141	\$	36,228,794	\$ 43,052,682	\$ 44,980,224
3,700,844	3,867,941	3,602,230		3,637,825	3,863,574	4,052,754
789,210	815,524	748,920		676,255	584,582	596,840
61,766	65,253	66,852		63,470	68,512	68,374
1,382,625	1,341,669	1,348,776		1,395,383	1,539,020	1,625,295
782,123	731,456	847,456		790,006	791,685	789,143
5,243,536	5,194,016	5,183,554		4,826,563	4,930,224	4,898,515
165	8,226	9,046		6,828	6,782	6,682
2,906,371	2,866,918	2,743,735		3,101,887	2,775,120	3,146,564
188,557	-	-		-	-	-
2,140,787	1,447,577	674,859		188,207	228,038	159,177
780,711	859,093	702,537		868,990	1,102,391	1,379,300
-	-	-		-	-	-
49,972,539	50,335,804	50,041,106		51,784,208	58,942,610	61,702,868
-	-	-		-	(176,990)	(212,891)
49,972,539	50,335,804	50,041,106		51,784,208	58,765,620	61,489,977
14,609	9,827	1,276		6	_	-
				-	176,990	212,891
14,609	9,827	1,276		6	176,990	212,891
\$ 49,987,148	\$ 50,345,631	\$ 50,042,382	\$		\$ •	\$ 61,915,759
\$ 1,575,031	\$ 31,357	\$ 74,745	\$	4,508,933	\$ (5,624,729)	\$ 1,689,422
(333,817)	(221,053)	(193,533)		(108,830)	127,881	46,834
\$ 1,241,214	\$ (189,696)	\$ (118,788) \$	\$	4,400,103	\$ (5,496,848)	\$ 1,736,256

#### Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		2003		2004		2005		2006
General Fund:		2003		2001		2003		2000
Reserved:								
Notes receivable	\$	100,000	Ś	100,000	Ś	100,000	Ś	100,000
Advances	Ŧ	1,423,314	Ŧ	1,508,314	Ŧ	1,673,314	Ŧ	1,863,314
County conservation sewage treatment		151,021		160,678		170,507		182,850
Other statutory programs		-		-		, -		, -
Unreserved, designated claim liabilities		1,116,806		805,257		886,689		886,689
Unreserved, undesignated		6,372,309		5,488,379		4,637,761		5,479,818
Nonspendable:								
Notes receivable		-		-		-		-
Advances		-		-		-		-
Prepaids		-		-		-		-
Restricted:								
County conservation sewage treatment		-		-		-		-
Other statutory programs		-		-		-		-
Assigned:								
Capital projects		-		-		-		-
Health claim liabilities		-		-		-		-
Future budgetary reductions		-		-		-		-
Claim liabilities		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		-		-
Total general fund	\$	9,163,450	\$	8,062,628	\$	7,468,271	\$	8,512,671
All other governmental funds:								
Reserved for:								
Debt service	\$	5,142,886	\$	724,111	\$	5,269,337	\$	4,460,937
Unreserved, undesignated reported in:								
Special revenue funds:								
Mental health/development disabilities		1,021,020		1,000,512		1,251,251		855,147
Secondary Roads		2,189,357		2,943,900		1,552,667		1,459,411
Rural services		2,148,185		1,997,741		2,191,392		111,064
Recorders management fees		259,036		93,315		117,636		129,231
Capital projects funds, capital projects		1,788,279		1,275,218		3,426,597		4,223,180
Restricted:								
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Secondary Roads		-		-		-		-
Rural services		-		-		-		-
Other statutory programs		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		-
Committed:								
Records management fee		-		-		-		-
Assigned:								
Mental health/development disabilities		-		-		-		-
Other capital projects		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (Deficit)	_	-		-		-		-
Total all other governmental funds	\$	12,548,763	\$	8,034,797	\$	13,808,880	\$	11,238,970

Source: County records.

\* In 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 54 - *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* which changed the reporting of the components of fund balance. Retroactive application to years prior to 2011 was not required.

_	2007	2008	2009	2010		2011 *		2012 *
\$	100,000	\$ 116,175	\$ 116,175	\$ 113,358	\$	-	\$	-
	2,262,314	2,702,314	3,207,314	3,397,314	-	-		-
	196,692	206,674	222,551	213,843		-		-
	-	-	-	663,173		-		-
	1,004,488	718,847	589,331	522,407		-		-
	5,301,970	5,849,553	5,956,480	7,613,701		-		-
	-	-	-	-		113,358		81,428
	-	-	-	-		3,720,324		4,041,594
	-	-	-	-		109,106		109,906
	-	-	-	-		210,592		212,459
	-	-	-	-		783,546		786,943
	-	-	-	-		-		1,500,000
	-	-	-	-		-		340,000
	-	-	-	-		-		560,257
	-	-	-	-		694,052		398,656
	-	-	-	-		,247,282		9,477,799
\$	8,865,464	\$ 9,593,563	\$ 10,091,851	\$ 12,523,796	\$	14,878,260	\$	17,509,042
\$	4,152,198	\$ 3,728,760	\$ 3,229,346	\$ 2,908,690	\$	-	\$	-
\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	-	\$	-
\$	396,372	\$ 572,242	\$ 1,713,646	\$ 1,499,167	\$	-	\$	-
\$	396,372 936,185	\$ 572,242 486,405	\$ 1,713,646 273,409	\$ 1,499,167 370,604	\$	-	\$	-
\$	396,372 936,185 123,384	\$ 572,242 486,405 118,672	\$ 1,713,646 273,409 117,451	\$ 1,499,167 370,604 137,271	\$	-	\$	-
\$	396,372 936,185	\$ 572,242 486,405	\$ 1,713,646 273,409	\$ 1,499,167 370,604	\$	-	\$	-
\$	396,372 936,185 123,384 138,081	\$ 572,242 486,405 118,672 139,847	\$ 1,713,646 273,409 117,451 139,496	\$ 1,499,167 370,604 137,271 90,270	\$	- - - - - - - - - 	\$	- - - - - 2,053,084
\$	396,372 936,185 123,384 138,081	\$ 572,242 486,405 118,672 139,847	\$ 1,713,646 273,409 117,451 139,496	\$ 1,499,167 370,604 137,271 90,270	\$	- - - 2,558,322 885,011	\$	- - - 2,053,084 1,839,278
\$	396,372 936,185 123,384 138,081	\$ 572,242 486,405 118,672 139,847	\$ 1,713,646 273,409 117,451 139,496	\$ 1,499,167 370,604 137,271 90,270	\$	885,011	\$	1,839,278
\$	396,372 936,185 123,384 138,081	\$ 572,242 486,405 118,672 139,847	\$ 1,713,646 273,409 117,451 139,496	\$ 1,499,167 370,604 137,271 90,270	\$		Ş	1,839,278 70,995
\$	396,372 936,185 123,384 138,081	\$ 572,242 486,405 118,672 139,847	\$ 1,713,646 273,409 117,451 139,496	\$ 1,499,167 370,604 137,271 90,270	\$	885,011	\$	1,839,278
\$	396,372 936,185 123,384 138,081	\$ 572,242 486,405 118,672 139,847	\$ 1,713,646 273,409 117,451 139,496	\$ 1,499,167 370,604 137,271 90,270	\$	885,011 57,929 -	\$	1,839,278 70,995 343,637
Ş	396,372 936,185 123,384 138,081	\$ 572,242 486,405 118,672 139,847	\$ 1,713,646 273,409 117,451 139,496	\$ 1,499,167 370,604 137,271 90,270	Ş	885,011 57,929 - 1,712,860	\$	1,839,278 70,995 343,637 1,252,027
\$	396,372 936,185 123,384 138,081	\$ 572,242 486,405 118,672 139,847	\$ 1,713,646 273,409 117,451 139,496	\$ 1,499,167 370,604 137,271 90,270	\$	885,011 57,929 - 1,712,860 72,687	\$	1,839,278 70,995 343,637 1,252,027
\$	396,372 936,185 123,384 138,081	\$ 572,242 486,405 118,672 139,847	\$ 1,713,646 273,409 117,451 139,496	\$ 1,499,167 370,604 137,271 90,270	\$	885,011 57,929 1,712,860 72,687 1,221,960	\$	1,839,278 70,995 343,637 1,252,027 48,418

#### Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	 2003	2004	2005	2006
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 22,769,823	\$ 24,996,346	\$ 25,895,065	\$ 31,364,663
Local option sales tax	3,289,382	3,403,432	3,418,462	3,382,318
Other taxes	2,039,181	2,171,528	2,192,673	2,328,812
Interest and penalty on taxes	667,318	652,959	837,554	791,859
Intergovernmental	17,130,707	17,181,934	17,899,516	18,596,027
Charges for services	4,698,212	4,389,232	4,336,407	4,656,145
Investment earnings	518,804	348,442	738,160	1,381,353
Licenses and permits	430,540	454,731	529,000	572,049
Rentals and fees	127,387	113,952	124,758	141,568
Other	564,798	604,805	695,374	569,001
Total revenues	 52,236,152	54,317,361	56,666,969	63,783,795
Expenditures:				
Public safety and legal services	13,584,142	14,593,427	16,507,338	18,225,493
Physical health and social services	5,279,964	5,563,018	5,398,110	5,489,011
Mental health	12,540,895	12,454,452	12,673,353	13,416,089
County environment and education	3,331,750	3,809,045	3,554,450	3,558,603
Roads and transportation	3,025,694	3,716,998	3,915,398	3,937,871
Governmental services to residents	1,638,400	1,746,145	1,765,623	1,866,796
Administration	6,214,537	6,622,680	6,815,170	7,306,402
Capital outlay	9,256,988	5,320,722	5,583,383	5,290,532
Debt service:		, ,	, ,	, ,
Principal	610,000	580,000	610,000	2,570,000
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-
Interest	502,750	458,905	436,926	665,130
Total expenditures	 55,985,120	54,865,392	57,259,751	62,325,927
Excess of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	 (3,748,968)	(548,031)	(592,782)	1,457,868
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	5,949,549	6,468,235	5,835,149	6,665,376
Transfers out	(5,949,549)	(6,468,235)	(5,835,149)	(6,665,376)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	-	-	-	-
Bond discount	-	-	-	-
Bond premium	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-
, Total other financing sources (uses)	 -	-	-	-
Net Change in fund balances	 (3,748,968)	(548,031)	(592,782)	1,457,868
Fund balances, beginning of year	23,183,554	19,434,586	18,886,555	18,293,773
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 19,434,586	\$ 18,886,555	\$ 18,293,773	\$ 19,751,641
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital				
expenditures	2.44%	2.14%	2.07%	6.01%
Source: County records.	2.7470	2.1470	2.0770	0.01/0
councer county records.				

	Fisca	ii re							
	2007		2008	2009		2010		2011	2012
5	32,017,310	\$	33,120,748	\$ 34,082,776	\$	36,232,900	\$	43,098,556 \$	44,978,36
	3,727,522		3,860,101	3,691,392	•	3,637,825	•	3,863,574	4,052,75
	2,233,601		2,222,446	2,164,548		2,135,108		2,192,115	2,290,50
	782,123		731,456	847,456		790,006		791,685	789,14
	18,714,770		, 19,873,049	20,369,088		19,848,192		20,595,340	20,249,18
	4,521,226		4,337,361	4,516,303		4,490,155		4,993,149	5,463,13
	2,008,067		1,447,577	674,859		186,708		221,853	152,19
	517,197		540,170	505,300		525,427		666,627	653,39
	144,693		157,323	165,676		186,492		188,240	222,95
	636,018		701,770	536,861		642,792		598,716	936,48
	65,302,527		66,992,001	67,554,259		68,675,605		77,209,855	79,788,11
	19,330,101		19,214,446	19,768,037		19,942,386		26,494,923	26,757,07
	5,638,002		5,915,796	6,075,938		6,595,222		6,511,764	5,395,36
	14,288,703		15,182,707	14,560,838		14,492,698		15,221,435	17,466,38
	3,845,185		4,099,548	4,378,787		4,197,866		4,338,106	4,450,57
	4,360,061		4,493,009	4,680,676		4,604,129		4,540,049	5,111,16
	1,933,065		2,012,787	2,134,299		2,052,707		2,022,332	2,210,61
	7,555,798		8,238,360	8,711,784		8,342,657		9,094,998	9,203,85
	5,580,379		5,832,465	4,369,892		9,072,467		7,748,371	2,190,78
	1,880,000		1,925,000	2,065,000		2,140,000		2,680,000	2,780,00
	99,453		-	-		-		-	
	1,569,359		1,503,745	1,398,136		1,562,013		1,675,660	1,589,07
	66,080,106		68,417,863	68,143,387		73,002,145		80,327,638	77,154,89
	(777,579)		(1,425,862)	(589,128)		(4,326,540)		(3,117,783)	2,633,21
									, ,
	5,107,655		8,516,222	8,616,899		8,007,463		8,433,584	4,601,53
	(5,107,655)		(8,516,222)	(8,616,899)		(8,007,463)		(8,610,574)	(4,814,43
	33,394		49,757	27,450		39,705		157,209	339,44
	6,185,000		-	-		13,200,000		-	
	-		-	-		(17,392)		-	
	9,345		-	-		70,756		-	
	(3,645,000)		-	-		(2,745,000)		-	
	2,582,739		49,757	27,450		10,548,069		(19,781)	126,55
	1,805,160		(1,376,105)	(561,678)		6,221,529		(3,137,564)	2,759,76
	19,751,641		21,556,801	20,180,696		19,619,018		25,840,547	22,860,19
	21,556,801	\$	20,180,696	\$ 19,619,018	\$	25,840,547	\$	22,702,983 \$	25,619,96
	5.84%		5.39%						

#### Program Revenues by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

			Fisca	l Yea	ar			
Function / Program	2003	200			2005		2006	
Governmental activities:								
Public safety and legal services	\$ 1,510,542	\$	1,440,430	\$	2,076,189	\$	2,396,794	
Physical health and social services	1,995,547		2,278,296		2,393,807		2,126,736	
Mental health	2,681,440		5,019,401		5,435,434		5,507,832	
County environment and education	1,064,191		1,253,269		1,143,866		1,197,394	
Roads and transportation	1,180,590		725,079		5,980,515		1,943,220	
Governmental services and residents	3,048,029		3,041,924		2,705,131		3,670,976	
Administration	426,676		336,192		507,453		367,437	
Interest on long-term debt	-		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities	 11,907,015		14,094,591		20,242,395		17,210,389	
Business-Type activities, Glynns Creek Golf Course	1,033,286		1,101,788		1,008,046		1,019,793	
Total government	\$ 12,940,301	\$	15,196,379	\$	21,250,441	\$	18,230,182	

Source: County records.

Fiscal Year													
	2007	2008			2009	2009 201			2011	2012			
\$	2,624,858	\$	2,087,424	\$	3,080,316	\$	2,285,735	\$	2,603,842	\$	2,741,330		
	2,114,672		2,179,694		2,222,418		2,984,594		2,449,219		1,835,979		
	6,324,361		7,891,347		8,163,582		6,969,490		7,753,736		8,547,369		
	1,074,486		1,306,680		1,301,062		1,415,324		1,094,796		1,223,753		
	979,629		54,786		154,581		6,744,340		2,645,043		1,083,772		
	2,824,963		2,926,459		3,063,718		2,704,150		2,656,916		2,859,866		
	410,222		432,315		453,836		499,111		1,502,699		693,626		
	-		-		-		-		403,261		390,515		
	16,353,191		16,878,705		18,439,513		23,602,744		21,109,512		19,376,210		
	875,270		947,487		949,445		912,712		900,741		1,002,459		
\$	17,228,461	\$	17,826,192	\$	19,388,958	\$	24,515,456	\$	22,010,253	\$	20,378,669		

Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Property	Local Option Sales Tax	Other Tax	Interest & Penalties on Taxes	Intergovernmental		
2003	\$ 25,895,065	\$ 3,418,462	\$ 2,192,673	\$ 837,554	\$ 17,899,516		
2004	24,996,346	3,403,432	2,171,528	652,959	17,181,934		
2005	25,895,065	3,418,462	2,192,673	837,554	17,899,516		
2006	31,364,663	3,382,318	2,328,812	791,859	18,596,027		
2007	32,017,310	3,727,522	2,233,601	782,123	18,714,770		
2008	33,120,748	3,860,101	2,222,446	731,456	19,873,049		
2009	34,082,776	3,691,392	2,164,548	847,456	20,369,088		
2010	36,232,900	3,637,825	2,135,108	790,006	19,848,192		
2011	43,098,556	3,863,574	2,192,115	791,685	20,595,340		
2012	44,978,360	4,052,754	2,290,508	789,143	20,249,187		
Change							
2003-2012	73.69%	18.55%	4.46%	-5.78%	13.13%		

Source: County records.

 Charges for Services		Investment Earnings		Licenses & Permits		Rentals & Fees		Other		Total	
\$ 4,336,407 4,389,232 4,336,407 4,656,145 4,521,226 4,337,361 4,516,303 4,490,155 4,993,149 5,463,130	\$	738,160 348,442 738,160 1,381,353 2,008,067 1,447,577 674,859 186,708 221,853 152,193	\$	529,000 454,731 529,000 572,049 517,197 540,170 505,300 525,427 666,627 653,399	\$	124,758 113,952 124,758 141,568 144,693 157,323 165,676 186,492 188,240 222,959	\$	695,374 604,805 695,374 569,001 636,018 701,770 536,861 642,792 755,925 936,482	\$	56,666,969 54,317,361 56,666,969 63,783,795 65,302,527 66,992,001 67,554,259 68,675,605 77,367,064 79,788,115	
25.98%		-79.38%		23.52%		78.71%		34.67%		40.80%	

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)

Fiscal											
Year Ended	Real Property			Personal Property				Utilities			
June 30	Taxable Value	Assessed Value	Та	Taxable Value		Assessed Value		Taxable Value		Assessed Value	
2003	\$ 4,697,380,131	\$ 7,262,052,360	\$	55,912,460	\$	55,912,460	\$	376,912,988	\$	376,928,465	
2004	4,812,295,795	7,645,182,637		5,356,152		5,356,152		402,785,799		403,680,208	
2005	5,087,898,264	8,391,908,858		-		-		416,619,162		416,632,167	
2006	5,299,824,281	8,858,213,729		-		-		405,323,627		405,323,627	
2007	5,636,684,084	9,304,359,638		-		-		242,007,768		287,536,004	
2008	5,782,600,890	9,629,908,628		-		-		236,556,404		311,762,064	
2009	6,175,708,574	10,870,184,903		-		-		244,749,886		300,708,935	
2010	6,239,157,174	10,946,041,950		-		-		407,227,695		491,195,351	
2011	6,408,604,034	11,185,801,070		-		-		382,244,194		501,524,388	
2012	6,673,545,437	11,407,016,930		-		-		402,661,960		519,674,870	

Source: Auditor's Office

Note 1: Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to the actual value. Note 2: Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

		Ratio	Tax	
		Taxable	Increment	
Tc	otal	to	Financing	
Taxable Value	Assessed Value	Assessed Value	District Values	County Urban Rate
\$ 5,130,205,579	\$ 7,694,893,285	66.7%	\$ 226,164,092	\$ 4.18
5,220,437,746	8,054,218,997	64.8%	232,697,034	4.48
5,504,517,426	8,808,541,025	62.5%	213,970,420	4.81
5,705,147,908	9,263,537,356	61.6%	235,146,048	4.75
5,878,691,852	9,591,895,642	61.3%	235,149,590	5.57
6,019,157,294	9,941,670,692	60.5%	301,116,369	5.51
6,420,458,460	11,170,893,838	57.5%	330,175,178	5.34
6,646,384,869	11,437,237,301	58.1%	369,081,487	5.48
6,790,848,228	11,687,325,458	58.1%	371,369,162	6.38
7,076,207,397	11,926,691,800	59.3%	360,551,426	6.38

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago *(in thousands of dollars)* (Unaudited)

			2003	
Taxpayer	Tavah	le Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value
Ιακράγει	Taxab		Nank	Value
MidAmerican Energy	\$	236,431,027	1	4.71%
Aluminum Company of America		61,664,800	2	1.23%
SDG Macerich Properties		49,731,759	3	0.99%
Davenport Water Company		40,180,640	4	0.80%
Isle of Capri		39,806,296	5	0.79%
Genventures		35,968,443	6	0.72%
Qwest Communications		28,701,265	7	0.57%
Northern Border Pipeline Co		20,693,500	8	0.41%
Lafarge Corporation		19,150,978	9	0.38%
Petersen Properties LC		18,665,500	10	0.37%
Total	\$	550,994,208		10.97%

			2012	
				Percentage of
				Total County
				Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer	Taxab	le Assessed Value	Rank	Value
MidAmerican Energy	\$	343,938,029	1	4.86%
Isle of Capri		85,002,320	2	1.20%
SDG Macerich Properties		58,460,300	3	0.83%
Iowa American Water Company		57,730,340	4	0.82%
ALCOA		40,859,640	5	0.58%
Qwest Corp		31,125,491	6	0.44%
Gulf Investments		24,747,700	7	0.35%
Deere & Company		22,776,100	8	0.32%
The Davenport North Development		18,466,300	9	0.26%
Hotel Blackhawk, LLC		17,974,000	10	0.25%
Total	\$	701,080,220		9.91%

Source: County records

#### Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Property Taxes Levied		 Property Taxes Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy			Property Tax Collections		Property Tax Total Collections to Date		
Ended		for the		Percentage		In Subsequent			Percentage	
June 30		Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy		Years		Amount	of Levy	
2003	\$	164,344,090	\$ 163,141,398	99.27%	\$	38,060	\$	163,179,458	99.299	
2004		170,396,572	168,156,252	98.69%		618,183		168,774,435	99.05%	
2005		181,497,890	179,753,240	99.04%		1,664,237		181,417,477	99.96%	
2006		194,032,266	193,001,228	99.47%		195,545		193,196,773	99.57%	
2007		202,141,914	200,878,707	99.38%		(20,856)		200,857,851	99.36%	
2008		210,294,826	209,445,543	99.60%		131,295		209,576,838	99.66%	
2009		223,092,062	221,671,064	99.36%		205,504		221,876,568	99.46%	
2010		234,648,806	233,278,412	99.42%		93,197		233,371,609	99.46%	
2011		247,987,832	246,709,768	99.48%		357,380		247,067,148	99.63%	
2012		258,210,732	256,655,331	99.40%		206,819		256,862,150	99.489	

Source: County records

## Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value) (Unaudited)

	2003	2004	2005	2006
County direct rates:				
Scott County Urban Rate	\$ 4.48067	\$ 4.80887	\$ 4.75497	\$ 5.56513
Scott County Rural Rate	7.49188	7.71192	7.84647	8.60445
Total direct rates	11.97255	12.52079	12.60144	14.16958
City and town rates:				
Bettendorf	11.85000	11.85000	12.34932	12.34952
Blue Grass	12.43356	12.48463	11.51524	11.43975
Buffalo	7.00203	7.65547	8.09999	8.09998
Davenport	14.63000	14.96445	15.24000	15.24000
Dixon	8.09986	8.09977	8.10000	8.10000
Donahue	5.15138	7.96293	7.36868	5.42517
Durant	12.17088	12.17088	14.20315	15.56204
Eldridge	6.37555	6.64799	6.64795	6.64795
LeClaire	14.69660	14.69660	14.69639	14.69637
Long Grove	7.89977	8.10000	8.10000	8.10000
Maysville	4.85690	5.16066	5.16083	5.16097
McCausland	7.91705	7.91704	8.10000	8.10000
New Liberty	1.52478	2.22375	2.99975	2.90011
Panorama Park	6.27994	6.29016	6.25158	6.50590
Princeton	9.30739	9.22504	8.81288	9.02314
Riverdale	2.29649	2.30970	2.30949	2.93819
Walcott	9.50001	9.50000	2.30949 9.75001	2.95819 9.75001
Walcott	9.30001	9.30000	9.75001	9.75001
School District Rates:				
Bennett Schools	11.85225	12.43900	12.85967	11.78130
Bettendorf Schools	15.78768	15.77779	15.46630	14.69042
Davenport Schools	16.96204	17.07873	17.09591	17.09734
Durant Schools	12.24493	12.04676	12.21711	12.62186
North Scott Schools	15.32122	14.99307	15.03382	15.12320
Pleasant Valley Schools	13.45042	13.45835	13.46470	13.66430
Area IX CC	0.62633	0.61738	0.59216	0.59269
Other:				
	0.33124	0.33119	0.27124	0.27404
Scott County Assessor				
Davenport City Assessor	0.37656	0.31521	0.27648	0.26045
Ag. Extension - BANGS	0.06248	0.06721	0.06939	0.06973

Source: County records - Auditor's Office.

Y	Year Taxes are Payable										
	2007	2008		2009	2010		2011		2012		
\$	5.51106	\$ 5.54040	\$	5.33791	\$ 5.47607	\$	6.37607	\$	6.37759		
	8.52602	8.62666		8.35745	8.49561		9.39561		9.51525		
	14.03708	14.16706		13.69536	13.97168		15.77168		15.89284		
	12.60000	12.95000		12.85000	12.85000		12.60000		12.60000		
	11.58668	11.65760		11.07291	10.98600		11.18972		11.30132		
	8.10000	8.10000		8.09999	8.17628		8.17540		9.12078		
	15.56702	15.57515		15.57584	15.58000		15.53000		15.53000		
	8.10000	8.10000		8.10000	8.10000		8.10000		8.10000		
	5.43321	5.43025		5.96370	5.96079		7.21883		7.22080		
	15.56204	15.56203		15.56203	14.95411		15.70846		15.70847		
	6.64800	6.64797		6.64880	6.64916		6.74852		6.75418		
	14.69636	14.69188		14.69998	16.08173		16.00434		15.07379		
	8.39529	8.10000		9.76863	11.15854		11.03125		10.90085		
	5.16094	5.16095		5.16100	5.16094		5.16962		5.16951		
	8.10000	8.10000		8.10000	8.10000		9.25982		9.21668		
	3.57028	3.34915		2.93849	2.92797		3.96650		3.12506		
	6.76329	6.74595		5.64940	5.55117		5.56196		5.51713		
	8.97804	8.93821		8.94763	9.58243		9.58242		9.58242		
	2.50485	2.50485		2.70103	2.70103		3.37602		7.00244		
	9.75000	10.00000		10.00000	10.00000		9.99999		10.00000		
	11.62880	10.72766		11.01374	11.25066		11.23830		12.47240		
	15.00216	15.00025		14.84626	14.85367		15.00820		15.00244		
	17.10760	17.10610		17.08731	17.09334		17.11276		17.05061		
	11.96178	12.37027		12.60365	13.34659		11.84246		13.62815		
	15.17814	15.11048		14.76476	14.51584		14.75964		14.75525		
	13.86154	13.99385		13.98720	13.99319		14.74116		14.73829		
	0.61277	0.60785		0.60635	0.87714		0.92444		1.01724		
	0.29563	0.28899		0.28870	0.33733		0.28465		0.28110		
	0.29672	0.30964		0.27680	0.25789		0.23892		0.25171		
	0.07034	0.07079		0.06892	0.06845		0.06946		0.06891		

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands, except per capita) (Unaudited)

		Government	Activities	Business-Type Activities				
Fiscal Year	Gene	ral Obligation Bonds		Capital Lease	Ca	apital Lease	Purc	hase Contract
2003	\$	9,825	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,361
2004		9,245		-		218		2,101
2005		8,635		-		476		1,918
2006		8,000		27,765		370		1,725
2007		9,655		26,770		266		1,523
2008		8,760		25,740		156		1,304
2009		7,765		24,670		39		1,075
2010		17,190		23,560		-		855
2011		15,660		22,410		-		585
2012		14,080		21,210		-		-

\*Calculation made using population and personal income figures from Demographics and Economics Statistics Table.

Source: County records.

N/A - Not Available

Go	Total vernment	Percentage of Personal Income*	Per Capita*		
\$	12,186	0.24% \$	77.10		
	11,564	0.21%	73.12		
	11,029	0.19%	69.56		
	37,860	0.62%	237.22		
	38,214	0.59%	238.72		
	35,960	0.52%	222.22		
	33,549	0.49%	205.09		
	41,605	0.57%	250.87		
	38,655	N/A	231.94		
	35,290	N/A	210.63		

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		al Bonded Debt utstanding			
			Percent of Debt to		
Fiscal Year	General	Obligation Bonds	Assessed Value	Per Capita*	
2003	\$	9,825,000	0.13% \$	61.18	
2004		9,245,000	0.12%	57.46	
2005		8,635,000	0.10%	53.92	
2006		8,000,000	0.09%	49.69	
2007		9,655,000	0.10%	58.93	
2008		8,760,000	0.09%	53.20	
2009		7,765,000	0.07%	46.93	
2010		17,190,000	0.15%	103.65	
2011		15,660,000	0.13%	93.96	
2012		14,080,000	0.12%	84.04	

\*Calculated using population figure from Demographics and Economics Statistics Table.

Source: County records.

## Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	De	bt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimate of Overl Del	apping
Direct Debt:					
Scott County	\$	14,080,000	100.00%	<u>\$ 14,</u>	080,000
Overlapping Debt:					
School Districts:					
Bettendorf Community		-	100.00%		-
Durant Community		1,680,000	26.53%		445,704
North Scott Community		-	100.00%		-
Pleasant Valley Community		1,200,000	100.00%	1,	200,000
Wheatland Community		662,862	8.30%		55,018
Eastern Iowa Community College		67,765,000	59.07%	40,	028,786
Subtotal, School Districts				41,	729,507
Cities:					
Bettendorf		107,120,000	100.00%	107,	120,000
Blue Grass		2,437,585	100.00%	2,	437,585
Buffalo		189,798	100.00%		189,798
Davenport		222,095,000	100.00%	222,	095,000
Donahue		184,000	100.00%		184,000
Durant		1,935,000	3.35%		64,823
Eldridge		4,350,000	100.00%	4,	350,000
LeClaire		8,787,511	100.00%	8,	787,511
Long Grove		918,000	100.00%		918,000
Maysville		283,000	100.00%		283,000
McCausland		9,666	100.00%		9,666
New Liberty		275,736	100.00%		275,736
Princeton		750,000	100.00%		750,000
Riverdale		2,493,732	100.00%	2,	493,732
Walcott		1,980,000	100.00%	1,	980,000
Subtotal, Cities				351,	938,851
Overlapping Debt:				393,	668,358
Total direct and overlapping debt:				\$ 407,	748,358

Source: County records

Outstanding debt amounts are obtained directly from the debt issuing entity. The percentage of overlapping debt attributed to Scott County is based on the percentage of the entity's total taxable valuation that lies within Scott County.

Legal Debt Margin Information As of June 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

	 2003	2004	2005	2006
Debt limit	\$ 363,102,618	\$ 392,500,605	\$ 428,112,694	\$ 451,734,795
Total net debt applicable to limit	 9,825,000	9,245,000	8,635,000	35,765,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 353,277,618	\$ 383,255,605	\$ 419,477,694	\$ 415,969,795
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	2.78%	2.41%	2.06%	8.60%

Source: County records.

			al Debt Margin ( essed value	Calcu	ulation for Fiscal	Yea	r 2012	\$ 1	1,908,634,052
		Deb	ot limit (5% of as	sess	ed value)			\$	595,431,703
			General obligati	on b	onds				14,080,000
			Capital lease						21,210,000
			Total net applica	able	to limit				35,290,000
		Leg	al debt margin					\$	560,141,703
 2007	2008		2009		2010		2011		2012
\$ 479,594,782 \$	497,083,535	\$	558,544,692	\$	571,861,865	\$	584,366,273	\$	595,431,703
 36,425,000	34,500,000		32,435,000		40,750,000		38,070,000		35,290,000
\$ 443,169,782 \$	462,583,535	\$	526,109,692	\$	531,111,865	\$	546,296,273	\$	560,141,703
8.22%	7.46%	,	6.17%		7.67%		6.97%		6.30%

## Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

Year	Population <sup>1</sup>	Personal Income (000's) <sup>2</sup>	Per	Capita Personal Income <sup>2</sup>	Farm Proprietors <sup>3</sup>	School Enrollment <sup>4</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>5</sup>
2003	158,048	\$ 5,061,223	\$	32,023	740	26,886	4.7
2004	158,145	5,463,012		34,544	740	26,597	5.0
2005	158,543	5,675,918		35,800	730	26,735	4.5
2006	159,597	6,062,478		37,986	730	26,818	3.8
2007	160,077	6,472,814		40,436	860	27,316	3.8
2008	161,824	6,953,445		42,969	850	27,813	4.1
2009	163,582	6,832,527		41,768	850	28,016	6.9
2010	165,841	7,272,593		43,874	850	28,460	7.1
2011	166,659	N/A		N/A	N/A	28,538	6.9
2012	167,545	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	6.6

#### Sources:

<sup>1</sup>Woods & Poole Economics, Inc. 2012

Note: Woods & Poole data are projections

<sup>2</sup>U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

<sup>3</sup>USDA, National Agricultural Statistics Services

<sup>4</sup>Iowa Department of Education

Total Enrollment includes Bettendorf CSD, Davenport CSD, North Scott CSD, and Pleasant Valley CSD

School enrollments are for the fall of year posted and spring of following year (i.e. 2011-12 would be listed under 2011

<sup>5</sup>Iowa Workforce Development

2012 totals are the average from January - July 2012

Date accessed: 8/23/2012

## Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

	2003					
			Percentage of Total			
Employer	Employees	Rank	County Employment			
Genesis Medical Center	3,000	1	3.7%			
ALCOA	2,513	2	3.1%			
Kraft Foods (Oscar Mayer)	1,200	3	1.5%			
MidAmerican Energy Company	1,200	4	1.5%			
APAC Customer Service	800	5	1.0%			
Von Maur	650	6	0.8%			
UPS Distribution	500	7	0.6%			
Von Hoffman Graphics	445	8	0.5%			
Nestle Purina Pet Care Co.	380	9	0.5%			
Eagle Foods Distribution	379	10	0.5%			

		2012	
			Percentage of Total
Employer	Employees	Rank	County Employment
	4.000	4	C 20/
Genesis Medical Center	4,900	1	6.3%
Davenport Community School District	2,500	2	2.7%
Alcoa Inc	2,250	3	2.5%
Kraft Foods (Oscar Mayer)	1,500	4	2.0%
Isle of Capri Hotel Bettendorf	1,050	5	1.2%
MidAmerican Energy	1,025	6	1.1%
John Deere Davenport Works	838	6	1.0%
Davenport City Hall	800	8	1.0%
Wells Fargo Bank	716	9	0.8%
Exelon	700	10	0.8%

Sources:

Iowa Workforce Development

InfoGroup, Reference USA (2012); and Individual Employers

Data from the 2003 QC Fact Sheet, compiled by Quad City Development Group

Note: Only selected employers were included in list

## Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function / Program	2003	2004	2005	2006
Public safety and legal services:				
Attorney	30.63	30.63	30.63	30.75
Health	2.30	4.90	4.90	7.30
Juvenile Court Services	15.20	15.20	14.20	14.20
Sheriff	141.70	154.15	159.65	166.10
Physical health and social services:				
Community Services	9.20	9.20	8.70	8.70
Health	31.85	31.25	32.25	31.85
Mental Health, Mental Retardation				
& Developmental Disabilities:				
Community Services	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.80
County Environment and Education				
Conservation	40.60	40.60	41.60	41.60
Planning & Development	4.33	4.08	4.08	4.08
Roads and Transportation				
Secondary Roads	33.40	35.15	35.15	35.15
Governmental services to residents:				
Auditor	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Recorder	13.00	13.00	12.00	12.00
Treasurer	14.20	14.20	14.20	14.20
Administration:				
Administration	3.70	3.70	3.10	3.10
Auditor	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.40
Facility & Support Services	23.74	23.74	24.19	24.19
Human Resources	7.50	7.50	4.50	4.50
Information Technology	10.00	10.00	10.00	11.00
Non-Departmental	-	-	-	-
Supervisors, Board of	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Treasurer	14.40	14.40	14.40	14.40
Total	419.95	435.90	437.75	447.32

Source: Scott County Year-End Actual Revenue and Expenditure Reports

Fiscal Y 2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
30.75	31.00	30.00	31.00	31.00	31.0
8.30	8.30	11.15	11.15	11.15	11.1
14.20	14.20	14.20	14.20	14.20	14.2
164.10	166.10	166.35	167.35	167.35	154.3
8.70	8.70	8.70	7.70	7.70	7.0
29.85	30.85	31.85	31.85	31.85	32.1
3.80	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.0
41.60	41.60	41.60	41.60	41.60	41.6
4.08	4.08	4.08	4.08	4.08	4.(
35.15	35.15	35.15	35.15	35.15	35.4
6.00	6.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	5.0
11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.(
14.20	14.20	12.20	12.20	12.20	12.4
3.10	3.10	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.5
9.90	9.90	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.0
28.69	28.69	29.04	30.04	31.04	30.5
4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.5
11.00	11.00	12.00	12.00	15.00	15.4
-	-	-	-	-	-
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.(
14.40 448.82	14.40 452.07	15.40 455.42	15.40 456.42	15.40 460.42	15.6 445.8

## Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function / Program	2003	2004	2005	2006
Public Safety and Legal Services				
Attorney: # of felonies/aggravated field cases filed	4,152	4,641	4,832	5,077
# of new felony cases	4,132 N/A	4,041 N/A	4,832 N/A	3,077 N/A
Sheriff:	NA	N/A	NA	N/A
# of civil papers received	14,973	15,069	15,620	14,764
# of jail bookings	8,257	9,343	9,876	10,859
Inmate instances of programming attendance	-,	-)	-,	
# of traffic citations written	1,882	4,003	3,114	3,502
# of traffic contacts	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of 9-1-1 calls	11,830	12,088	11,767	11,088
Physical Health and Social Services				
Community Services:				
# of applications for general assistance	7,354	7,822	6,575	6,446
# of applications approved for general assist	3,025	4,133	3,490	3,354
# of requests for veteran services	911	1,026	1,055	1,613
# of invol commit filed for substance abuse	244	213	241	289
# of involuntary mental health commitments filed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Health Department:				
# of health related inmate contacts within jail	2,762	2,520	4,509	3,795
# of comm disease requiring investigation	153	234	122	302
# of environmental health inspections conducted	3,806	3,124	3,955	3,987
# of public health nuisance complaints received	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mental Health, HR & DD				
Community Services:	262	24.0	222	204
# of invol commit filed for mental health	263	218	322	304
# of persons with MH/CMI served	3,667	3,777	4,115	4,015
# of juvenle MH commitments # of persons with MR/DD served	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of adult MH commitments	502 N/A	529 N/A	518 N/A	560 N/A
# of protective payee cases	441	430	434	398
# of protective payee cases	441	430	434	390
County Environment and Education				
Conservation:				
# of camp sites available	738	788	788	788
# of acres managed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of rounds of golf course	33,316	33,012	30,803	30,898
Planning & Development:	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of building permits issued	550	653	613	691

## (Continued)

Source: County records - Year-end Indicator Report

2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
4,845	4,814	4,752	4,782	4,664	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,040
14,479	14,879	14,002	13,491	11,284	10,674
11,658	9,747	9,011	8,245	8,283	N/A
					22,231
2,068	2,233	2,802	2,678	4,028	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,195
11,580	13,002	12,442	10,672	N/A	N/
6,524	7,544	8,105	8,907	7,294	1,428
3,569	3,797	3,829	4,660	4,065	756
814	982	880	1,204	1,134	1,160
340	260	210	214	246	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	40
3,979	5,434	10,617	10,817	12,618	13,888
369	285	360	338	442	270
4,363	4,464	4,198	4,389	4,141	N/#
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	16
338	335	361	312	450	40
4,136	4,078	1,537	1,505	1,516	N//
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9:
572	570	384	380	409	N//
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	24
401	390	367	339	384	31
788	788	788	788	788	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,49
27,196	27,765	28,549	29,258	28,553	30,476
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
622	603	643	583	728	735

## Operating Indicators by Function/Program (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function / Program	2003	2004	2005
Roads and Transportation:			
Secondary Roads:			
# of miles of road paved	168	175	176
# of bridges/culverts repaired/replaced	100	98	102
Governmental Services to Residents			
Auditor:			
# of elections	6	24	6
# of registered voters	97,139	104,462	111,806
Recorder:			
# of real estate transactions recorded	68,404	59,384	49,447
<pre># of vital statistics registered/issued</pre>	22,302	21,770	20,315
# of passport applications accepted	427	641	531
# of conservation privileges issued	2,379	1,282	1,235
# of conservation licenses - ATV/Snow			
boat reg, titles and liens and privileges			
issued	13,946	5,587	13,642
Treasurer:			
# of title and security interest trans processed	67,729	72,522	75,405
Administration			
Auditor:			
<pre># of real estate transactions processed</pre>	8,791	9,357	8,829
# invoices processed			
Facility & Support Service:			
# of service calls	4,524	5,010	5,810
# hours spent in safety training			
# of purchase requisitions received	1,014	739	733
# of pieces of outgoing mail	562,476	524,775	550,631
# of square feet of hard surface floors maintained	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of files imaged	80,120	109,450	273,526
# of hours spend on imaging			
Information Technology:			
# of network users	424	566	652
# of network connections supported	N/A	N/A	N/A
# of 3rd party applications maintained	62	108	47
# of users supported	N/A	N/A	N/A
Treasurer:			
<pre># of prop tax/spec assessment statutes issued</pre>	162,190	183,741	184,685
# of tax certifications issued	2,003	23	3,284

2006	Fiscal Year	2000	2000	2042	2011	2612
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
470	170	476	402	102	402	24
176 104	176 140	176 213	183 79	183 94	183 89	219 89
104	140	215	75	54	89	0
26	11	27	5	26	3	
114,507	115,457	116,570	118,641	120,962	123,115	124,26
48,297	43,976	40,493	40,010	37,856	38,493	31,38
20,207	21,830	20,726	20,196	20,450	20,776	20,31
788	1,564 797	1,430 N/A	1,134 N/A	1,280 N/A	1,151 N/A	1,14 N//
808	191	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	11/1
6,098	13,498	6,505	4,291	14,612	5,852	6,61
76,517	64,468	60,342	66,597	67,777	71,883	69,90
8,859	8,414	7,728	6,689	7,303	6,663	N// 25,03
4,608	4,586	4,408	4,579	3,045	2,197	N/. 8
849	864	1,113	1,011	N/A	N/A	N/
524,752	547,591	491,571	534,148	479,814	446,405	N/
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	728,94
327,979	887,629	746,690	899,403	792,379	698,680	N/
						2,74
686	805	851	899	929	1,094	N/
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,68
52	54	54	55	61	67	N/
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	72
180,196	186,423	176,450	181,657	191,493	198,053	195,41
1,834	1,974	2,116	2,592	2,151	1,691	2,14

## Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function / Program	2003	2004	2005
Public safety and legal services:			
Sheriff:			
# of patrol cars	53	48	62
Physical health and social services:			
Health Department			
# of vehicles	15	16	18
County environment and education:			
Conservation			
# of acres managed	2,795	2,795	2,795
Planning and Development			
# of vehicles	2	2	2
Roads and transportation:			
Secondary Roads			
# of vehicles	61	61	61
# of buildings	10	10	10
Administration:			
Facility and Support Services			
# of vehicles	5	5	4
<pre># of buildings maintained</pre>	11	12	12
Non-Departmental (Risk Management)			
# of vehicles	1	1	1

Source: County records - Vehicle Report & FSS and Conservation Offices.

	Fiscal Year					
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
54	54	55	42	45	46	44
13	13	13	13	13	13	13
2,795	2,795	2,795	2,795	2,795	2,795	2,795
2	2	2	2	2	2	2
61	61	61	61	61	61	60
10	10	10	10	10	10	10
6	6	5	5	5	6	6
12	12	12	12	12	11	11
6	6	1	1	1	1	1



# COMPLIANCE

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through Grantor's Indentifying	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
J.S. Department of Agriculture			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
(Passed through the Iowa Department of Human Services)			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	\$ 18,385
(Passed through Iowa Department of Public Health)			
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	63712	1,600
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			19,985
(Passed through Iowa Department of Public Health)			
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and	10.557	5881AO94	8,063
Children / Breastfeeding Peer Counseling			
Special Supplemental Nutrition Programs for Woman,			
Infants, and Children (WIC)	10.557	5881AO36	124,680
			132,742
(Passed through Iowa Department of Human Services)			
ARRA - State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental	10 504	N1/A	04.074
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	N/A	61,071
(Passed through lowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewartship)			
WIC Farmers' Market Nutrition Program (FMNP)			
Iowa Farmers' Market Nutrition Program	10.572	N/A	1,849
Iowa I armers Market Nutrition Program	10.572	NA	1,049
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			215,647
S Department of Housing and Urban Development			
(Passed through the City of Davenport)			
Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control in Privately-Owned Housing			
Davenport MILES Program (HUD) Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control in Privately-Owned Housing	14.900	IALHB0497-11	9,848
III Frivately-Owned Housing	14.900	IALNB0497-11	9,040
.S. Department of Justice			
(Passed through the Governor's Alliance on Substance Abuse)			
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	2008-AP-BX-0942	6,560
(Direct Program)			
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	OMB1121-0235	373
Builetproof vest Faithership Frogram	10.007	0101121-0233	575
(Passed through the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services)			
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants			
ARRA-Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants			
COPS in School	16.710	2008-CK-WX-00	11,191
IAC Brogrom Cluster			
JAG Program Cluster			
(Direct Program) Edward Bvrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2009-DJ-BX-0943	100 576
ARRA - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance	10.730	2009-DJ-BX-0943	109,576
Grant (JAG) Program	16.804	2009-SB-B9-0549	62,728
	10.001		02,720
(Passed through the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services)			
ARRA - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance			
Grant (JAG) Program	16.803	09JAG/ARRA-4269B	118,475
Total JAG Program Cluster			290,779
(Passed through State of Iowa Department of Justice, Crime Victim			
Assistance Division)			
ARRA-Violence Against Women Formula Grants			
Stop Violence Against Women	16.588	VW-11-17	33,788
Ctop violence Against women	10.300	v v v - 1 1 - 17	
Total U.S. Department of Justice			342,691
Total 0.0. Department of Vusite			542,091

(Continued)

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Indentifying Number	ederal enditures
J.S. Department of Transportation			
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration			
(Passed through Iowa Department of Public Safety-Governor's			
Traffic Safety Division)			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	PAP 10-410, Task 69	\$ 8,065
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	PAP 12-04, Task 69	 37,539
			 45,604
J.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
(Passed through the Iowa Department of Health)			
Immunization Cooperative Agreements			
Immunization Action Grant	93.268	58801468	22,859
I-4 Project/Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268	58811468	 21,958
			 44,817
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States			
Maternal & Child Health, and Family Planning	93.994	5881MH21	5.478
Dental Health Grant	93.994	5881MH21	1.089
Maternal and Child Health/Dental/ABCD &Hawk	93.994	5881MH21	46,643
Dental Health Grant	93.994	5881MH21	850
CHIPRA Teen Outreach	93.994	5881MH21	 485
			 54,545
Regional Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	5881BT12	45
Regional Public Health Emergency Preparedness / Regional Bioterrorism	93.069	5882BT206	2.382
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	5881BT382	14,302
			 16,729
The Affordable Care Act: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Investig and Technical Assistance	gations and Tech	nical Assistance	
Local Bioterrorism Grant	93.283	5882BT82	66,347
Mosquito Surveillance Project	93.283	5881BT82	30,764
Mosquito Surveillance Project	93.283	MOU-2012-ELC09	840
Mosquito Surveillance Project	93.283	MOU-2013-ELC09	 280
Project Grants and Cooperative Agreements for Tuberculosis Control Program	ns		 98,231
TB Directly Observed Therapy	93.116	MOU-2012-TB05	 175
Total passed through lowa Department of Health			214,497

(Continued)

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Concluded) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Pass-Through	
	Federal	Grantor's	
	CFDA	Indentifying	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
· · ·			
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (continued)			
(Passed through Iowa Department of Human Services)			
Refugee and Entrant Assistance	93.566	N/A	\$ 101
ARRA - Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	N/A	22,275
ARRA - Adoption Assistance	93.659	N/A	6,513
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	N/A	212
Medical Assistance (Title XIX)	93.778	N/A	57,425
PPHF-2012: Community Transformation Grants and National			
Dissemination and Support for Community Transformation	93.531	5882HP20	16,385
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	N/A	83.296
Refugee and Entrant Assistance / Child Care Development Fund	93.596	N/A	13,351
Total Child Care and Development Funding Cluster	33.330	N/A	96,647
Total Child Care and Development I ununing Cluster			30,047
Social Service Block Grant - indirect	93.667	N/A	19.531
Social Service Block Grant - Direct	93.667	N/A	748,685
	00.001		768,216
Total passed through lowa Department of Human Services			967,774
Total passed through lowa bepartment of Human betwees			
(Passed through the City of Davenport)			
The Affordable Care Act: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention			
Investigations and Technical Assistance / Care for Yourself	93.283	5882NB21	62,755
Total U.S. Dept of Health and Human Services			1,245,027
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Homeland Security Cluster			
(Passed through Iowa Homeland Security & Emergency Mgt Division)			
Homeland Security Grant Programs	07.007		04.074
FY 2009 Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program	97.067	2009-SS-T9-0034-12A	84,671
FY 2009 Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program	97.067	2009-SS-T9-0034-12	34,064
FY 2010 State Homeland Security Program	97.067	2010-SS-T0-0031-17	30,712
FY 2010 State Homeland Security Program	97.067	2010-SS-T0-0031-18	122,519
FY 2010 State Homeland Security Program	97.067	2011-SS-0071-S01-24	13,044
Total Homeland Security Cluster			285,010
(Passed through the Iowa Disaster Services Division)			
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program	97.039	DR 1763	9,872
Total US Department of Homeland Security	51.000		294,882
Total expenditures of federal awards			\$ 2,153,699
i otal experiorates or reactal awaras			φ 2,155,099

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

## Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

## Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the County of Scott, Iowa and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States and Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

## Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue from federal awards is recognized when the County has done everything necessary to establish its right to revenue. For government funds, revenue from federal grants is recognized when they become both measurable and available. Expenditures of federal awards are recognized in the accounting period when the liability is incurred.

## Note 3. Pass-Through Funding

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the County provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	 Amount Provided to Subrecipient	
Special Supplemental Nutrition Programs for			
Woman, Infants and Children (WIC)	10.557	\$ 124,680	
Breastfeeding Peer Counseling	10.557	8,063	
Iowa Farmers' Market Nutrition Program	10.572	1,849	
ARRA - Public Safety Partnership	16.710	10,562	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	37,759	
ARRA - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance			
Grant (JAG) Program	16.804	41,460	
TB Directly Observed Therapy	93.116	175	
I-4 Project	93.268	15,222	
Care for Yourself	93.283	62,755	
Maternal and Child Health Grant	93.994	12,850	
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program	97.039	9,872	
2010 Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program	97.067	50,908	
		\$ 376,155	

## Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Finding

Status

There were no findings relative to federal awards reported in the County of Scott's single audit report for the year ended June 30, 2011.



Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP 115 S 84<sup>th</sup> St, Ste 400 Milwaukee, WI 53214-1475 tel 414 777 5500 fax 414 777 5555 bakertilly.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors County of Scott, Iowa Davenport, Iowa

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Scott, Iowa as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County of Scott's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 20, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the County of Scott is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Scott's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Scott's internal control over financial reporting, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Scott's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.



#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Scott's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the County of Scott's operations for the year ended June 30, 2012, are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the County of Scott. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County of Scott in a separate letter dated November 20, 2012.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Supervisors, management, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Bahen Tilly Vinchow Krause, LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin November 20, 2012



Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP 115 S 84<sup>th</sup> St, Ste 400 Milwaukee, WI 53214-1475 tel 414 777 5550 fax 414 777 5555 bakertilly.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Supervisors County of Scott, Iowa Davenport, Iowa

## Compliance

We have audited the County of Scott, Iowa's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Scott's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The County of Scott's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County of Scott's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County of Scott's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Scott's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Scott's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County of Scott, Iowa complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.



## Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County of Scott is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Scott's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Scott's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be *material weaknesses*, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Supervisors, management, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Baker Tilly Vinchow Krause, LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin November 20, 2012

#### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Section I: Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued Internal control over financial reporting Material weakness(es) identified?	Unqualified ves X no			
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes	X	no none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes	Χ	no
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes yes	X X	no none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unqualified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510(a)?		yes	x	no
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		yes	X	no
Identification of major federal programs				

## CFDA NUMBER(S)

10.557

16.738 / 16.803 / 16.804 93.667

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs

(Continued)

#### Name of Federal Program or Cluster

Special Supplemental Nutrition Programs for Woman, Infants, and Children (WIC) Justice Assistance Grant Program Cluster Social Service Block Grant

\$ 300,000

#### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs(Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Section II: Financial Statement Findings Required to be Reported in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

There were no findings in 2012.

## Section III: Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings or questioned costs in 2012.

(Continued)

#### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Section IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

#### 11-IV-A Certified Budget

Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2012 did not exceed the amounts budgeted.

#### 11-IV-B Questionable expenditures

No expenditures were noted that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in the Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.

#### 11-IV-C Travel Expense

No expenditures of County money for travel expenses of spouses of County officials or employees were noted.

#### 11-IV-D Business Transactions

No business transactions between the County and County officials or employees were noted.

#### 11-IV-E Bond Coverage

Surety bond coverage of County officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure that coverage is adequate for current operations.

#### 11-IV-F Board Minutes

No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not.

#### 11-IV-G Deposits and Investments

No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and County's investment policy were noted.

#### 11-IV-H Resource Enhancement and Protection Certification

The County properly dedicated property tax revenue to conservation purposes as required by Chapter 455A.19(1)(b) of the Code of Iowa in order to receive the additional REAP funds allocated in accordance with Subsections (b)(2) and (b)(3).

#### 11-IV-I Capital Lease Purchase Agreements

No lease purchase agreements were entered into the current year by the County.

#### 11-IV-J County Extension Office

The County Extension Office is operated under the authority of Chapter 176A of the Code of Iowa and serves as an agency of the State of Iowa. This fund is administered by an extension council separate and distinct from County operations.

Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2012 for the County Extension Office did not exceed the amount budgeted.

