COUNTY OF SCOTT, IOWA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2008

Prepared by: Wesley Rostenbach, Accounting and Tax Manager Office of County Auditor

Craig Hufford, Financial Management Supervisor Office of County Treasurer

> Pat Reynolds, Budget Coordinator Office of County Administrator

INTRODUCTORY

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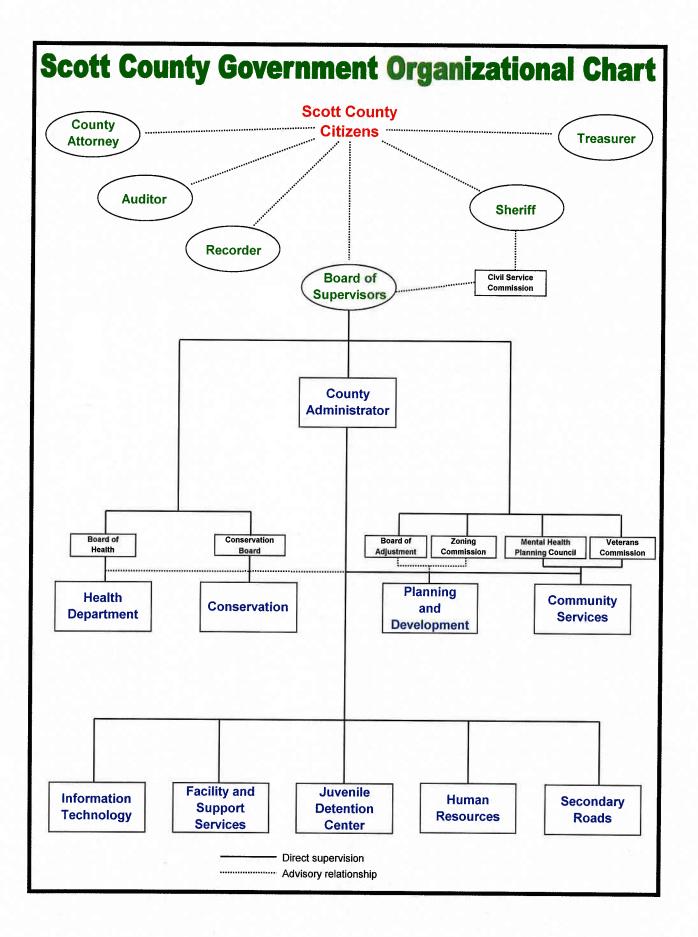
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County Officials

Official Title	Official	Term Expiration Date of Elected Officials
Elected Officials		
Supervisor, Chairperson Supervisor Supervisor Supervisor Supervisor Attorney	Jim Hancock Chris Gallin Roxanna Moritz Larry Minard Tom Sunderbruch Mike Walton	2008 2010 2010 2010 2008 2008
Auditor Recorder Sheriff Treasurer Administration	Wes Rostenbach Rita Vargas Dennis Conard Bill Fennelly	2008 2008 2010 2008 2010
County Administrator	C. Ray Wierson	
Department Heads		
Community Services Conservation Facility and Support Services Health Human Resources Information Technology Juvenile Detention Center Planning and Development Secondary Roads	Lori Elam Roger Kean Dave Donovan Lawrence Barker Mary Thee Matt Hirst Casey Smith, Interim Tim Huey Jon Burgstrum	



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Scott Iowa

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



line S. Cox

President

Executive Director



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November 18, 2008

To the Members of the Scott County Board of Supervisors, and Citizens of Scott County:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within nine months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

McGladrey & Pullen, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion of Scott County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2008. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of Scott County Government

Scott County, Iowa was incorporated on December 31, 1837. Antoine LeClaire, an early settler of the County, donated the square of land the Scott County Courthouse stands on today. If the County ever abandons the site, the property would revert to the heirs of Antoine LeClaire. The first courthouse was erected on this land during 1840-41 and served for 45 years. The following years to 1874 saw changes and additions to the structure of Scott County government. One of the major changes was in the structure of the governing board. From 1838 until 1850 county commissioners were elected on an annual basis. By 1861 the name Board of Supervisors had been mandated, with 14 supervisors from throughout the county representing the citizens. In 1870 the structure changed again, and only three board supervisors were elected countywide. In 1874, the membership of the board of supervisors increased to its present five officials, all elected at-large.

Only recently have there been dramatic changes in the actual governing of the county. In 1979 an administrator form of government was adopted, and the Board of Supervisors hired a county administrator. Subsequently, staff and departments have grown in efficiency and capacity to serve citizens. In 1978 the County Home Rule Bill was enacted, granting all powers to counties consistent with state laws and not specifically prohibited by the Iowa General Assembly.

The County provides a full range of services. These services include law enforcement and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health and developmental disabilities services, county environment and education, planning and zoning, construction and maintenance of secondary roads, education and general administrative services.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

The County's discreetly presented component units are as follows: Emergency Management Agency, which provides direction for the delivery of the emergency management services and planning, administration, coordination, training and support for local governments and their departments, Emergency Management Agency-Scott Emergency Communication Center (SECC), which provides county-wide consolidated emergency 911 dispatch services; County Library, which provides library services to all cities within Scott County with the exception of the City of Bettendorf and the City of Davenport; County Assessor, which is responsible for the operations of the Scott County Assessor's office including the assessment of all properties within Scott county with the exception of the City Conference Board to perform in-house revaluations for various classes of property; City Assessor, which is responsible to the City Conference Board to perform inhouse revaluations for various classes of property; and the Scott County Public Safety Authority, which is responsible for the city conference Board to perform inhouse revaluations for various classes of property; and the Scott County Public Safety Authority, which is responsible for the county Public Safety Authority, which is responsible for the county Public Safety Authority, which is responsible for the county Public Safety Authority, which is responsible for the county Public Safety Authority, which is responsible for the county Public Safety Authority, which is responsible for the county Public Safety Authority, which is responsible for the county Public Safety Authority, which is responsible for the county Public Safety Authority, which is responsible for the construction of the recently voter approved jail expansion project.

These component units are discretely presented in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasis that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position, results of operations and cash flows from those of the primary government. The County Board is a voting member of each of the governing bodies of all component units except for the Scott County Library for which the County Board appoints all the Library Trustees and the Public Safety Authority for which the County Board appoints two commissioners, one jointly appointed with the City of Davenport. The component units are discussed further in Note 1.

The Board is required to adopt a final budget by no later than March 15th prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for Scott County's financial planning and control. The State of lowa requires the passage of an annual budget of total County operating expenditures by major program service areas (i.e., public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, etc.). Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects fund and debt service fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is at the total program service area level. The County also maintains administrative budgetary control beyond the State required program service area level at the major object of expenditure basis within each County department.

Local Economy

Scott County is part of a three county, bi-state, metropolitan area referred to as the Quad-Cities. The counties of Scott (Iowa), Rock Island and Henry (Illinois), contain the Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), with a 2000 U.S. Census Bureau count of 359,062 which is a 2.3% increase over the 1990 census count of 350,861. The U. S. Census Bureau's 2000 population of Scott County was 158,689, which is a 5.1% increase over the 1990 census count of 150,979. However, that figure is still under the 1980 census count for Scott County which was 160,022 and only 11.2% greater than the 1970 census count of 142,687. The U.S. Census Bureau's estimates for 2006 for Scott County's population are 162,621 and for the MSA it is 360,505. Woods and Poole Economics project the population of the Quad Cities MSA to reach 378,915 by 2025, an approximate 5.5% increase over the above cited year 2000 figure. The same projection expects Scott County's population to grow to 180,370. This would represent an increase in population for the County over that 25 year time period of 13.7%.

The Quad-Cities has been historically known as an industrial, retail/service and transportation center. In the last twenty five years the economy has shifted, showing a decline in the number of manufacturing sector jobs. In 1980, 30% of the area jobs were in manufacturing and 53% in the service sector. In 1990 that had changed to 17% manufacturing, 41% service sector; with 20% classified as trade and 4% mining and construction. In 2007 the split was 14% manufacturing and 50% classified as service sector; with17% classified as trade and 5% mining and construction. The portion of government sector jobs has remained fairly even at 16.2% in 1980, to 16% in 1990 and 14% in 2007.

The shift in the Quad-Cities area economy towards creation of service sector jobs in the professional, non-professional, retail and wholesale sectors of the economy has been significant. From 1990 until 2007 the number of service providing jobs in the QCA increased from 130,100 to 154,500. This is an increase of 18.75%; which offsets the loss of over 2,500 durable goods manufacturing sector jobs, a 12.8% decrease over that same time period. The number of total manufacturing sector jobs was down from 28,900 in 1990 to 25,600 in 2007 a 11.4% drop, with a decrease of 10.5% in jobs in the non-durable goods manufacturing sector. Construction and mining sector jobs have increased by 1,900 jobs, a 28.4% increase from 1990 to 2007.

The annual average labor force in the Quad Cites MSA was 197,269 in 2007 which was a 9.9% increase from the 1990 figure of 179,426. The annual average labor force for Scott County was 88,490 in 2007, which was a 12.5% increase over the 1990 annual average labor force of 78,660 for the county. In 1980 the unemployment rate for the Quad Cities was 6.7%. In 1983 the unemployment rate for the Quad-Cities MSA hit a high of 14.8%. Scott County's unemployment rate that same year was 10.8%, following a Scott County high the year before in 1982 of 11.2%. In 1990 the unemployment rate for the QCA was 5.0% and Scott County was 4.2%. Those rates dipped to a low of 3.4% and 2.7% in 1998 but have risen slightly to the current rates for 2007 of 4.5% and 3.8%, respectively.

The median household income in Scott County has risen between 1980 and 2000, from \$20,767 in 1980 to \$29,979 in 1990 and \$42,701 in 2000. That is an increase of 105.6% over the twenty-year period. The 2006 per capita personal income for Scott County was \$36,950, which represented 111.8% of the statewide average and 100.6% of the national average at \$36,714. The per capita personal income for Scott County was \$10,969 in 1980, \$18,757 in 1990 and \$28,158 in 2000.

New residential construction has begun to slow recently in the Quad-Cities MSA and Scott County, although are still relatively strong when compared to the figures from 20 years ago. Between 1985 and 1987, only 700 single family dwellings units were started in Scott County, with only 925 in the entire Quad Cities MSA over those same three years. 1546 building permits for new single family dwelling units have been issued in Scott County from 1998 through 2000. Over that same time period 2500 new

house permits have been issued in the MSA. Between 1998 and 2000, of the new house permits issued in the Quad Cites, 62% have been in Scott County. This is an average for Scott County of over 500 permits a year over that three year time period.

In 2002, of the 863 new house permits issued in the QCMSA, 583 were issued in Scott County. For 2003 those figures were 801 and 556, respectively. The 2004 figures continued to show an increase in housing starts for Scott County at 608 with a total MSA figure of 861. This is an average of 550 new house starts a year for Scott County over that three year time period. In 2005 Scott County had 652 of the 961 housing starts in the Quad Cities MSA or 68% of the total. In 2006 and 2007, housing starts have started to slow with Scott County having 538 housing starts in 2006 and 407 in 2007. The Scott County figures represented 65% of the total Quad Cities MSA housing starts in 2006 and 61% in 2007.

Even with a slowing housing market the Quad Cities remains one of the most affordable housing markets in the country. The average sales price for homes in the Iowa Quad Cities was \$126,200 in June, 2000, \$127,300 in June, 2002, 137,600 in June, 2004 and \$162,300 in June, 2007. On the Illinois side of the river the average sales price was \$90,400 in June, 2000, \$95,600 in June, 2002, \$101,400 in June, 2004 and \$112,200 in June, 2007. The median home values between 1980 and 1990 in Scott County only increased 3% from \$52,800 to \$54,400. From 1990 to 2000 the median home values in Scott County jumped 70% to \$92,400.

Even with the drastic decline in the national economic indicators, the global credit crisis and a decrease in consumer confidence the immediate outlook for the Quad Cities still can be considered somewhat stable. Housing prices have not seen a sharp decline in this area mainly because they had not seen significant increases in previous years. There have been some layoffs and production slow downs at some of the areas largest employers, while others have seen modest increases or have been hiring to replace retiring workers. Although the recent BRAC announcement will reduce positions at the Arsenal over the next six years, current production capacity at the Rock Island Arsenal is increasing with the increasing need for vehicle armor and other munitions. The Local Arsenal Redevelopment Task Force is working to attract new private jobs to the Arsenal in the future.

Economic development efforts for the Quad Cities continue to try to diversify the economy, while taking advantage of its unique location on major transportation corridors and the tremendous asset of the Mississippi River. The Quad Cities and Scott County is also positioned well for the renewable energy sector as a location for the manufacture, assembly and distribution of wind and solar energy generators. A recent economic development task force recommendation is for the Quad Cities to continue to focus its regional economic development marketing efforts through a strengthened Quad City Development Group. Scott County is on record as supporting those efforts.

Long-Term Financial Planning

Unreserved, undesignated fund balance in the general fund (14% of total general fund expenditures) falls nearly within the policy guidelines set by the Board for budgetary and planning purposes (i.e., minimum of 15 percent of total general fund expenditures). It is noted that the reserved portion of the general fund for the advance to the golf course enterprise fund will begin to be paid back in 2013 when the golf course debt retirement is completed.

As a part of Scott County's target issues the renovation and expansion of the county jail is nearly complete. This \$29.7 million project will be financed through Public Safety Authority revenue bonds. Increased operating costs for this facility projected to be completed in FY09 will be offset by the elimination of inmate housing costs in out of county facilities due to the current facility being at capacity.

Relevant Financial Policies

It is Scott County's policy to use its share of riverboat gaming proceeds for one-time capital projects. The County is currently using these funds toward a pay as you go courthouse renovation project. County funding of new, additional community projects such as Bettendorf's RiversEdge project and Davenport's RiverVision project must come from anticipated increased future gaming revenues.

Major Initiatives

In addition to the aforementioned jail expansion/renovation project, the County is also developing a county-wide GIS system. This \$2.5 million project is being financed by essential service general obligation bonds. Scott County created a GIS Strategic Plan in 2003 with implementation started in 2005. The development and implementation of this county-wide GIS system is estimated to be completed at the end of 2009.

The continued renovation of the Courthouse and the Tremont Annex (minimum security jail and patrol/training) will be completed on a pay as you go basis over the next several years. This will complete the Space Planning Master Plan developed in the 1990's which moved all non-public safety/court offices from the Courthouse to the Administrative Center.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Scott County for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. This was the nineteenth consecutive year that Scott County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both general accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, Scott County also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated March 6, 2008. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staffs of the Auditor's Office, Treasurer's Office and the Administration Office. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of our offices who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Appreciation is also expressed for the excellent assistance received from our independent accountants, McGladrey & Pullen, LLP. Credit also must be given to the Board of Supervisors for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Scott County's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Bill Fennelly, () County Treasurer

C. Ray Wierson, County Administrator

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Wes Rostenbach County Auditor

FINANCIAL

McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Supervisors County of Scott, Iowa Davenport, Iowa

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Scott, Iowa as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County of Scott, Iowa's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Scott, Iowa as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 13, 2008, on our consideration of the County of Scott, Iowa's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

McGladrey & Pullen, LLP is a member firm of RSM International an affiliation of separate and independent legal entities. The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 14, and budgetary comparison information on pages 57 and 58 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Scott, Iowa's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules, listed in the table of contents as supplementary information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The accompanying introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Mc Gladrey & Pallen, LCP

Davenport, Iowa November 13, 2008

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2008

It is an honor to present to you the financial picture of the County of Scott, Iowa. We offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County of Scott, Iowa for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the County of Scott exceeded its liabilities as of June 30, 2008 and 2007 by \$79,493,421 and \$79,683,117 (net assets), respectively. Of this amount, \$2,834,881 and \$7,743,101, respectively, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The government's total net assets decreased by \$189,696 and increased \$1,241,214 during the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

As of June 30, 2008, the County of Scott's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$20,180,696, a decrease of \$1,376,105 in comparison with 2007. Approximately 63 percent of this total amount, \$12,707,926, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved undesignated fund balance). As of June 30, 2007, the County of Scott's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$21,556,801, an increase of \$1,805,160 in comparison with 2006. Approximately 64 percent of this total amount, \$13,841,109, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved undesignated fund balance).

As of June 30, 2008, unreserved undesignated fund balance for the General Fund was \$5,849,553 or 14 percent of total General Fund expenditures and \$5,301,970 or 13 percent for 2007.

The County of Scott, Iowa's total long-term debt, excluding compensated absences and claims payable, decreased by \$2,254,492 during fiscal year June 30, 2008 and increased by \$660,000 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The decrease in 2008 was attributed to scheduled payments on bonds. The increase in 2007 was attributed to the issuance of general obligation geographic information system bonds and solid waste refunding bonds.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County of Scott's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u>: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County of Scott's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the County of Scott, Iowa's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2008

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguished functions of the County of Scott that are principally supported by taxes (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County of Scott include public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, County environment and education, roads and transportation, government services to residents and administration. The business-type activities of the County of Scott include of the County of Scott include an 18-hole golf course.

The government-wide financial statements include the County of Scott and the following discretely presented component units: Emergency Management Agency, County Library, County Assessor, County Assessor Special, City Assessor, City Assessor Special, Public Safety Authority and Scott Emergency Communication Center. There are no other organizations or agencies whose financial statements should be combined and presented with the financial statements of the County.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 18 of this report.

<u>Fund financial statements</u>: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Scott, Iowa, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County of Scott, Iowa maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Mental Health/Development Disabilities Fund, Secondary Roads Fund, Capital Projects Fund and Debt Service Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other two governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 24 of this report.

<u>Proprietary funds</u>: The County of Scott maintains one type of proprietary funds: enterprise. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County of Scott maintains one enterprise fund. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Golf Course Fund, as this fund is considered to be a major fund of the County of Scott.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2008

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25 through 27 of this report.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u>: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County of Scott, Iowa's own programs. The fiduciary funds of the County are considered agency funds. Total assets of the fiduciary funds were \$206,838,406 and \$195,442,691 for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 28 of this report.

<u>Notes to basic financial statements</u>: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Other information</u>: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County of Scott, Iowa's budgetary comparison. This information can be found on pages 57 and 58 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to basic financial statements and the required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The County's total net assets have decreased from a year ago from \$79,683,117 to \$79,493,421.

Of the County of Scott's net assets, 90 percent reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County of Scott uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The County's net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, was \$71,334,933 for 2008 and \$65,931,738 for 2007. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Tub	le 1 - County of S					
	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	Total County		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Current and other assets	\$ 64,122,137	\$ 68,410,415	\$ (2,254,825)	\$ (1,865,924)	\$ 61,867,312	\$ 66,544,491	
Capital assets	98,344,173	94,361,014	2,266,457	2,422,402	100,610,630	96,783,416	
Total assets	162,466,310	162,771,429	11,632	556,478	162,477,942	163,327,907	
Noncurrent liabilities outstanding	34,067,530	36,120,641	1,133,817	1,481,097	35,201,347	37,601,738	
Other liabilities	46,811,740	45,095,105	971,434	947,947	47,783,174	46,043,052	
Total liabilities	80,879,270	81,215,746	2,105,251	2,429,044	82,984,521	83,644,790	
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets, net of							
related debt	70,527,812	65,298,164	807,121	633,574	71,334,933	65,931,738	
Restricted	4,994,081	5,681,447	325,166	326,831	5,319,247	6,008,278	
Unrestricted	6,065,147	10,576,072	(3,225,906)	(2,832,971)	2,839,241	7,743,101	
Total net assets	\$ 81,587,040	\$ 81,555,683	\$ (2,093,619)	\$ (1,872,566)	\$ 79,493,421	\$ 79,683,117	

Table 1 - County of Scott's Net Assets

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2008

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted through enabling legislation for 2008 and 2007 consist of \$3,728,760 and \$4,152,198 for debt service, \$572,242 and \$396,372 for mental health and \$486,405 and \$936,185 for secondary roads, respectively. An additional \$531,840 and \$523,523 is restricted by external third parties, respectively. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, \$2,839,241 for 2008 and \$7,743,101 for 2007, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County of Scott, Iowa is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The County's total net assets decreased by \$189,696 during the current fiscal year as compared to an increase of \$1,241,214 in 2007. The governmental-type activities' net assets increased by \$31,357 in 2008 and \$1,575,031 in 2007. The increases in 2007 and 2008 were due to increases in capital assets. The total business-type activities' net assets decreased by \$221,053 in 2008 and \$333,817 in 2007. The decreases in 2007 and 2008 were due to interest payments on the debt of the golf course and increased costs to operate the golf course.

Table 2 highlights the County's revenues and expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 and 2007. These two main components are subtracted to yield the change in net assets. This table utilizes the full accrual method of accounting.

Revenue is further divided into two major components: program revenue and general revenue. Program revenue is defined as charges for services and sales and services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions. General revenue includes taxes, investment income and other unrestricted revenue sources.

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-	Type Activities	Total County		
	2008 2007		2008	2007	2008	2007	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 4,877,531	\$ 5,038,423	\$ 947,487	\$ 875,270	\$ 5,825,018	\$ 5,913,693	
Operating grants and contributions	11,847,705	9,896,826	-	-	11,847,705	9,896,826	
Capital grants and contributions	153,469	1,417,942	-	-	153,469	1,417,942	
General revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	33,138,131	31,995,844	-	-	33,138,131	31,995,844	
Local option sales tax	3,867,941	3,700,844	-	-	3,867,941	3,700,844	
Gaming	815,524	789,210	-	-	815,524	789,210	
Other taxes	65,253	61,766	-	-	65,253	61,766	
Utility tax replacements	1,341,669	1,382,625	-	-	1,341,669	1,382,625	
Penalties, interest and costs on taxes	731,456	782,123	-	-	731,456	782,123	
State tax replacement credits	5,194,016	5,243,536	-	-	5,194,016	5,243,536	
State shared revenues	2,866,918	2,906,371	-	-	2,866,918	2,906,371	
Grants and contributions not restricted							
to specific program	-	188,557	-	-	-	188,557	
Payments in lieu of taxes	8,226	165	-	-	8,226	165	
Investment earnings	1,447,577	2,140,787	9,827	14,609	1,457,404	2,155,396	
Miscellaneous	859,093	780,711	-	-	859,093	780,711	
Total revenues	67,214,509	66,325,730	957,314	889,879	68,171,823	67,215,609	

Table 2 - County of Scott's Changes in Net Assets

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	Total County		
	2008	2007	2008	2008 2007 2008		2007	
Expenses:							
Public safety and legal services	20,289,680	20,051,534	-	-	20,289,680	20,051,534	
Physical health and social services	5,956,132	5,682,835	-	-	5,956,132	5,682,835	
Mental health	15,211,596	14,308,820	-	-	15,211,596	14,308,820	
County environment and education	4,410,086	4,371,103	-	-	4,410,086	4,371,103	
Roads and transportation	6,712,511	6,711,217	-	-	6,712,511	6,711,217	
Government services to residents	2,151,064	2,074,972	-	-	2,151,064	2,074,972	
Administration	10,980,111	9,943,559	-	-	10,980,111	9,943,559	
Debt service, interest	1,471,972	1,606,659	-	-	1,471,972	1,606,659	
Golf course	-	-	1,178,367	1,223,696	1,178,367	1,223,696	
Total expenses	67,183,152	64,750,699	1,178,367	1,223,696	68,361,519	65,974,395	
Increase in net assets	31,357	1,575,031	(221,053)	(333,817)	(189,696)	1,241,214	
Net assets, beginning	81,555,683	79,980,652	(1,872,566)	(1,538,749)	79,683,117	78,441,903	
Net assets, ending	\$ 81,587,040	\$ 81,555,683	\$ (2,093,619)	\$ (1,872,566)	\$ 79,493,421	\$ 79,683,117	

Table 3 below discloses cost of services for governmental activities. The total cost of services column contains all costs related to the programs and the net cost column shows how much of the total amount is not covered by program revenues. Succinctly put, net costs are costs that must be covered by local taxes or other general revenue or transfers.

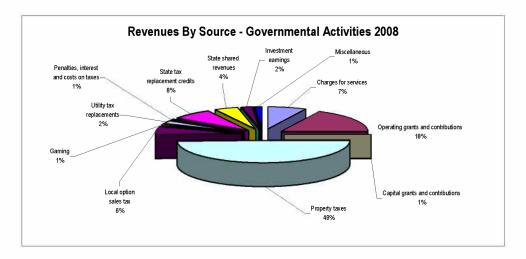
т	Table 3 - County of Scott's Governmental Activities									
	Т	Total Cost of		Total Cost of		t (Expense) of	Net (Expense) of			
Programs	S	ervices 2008	5	Services 2007	Services 2008		Services 2007			
Public safety and legal services	\$	20,289,680	\$	20,051,534	\$	(18,202,256)	\$	(17,426,676)		
Physical health and social services		5,956,132		5,682,835		(3,776,438)		(3,568,163)		
Mental health		15,211,596		14,308,820		(7,320,249)		(7,984,459)		
County environment and education		4,410,086		4,371,130		(3,103,406)		(3,296,617)		
Roads and transportation		6,712,511		6,711,217		(6,657,725)		(5,731,588)		
Government services to residents		2,151,064		2,074,972		775,395		749,991		
Administration		10,980,111		9,943,559		(10,547,796)		(9,533,337)		
Debt service, interest		1,471,972		1,606,659		(1,471,972)		(1,606,659)		
Golf course		1,178,367		1,223,696		(230,880)		(348,426)		
Total	\$	68,361,519	\$	65,974,422	\$	(50,535,327)	\$	(48,745,934)		

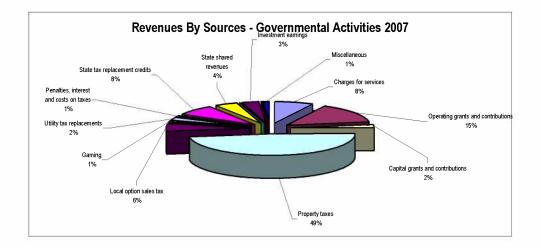
Net cost of services is 74 percent of total cost of services in 2008 and 2007. The County was able to maintain the net cost of services in the current year due to nontax revenues and fees being reviewed and adjusted on an ongoing basis.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2008

Governmental Activities

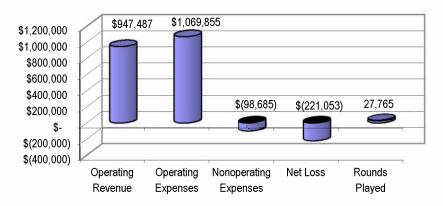
The graphs below show the percentage of the total governmental activities revenues allocated by each revenue type for 2008 and 2007.





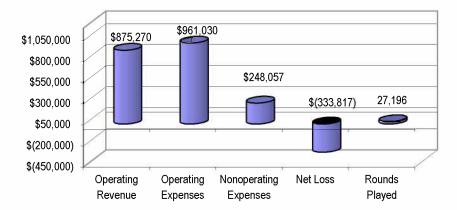
Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2008

Total business-type activities' revenue for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 was \$957,314 and \$889,879, respectively. All but \$9,827 and \$14,609 of this revenue was generated for specific business-type activity expenses. The graphs below show a comparison between the business-type activity expenditures and program revenues and operations for Glynns Creek Golf Course in 2008 and 2007.



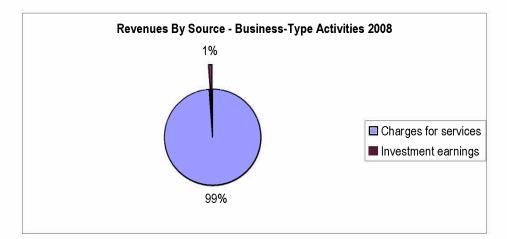
Golf Course Operations 2008

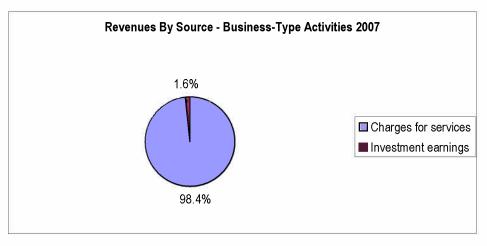
Golf Course Operations 2007



Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2008

The graphs below show the breakdown of revenues by source for the business-type activities in 2008 and 2007.





Business-type activities: Business-type activities decreased the County of Scott's net assets by \$333,817, accounting for (.12) percent of the decline in the government's net assets in fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 compared to a decrease of \$221,053 and 117 percent in fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The Golf Course Fund is responsible for this decrease.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County of Scott, Iowa uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus of the County of Scott, Iowa's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2008

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County of Scott, Iowa's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$20,180,696, a decrease of \$1,376,105 in comparison with the prior year fund balance of \$21,556,801. Approximately 63 percent of the 2008 total amount, or \$12,707,926, and \$13,841,109, or 64 percent, for 2007 constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. However, approximately 54 percent of this unreserved amount, \$6,858,373 in 2008 and 61 percent \$8,539,139 in 2007, is reported in special revenue funds or capital projects funds. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the fiscal year, the unreserved and undesignated fund balance of the General Fund was \$5,849,553 for 2008 and \$5,301,970 for 2007 while total fund balance reached \$9,593,563 for 2008 and \$8,865,464 for 2007. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved/undesignated fund balance and total fund balance to fund expenditures. Unreserved/undesignated fund balance represents 14 and 13 percent of total General Fund expenditures for 2008 and 2007, respectively, while total fund balance also represents approximately 23 and 22 percent of that same amount for 2008 and 2007, respectively.

The fund balance of the County's General Fund increased by \$728,099 during the year ended June 30, 2008. The key factors in this increase are a planned increase in property tax revenues and local option taxes received and unplanned increases in interest income received due to market recoveries.

The fund balance of the County's General Fund increased by \$352,793 during the year ended June 30, 2007. The key factors in this increase are a planned increase in property tax revenues and local option taxes received and unplanned increases in interest income received due to market recoveries.

The Mental Health/Development Disabilities Fund balance increased to \$572,242 in 2008 from \$396,372 in 2007 and decreased from \$855,147 in 2006. Revenues are to be used to provide mental health and disability services. The Mental Health/Development Disabilities Fund balance increased in 2008 due to additional state funding provided to the Counties following local officials lobbying efforts for additional state mental health funding. Fund balance decreased in 2007 due to state budget cuts in County funding made in 2001 that have never been fully restored. This has been the highest legislative priority of the Board of Supervisors for the past several legislative sessions – to find a permanent solution to funding MH-DD services in Iowa. The County MH-DD Advisory Committee has developed a list of prioritized service reductions totaling \$1.7 million which will be implemented should the legislature not take action to restore MH-DD funding during their 2008 legislative session.

The Secondary Roads Fund decreased \$449,780 in 2008 from \$936,185 in 2007 from \$1,459,411 in 2006. The decreases in fund balance relate to planned capital and construction projects.

The Capital Projects Fund decreased \$1,403,910 in 2008 from \$6,945,117 in 2007. The decrease in fund balance relates to planned capital projects.

The Debt Service Fund decreased \$423,438 in 2008 from \$4,152,198 in 2007. The decrease in fund balance relates to the normal principal and interest payments on debt outstanding.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2008

Proprietary funds: The County of Scott's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

Budgetary Highlights

Formal and legal budgetary control is based on nonmajor classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund or fund type. Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget can be summarized as follows:

- The total original revenue budget of \$64,891,883 was increased to \$66,128,883 (an increase of \$1,237,000) mainly due to an expected increase in intergovernmental revenues. Actual revenues received were \$66,992,001.
- The total original expenditure budget of \$70,816,565 was increased to \$74,414,565 (an increase of \$3,598,000) mainly for expected expenditures in the service areas of public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, roads and transportation, County environment and education services, government services to residents, capital projects and administration. Actual expenditures were \$68,417,863.
- The total original budget for transfers in and out of \$9,395,486 was unchanged.

During the year, however, expenditures were less than budgetary expenditures. Iowa law requires budget amendments to specific expenditure service areas, i.e., public safety and legal service, to be enacted by the Board of Supervisors no later than May 31 of each fiscal year. Since the County's fiscal year ends on June 30 and since the County's budget is based on the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, the Board takes a conservative approach when enacting year-end budget amendments. This means the comparison of actual to budgeted amounts will usually show expenditures to be well below budgeted amounts. This is especially true for capital outlay function when projects may roll over to a subsequent fiscal year. The budgeted transfers out are for transfers to capital projects and special revenue funds.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u>: The County of Scott's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2008 and 2007, amounts to \$100,610,630 and \$96,783,416 (net of accumulated depreciation), respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment, infrastructure and construction-in-progress. The total increase in capital assets for 2008 was 4 percent (a 4 percent increase for governmental activities and a 6 percent decrease for business-type activities). The total increase in capital assets for 2007 was 23 percent (a 24 percent increase for governmental activities and a 6 percent decrease for business-type activities).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 included the Wapsi Environmental Education Center residence, the pool and aquatic center renovation, the 5th street parking lot expansion, the second floor courthouse renovation and the jail facility expansion.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 included the Whispering Pines renovation, the pool and aquatic center renovation, the Juvenile Detention Center roof expansion, the 5th Street parking lot expansion, the second floor courthouse renovation and the jail facility expansion.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2008

	T	able 4 - County of So	ott's Capital Assets					
	Busines	s-Type Activities	Governm	ental Activities	Total			
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007		
Land	\$ 1,556,336	\$ 1,556,336	\$ 4,365,740	\$ 4,365,740	\$ 5,922,076	\$ 5,922,076		
Construction-in-progress	-	-	33,686,691	27,267,969	33,686,691	27,267,969		
Buildings	506,490	506,490	35,269,249	35,133,892	35,775,739	35,640,382		
Improvements other than buildings	663,428	663,428	2,785,053	2,752,982	3,448,481	3,416,410		
Infrastructure	62,374	62,374	78,871,946	77,323,701	78,934,320	77,386,075		
Machinery and equipment	970,497	954,847	15,524,893	15,078,812	16,495,390	16,033,659		
Accumulated depreciation	(1,492,668) (1,321,073)	(72,159,399)	(67,562,082)	(73,652,067)	(68,883,155)		
Total	\$ 2,266,457	\$ 2,422,402	\$ 98,344,173	\$ 94,361,014	\$ 100,610,630	\$ 96,783,416		

Additional information on the County of Scott's capital assets can be found in Note 7 of this report.

<u>Debt</u>: As of June 30, 2008, the County of Scott, Iowa had general obligation bonds outstanding totaling \$8,760,000, a lease agreement for the jail facility for \$25,740,000 and a purchase contract and capital lease (business-type activities) outstanding totaling \$1,459,336. In the current year, the County governmental activities paid \$1,925,000 in principal and \$1,503,745 in interest on outstanding debt. Business-type activities paid \$335,597 in principal and \$108,512 in interest on outstanding debt in the current year.

As of June 30, 2007, the County of Scott, Iowa had general obligation bonds outstanding totaling \$9,655,000, a lease agreement for the jail facility for \$26,770,000 and a purchase contract and capital lease (business-type activities) outstanding totaling \$1,788,828. In the current year, the County governmental activities paid \$5,525,000 in principal and \$1,569,359 in interest on outstanding debt. Business-type activities paid \$307,066 in principal and \$262,540 in interest on outstanding debt in the current year.

	 2008	2007	Maturity
Governmental activities:			
General obligation bonds	\$ 8,760,000	\$ 9,655,000	2017
Lease agreement	25,740,000	26,770,000	2025
Total governmental activities	\$ 34,500,000	\$ 36,425,000	
Business-type activities, purchase contract and			
capital lease	\$ 1,459,336	\$ 1,788,828	2013

Additional information about the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The County of Scott decreased the urban county levy rate by 3.6 percent and decreased the rural county levy rate by 3.1 percent for the budget year ending June 30, 2009 primarily due to the increase in the County's tax base.
- The tax base for the County of Scott increased 6.7 percent over the previous year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2008

 Health care costs and personnel costs, which make up a significant portion of the County's operating costs, continue to be reasonably controlled and negotiated. All of the County's five bargaining unit contracts are currently under negotiation for the next budget year.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County of Scott, Iowa's budget for the June 30, 2009 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

These financial statements and discussions are designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a complete disclosure of the County's finances and to demonstrate a high degree of accountability for the public dollars entrusted to us. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please write C. Ray Wierson, County Administrator, Scott County Administrative Center, 600 West 4th Street, Davenport, Iowa 52801-1003.



Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2008

	Primary Government								
Assets	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities	Total			Component Units	
Cash and investments	\$	21,437,746	\$	10,771	\$	21,448,517	\$	2,809,615	
Cash and investments in escrow		-		325,166		325,166		-	
Restricted cash and investments		206,674		-		206,674		861,296	
Receivables:									
Property taxes		36,666,997		-		36,666,997		1,817,238	
Accrued interest		541,923		-		541,923		1,250	
Accounts		209,241		98,043		307,284		537,606	
Due from other governmental agencies		2,171,288		-		2,171,288		-	
Capital lease receivable from primary									
government		-		-		-		1,070,000	
Inventories		-		13,509		13,509		-	
Total current assets		61,233,869		447,489		61,681,358		7,097,005	

Noncurrent assets:				
Receivables, notes	116,175	-	116,175	-
Capital lease receivable from primary				
government	-	-	-	24,670,000
Internal balances	2,702,314	(2,702,314)	-	-
Bond issuance costs	69,779	-	69,779	109,203
Capital assets:				
Not depreciated:				
Land	4,365,740	1,556,336	5,922,076	16,600
Construction-in-progress	33,686,691	-	33,686,691	-
Depreciated:				
Buildings	35,269,249	506,490	35,775,739	1,297,266
Improvements other than buildings	2,785,053	663,428	3,448,481	-
Infrastructure	78,871,946	62,374	78,934,320	-
Machinery and equipment	15,524,893	970,497	16,495,390	555,297
Less accumulated depreciation	(72,159,399)	(1,492,668)	(73,652,067)	(518,373)
Total capital assets	98,344,173	2,266,457	100,610,630	1,350,790
Total noncurrent assets	101,232,441	(435,857)	100,796,584	26,129,993
Total assets	\$ 162,466,310	\$ 11,632	\$ 162,477,942	\$ 33,226,998

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

			Pr	imary Government			
	(Governmental		Business-Type		-	Component
Liabilities and Net Assets		Activities		Activities	Total		Units
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	5,662,247	\$	41,007	\$ 5,703,254	\$	1,440,134
Current portion of claims payable		270,404		-	270,404		-
Accrued liabilities		926,336		22,361	948,697		42,042
Interest payable		39,906		516,393	556,299		87,515
Unearned revenue		36,650,228		20,869	36,671,097		1,810,709
Compensated absences		1,197,619		20,217	1,217,836		103,362
Current portion of general obligation bonds		995,000		-	995,000		-
Current portion of capital lease							
payable to component unit		1,070,000		-	1,070,000		-
Current portion of purchase contract		-		235,000	235,000		-
Current portion of capital leases		-		115,587	115,587		-
Current portion of revenue bonds		-		-	-		1,070,000
Total current liabilities		46,811,740		971,434	47,783,174		4,553,762
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Claims payable		448,443		-	448,443		-
Compensated absences		1,177,726		25,068	1,202,794		60,242
General obligation bonds payable		7,765,000		-	7,765,000		-
Capital lease payable to component unit		24,670,000		-	24,670,000		-
Bond premium		6,361		-	6,361		-
Bond discounts		-		-	-		(249,968)
Purchase contract		-		1,068,735	1,068,735		-
Capital leases		-		40,014	40,014		-
Revenue bonds payable		-		-	-		24,670,000
Total noncurrent liabilities		34,067,530		1,133,817	35,201,347		24,480,274
				· · ·			
Total liabilities		80,879,270		2,105,251	82,984,521		29,034,036
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		70,527,812		807,121	71,334,933		1,350,790
Restricted for:							
Debt service		3,728,760		-	3,728,760		-
County conservation sewage treatment		206,674		-	206,674		-
Lease purchase contract		-		325,166	325,166		-
Mental health		572,242		-	572,242		-
Secondary roads		486,405		-	486,405		-
Capital project, jail expansion		-		-	-		1,067,224
Unrestricted		6,065,147		(3,225,906)	2,839,241		1,774,948
Total net assets		81,587,040		(2,093,619)	79,493,421		4,192,962
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	162,466,310	\$	11,632	\$ 162,477,942	\$	33,226,998
				, –	. , –		

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2008

			Program Revenues					
Functions/ Programs	Expenses		Charges for Sales and Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government								
Governmental activities:								
Public safety and legal services	\$	20,289,680	\$	939,874	\$	1,065,108	\$	82,442
Physical health and social services		5,956,132		330,296		1,849,398		-
Mental health		15,211,596		42,261		7,849,086		-
County environment and education		4,410,086		920,315		315,338		71,027
Roads and transportation		6,712,511		11,268		43,518		-
Government services to residents		2,151,064		2,382,447		544,012		-
Administration		10,980,111		251,070		181,245		-
Interest on long-term debt		1,471,972		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		67,183,152		4,877,531		11,847,705		153,469
Business-type activities, golf		1,178,367		947,487		-		-
Total primary government	\$	68,361,519	\$	5,825,018	\$	11,847,705	\$	153,469
Component Units	\$	3,815,504	\$	12,750	\$	1,606,475	\$	
	Ta F C C C F	eral Revenues exes: Property taxes local option sales Gaming Other taxes Julity tax replacem Penalties, interest	ients and c	osts on taxes				

State tax replacement credits, unrestricted

State shared revenues, unrestricted

Payments in lieu of taxes

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues Changes in net assets

Net assets, beginning of year

Net assets, end of year

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements

		Assets	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Asse							
				ry Government						
				siness-Type						
Component Units	_	Total		Activities		ctivities				
\$-	\$	(18,202,256)	\$	-	\$	(18,202,256)	\$			
-		(3,776,438)		-		(3,776,438)				
-		(7,320,249)		-		(7,320,249)				
-		(3,103,406)		-		(3,103,406)				
-		(6,657,725)		-		(6,657,725)				
-		775,395		-		775,395				
-		(10,547,796)		-		(10,547,796)				
-	_	(1,471,972)		-		(1,471,972)				
-		(50,304,447)		-		(50,304,447)				
		(230,880)		(230,880)		-				
-		(50,535,327)		(230,880)		(50,304,447)				
(2,196,279)				-		-				
1,685,775		33,138,131		-		33,138,131				
-		3,867,941		-		3,867,941				
-		815,524		-		815,524				
71,993		65,253		-		65,253				
-		1,341,669		-		1,341,669				
-		731,456		-		731,456				
-		5,194,016		-		5,194,016				
-		2,866,918		-		2,866,918				
-		8,226		-		8,226				
1,220,776		1,457,404		9,827		1,447,577				
58,096	_	859,093		-		859,093				
3,036,640		50,345,631		9,827		50,335,804				
840,361		(189,696)		(221,053)		31,357				
3,352,601		79,683,117		(1,872,566)		81,555,683				
\$ 4,192,962	_\$	79,493,421	\$	(2,093,619)	\$	81,587,040	\$			

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2008

	Primary Government				
Assets		General		Mental Health/ Development Disabilities	
Cash and investments	\$	7,514,535	\$	3,813,362	
Restricted cash	Ť	206,674	•	-,,	
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:					
Property taxes, net of allowance for collection losses of \$12,800		30,400,258		3,288,350	
Accrued interest		541,923		-	
Accounts		191,518		16,911	
Notes		116,175		-	
Advance to other funds		2,702,314		-	
Due from other governmental agencies		1,604,628		126,620	
Total assets	\$	43,278,025	\$	7,245,243	
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	1,298,200	\$	3,370,708	
Claims payable	Ψ	31,512	Ψ	-	
Accrued liabilities		840,736		15,548	
Compensated absences		202		-	
Accrued interest payable				-	
Deferred revenue		31,513,812		3,286,745	
Total liabilities		33,684,462		6,673,001	
Fund balances:					
Reserved for:					
Notes receivable		116,175		-	
Advances		2,702,314		-	
Debt service		-		-	
County conservation sewage treatment		206,674		-	
Unreserved, designated, claim liabilities		718,847		-	
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:					
General Fund		5,849,553		-	
Special revenue funds		-		572,242	
Capital Projects Fund		-		-	
Total fund balances		9,593,563		572,242	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	43,278,025	\$	7,245,243	

				Pi	rimary Government				
	Secondary Roads		Capital Projects		Debt Service		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
\$	382,730 -	\$	5,730,127 -	\$	3,739,190 -	\$	257,802	\$	21,437,746 206,674
	-		-		725,792		2,252,597		36,666,997
	-		-		-		-		541,923
	500		-		-		312		209,241
	-		-		-		-		116,175
	-		-		-		-		2,702,314
\$	440,040	\$	5,730,127	\$	4,464,982	\$	2,510,711	\$	2,171,288
φ	823,270	φ	5,730,127	φ	4,404,902	φ	2,510,711	φ	64,052,358
\$	266,813	\$	188,920	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,124,641
	-		-		-		-		31,512
	70,052		-		-		-		926,336
	-		-		-		-		202
	-		-		10,910		-		10,910
	-		-		725,312		2,252,192		37,778,061
	336,865		188,920		736,222		2,252,192		43,871,662
									116,175
	-		-		-		-		2,702,314
	-		-		- 3,728,760		-		2,702,314 3,728,760
	-		-				-		206,674
	-		-		-		-		718,847
	-		-		-		-		5,849,553
	486,405		-		-		258,519		1,317,166
	-		5,541,207		-		-		5,541,207
	486,405		5,541,207		3,728,760		258,519		20,180,696
\$	823,270	\$	5,730,127	\$	4,464,982	\$	2,510,711	\$	64,052,358



Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances - Primary Government to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2008

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 20,180,696
Amounts reported for governmental activities are not financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Land \$	4,365,740	
Construction-in-progress	33,686,691	
Buildings	35,269,249	
Improvements other than buildings	2,785,053	
Infrastructure	78,871,946	
Machinery and equipment	15,524,893	
Accumulated depreciation	(72,159,399)	98,344,173
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds: Deferred revenues Accounts payable to component unit related to capital assets		1,127,833 (537,606)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the		
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Claims payable \$	(687,335)	
Compensated absences	(2,375,143)	
Accrued interest payable	(28,996)	
Capital lease payable to component unit	(25,740,000)	
Bond issuance costs	69,779	
Bond premium	(6,361)	
General obligation bonds payable	(8,760,000)	(37,528,056)
Net assets of governmental activities	, /	\$ 81,587,040

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Primary Government			
	(General	Mental Health/ Development Disabilities		
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	27,341,294 \$	3,080,795		
Local option sales tax		3,860,101	-		
Other taxes		1,176,272	131,139		
Interest and penalties on taxes		731,456	-		
Intergovernmental		4,440,702	12,089,200		
Charges for services		4,252,194	42,261		
Investment earnings		1,397,200	-		
Licenses and permits		536,840	-		
Rentals and fees		157,323	-		
Other		436,706	15,182		
Total revenues		44,330,088	15,358,577		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public safety and legal services		19,214,446	-		
Physical health and social services		5,915,796	-		
Mental health		-	15,182,707		
County environment and education		3,627,466	-		
Roads and transportation		-	-		
Government services to residents		2,012,787	-		
Administration		8,238,360	-		
Capital outlay		-	-		
Debt service:					
Principal		1,030,000	-		
Interest		1,088,805	-		
Total expenditures		41,127,660	15,182,707		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		3,202,428	175,870		
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in		3,005,362	-		
Transfers out		(5,479,691)	-		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,474,329)	-		
Net change in fund balances		728,099	175,870		
Fund balances, beginning of year		8,865,464	396,372		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	9,593,563 \$	572,242		

			Primary Government		
	Secondary Roads Fund	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
\$	- 9	5 - \$	670,093	\$ 2,028,566 \$	33,120,748
	<u>-</u>	· · ·	-	-	3,860,101
	-	815,524	27,093	72,418	2,222,446
	-	, -	, -	, _	731,456
	2,910,436	153,469	189,316	89,926	19,873,049
	7,938	-	, -	34,968	4,337,361
	, _	45,221	-	5,156	1,447,577
	3,330	-	-	-	540,170
	-	-	-	-	157,323
	19,007	230,875	-	-	701,770
	2,940,711	1,245,089	886,502	2,231,034	66,992,001
	-	-	-	-	19,214,446
	-	-	-	-	5,915,796
	-	-	-	-	15,182,707
	-	-	-	472,082	4,099,548
	4,493,009	-	-	-	4,493,009
	-	-	-	-	2,012,787
	-	-	-	-	8,238,360
	1,238,908	4,593,557	-	-	5,832,465
			895,000		1,925,000
			414,940		1,503,745
	5,731,917	4,593,557	1,309,940	472,082	68,417,863
	(2,791,206)	(3,348,468)	(423,438)	1,758,952	(1,425,862
	0.044.400	0.400.404			0 540 000
	2,341,426	3,169,434	-	-	8,516,222
	-	(1,274,633)	-	(1,761,898)	(8,516,222
		49,757	-	- (1 764 000)	49,757
	2,341,426	1,944,558	-	(1,761,898)	49,757
	(449,780)	(1,403,910)	(423,438)	(2,946)	(1,376,105
_	936,185	6,945,117	4,152,198	261,465	21,556,801
5	486,405	\$ 5,541,207 \$	3,728,760	\$ 258,519 \$	20,180,696

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities - Primary Government Year Ended June 30, 2008

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds			\$ (1,376,105)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following is the detail			
of the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year: Capital outlay			4,799,890
Depreciation:			
Public safety and legal services	\$	(644,467)	
Physical health and social services		(20,272)	
Mental health		(23,602)	
County environment and education		(474,893)	
Roads and transportation		(2,743,502)	
Governmental services to residents		(130,852)	(5,452,425)
Administration		(1,414,837)	(5,452,425)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			(49,757)
Loss on sales of capital assets			(127,253)
Capital assets from capital lease			4,275,098
Change in deferred item			(4,275,098)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			222,508
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, notes) provides current financial resources to government funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following is a detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items: Repayment of bond principal and capital lease Interest expense	ntal		1,925,000 31,773
Amortization of bond premium and bond issuance costs			(18,067)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:			
Change in claims payable			309,004
Change in compensated absences			(233,211)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		_	\$ 31,357
See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.		-	

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Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) Enterprise Fund June 30, 2008

	Go	If Course
Assets		
Current assets:	^	40 774
Cash and investments	\$	10,771
Cash and investments in escrow		325,166
Receivables, accounts		98,043
Inventories		13,509
Total current assets		447,489
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Land		1,556,336
Buildings		506,490
Improvements other than buildings		663,428
Infrastructure		62,374
Machinery and equipment		970,497
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,492,668)
Total noncurrent assets		2,266,457
Total assets	\$	2,713,946
Liabilities and Net Assets (Deficit)		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	41,007
Accrued liabilities		22,361
Interest payable		516,393
Unearned revenue		20,869
Compensated absences		20,217
Current portion of purchase contract		235,000
Current portion of capital lease		115,587
Total current liabilities		971,434
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences		25,068
Advance from other funds		2,702,314
Purchase contract, noncurrent portion		1,068,735
Capital lease, noncurrent		40,014
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,836,131
Total liabilities		4,807,565
Net assets (deficit):		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		807,121
Restricted for lease purchase contract		325,166
Unrestricted (deficit)		(3,225,906)
Total net assets (deficit)		(2,093,619)
Total liabilities and net assets (deficit)	\$	2,713,946
See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets (Deficit) Enterprise Fund Year Ended June 30, 2008

	G	olf Course
Operating revenues:	•	0.17.0.14
Charges for services	\$	817,944
Sales, net of cost of goods sold of \$62,415		128,475
Other		1,068
Total operating revenues		947,487
Operating expenses:		
Personnel		567,218
Depreciation		171,595
Other		331,042
Total operating expenses		1,069,855
Operating loss		(122,368)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Investment earnings		9,827
Interest expense		(108,512)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(98,685)
Change in net assets		(221,053)
Total net assets (deficit), beginning of year		(1,872,566)
Total net assets (deficit), end of year	\$	(2,093,619)

Statement of Cash Flows Enterprise Fund Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Golf Course
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from customers	\$ 958,793
Cash payments to acquire goods for resale	(70,039
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(325,361
Cash payments to employees for services Net cash provided by operating activities	(561,676 1,717
Nei cash provided by operating activities	1,117
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Payments of purchase contract	(225,000
Payments on capital lease	(110,597
Purchase of capital assets	(15,650
Interest paid on purchase contract and capital lease	(111,954
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(463,201
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities,	
advance from other funds	440,000
Cash flows from investing activities, interest received	9,827
	(11.657
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(11,657
Cash and cash equivalents:	
Beginning	347,594
Ending	\$ 335,937
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (122,368
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	171,595
(Increase) decrease in:	
Receivables	(55,132
Inventories	(7,624
Increase (decrease) in:	
Accounts payable	5,681
Accrued compensation	(462
Compensated absences	6,004
Unearned revenue	4,023
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,717
Noncash capital and related financing activities,	
amortization of bond issuance costs and discount on purchase contract	\$ 6,105
See Notes to Recip Financial Statements	

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2008

Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 7,191,496
Receivables:	
Property taxes	199,626,935
Accounts	 19,975
Total assets	\$ 206,838,406
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other governmental agencies Due to private individuals Total liabilities	\$ 227,738 205,962,576 648,092 206,838,406



Statement of Net Assets Discretely Presented Component Units June 30, 2008

Assets		mergency anagement Agency		County Library		County Assessor		County Assessor Special
Current assets:		/ goney		Library		/ 10000001		opoolai
Cash and investments	\$	190,970	\$	164,664	\$	287,407	\$	533,034
Restricted cash and investments	Ψ	100,010	Ψ	- 104,004	Ψ	- 201	Ψ	
Receivables:								
Property taxes		-		_		654,141		164,621
Accrued interest		-		-		-		-
Accounts		-		_		_		_
Capital lease receivable from primary								
government		-		-		-		-
Total current assets		190,970		164,664		941,548		697,655
Noncurrent assets:								
Capital lease receivable from primary								
government		-		-		-		-
Bond issuance costs		-		-		-		-
Capital assets:								
Land		-		16,600		-		-
Buildings		-		1,297,266		-		-
Machinery and equipment		214,727		230,109		-		-
Accumulated depreciation		(52,324)		(365,385)		-		-
Total capital assets, net		162,403		1,178,590		-		-
Total noncurrent assets		162,403		1,178,590		-		-
Total assets	\$	353,373	\$	1,343,254	\$	941,548	\$	697,655
Liabilities and Net Assets								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	2,948	\$	10,689	\$	4,015	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		2,410		19,990		16,577		-
Interest payable		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		651,773		164,572
Compensated absences		5,976		22,210		36,534		-
Current portion revenue bonds payable		-		-		-		-
Total current liabilities		11,334		52,889		708,899		164,572
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Compensated absences		10,409		-		49,833		-
Revenue bonds payable		-		-		-		-
Bond discounts		-		-		-		-
Total noncurrent liabilities		10,409		-		49,833		-
Total liabilities		21,743		52,889		758,732		164,572
Net Assets:								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		162,403		1,178,590		-		-
Restricted for capital project, jail expansion		-		-		-		-
Unrestricted		169,227		111,775		182,816		533,083
Total net assets		331,630		1,290,365		182,816		533,083
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	353,373	\$	1,343,254	\$	941,548	\$	697,655
See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.								

 City Assessor		City Assessor Special		Public Safety Authority		Scott Emergency Communication Center		Total
\$ 294,280	\$	187,647 -	\$	782,540 861,296	\$	369,073 -	\$	2,809,615 861,296
852,167 - -		146,309 - -		- 1,250 537,606		- -		1,817,238 1,250 537,606
 -		-		1,070,000		-		1,070,000
 1,146,447		333,956		3,252,692		369,073		7,097,005
:		-		24,670,000 109,203		-		24,670,000 109,203
-		-		-		-		16,600 1,297,266
110,461 (100,664)		-		-		-		555,297 (518,373)
 9,797		-		-		-		1,350,790
 9,797		-		24,779,203		-		26,129,993
\$ 1,156,244	\$	333,956	\$	28,031,895	\$	369,073	\$	33,226,998
\$ 26,264 - -	\$	8,058 - -	\$	1,387,124 - 87,515	\$	1,036 3,065 -	\$	1,440,134 42,042 87,515
848,148 38,642		146,216		-		-		1,810,709 103,362
 				- 1,070,000 2,544,639		- - 4,101		1,070,000 4,553,762
 913,034		104,274		2,044,009		4,101		4,000,702
-		-		- 24,670,000 (249,968)		-		60,242 24,670,000 (249,968)
 -		-		24,420,032		-		24,480,274
 913,054		154,274		26,964,671		4,101		29,034,036
 9,797 - 233,393 243,190		- - 179,682 179,682		- 1,067,224 - 1,067,224		- 		1,350,790 1,067,224 1,774,948
\$	¢		¢		¢		¢	4,192,962
\$ 1,156,244	\$	333,956	\$	28,031,895	\$	369,073	\$	33,226,998

Statement of Activities Discretely Presented Component Units Year Ended June 30, 2008

				Pro	gram Revenue	s		
	Expenses		Charges for Operating Sales and Grants and Services Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		mergency anagement Agency	
Emergency Management Agency								
Public safety and legal services	\$	141,403	\$ -	\$	239,973	\$	-	\$ 98,570
County Library								
County environment and education		1,012,387	11,531		916,240		-	-
County Assessor								
Government services to residents		604,414	1,219		15,862		-	-
County Assessor Special								
Government services to residents		28,550	-		7,648		-	-
City Assessor								
Government services to residents		747,582	-		21,428		-	-
City Assessor Special								
Government services to residents		160,353	-		4,897		-	-
Public Safety Authority		,			,			
Public safety and legal services		1,084,327	-		-		-	-
Scott Emergency Communication Center		–						
Government services to residents		36,488	-		400,427		-	-
Total component units	\$	3,815,504	\$ 12,750	\$	1,606,475	\$	-	 98,570

General Revenues

Taxes:	
Property taxes	-
Other taxes	-
Interest earnings	-
Miscellaneous	49,176
Total general revenues	49,176
Changes in net assets	147,746
Net assets, beginning of year	183,884
Net assets, end of year	\$ 331,630
Net assets, beginning of year	183,884

					Net (E	xper	nse) Revenue a	and (Changes in Net	Ass	ets			
County Library						City City Assessor Assessor Special				Public Safety Authority		ott Emergency ommunication Center	Total	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 98,570
	(84,616)		-		-		-		-		-		-	(84,616)
	-		(587,333)		-		-		-		-		-	(587,333)
	-		-		(20,902)		-		-		-		-	(20,902)
	-		-		-		(726,154)		-		-		-	(726,154)
	-		-		-		-		(155,456)		-		-	(155,456)
	-		-		-		-		-		(1,084,327)		-	(1,084,327)
	- (84,616)		- (587,333)		(20,902)		- (726,154)		(155,456)		(1,084,327)		363,939 363,939	363,939 (2,196,279)
	-		471,933		227,499		802,886		183,457		-		-	1,685,775
	-		17,874		8,618		37,037		8,464		-		-	71,993
	-		-		-		-		-		1,220,776		-	1,220,776
	5,695		425		-		1,767		-		-		1,033	58,096
	5,695		490,232		236,117		841,690		191,921		1,220,776		1,033	3,036,640
	(78,921)		(97,101)		215,215		115,536		36,465		136,449		364,972	840,361
	1,369,286		279,917		317,868		127,654		143,217		930,775		-	3,352,601
\$	1,290,365	\$	182,816	\$	533,083	\$	243,190	\$	179,682	\$	1,067,224	\$	364,972	\$ 4,192,962



Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of operations:

The County of Scott, Iowa (The County) is incorporated and operates under the provisions of the Code of Iowa. The County is governed by a County Board and managed by the County Administrator. The powers and duties of the County Administrator are to coordinate and direct all administrative and management functions of the County government not otherwise vested by Iaw in boards or commissions or in other elected officials. The County provides many functions and services to citizens, including Iaw enforcement, health and social services, parks and cultural activities, planning and zoning, education and general administrative services. Other activities include the operation of a road department and contracts with a third party to provide mental health services.

Financial reporting entity:

In accordance with the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, the basic financial statements include all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities for which the County is financially accountable. The County has also considered all other potential organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the County to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for that organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the County. Based on these criteria, the County is presented as a primary government and includes the following component units because of their operational significance and relationship with the County. The organizations provide specific benefits to the County. All of the component units have a June 30 year-end and are considered discretely presented component units are as follows:

<u>Emergency Management Agency</u>: The Scott County Emergency Management Commission provides direction for the delivery of the emergency management services of planning, administration, coordination, training and support for local governments and their departments. The Commission coordinates its services in the event of a disaster. The Commission receives its funding from the federal government, public utility companies and voluntary allocations from the participating governments.

<u>County Library</u>: The Scott County Library Board of Trustees provides library services to all the cities within Scott County with the exception of the City of Bettendorf and the City of Davenport. In addition, the Library provides services to the unincorporated residents of Scott County and also to the citizens of the City of Durant through a contractual arrangement. The Trustees annually direct the Board of Supervisors to levy property taxes to the unincorporated area, in addition to providing tax levying amounts to each of the participating cities.

<u>County Assessor</u>: The County Conference Board is responsible for the operations of the Scott County Assessor's Office, including the assessment of all properties within Scott County with the exception of the City of Davenport. The County Conference Board is a separate tax certifying body. The County Assessor's Office provides services to the County, all incorporated cities in the County, except the City of Davenport, and school districts in the County.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>County Assessor Special</u>: The County Assessor Special is responsible to the City Conference Board to perform in-house revaluations for various classes of property. The Code of Iowa requires the County to be custodian of funds for the County Assessor Special and account for all transactions within the books and records of the County. The County Assessor Special is included as a component unit of the County based on the significance of this relationship.

<u>City Assessor</u>: The City Conference Board is responsible for the operations of the City Assessor's Office, including the assessment of all properties within the City of Davenport. The City Conference Board is a separate tax certifying body. The Code of Iowa requires the County to be custodian of funds for the City Assessor and accounts for all transactions of the City Assessor in the books and records of the County. The City Assessor is included as a component unit of the County based on the significance of this relationship.

<u>City Assessor Special</u>: The City Assessor Special is also responsible to the City Conference Board to perform in-house revaluations for various classes of property. The Code of Iowa requires the County to be custodian of funds for the City Assessor Special and accounts for all transactions within the books and records of the County. The City Assessor Special is included as a component unit of the County based on the significance of this relationship.

<u>Public Safety Authority</u>: The Public Safety Authority (PSA) is responsible for the jail expansion project through the issuance of revenue bonds. The jail expansion will provide holding cells and a centralized booking area to the County and the City of Davenport. The Authority entered into a lease with the County to provide the funding necessary for the bond repayment schedule. Although the PSA has a jointly appointed Board by the County of Scott, Iowa and the City of Davenport, it is considered a component unit of the County due to the PSA being fiscally dependent on the County of Scott, Iowa, making the County of Scott, Iowa financially accountable for the PSA.

<u>Scott Emergency Communication Center</u>: The Scott Emergency Communication Center provides public safety dispatch and communication services for all participating public safety answering points to improve services to the citizens of Scott County, Iowa.

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices or from the office of the County Administrator in the Scott County Administrative Center, 600 West 4th Street, Davenport, Iowa.

In addition, the GASB issued Statement No. 39, in May 2002, which sets forth additional criteria to determine whether certain organizations for which the County is not financially accountable should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the County. These criteria include 1) the economic resources being received or held by the separate organization being entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the County, its component units, or its constituents, 2) the County being entitled to, or having the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the County is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the County. Based on these additional criteria, there are no additional organizations which should be included in these basic financial statements.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of presentation:

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

<u>Government-wide and fund financial statements</u>: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

<u>Fund accounting</u>: The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance/net assets, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The County has the following fund types:

Governmental fund types: Governmental fund types are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used; current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they are paid; and the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities, the fund equity, is referred to as "fund balance." The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Mental Health/Developmental Disabilities Fund</u>: To account for state revenues allocated to the County to be used to provide mental health and disability services. The Mental Health/Developmental Disabilities Fund is a special revenue fund.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Secondary Roads Fund</u>: To account for state revenue allocated to the County to be used to maintain and improve the County's roads.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: To account for the acquisition of property and equipment or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary funds.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: To account for the servicing of the general long-term debt not financed by a specific source.

The other governmental funds of the County are considered nonmajor and are as follows:

Special Revenue Funds: are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than certain capital projects that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific projects).

<u>Rural Services Fund</u>: To account for taxes levied to benefit the rural residents of the County.

<u>Recorders Management Fees Fund</u>: To account for one dollar fee collected for each recorded transaction to be used for the purpose of preserving and maintaining public records.

Proprietary fund types: Proprietary fund types are used to account for a government's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon income determination, financial position and cash flows.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u>: are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the County has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the County has elected to apply all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements, including those issued on or before November 30, 1989, except for those pronouncements which conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The following is the County's major Enterprise Fund:

Glynns Creek Golf Course Fund: This fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance for the County's 18-hole golf course.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fiduciary fund types: Fiduciary fund types are used to account for net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary funds of the County are considered agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The County's agency funds consist of the following:

Agricultural Extension Service Fund, Bangs Eradication Fund, City Taxing Districts Fund, Community College Taxing District Fund, Fire Taxing District Fund, School Taxing District Fund, Township Taxing District Fund and Other Taxing Districts Fund: To account for the property taxes collected by the County for the Districts.

<u>City Special Assessments Fund</u>: To account for the special assessment taxes collected by the County on behalf of the City of Davenport.

<u>County Sheriff Agency Fund</u>: To account for the funds received for court services performed by the Sheriff's department.

<u>Community Services Fund</u>: To account for funds for those individuals who are incapable of managing their own affairs.

<u>County Recorder Agency Fund, Motor Vehicle Tax Fund and Use Tax Fund</u>: To account for fees and taxes collected by the County for the state.

Original Bond Issue Escrow Fund: To account for monies held in escrow.

Tax Sale Redemption Fund: To account for the tax sale proceeds collected by the County.

<u>Jail Inmate Fund</u>: To account for receipts from the sale of commissary items to inmates and for funds confiscated upon arrest.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the County; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded and the availability criteria. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, charges for sales and services, and miscellaneous revenues are generally recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are measurable and available.

Property taxes are recognized as a receivable at the time an enforceable legal claim is established. This is determined to occur when the budget is certified and approved by the state of Iowa. The current tax levy recognized in revenue was certified in May 2007, based on the 2006 assessed valuations. These taxes are due in two installments, on September 30 and March 31, with a 1.5 percent per month penalty for delinquent payment.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Significant accounting policies:

<u>Pooled cash and investment account</u>: Separate bank accounts and investments are not maintained for all County funds, as certain funds maintain their cash and investment balances in a pooled account. Accounting records are maintained to show the portion of the pooled account attributable to each participating fund.

Earnings on the pooled account are allocated to the General Fund unless statutes require otherwise or the Board of Supervisors has authorized otherwise. These respective allocations are made based on the average balances by fund.

<u>Investments</u>: Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost which approximates fair value. Securities traded on the national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Statement of cash flows</u>: For purposes of cash flows, the County considers its pooled cash and investment accounts as cash equivalents since these accounts have the general characteristics of demand deposits. Also, all highly liquid investments, with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, are considered to be cash equivalents.

Inventories: Inventories are carried at cost, as determined using the first-in, first-out method.

<u>Capital assets</u>: Capital assets, including land, construction-in-progress, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Infrastructure also includes assets acquired prior to June 30, 1980. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an initial useful life of one year or greater. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized in the current fiscal year.

All reported capital assets except land and construction-in-progress are depreciated.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. The estimated useful lives for each capital assets type are as follows:

Buildings	50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 years
Infrastructure	10 -100 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20 years

The County's collection of works of art, library books and other similar assets are not capitalized. These collections are unencumbered, held for public exhibition and education, protected, cared for and preserved and subject to County policy that requires proceeds from the sale of these items, if any, to be used to acquire other collection items.

<u>Unearned revenue</u>: Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2008, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2009 operations, have been recorded as unearned revenue.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Interfund transactions</u>: Transactions from County funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to County government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved.

Transactions which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Transactions, which constitute the transfer of resources from a fund receiving revenues to a fund through which revenues are to be expended, are separately reported in the respective funds' operating statements.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Noncurrent portions of long-term inter-fund loan receivables are reported as advances. Within the governmental funds, advances are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

<u>Compensated absences</u>: Under terms of the County's personnel policy, County employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based upon length of employment by the County. Vacation days accumulate up to two times the employee's yearly vacation rate, and total accumulated vacation will be paid upon termination of employment. Sick leave accumulates without limit. Employees hired before July 1, 2000 have an option of being paid 50 percent of all hours above 720 up to a maximum of 1,680 hours or to be paid 25 percent of all hours available up to a maximum of 1,680 hours. Payment should not exceed 480 hours. The option is not selected until retirement. Employees hired after July 1, 2000 are paid 25 percent of all hours available up to a maximum of 1,680. Payment should not exceed 420 hours.

For proprietary fund types, these accumulations are recorded as expenses and liabilities of the appropriate fund in the fiscal year earned. The governmental fund types report the amount of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave, which is considered due, as a result of employee retirements and resignations. The amount of the liability not considered due is not reported in the fund financial statements. However, the entire compensated absence liability is reported in the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Fund equity</u>: Reservations of fund balance represent amounts that are not appropriated or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Restrictions of net assets are limited to outside third-party restrictions. Designations of fund balance represents tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Net assets</u>: Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, excludes unspent debt proceeds. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted through enabling legislation consists of \$3,728,760 for debt service, \$572,242 for mental health and \$486,405 for secondary roads.

The County first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Bond discounts, premiums and issue costs: In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond discounts and premiums, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond discounts and premiums, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Discounts received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses while premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Budgetary information</u>: Budgets are prepared using the same accounting basis and practices as are used to account for and prepare financial reports for the funds; thus, budgets presented in this report for comparison to actual amounts are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The County uses the following procedures when establishing their operational budget:

Prior to January 15, each County Officer and department submits budget estimates for the coming fiscal year to the Director of Budget and Information Processing. The Director of Budget and Information Processing compiles the budget estimates received from the officers and departments and presents them to the County Board prior to January 20.

- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to March 15, the budget is legally adopted by resolution of the County Board.
- The budget may be amended by majority approval of the County Board prior to May 31 after public notice has been published.
- Encumbrances are not recognized in the budget and appropriations lapse at year-end.

The legal level of control is at the program expenditure level. These seven classes are: public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, County environment and education, roads and transportation, governmental services to residents and administration.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In addition, the County Board must appropriate, by resolution, the budgets for each of the different County offices and departments. Emphasis is placed on monitoring budgets at the departmental level by major class of expenditures, rather than by line item expenditure. County management can approve budget shifts within the major classes but not between major classes. During the year, there was one budget amendment adopted in May 2008.

<u>Use of estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general purpose financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Deficit Net Assets

The Enterprise Fund, Glynns Creek Golf Course, had a net asset deficit of \$2,093,619 as of June 30, 2008. The deficit is expected to be eliminated through future earnings of the golf course.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

As of June 30, 2008, the County's cash and investments were as follows:

Cash on hand and deposits with financial institutions Investments	\$ 17,706,453 4,273,904
Cash on hand and deposits with financial institutions,	
discretely presented component units	2,809,615
Investments, discretely presented component units	861,296
Cash on hand and deposits with financial institutions, Agency Funds	7,191,496
	\$ 32,842,764

<u>Interest rate risk</u>: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with the County's investment policy, portfolio maturities shall be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentration of assets in a specific maturity sector. Maturities shall be selected which provide stability of income and reasonable liquidity.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

As of June 30, 2008, the County had the following investments:

Investments	Maturities		Fair Value
	00/04/0045	Φ.	0.005.000
Scott Area Solid Waste Commission Revenue Bond	06/01/2015	\$	3,305,000
General Electric CAPT Corp Commercial Paper	07/25/2008		643,738
Fidelity Treasury Money Market Fund	17 days		325,166
Wells Fargo Advantage Government Money Market Fund	24 days		861,296
		\$	5,135,200

<u>Credit risk</u>: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County is authorized by statute to invest in U.S. government and agency obligations, perfected repurchase agreements and commercial paper rated within the two highest prime classifications by at least one of the standard rating services. The County's investment policy does limit them from investing in reverse repurchase agreements, futures and options contracts, inverse floaters, and stripped securities, including principal only and interest only strips.

As of June 30, 2008, the County's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Moody's Investor Services	Standard & Poor's
Scott Area Solid Waste Commission Revenue Bond	Aa3	Not Rated
General Electric CAPT Corp Commercial Paper	P1	A1+
Fidelity Treasury Money Market Fund	Aaa	AAAm
Wells Fargo Advantage Government Money Market Fund	Aaa	AAA

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

<u>Concentration of credit risk</u>: The County's investment policy is to diversify its investment portfolio to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer or a specific class of securities. However, the County's policy limits them from investing in prime bankers' acceptances or commercial paper of more than 10 percent of the investment portfolio and more than 5 percent of the investment portfolio with a single issuer at the time of purchase. In addition, no more than 5 percent of all amounts invested in commercial paper and other short-term corporate debt shall be invested in paper and debt rated in the second highest classification at the time of purchase. Investments in any one issuer that represent more than 5 percent of the County's investments (money market funds are excluded from this) are as follows:

lssuer	Investment Type	
Scott County Solid Waste Commission	Revenue Bond	64.4%
General Electric CAPT Corp Commercial Paper	Commercial Paper	12.5

<u>Custodial credit risk</u>: For deposits, this is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa requires all County funds be deposited into an approved depository and be either insured or collateralized. As of June 30, 2008, the County had no deposits or investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Note 4. Interfund Account Balances

Advances from and to other funds as of June 30, 2008 were as follows:

	 dvances To)ther Funds	 vances From Other Funds
Major governmental fund, General Business-type activity, Glynns Creek Golf Course	\$ 2,702,314	\$ 2,702,314
	\$ 2,702,314	\$ 2,702,314

Any excess funds generated by the golf course are used to repay interest on this advance.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 5. Interfund Transfers

The following is a schedule of transfers as included in the basic financial statements of the County:

	Т	ransfers In	Т	ransfers Out
Governmental activities:				
Major governmental funds:				
General	\$	3,005,362	\$	5,479,691
Secondary roads		2,341,426		-
Capital projects		3,169,434		1,274,633
Nonmajor governmental funds:				
Rural services		-		1,723,540
Recorders management fees		-		38,358
Total governmental activities	\$	8,516,222	\$	8,516,222

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them or (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 6. Note Receivable

The County issued a note to Greater Davenport Redevelopment Corporation (GDRC) for the purpose of funding operating expenses. The note was originally due in one installment on June 30, 2008; due to a modification in the current year, the note is now due upon the sale or conveyance by GDRC of any lot or parcel, of which there were none in the current year. The modified agreement increased the principal amount to \$116,175 and decreased the interest rate to 0 percent. As of June 30, 2008, the outstanding balance was \$116,175.

Scott County has entered into a subordination agreement with Wells Fargo in regards to the GDRC note. This subordination agreement states that if GDRC defaults on their loan of \$400,000 with Wells Fargo, the County will be unable to collect the \$116,175 note receivable; therefore, the note receivable has been presented as a noncurrent asset.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2008:

Governmental Activities	2	007 Balance		Additions		Deletions		2008 Balance
Capital assets not depreciated:								
Land	\$	4,365,740	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,365,740
Construction-in-progress	Ŧ	27,267,969	•	6,418,722		-	•	33,686,691
Total capital assets not being								
depreciated		31,633,709		6,418,722		-		38,052,431
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		35,133,892		135,357		-		35,269,249
Improvements other than buildings		2,752,982		32,071		-		2,785,053
Infrastructure		77,323,701		1,548,245		-		78,871,946
Machinery and equipment		15,078,812		1,478,199		(1,032,118)		15,524,893
Total capital assets being depreciated		130,289,387		3,193,872		(1,032,118)		132,451,141
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		16,643,311		1,476,098		-		18,119,409
Improvements other than buildings		692,133		169,739		-		861,872
Infrastructure		41,145,285		2,281,214		-		43,426,499
Machinery and equipment		9,081,353		1,525,374		(855,108)		9,751,619
Total accumulated depreciation		67,562,082		5,452,425		(855,108)		72,159,399
Total capital assets being depreciated,								
net		62,727,305		(2,258,553)		(177,010)		60,291,742
Governmental activities capital assets,		, ,						
net	\$	94,361,014	\$	4,160,169	\$	(177,010)	\$	98,344,173
Business-Type Activities	2	007 Balance		Additions		Deletions		2008 Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated,		bulance		/ dditiono		Bolouono		2000 Balarioo
land	\$	1,556,336	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,556,336
Capital assets being depreciated:	<u> </u>	1,000,000	¥		¥		Ŷ	1,000,000
Buildings		506,490		_		_		506,490
Improvements other than buildings		663,428		_		_		663,428
Infrastructure		62,374		_		-		62,374
Machinery and equipment		954,847		15,650		_		970,497
Total capital assets being depreciated		2,187,139		15,650		-		2,202,789
		2,101,100		,				2,202,100
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		144,700		10,130		-		154,830
Improvements other than buildings		542,525		12,376		-		554,901
Infrastructure		62,374		-		-		62,374
Machinery and equipment		571,474		149,089		-		720,563
Total accumulated depreciation		1,321,073		171,595		-		1,492,668
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		866,066		(155,945)				710,121
Business-type activities capital assets,								

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Capital Assets (Continued)

A summary of the changes in capital assets of the discretely presented component units is as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Units	2	007 Balance	Additions	Deletions		2	008 Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	16,600	\$ -	\$	-	\$	16,600
Construction-in-progress		-	4,812,704		(4,812,704)		-
Total capital assets not being							
depreciated		16,600	4,812,704		(4,812,704)		16,600
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings		1,297,266	-		-		1,297,266
Machinery and equipment		382,616	172,681		-		555,297
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,679,882	172,681		-		1,852,563
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		146,264	33,519		-		179,783
Machinery and equipment		308,081	30,509		-		338,590
Total accumulated depreciation		454,345	64,028		-		518,373
Total capital assets being depreciated,							
net		1,225,537	108,653		-		1,334,190
Component units capital assets, net	\$	1,242,137	\$ 4,921,357	\$	(4,812,704)	\$	1,350,790

As of June 30, 2008, the discretely presented component unit, Public Safety Authority, transferred \$4,275,098 of construction-in-progress related to the capital lease agreement between the County and the Public Safety Authority to Governmental Activities. An additional \$537,606 of construction-in-progress was transferred, in which the governmental activities owes the Public Safety Authority for at year-end.

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
Public safety and legal services	\$	644,467
Physical health and social services		20,272
Mental health		23,602
County environment and education		474,893
Roads and transportation		2,743,502
Governmental services to residents		130,852
Administration		1,414,837
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$	5,452,425
	^	
Business-type activities, golf course	<u> </u> \$	171,595

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 8. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2008:

	J	Balance une 30, 2007	Additions	Deletions	J	Balance une 30, 2008		Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:								
General obligation bonds	\$	9,655,000	\$ -	\$ 895,000	\$	8,760,000	\$	995,000
Compensated absences		2,141,932	1,430,830	1,197,417		2,375,345		1,197,619
Capital lease		26,770,000	-	1,030,000		25,740,000		1,070,000
Claims payable		1,004,488	495,784	781,425		718,847		270,404
	\$	39,571,420	\$ 1,926,614	\$ 3,903,842	\$	37,594,192	\$	3,533,023
		Balance				Balance	I	Due Within
	J	une 30, 2007	Additions	Retirements	J	une 30, 2008		One Year
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital lease	\$	266,198	\$ -	\$ 110,597	\$	155,601	\$	115,587
Purchase contract		1,522,630	-	218,895		1,303,735		235,000
Compensated absences		39,281	26,221	20,217		45,285		20,217
	\$	1,828,109	\$ 26,221	\$ 349,709	\$	1,504,621	\$	370,804
		Balance				Balance	I	Due Within
	J	une 30, 2007	Additions	Retirements	J	une 30, 2008		One Year
Discretely Presented Component Units Activities:		,				,		
Revenue bonds	\$	26,770,000	\$ -	\$ 1,030,000	\$	25,740,000	\$	1,070,000
Compensated absences	·	152,929	114,036	103,361		163,604		103,362
	\$	26,922,929	\$ 114,036	\$ 1,133,361	\$	25,903,604	\$	1,173,362

General obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2008 consist of \$3,305,000 of solid waste refunding bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.6 percent to 3.8 percent, \$3,385,000 of general obligation urban renewal bonds with interest at rates ranging from 2.3 percent to 4.6 percent and \$2,070,000 of general obligation geographic information systems bonds with interest at rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 4.1 percent.

On March 1, 2007, Scott County issued \$3,685,000 of general obligation urban renewal bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.6 percent to 3.8 percent to refund \$3,645,000 of outstanding Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bond, Series 1995, with interest rates ranging from 5.0 percent to 5.7 percent.

On July 13, 2006, the County issued \$2,500,000 in General Obligation Geographic Information System Bonds, Series 2006A. The bonds were issued to finance improvements to the County's Geographic Information System and related costs. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$215,000 to \$290,000 through 2016 at an interest rate of 4.0 percent to 4.1 percent.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The debt service requirements on the bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2008 are as follows:

Year ending June 30:		Total Principal				Interest		
2009	\$	1,342,957	\$	995,000	\$	347,957		
2010	Ŧ	1,340,650	Ţ	1,030,000	Ŧ	310,650		
2011		1,351,583		1,080,000		271,583		
2012		1,349,868		1,120,000		229,868		
2013		1,356,613		1,170,000		186,613		
2014-2017		3,670,437		3,365,000		305,437		
Total	\$	10,412,108	\$	8,760,000	\$	1,652,108		

On February 13, 2006, the Public Safety Authority, a discretely presented component unit, issued \$29,700,000 Jail Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2006. The bonds were issued for the purpose of building a new jail facility. The bonds were issued with interest rates ranging from 3.75 percent to 4.375 percent. The debt service requirements on the bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2008 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	T	Total Payment Principal			Interest		
2009	\$	2,120,180	\$	1,070,000	\$ 1,050,180		
2010		2,120,055		1,110,000	1,010,055		
2011		2,118,430		1,150,000	968,430		
2012		2,125,305		1,200,000	925,305		
2013		2,122,305		1,245,000	877,305		
2014 - 2018		10,660,925		7,065,000	3,595,925		
2019 - 2023		10,820,456		8,785,000	2,035,456		
2024 - 2025		4,385,618		4,115,000	270,618		
	\$	36,473,274	\$	25,740,000	\$ 10,733,274		

The County has pledged as security for bonds issued by the Public Safety Authority, a portion of the County's property taxes. The bonds issued by the Public Safety Authority in February 2006 in the amount of \$29,700,000 for the purpose of renovation and construction additions to existing jail facilities are payable through 2025. The County has committed to appropriate each year, from the property taxes, amount sufficient to cover the principal and interest requirements on the Public Safety Authority's debt. The Public Safety Authority has pledged as sole security for the bonds the appropriation from the County. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt is \$36,473,274 with annual requirements ranging from \$995,000 to \$2,105,000. Property taxes, from which the appropriations will be made, have been equal to the principal and interest amount owed per year. For the current year, principal and interest paid by the Public Safety Authority and the total property taxes recognized by the County were \$2,118,805 each.

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

On March 14, 2006, the County entered into a Capital Lease Agreement (the "Agreement") with the Public Safety Authority ("PSA"), to lease the above mentioned jail facility. When the revenue bonds were issued by PSA, the monies were deposited with the Trustee into the Construction Fund and the Bond Fund as required by the Indenture. All disbursements made for the project are made by the Trustee based on executed disbursement requests. The monies on deposit as of June 30, 2008 totaled \$861,296 and have been shown as restricted cash in the balance sheet and statement of net assets of the PSA. The Agreement requires the County to pay any deficiency in funds required to complete the construction of the project.

The Agreement commenced on March 23, 2006 and terminates on May 26, 2025 (the date at which all rental payments have been made). The rental payments as outlined in the agreement are set at a level to meet the revenue bond principal and interest payments of the PSA. The Agreement further requires the County to pay all trustee fees, maintenance costs, taxes and utility charges of the facility. The County plans to fund its payments with a property tax levy. As of June 30, 2008, the County recognized a liability of \$25,740,000. The PSA has transferred \$4,275,098 of construction-in-progress as of year-end.

Year Ending June 30:	Total Payment			Principal	Interest		
0000	<u>^</u>	0.400.400	¢	4 070 000	¢	1 050 190	
2009	\$	2,120,180	\$	1,070,000	\$	1,050,180	
2010		2,120,055		1,110,000		1,010,055	
2011		2,118,430		1,150,000		968,430	
2012		2,125,305		1,200,000		925,305	
2013		2,122,305		1,245,000		877,305	
2014		2,127,505		1,300,000		827,505	
2015		2,125,505		1,350,000		775,505	
2016		2,131,505		1,410,000		721,505	
2017		2,135,105		1,470,000		665,105	
2018		2,141,305		1,535,000		606,305	
2019		2,149,905		1,605,000		544,905	
2020		2,155,705		1,675,000		480,705	
2021		2,161,611		1,750,000		411,611	
2022		2,173,111		1,835,000		338,111	
2023		2,180,124		1,920,000		260,124	
2024		2,188,524		2,010,000		178,524	
2025		2,197,094		2,105,000		92,094	
	\$	36,473,274	\$	25,740,000	\$	10,733,274	

A schedule of annual principal and interest payments under this agreement at the end of each year is as follows:

Compensated absences and claims payable attributable to governmental activities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

The computation of the County's legal margin as of June 30, 2008 is as follows:

January 2006 assessed valuation Less military exemption	\$ 9,960,422,742 18,752,050
Total assessed value	\$ 9,941,670,692
Debt limit, 5% of assessed valuation (Iowa statutory limitation) Total amount of debt applicable to debt margin	\$ 497,083,535 34,500,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 462,583,535

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

In May 1990, the County entered into an agreement to lease certain land of the County to a golf course developer. The agreement, which expires April 30, 2030, required the developer to make a one-time payment to the County of \$10 and to make deposits into various escrow accounts to pay for the construction of the golf course on the leased ground.

Simultaneously, the County entered into a lease purchase contract with the developer for the acquisition of the golf course. This agreement was to provide the financing for the project. The final agreement (as refinanced in 1993) between the County and Boatmen's Trust Company requires the County to make varying semiannual rental payments through May 1, 2013. The terms of the lease purchase contract provide that should the County fail to make an annual appropriation for any year before the beginning of that year in an amount sufficient, together with amounts budgeted to be available for such purpose in the Enterprise Fund, for the scheduled payments coming due during that year, the agreement shall terminate as of the beginning of that year.

The County may at any time during this agreement pay the total prepayment price at which time the land lease is canceled.

A schedule of annual principal and interest payments under this agreement and the prepayment price at the end of each year is as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Total Payment		Principal		Interest		Prepayment Price	
2009	\$	318,080	\$	235,000	\$	83,080	\$	1,105,000
2010		318,510		250,000		68,510		855,000
2011		323,010		270,000		53,010		585,000
2012		321,271		285,000		36,271		300,000
2013		318,600		300,000		18,600		-
Scheduled cash payments		1,599,471		1,340,000		259,471	-	
Unamortized discount and bond issue costs		-		(36,265)		36,265		
	\$	1,599,471	\$	1,303,735	\$	295,736	_	

The original contract included a purchase contract for certain equipment. This contract was refinanced in 2001 and again in 2004. The current agreement requires annual payments of \$48,460, including interest of 4.99 percent through July 2008. A schedule of annual principal and interest payments under this agreement as of the end of the year is as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30:</u>	Tota	l Payment	Principal	Interest		
2009	\$	48,460	\$ 46,153	\$	2,307	

The County also entered into two separate agreements to lease certain equipment to be used in the operation of the golf course. One agreement requires annual payments of \$24,511, including interest of 3.85 percent through August 2009. The other agreement requires annual payments of \$53,000 including interest of 8.63 percent through July 2009.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A schedule of annual principal and interest payments under this agreement at the end of each year is as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Total Payment			Principal	Interest		
2009	\$	77,511	\$	70,025	\$	7,486	
2010		41,937		39,423		2,514	
	\$	119,448	\$	109,448	\$	10,000	

Note 9. Retirement System

The County and its component units contribute to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the state of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 3.90 percent of their annual covered salary and the County is required to contribute 6.05 percent of annual covered payroll, except for sheriff deputies, in which case the percentages are 7.7 percent and 7.7 percent, respectively and conservation peace officers, in which case the percentages are 5.64 percent and 8.47 percent, respectively. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The County's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$1,360,924, \$1,260,066 and \$1,240,380, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Note 10. Deferred Compensation Plan

The County (and its component units) offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all County (and component unit) employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Effective January 1, 1997, the plan was amended to comply with IRC Section 457(b) which provides for the assets to be placed in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. Under these new requirements, the County is no longer fiduciarily accountable for the amount deferred by employees and, therefore, the liability and corresponding investment are not reflected in the financial statements.

Note 11. Risk Management and Insurance

The County is self-insured for general and automobile liability, property and workers' compensation claims. This activity is accounted for within the County's General Fund. Charges were made to the operating funds based upon actual claims, historical claim experience and estimated claims incurred and not yet reported for general and automobile liability, property and worker's compensation. Unemployment claims were charged quarterly to the applicable funds based upon actual claims as assessed by the state. Claim settlement and loss expenses are accrued in the General Fund for the estimated settlement value of general, automobile liability, property and workers' compensation claims reported and unreported arising from incidents during the year except for the long-term portion of such estimated claim settlements which are recorded in the government-wide statements until amounts are due and spendable resources become available to liquidate such liabilities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 11. Risk Management and Insurance (Continued)

Self-insurance is in effect up to a stop loss amount of approximately \$300,000 per claim for general and automobile liability, \$100,000 per claim for property and \$400,000 per claim for workers' compensation. Coverage from a private insurance company is maintained for losses in excess of the aggregate stop loss amount with \$9,700,000 maximum coverage on general and automobile liability, \$79,838,358 maximum coverage on property and \$2,000,000 maximum coverage on workers' compensation. All claims handling procedures are performed by the County.

The County is commercially insured for health benefits. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

As of June 30, 2008, the amount of liabilities recorded for estimated claim settlements for general, automobile, property and workers' compensation liability claims was \$718,847 of which \$31,512 was recorded in the General Fund and \$687,335 was recorded on the government wide statement of net assets. The County has designated \$718,847 of General Fund balance for payment of future claims liability.

The changes in the aggregate liabilities for claims for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

		Self-Insurance						
		2007						
Claims payable, beginning of year Claims expense and change in reserve	\$	1,004,488 495,784	\$	724,295 528,467				
Claims payments		(781,425)		(248,274)				
Claims payable, end of year	\$	718,847	\$	1,004,488				

The Emergency Management Agency, County Library, County Assessor, County Assessor Special, City Assessor, City Assessor Special and City Assessor FICA component units of the County have transferred risk by purchasing commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 12. Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the County has issued revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the County, the state, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2008, there were four series of revenue bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal balance of the revenue bonds outstanding is \$19,350,000.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 13. Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission Agreement

In June 1995, the County issued \$7,100,000 in General Obligation County Solid Waste Disposal Bonds for which the County pledged its full faith and credit and power to levy direct general ad valorem taxes without limit as to rate or amount. On March 1, 2007, Scott County issued \$3,685,000 in General Obligation County Solid Waste Disposal Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A to refund \$3,645,000 of outstanding Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bond, Series 1995. The net proceeds were used to call the Series 1995 Bonds. The total amount of the bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2008 is \$3,305,000.

The County loaned the proceeds from the sale of the bonds to the Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission ("the Commission") for the acquisition, construction and equipping of a material recovery system, recovery facility and a new landfill ("the Project") pursuant to the Financing Agreement by and between the County and the Commission. To obligate itself under the Financing Agreement, the Commission issued a \$7,100,000 Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bond to the County pursuant to a resolution dated April 11, 1995. The repayment of the Revenue Bond corresponds to the payment of the Bonds by the County and \$3,305,000 remains outstanding as of June 30, 2008.

Under the terms of the Financing Agreement, dated April 11, 1995, the Commission is obligated to establish rates, charges and fees sufficient to pay the cost of operations and maintenance of the Project and to leave net revenues sufficient to pay the semiannual debt service requirements of the bonds. In the event that net revenues are insufficient to pay 100 percent of the debt service on the bonds, the Commission is obligated to pay the County from other funds it has legally available, including the Reserve Fund, which is equal to the maximum annual debt service requirement on the bonds due in any remaining fiscal year. If the Commission does not have sufficient funds to pay 100 percent of the debt service on the bonds when due, the County is obligated to pay such deficiency from and of its funds legally available. Any amounts which are paid by the County for debt service payments on the bonds must be reimbursed by the Commission out of future net revenues of the Project or other Commission funds which become available.

In the event future net revenues or other Commission funds are insufficient to repay the County, each of the Members of the Commission have obligated itself to repay the County its pro rata share of the deficiency from rates imposed on each property within its jurisdiction. The Financing Agreement may not be terminated so long as the bonds are outstanding.

Financial statements of the Commission may be obtained by contacting Scott Area Solid Waste Commission, 11555 110th Avenue, Davenport, Iowa 52804.

Note 14. Litigation

The County is a defendant in several claims and lawsuits. In the opinion of the County Attorney and management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the future financial statements of the County.

Note 15. Commitments and Contingency

The Public Safety Authority, a discretely presented component unit, has financial commitments relating to the jail expansion construction that are estimated to be approximately \$363,039.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 16. Operating Lease Commitments

The County leases office space for juvenile court services under a noncancelable operating lease agreement which expires March 31, 2011. Rents are based on a price per square foot for the basic shell including common areas, which increases annually, plus a price per square foot for property taxes, insurance, and normal maintenance of the property. The total rentals paid under this agreement amounted to \$88,228 for the year ended June 30, 2008.

The total minimum lease commitment as of June 30, 2008, is as follows:

Year ending June 30:

2009	\$ 88,657
2010	91,688
2011	70,471
	\$ 250,816

Note 17. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

The County adopted the following statements during the year ended June 30, 2008:

- GASB Statement No. 43, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*. This Statement establishes uniform financial reporting standards for other postemployment benefit plans (OPEB plans) and supersedes existing guidance. The adoption of this Statement had no effect on the County in the current year.
- GASB Statement No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers
 of Assets and Future Revenues. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for
 transactions in which a government receivables or specific future revenues. It also provides disclosure
 requirements for a government that pledges or commits future cash flows from a specific revenue source. In
 addition, this Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting transfers of
 assets and future revenues. The effect of the adoption of this Statement to the County was the addition of
 note disclosures regarding pledged revenue for long-term obligations.
- GASB Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures*, an amendment of GASB Statement Nos. 25 and 27. This
 Statement more closely aligns the financial reporting requirements for pensions with those for other
 postemployment benefits (OPEB) and, in doing so, enhances information disclosed in notes to the financial
 statements or presented as required supplementary information (RSI) by pension plans and by employers
 that provide pension benefits. The adoption of this Statement had no effect on the County in the current year.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several statements not yet implemented by the County. The Statements which might impact the County are as follows:

 GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, issued June 2004, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2009. This Statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of other postemployment benefits expenses and related liabilities or assets, note disclosures and, if applicable, required supplementary information in the financial reports.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 17. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements (Continued)

- GASB Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations, issued November 2006, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2009. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution (including contamination) remediation obligations, which are obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities, such as site assessments and cleanups. This standard requires the government to estimate the components of expected pollution remediation outlays and determine whether the outlays for those components should be accrued as a liability or, if appropriate, capitalized when goods and services are acquired.
- GASB Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets, issued July 2007, will be
 effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2010. This Statement provides guidance
 regarding how to identify, account for and report intangible assets. The new standard characterizes an
 intangible asset as an asset that lacks physical substance, is nonfinancial in nature and has an initial useful
 life extending beyond a single reporting period. Examples of intangible assets include easements, computer
 software, water rights, timber rights, patents and trademarks. This standard provides that intangible assets
 be classified as capital assets (except for those explicitly excluded from the scope of the new standard, such
 as capital leases). Relevant authoritative guidance for capital assets should be applied to these intangible
 assets.
- GASB Statement No. 52, *Land and* Other *Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments*, issued November 2007, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2009. This Statement establishes consistent standards for the reporting of land and other real estate held as investments. Endowments were previously required to report their land and other real estate held for investment purposes at historical cost. However, such investments are reported at fair value by similar entities, such as pension plans. The Statement requires endowments to report land and other real estate investments at fair value. The changes in the fair value are to be reported as investment income.
- GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, issued June 2008, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2010. This Statement will improve how state and local governments report information about derivative instruments in their financial statements. The Statement specifically requires governments to measure most derivative instruments at fair value in their financial statements that are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The guidance in this Statement also addresses hedge accounting requirements.

The County's management has not yet determined the effect these Statements will have on the County's financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule All Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2008

			dget	-	-	vernmental Fund		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
Revenues:		Original		Final		Types Actual		(Unfavorable)
Property taxes	\$	33,150,475	\$	33,150,475	\$	33,120,748	\$	(29,727)
Local option sales tax	φ	3,777,798	φ	33,130,473	φ	3,860,101	φ	(29,727) 82,303
Other taxes		2,342,452		2,342,452		2,222,446		(120,006)
Interest and penalties on taxes		785,000		785.000		731,456		(53,544)
Intergovernmental		17,788,241		19,025,241		19,873,049		847,808
Charges for services		4,640,744		4,640,744		4,337,361		(303,383)
Investment earnings		1,446,442		1,446,442		1,447,577		1,135
Licenses and permits		514,700		514,700		540,170		25,470
Rentals and fees		158,872		158,872		157,323		(1,549)
Other		287,159		287,159		701,770		414,611
Total revenues		64,891,883		66,128,883		66,992,001		863,118
		, ,				, , ,		,
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety and legal services		19,265,811		21,235,811		19,214,446		2,021,365
Physical health and social services		6,051,691		6,076,691		5,915,796		160,895
Mental health		15,508,495		15,508,495		15,182,707		325,788
County environment and education		4,045,978		4,281,478		4,099,548		181,930
Roads and transportation		4,286,000		4,511,000		4,493,009		17,991
Government services to residents		2,036,390		2,112,390		2,012,787		99,603
Administration		8,731,728		8,913,228		8,238,360		674,868
Capital outlay		7,409,196		8,294,196		5,832,465		2,461,731
Debt service		3,481,276		3,481,276		3,428,745		52,531
Total expenditures		70,816,565		74,414,565		68,417,863		5,996,702
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(5,924,682)		(8,285,682)		(1.425.862)		6,859,820
·								, ,
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		9,395,486		9,395,486		8,516,222		(879,264)
Transfers out		(9,395,486)		(9,395,486)		(8,516,222)		879,264
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		56,000		56,000		49,757		(6,243)
Total other financing sources								
(uses)		56,000		56,000		49,757		(6,243)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(5,868,682)	\$	(8,229,682)	\$	(1,376,105)	\$	6,853,577

See Note to Required Supplementary Information.

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Note 1. Budgetary Comparison Schedule

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the County Board of Supervisors annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all governmental funds. The budget basis of accounting is in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon nine major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These nine functions are: public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, County environment and education, roads and transportation, government services to residents, administration, capital outlay and debt service. Function expenditures required to be budgeted do not include expenses for the enterprise fund. The General Fund budgeted for its debt service payments within the public safety and legal services function. The legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not at the fund or fund type level. During the year, one budget amendment increased budgeted expenditures by \$3,598,000. The budget amendment was primarily due to various State/Federal regional pass-through grant funds in the Sheriff's and County Attorney's offices, out of County jail inmate costs related to the renovation/expansion jail project, State LUST funds pass-through, increased Conservation Department costs for fuel, utilities and equipment, increased election costs for the schools SILO tax election, property tax refund directed by Courts, rollover capital projects from 2007 and road projects additions.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2008

		Rural	Recorders	-	
		Services	Management		
		Fund	Fees Fund		Total
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$	118,267	\$ 139,535	\$	257,802
Receivables:					
Property taxes		2,252,597	-		2,252,597
Accounts		-	312		312
Total assets	\$	2,370,864	\$ 139,847	\$	2,510,711
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities, deferred revenue	\$	2,252,192	\$ -	\$	2,252,192
Fund balances, unreserved, undesignated, reported in					
special revenue funds		118,672	139,847		258,519
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,370,864	\$ 139,847	\$	2,510,711

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Special Revenue					
		Rural		Recorders		
		Services		Management		
		Fund		Fees Fund		Total
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	2,028,566	\$	- \$		2,028,566
Other taxes		72,418		-		72,418
Intergovernmental		89,926		-		89,926
Charges for services		-		34,968		34,968
Investment earnings		-		5,156		5,156
Total revenues		2,190,910		40,124		2,231,034
Expenditures, current, County environment and education		472,082		-		472,082
Excess of revenue over expenditures		1,718,828		40,124		1,758,952
Other financing (uses), transfers out		(1,723,540)		(38,358)		(1,761,898)
Net change in fund balances		(4,712)		1,766		(2,946)
Fund balances, beginning of year		123,384		138,081		261,465
Fund balances, end of year	\$	118,672	\$	139,847 \$		258,519

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2008

Agricultural Extension Service Fund		Balance June 30, 2007		Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2008
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	5,885	\$	404,401	\$	404,587	\$	5,699
Receivables, property taxes		406,434		421,480		406,434		421,480
Total assets	\$	412,319	\$	825,881	\$	811,021	\$	427,179
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	412,319	\$	825,881	\$	811,021	\$	427,179
Bangs Eradication Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	23,794	\$	21,037	\$	34,542	\$	10,289
Receivables, property taxes		20,301		21,690		20,301		21,690
Total assets	\$	44,095	\$	42,727	\$	54,843	\$	31,979
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	44,095	\$	42,727	\$	54,843	\$	31,979
City Taxing Districts Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	1,207,166	\$	85,479,136	\$	85,411,103	\$	1,275,199
Receivables, property taxes		86,096,493		91,728,542		86,096,493		91,728,542
Total assets	\$	87,303,659	\$	177,207,678	\$	171,507,596	\$	93,003,741
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	87,303,659	\$	177,207,678	\$	171,507,596	\$	93,003,741
Community College Taxing District Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	54,355	\$	3,653,145	\$	3,656,012	\$	51,488
Receivables, property taxes	*	3,668,908	Ŧ	3,906,038	Ŧ	3,668,908	Ŧ	3,906,038
Total assets	\$	3,723,263	\$	7,559,183	\$	7,324,920	\$	3,957,526
	<u> </u>	0,120,200		1,000,100	Ψ	1,021,020	<u> </u>	0,001,020
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	3,723,263	\$	7,559,183	\$	7,324,920	\$	3,957,526
Fire Taxing District Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	4,383	\$	287,653	\$	288,205	\$	3,831
Receivables, property taxes		288,953		303,484		288,953		303,484
Total assets	\$	293,336	\$	591,137	\$	577,158	\$	307,315
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	293,336	\$	591,137	\$	577,158	\$	307,315

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2008

School Toying District Fund		Balance June 30, 2007		Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2008
School Taxing District Fund Assets		2007		Additions		Deletions		2006
Cash and investments	\$	1,441,241	\$	96,760,611	\$	96,814,583	\$	1,387,269
Receivables, property taxes	Ŧ	97,188,362	Ţ	103,058,636	Ţ	97,188,362	•	103,058,636
Total assets	\$	98,629,603	\$	199,819,247	\$	194,002,945	\$	104,445,905
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	98,629,603	\$	199,819,247	\$	194,002,945	\$	104,445,905
Township Taxing District Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	2,435	\$	159,986	\$	160,425	\$	1,996
Receivables, property taxes		159,862		153,745		159,862		153,745
Total assets	\$	162,297	\$	313,731	\$	320,287	\$	155,741
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	162,297	\$	313,731	\$	320,287	\$	155,741
Other Taxing Districts Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	64,335	\$	37,733,512	\$	37,659,295	\$	138,552
Receivables, property taxes		389,884		102,782		459,346		33,320
Total assets	\$	454,219	\$	37,836,294	\$	38,118,641	\$	171,872
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	7,289	\$	20,680	\$	17,127	\$	10,842
Due to other governmental agencies	•	446,930	•	37,712,833	·	37,998,733		161,030
Total liabilities	\$	454,219	\$	37,733,513	\$	38,015,860	\$	171,872
City Special Assessments Fund								
Assets, cash and investments	\$	307,201	\$	2,205,527	\$	2,104,991	\$	407,737
Liabilities, due to other governmental	\$	307,201	\$	2,205,527	\$	2,104,991	\$	407,737
agencies	ψ	307,201	ψ	2,200,321	ψ	2,104,391	Ψ	401,131

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2008

County Decender Aronay Fund	Balance June 30,		Deletiene	Balance June 30,
County Recorder Agency Fund Assets	 2007	Additions	Deletions	2008
Cash and investments	\$ 173,871	\$ 1,543,519	\$ 1,597,993	\$ 119,397
Receivables, accounts	 -	1,601,699	1,581,724	19,975
Total assets	\$ 173,871	\$ 3,145,218	\$ 3,179,717	\$ 139,372
Lightliting due to other governmental				
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$ 173,871	\$ 1,563,793	\$ 1,598,292	\$ 139,372
County Sheriff Agency Fund Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 214,481	\$ 5,237,709	\$ 5,237,094	\$ 215,096
Receivables, accounts	 -	 459	 459	 -
Total assets	\$ 214,481	\$ 5,238,168	\$ 5,237,553	\$ 215,096
Liabilities, accounts payable	\$ 214,481	\$ 5,218,892	\$ 5,218,277	\$ 215,096
Motor Vehicle Tax Fund				
Assets, cash and investments	\$ 1,583,337	\$ 18,882,274	\$ 18,972,087	\$ 1,493,524
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$ 1,583,337	\$ 18,882,274	\$ 18,972,087	\$ 1,493,524
Original Bond Issue Escrow Fund				
Assets, cash and investments	\$ 1,800	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,800
	 .,			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Liabilities, accounts payable	\$ 1,800	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,800
Tax Sale Redemption Fund				
Assets, cash and investments	\$ 104,387	\$ 319,289	\$ 268,347	\$ 155,329
Liabilities, due to other governmental				
agencies	\$ 104,387	\$ 319,289	\$ 268,347	\$ 155,329

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Balance June 30, 2007	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2008
Use Tax Fund				
Assets, cash and investments	\$ 1,326,824	\$ 15,001,333	\$ 15,051,959	\$ 1,276,198
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$ 1,326,824	\$ 15,001,333	\$ 15,051,959	\$ 1,276,198
Community Services Fund				
Assets, cash and investments	\$ 657,442	\$ -	\$ 58,572	\$ 598,870
Liabilities, due to private individuals	\$ 657,442	\$ -	\$ 58,572	\$ 598,870
, ,	 *		,	· · · · ·
Jail Inmate Fund				
Assets, cash and investments	\$ 50,557	\$ -	\$ 1,335	\$ 49,222
Liabilities, due to private individuals	\$ 50,557	\$ -	\$ 1,335	\$ 49,222
Total Combined Funds				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 7,223,494	\$ 267,689,132	\$ 267,721,130	\$ 7,191,496
Receivables: Property taxes	188,219,197	199,696,397	188,288,659	199,626,935
Accounts	100,219,197	1,602,158	1,582,183	199,020,933
Total assets	\$ 195,442,691	\$ 468,987,687	\$ 457,591,972	\$ 206,838,406
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 223,570	\$ 5,239,572	\$ 5,235,404	\$ 227,738
Due to other governmental agencies	194,511,122	462,044,633	450,593,179	205,962,576
Due to private individuals	 707,999	-	59,907	 648,092
Total liabilities	\$ 195,442,691	\$ 467,284,205	\$ 455,888,490	\$ 206,838,406



Combining Balance Sheet and Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets Discretely Presented Component Units June 30, 2008

Cash and investments \$ 190,970 \$ 164,664 \$ 287,407 Restricted cash and investments - <td< th=""><th>Assets</th><th>Ma</th><th>mergency anagement Agency</th><th></th><th>County Library</th><th>County Assessor</th></td<>	Assets	Ma	mergency anagement Agency		County Library	County Assessor
Receivables: . <t< td=""><td>Cash and investments</td><td>\$</td><td>190,970</td><td>\$</td><td>164,664</td><td>\$ 287,407</td></t<>	Cash and investments	\$	190,970	\$	164,664	\$ 287,407
Property taxes Accurate interest - - 664,141 Accurate interest \$ 190,970 \$ 164,664 \$ 941,548 Liabilities Accurate liabilities \$ 2,948 \$ 106,689 \$ 4,015 Accurate liabilities \$ 2,948 \$ 10,689 \$ 4,015 Accurate liabilities \$ 2,440 19,990 165,577 96 Defened revenue - - - 653,947 674,539 Fund balances: Reserved for, capital project, jail expansion -			-		-	-
Accrued interest - -						654 141
Total assets \$ 190.970 \$ 164.664 \$ 941.548 Liabilities Accounts payable \$ 2.948 \$ 10.689 \$ 4.015 Accounts payable \$ 13.985 2.07.009 185.612 133.985 2.07.009 Total fund balances \$ 190.970 \$ 164.664 \$ 941.548 Reconciliation to statement of net assets: \$ 190.970 \$ 164.664 \$			-		-	004,141
Liabilities and Fund Balance Liabilities: Accrued liabilities Accrued liabilities Accrued liabilities Total liabilities Reserved ror, capital project, jail expansion Unreserved, undesignated Total liabilities and fund balances Reserved for, capital project, jail expansion Unreserved, undesignated Total liabilities and fund balances Reserved for, capital project, jail expansion Total liabilities and fund balances Reserved for, capital project, jail expansion Unreserved, undesignated Total liabilities and fund balances S 190.970 Total liabilities and fund balances S 190.970 S 166.612 S 190.970 It is statement of net assets: Capital assets: 100.970 Land - Land - Land - Buildings - Accumel with fund balances - Capital assets: - Land - Capital assets: -		\$	190,970	\$	164,664	\$ 941,548
Liabilities: Accrued inspirable \$ 2,948 \$ 10,689 \$ 4,015 Accrued inspirable 5,358 30,679 653,947 - - 653,947 Total liabilities 5,358 30,679 674,539 - - - 653,947 Fund balances: Reserved for, capital project, jail expansion -	Lishilities and Fund Delense					
Accounts payable \$ 2,948 \$ 10,689 \$ 4,015 Accoured liabilities 2,410 19,990 16,577 Deferred revenue - - 653,947 Total liabilities 5,358 30,679 674,539 Fund balances: Reserved for, capital project, jail expansion - - - Unreserved, undesignated - - - - Total fund balances 185,612 133,985 267,009 - Total fund balances \$ 190,970 \$ 164,664 \$ 941,548 Reconciliation to statement of net assets: - - - - Total component unit fund balances \$ 185,612 \$ 133,985 \$ 267,009 Amounts reported for governmental activities - 1.6,600 - - In the statement of net assets are different because: - 12,97,266 - - Land - 16,600 - - 16,600 - Buildings - 12,97,266 - - - - Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Accrued liabilities 2,410 19,990 16,577 Deferred revenue - - 653,947 Total liabilities 5,358 30,679 674,539 Fund balances: - - - 653,947 Reserved for, capital project, jail expansion - - - - 653,947 Urreserved, undesignated 185,612 133,985 267,009 -		\$	2.948	\$	10.689	\$ 4.015
Total liabilities 5,358 30,679 674,539 Fund balances: Reserved for, capital project, jail expansion - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td>				•		
Fund balances: 185,612 133,985 267,009 Total fund balances 185,612 133,985 267,009 Total fund balances 185,612 133,985 267,009 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 190,970 \$ 164,664 \$ 941,548 Reconciliation to statement of net assets: \$ 185,612 \$ 133,985 \$ 267,009 Amounts reported for governmental activities \$ 185,612 \$ 133,985 \$ 267,009 Amounts reported for governmental activities \$ 185,612 \$ 133,985 \$ 267,009 In the statement of net assets are different because: \$ 185,612 \$ 133,985 \$ 267,009 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: \$ 185,612 \$ 133,985 \$ 267,009 Accumulated depreciation \$ 185,612 \$ 133,985 \$ 267,009 \$ \$ 267,009 Adminery and equipment \$ 127,266 \$ \$ 185,612 \$ \$ 185,612 \$ \$ \$ 185,612 \$ \$ \$ \$ 267,009 Accumulated depreciation \$ \$ \$ 127,27 \$ \$ \$ \$ 230,109 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Deferred revenue		-		-	
Reserved for, capital project, jail expansion 1 <td< td=""><td>Total liabilities</td><td></td><td>5,358</td><td></td><td>30,679</td><td>674,539</td></td<>	Total liabilities		5,358		30,679	674,539
Unreserved, undesignated 185,612 133,985 267,009 Total fund balances \$ 190,970 \$ 164,664 \$ 941,548 Reconciliation to statement of net assets: \$ 190,970 \$ 164,664 \$ 941,548 Reconciliation to statement of net assets: \$ 185,612 \$ 133,985 \$ 267,009 Amounts reported for governmental activities \$ 185,612 \$ 133,985 \$ 267,009 Amounts reported for governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Capital assets: - 16,600 - Land - 16,600 - - 1297,266 - - Machinery and equipment 214,727 230,109 - - - 2,174 Capital lease receivable from primary government - - 2,174 - <td< td=""><td>Fund balances:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Fund balances:					
Total fund balances 185,612 133,985 267,009 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 190,970 \$ 164,664 \$ 941,548 Reconciliation to statement of net assets: Item to a statement of net assets: Item to a statement of net assets are different because: Item to a statement of net assets are different because: Item to a statement of net assets are different because: Item to a statement of net assets are not reported in the funds: Item to a statement of net assets are not reported in the funds: Item to a statement of net assets are different because: Item to a statement of net assets are different because: Item to a statement of net assets are not reported in the funds: Item to a statement of net assets are not reported in the funds: Item to a statement of net assets are not reported in the funds: Item to a statement of net assets are not reported in the funds: Item to a statement of net assets are not reported in the funds: Item to a statement of net assets are not available to pay for current Item to a statement of net assets are not available to pay for current Item to a statement of net assets are not available to pay for current Item to a statement of net assets are not available to pay for current Item to a statement of net assets are not are not reported in the funds; Item to a statement of net assets are not reported in the funds; Item to a statement of net assets are not are not reported in the funds; Item to a statement of net assets are not available to pay for current Item to a statement of net assets	Reserved for, capital project, jail expansion		-		-	-
Total liabilities and fund balances\$190,970\$164,664\$941,548Reconciliation to statement of net assets: Total component unit fund balances\$185,612\$133,985\$267,009Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Capital assets: Land-16,600-Land-1,600-Buildings-1,297,266-Machinery and equipment Accumulated depreciation(52,324)(365,385)-Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds, deferred revenue2,174Capital lease receivable from primary government Liabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds: Compensated absences(16,385)(22,210)(86,367)Revenue bonds payableCompensated absences(16,385)(22,210)(86,367)Revenue bonds payableCompensated absencesBond discountsAccurd interest payableBond issuance costsBond issuance costs	-					
Reconciliation to statement of net assets: \$ 185,612 \$ 133,985 \$ 267,009 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: 2apital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: - 16,600 - Land - 16,600 - <	Total fund balances		185,612		133,985	267,009
Total component unit fund balances\$185,612\$133,985\$267,009Amounts reported for governmental activitiesin the statement of net assets are different because:Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financialresources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:Capital assets:Land-Buildings-1,297,266Machinery and equipment214,727230,109-Accumulated depreciation(52,324)Other long-term assets are not available to pay for currentperiod expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds,deferred revenue-Accounts receivable from primary government-Liabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reportedin the funds:-Compensated absences(16,385)(22,210)(86,367)Revenue bonds payableBond discounts-Accrued interest payable-Accrued interest payable-Bond issuance costs	Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	190,970	\$	164,664	\$ 941,548
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Capital assets: Land - Buildings - Accumulated depreciation (52,324) Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds, deferred revenue - Accounts receivable from primary government - Accounts receivable from primary government - Liabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reported - in the funds: - - Compensated absences (16,385) (22,210) Revenue bonds payable - - Bond discounts - - Accrued interest payable - - Bond discounts - - Accrued interest payable - - Bond issuance costs - -	Reconciliation to statement of net assets:					
in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Capital assets: Land - 16,600 - Buildings - 1,297,266 - Machinery and equipment 214,727 230,109 - Accumulated depreciation (52,324) (365,385) - Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds, deferred revenue - 2,174 Capital lease receivable from primary government - 2,174 Capital lease receivable from primary government - 2,174 Liabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds: Compensated absences (16,385) (22,210) (86,367) Revenue bonds payable Bond discounts Accrued interest payable Bond discounts Bond dissuance costs	•	\$	185,612	\$	133,985	\$ 267,009
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Capital assets: Land-16,600-Land-16,600-Buildings-1,297,266-Machinery and equipment214,727230,109-Accumulated depreciation(52,324)(365,385)-Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds, deferred revenue2,174Capital lease receivable from primary governmentAccounts receivable from primary governmentLiabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:Compensated absences(16,385)(22,210)(86,367)Revenue bonds payableBond discountsBond discountsBond issuance costs						
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Capital assets: Land - 16,600 - Buildings - 1,297,266 - Machinery and equipment 214,727 230,109 - Accumulated depreciation (52,324) (365,385) - Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds, deferred revenue 2,174 Capital lease receivable from primary government 2,174 Capital lease receivable from primary government 2,174 Kaccounts receivable from primary government Liabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds: Compensated absences (16,385) (22,210) (86,367) Revenue bonds payable Bond discounts Bond discounts						
Capital assets:Land-16,600-Buildings-1,297,266-Machinery and equipment214,727230,109-Accumulated depreciation(52,324)(365,385)-Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current2,174period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds, deferred revenue2,174Capital lease receivable from primary government2,174Accounts receivable from primary governmentLiabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:Compensated absences(16,385)(22,210)(86,367)-Revenue bonds payableBond discountsBond discountsBond issuance costsBond issuance costs						
Land-16,600-Buildings-1,297,266-Machinery and equipment214,727230,109-Accumulated depreciation(52,324)(365,385)-Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current(52,324)(365,385)-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds, deferred revenue2,174Capital lease receivable from primary governmentAccounts receivable from primary governmentAccounts receivable from primary governmentLiabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:Compensated absences(16,385)(22,210)(86,367)Revenue bonds payableBond discountsAccrued interest payableBond issuance costs						
Buildings-1,297,266-Machinery and equipment214,727230,109-Accumulated depreciation(52,324)(365,385)-Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds, deferred revenue2,174Capital lease receivable from primary governmentAccounts receivable from primary governmentAccounts receivable from primary governmentLiabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:(16,385)(22,210)(86,367)Revenue bonds payableBond discountsAccrued interest payableBond issuance costs	•		-		16,600	-
Accumulated depreciation(52,324)(365,385)-Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds, deferred revenue2,174Capital lease receivable from primary government2,174Capital lease receivable from primary governmentAccounts receivable from primary governmentLiabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:Compensated absences(16,385)(22,210)(86,367)Bond discountsAccrued interest payableBond issuance costsBond issuance costs <t< td=""><td>Buildings</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>	Buildings		-			-
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds, deferred revenue - - 2,174 Capital lease receivable from primary government - - - - Accounts receivable from primary government - - - - Liabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds: - - - - Compensated absences (16,385) (22,210) (86,367) - - - Bond discounts - - - - - - - Accrued interest payable - - - - - - - Bond issuance costs - - - - - - -						-
period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds, deferred revenue2,174Capital lease receivable from primary governmentAccounts receivable from primary governmentAccounts receivable from primary governmentLiabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:Compensated absences(16,385)(22,210)(86,367)Revenue bonds payableBond discountsAccrued interest payableBond issuance costs			(52,324)		(365,385)	-
deferred revenue2,174Capital lease receivable from primary governmentAccounts receivable from primary governmentLiabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:Compensated absences(16,385)(22,210)(86,367)Revenue bonds payableBond discountsAccrued interest payableBond issuance costs						
Capital lease receivable from primary governmentAccounts receivable from primary governmentLiabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reportedin the funds:Compensated absences(16,385)(22,210)(86,367)Revenue bonds payableBond discountsAccrued interest payableBond issuance costs	• •					2 17/
Accounts receivable from primary government - - - Liabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reported - - - in the funds: Compensated absences (16,385) (22,210) (86,367) Revenue bonds payable - - - - Bond discounts - - - - Accrued interest payable - - - - Bond issuance costs - - - -			-		-	2,174
Liabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds: (16,385) (22,210) (86,367) Compensated absences - - - - Bond discounts - - - - Accrued interest payable - - - - Bond issuance costs - - - -			-		-	-
Compensated absences(16,385)(22,210)(86,367)Revenue bonds payableBond discountsAccrued interest payableBond issuance costs						
Revenue bonds payable -	in the funds:					
Bond discounts - - - - Accrued interest payable - - - - Bond issuance costs - - - -			(16,385)		(22,210)	(86,367)
Accrued interest payable - <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>			-		-	-
Bond issuance costs			-		-	-
			-		-	-
		\$	331,630	\$	1,290,365	\$ 182,816

 County Assessor Special	City Assessor	City Assessor Special	Public Safety Authority	Scott Emergency Communication Center	Total
\$ 533,034 -	\$ 294,280 -	\$ 187,647 -	\$ 782,540 861,296	\$ 369,073 -	\$ 2,809,615 861,296
 164,621 -	852,167 -	146,309 -	- 1,250	-	1,817,238 1,250
\$ 697,655	\$ 1,146,447	\$ 333,956	\$ 1,645,086	\$ 369,073	\$ 5,489,399
\$ -	\$ 26,264	\$ 8,058	\$ 1,387,124	\$ 1,036	\$ 1,440,134
-	-	-	-	3,065	42,042
 <u>164,572</u> 164,572	<u>851,623</u> 877,887	146,216 154,274	- 1,387,124	- 4,101	<u>1,816,358</u> 3,298,534
 104,372	011,001	134,274	1,307,124	4,101	3,290,334
- 533,083	- 268,560	- 179,682	257,962	364,972	257,962 1,932,903
533,083	268,560	179,682	257,962	364,972	2,190,865
\$ 697,655	\$ 1,146,447	\$ 333,956	\$ 1,645,086	\$ 369,073	\$ 5,489,399
\$ 533,083	\$ 268,560	\$ 179,682	\$ 257,962	\$ 364,972	\$ 2,190,865
- - -	- 110,461 (100,664)				16,600 1,297,266 555,297 (518,373)
-	3,475 - -	-	- 25,740,000 537,606	-	5,649 25,740,000 537,606
- - -	(38,642) - - -	- - -	- (25,740,000) 249,968 (87,515)	-	(163,604) (25,740,000) 249,968 (87,515)
 -	-	-	109,203	-	109,203
\$ 533,083	\$ 243,190	\$ 179,682	\$ 1,067,224	\$ 364,972	\$ 4,192,962

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and Reconciliation to Statement of Activities - Discretely Presented Component Units Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Mana	gency gement ency	County Library	County Assessor
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$	- \$	-	\$ 471,933
Other taxes		-	-	17,874
Intergovernmental		239,973	916,240	15,862
Charges for services		-	11,531	1,219
Investment earnings		-	-	-
Rentals and fees		-	-	-
Other		49,176	5,695	425
Total revenues		289,149	933,466	507,313
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety and legal services		299,835	-	-
County environment and education		-	960,708	-
Government services to residents		-	-	596,565
Debt service:		-	-	-
Principal		-	-	-
Interest		-	-	-
Total expenditures		299,835	960,708	596,565
Net change in fund balances		(10,686)	(27,242)	(89,252)
Fund balances, beginning of year		196,298	161,227	356,261
Fund balances, end of year	\$	185,612 \$	133,985	\$ 267,009

 County Assessor Special	City Assessor	City Assessor Special	Public Safety Authority	Scott Emergency Communication Center	Total
\$ 227,499	\$ 802,886	\$ 183,457	\$ -	\$ - 4	\$ 1,685,775
8,618	37,037	8,464	-	-	71,993
7,648	21,428	4,897	-	400,427	1,606,475
-	-	-	-	-	12,750
-	-	-	1,220,776	-	1,220,776
-	-	-	1,030,000	-	1,030,000
 -	1,767	-	-	1,033	58,096
243,765	863,118	196,818	2,250,776	401,460	5,685,865
			4,775,010	36,488	5,111,333
-	-	-	4,775,010	30,400	960,708
- 28,550	- 746,656	- 160,353	-	-	1,532,124
20,000	140,000			_	1,002,124
_	-	_	1,030,000	-	1,030,000
-	-	-	1,088,805	-	1,088,805
 28,550	746,656	160,353	6,893,815	36,488	9,722,970
 215,215	116,462	36,465	(4,643,039)	364,972	(4,037,105)
 317,868	152,098	143,217	4,901,001	<u> </u>	6,227,970
\$ 533,083	\$ 268,560	\$ 179,682	\$ 257,962	\$ 364,972 \$	\$ 2,190,865

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and Reconciliation to Statement of Activities - Discretely Presented Component Units (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2008

Reconciliation to statement of activities, net change in fund balances	Ма	nergency nagement Agency (10,686)	\$	County Library (27,242) \$	County Assessor (89,252)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following is the detail of the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year: Capital outlay Depreciation	1	172,681 (10,278)		(45,831)	-
Rentals and fees		-		-	-
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the component unit, change in compensated absences		(3,971)		(5,848)	(7,849)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following is a detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:					
Repayment of bond principal		-		-	-
Interest expense		-		-	-
Amortization of bond issuance costs and discounts		-	<u> </u>	-	-
Changes in net assets of component units	\$	147,746	\$	(78,921) \$	(97,101)

County Assessor Special	City Assessor	City Assessor Special	Public Safety Authority	Scott Emergency Communication Center	Total
\$ 215,215	\$ 116,462	\$ 36,465	\$ (4,643,039)	\$ 364,972	\$ (4,037,105)

-	- (7,919)	-	4,812,704 -	-	4,985,385 (64,028)
-	-	-	(1,030,000)	-	(1,030,000)
-	6,993	-		-	(10,675)

-	-	-	1,030,000	-	1,030,000
-	-	-	3,219	-	3,219
-	-	-	(36,435)	-	(36,435)
\$ 215,215 \$	115,536 \$	36,465 \$	136,449 \$	364,972 \$	840,361



STATISTICAL

Statistical	Section
Contents	

The statistical section of the County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information presented in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	72
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax (or sales tax).	84
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current level of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	92
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.	98
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	100
Sources : Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual report for the relevant year. The County implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information	

include information beginning in that year.

Net Assets by Component Last Six Fiscal Years* (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year	
	 2003	2004	2005
Governmental activities:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 51,390,670	\$ 53,196,584	\$ 58,403,448
Restricted for:			
Debt Service	5,142,886	4,828,092	4,486,204
County Conservation Sewage Treatment	151,021	160,678	170,507
Mental health	-	-	-
Secondary roads	-	-	-
Unrestricted	 11,771,985	11,848,957	11,456,380
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 68,456,562	\$ 70,034,311	\$ 74,516,539
Business-type activities:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ (50,362)	\$ 198,958	\$ 342,758
Restricted for lease purchase contract	-	324,627	326,105
Unrestricted	(1,383,608)	(1,843,166)	(2,051,330)
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ (1,433,970)	\$ (1,319,581)	\$ (1,382,467)
Primary government:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 51,340,308	\$ 53,395,542	\$ 58,746,206
Restricted for:			
Debt Service	5,142,886	4,828,092	4,486,204
County Conservation Sewage Treatment	151,021	160,678	170,507
Lease purchase contract	-	324,627	326,105
Mental health	-	-	-
Secondary roads	-	-	-
Unrestricted	10,388,377	10,005,791	9,405,050
Total primary government net assets	\$ 67,022,592	\$ 68,714,730	\$ 73,134,072

GASB Statement No. 34 implemented in fiscal year 2003.

	Fiscal Year	
2006	2007	2008
\$ 62,017,939	\$ 65,298,164	\$ 70,527,812
4,460,937	4,152,198	3,728,760
182,850	196,692	211,034
855,147	396,372	572,242
1,459,411	936,185	486,405
11,004,368	10,576,072	6,060,787
\$ 79,980,652	\$ 81,555,683	\$ 81,587,040
\$ 475,691	\$ 633,574	\$ 807,121
326,596	326,831	325,166
(2,341,036)	(2,832,971)	(3,225,906)
\$ (1,538,749)	\$ (1,872,566)	\$ (2,093,619)
\$ 62,493,630	\$ 65,931,738	\$ 71,334,933
4,460,937	4,152,198	3,728,760
182,850	196,692	206,674
326,596	326,831	325,166
855,147	396,372	572,242
1,459,411	936,185	486,405
8,663,332	7,743,101	2,839,241
\$ 78,441,903	\$ 79,683,117	\$ 79,493,421

Changes in Net Assets Last Six Fiscal Years* (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

				Fiscal Year				
		2003		2004		2005		
Expenses:								
Governmental activities:								
Public safety and legal services	\$	14,416,219	\$	15,359,610	\$	17,378,230		
Physical health and social services		5,354,508		5,599,865		5,433,189		
Mental health		12,560,244		12,464,838		12,689,373		
County environment and education		4,077,028		4,179,381		3,978,818		
Roads and transportation		5,319,941		5,322,321		6,514,158		
Governmental services to residents		1,728,824		1,834,390		1,853,466		
Administration		6,864,076		8,182,576		9,848,118		
Interest on long-term debt		498,341		457,073		434,854		
Total governmental activities expenses		50,819,181		53,400,054		58,130,206		
Business-type activities, golf course		964,728		988,195		1,074,754		
Total government expenses	\$	51,783,909	\$	54,388,249	\$	59,204,960		
Program revenues:								
Governmental activities:								
Public safety and legal services	\$	966,549	\$	899.053	\$	878,359		
Physical health and social services	•	264,329	•	356,232	•	291,344		
Mental health		46,259		18,432		40,441		
County environment and education		695,885		693,246		880,593		
Roads and transportation		2,841		32,875		9,241		
Governmental services to residents		2,930,055		2,693,220		2,501,165		
Administration		222,833		150,904		264,264		
Operating grants and contributions		5,448,938		8,544,625		8,857,256		
Capital grants and contributions		1,329,326		706,004		6,519,732		
Total governmental activities program revenues		11,907,015		14,094,591		20,242,395		
Business-type activities, golf course		1,033,286		1,101,788		1,008,046		
Total government program revenues	\$	12,940,301	\$	15,196,379	\$	21,250,441		
Net (expense)/revenue:								
Governmental activities	\$	(38,912,166)	\$	(39,305,463)	\$	(37,887,811)		
Business-type activities	Ψ	68,558	Ψ	(39,303,403) 113,593	Ψ	(66,708)		
Total government net expense	\$	(38,843,608)	\$	(39,191,870)	\$	(37,954,519)		
rotal government net expense	Ψ	(00,040,000)	Ψ	(00,101,010)	Ψ	(01,004,010)		

			Fiscal Year		
	2006		2007		2008
\$	19,231,650	\$	20,051,534	\$	20,289,680
	5,543,800		5,682,835		5,956,132
	13,430,170		14,308,820		15,211,596
	4,142,926		4,371,103		4,410,086
	5,983,682		6,711,217		6,712,511
	1,945,223		2,074,972		2,151,064
	9,376,193		9,943,559		10,980,111
	662,882		1,606,659		1,471,972
	60,316,526		64,750,699		67,183,152
	1,186,450		1,223,696		1,178,367
\$	61,502,976	\$	65,974,395	\$	68,361,519
•	4 404 450	٨		۴	000.074
\$	1,101,152	\$	1,053,355	\$	939,874
	290,280		285,637		330,296
	57,465		41,070		42,261
	943,194		889,915		920,315
	27,646		9,943		11,268
	2,616,909		2,506,821		2,382,447
	191,548		251,682		251,070
	9,135,717		9,896,826		11,847,705
	2,846,478		1,417,942		153,469
	17,210,389		16,353,191		16,878,705
	1,019,793		875,270		947,487
\$	18,230,182	\$	17,228,461	\$	17,826,192
\$	(43,106,137)	\$	(48,397,508)	\$	(50,304,447)
	(166,657)		(348,426)		(230,880)
\$	(43,272,794)	\$	(48,745,934)	\$	(50,535,327)

Changes in Net Assets (Continued) Last Six Fiscal Years* (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

General revenues and other changes in net assets: Governmental activities:	 2003	2004	2005
Governmental activities:			2000
Taxes:			
Property taxes	\$ 22,780,080	\$ 24,998,507	\$ 25,923,952
Local option sales tax	3,199,382	3,393,432	3,488,462
Gaming	805,667	919,864	904,897
Other taxes	172,113	117,731	59,143
Utility tax replacements	1,061,401	1,133,932	1,228,633
Penalties, interest and costs on taxes	667,318	652,959	837,554
State tax replacement credits	8,313,347	5,435,819	5,152,761
Payments in lieu of taxes	3,659	-	-
State shared revenues	2,804,003	2,851,114	2,909,524
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific purpose	289,800	274,703	258,703
Investment earnings	518,804	367,089	782,291
Miscellaneous	692,184	738,062	824,119
(Loss) on the sales of capital assets	 (35,371)	-	-
Total governmental activities	41,272,387	40,883,212	42,370,039
Business-type activities, investment earnings	2,461	796	3,822
Total government	\$ 41,274,848	\$ 40,884,008	\$ 42,373,861
Change in net assets:			
Governmental activities	\$ 2,360,221	\$ 1,577,749	\$ 4,482,228
Business-type activities	71,019	114,389	(62,886)
Total primary government	\$ 2,431,240	\$ 1,692,138	\$ 4,419,342

GASB Statement No. 34 implemented in fiscal year 2003.

			Fiscal Year		
	2006		2007		2008
\$	21 225 227	\$	21 005 944	\$	33,138,131
Φ	31,335,227	Φ	31,995,844 3,700,844	φ	
	3,470,318				3,867,941
	887,690		789,210		815,524
	63,287		61,766		65,253
	1,377,835		1,382,625		1,341,669
	791,859		782,123		731,456
	5,246,050		5,243,536		5,194,016
	-		165		8,226
	2,970,800		2,906,371		2,866,918
	241,277		188,557		-
	1,381,353		2,140,787		1,447,577
	804,554		780,711		859,093
	48,570,250		49,972,539		50,335,804
	10,375		14,609		9,827
\$	48,580,625	\$	49,987,148	\$	50,345,631
\$	5,464,113	\$	1,575,031	\$	31,357
	(156,282)		(333,817)		(221,053)
\$	5,307,831	\$	1,241,214	\$	(189,696)

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		1999*	2000		2001		2002
General Fund:							
Reserved:							
Notes receivable	\$	-	\$	205,761	\$ 120,507	\$	60,254
Advances		1,423,314		1,423,314	1,423,314		1,423,314
County conservation sewage treatment		-		-	-		-
Unreserved, designated claim liabilities		-		-	-		1,051,977
Unreserved, undesignated		8,401,174		5,755,165	5,373,104		6,012,505
Total general fund	\$	9,824,488	\$	7,384,240	\$ 6,916,925	\$	8,548,050
All other governmental funds:							
Reserved for:							
Debt service	\$	6,223,688	\$	5,963,836	\$ 5,688,836	\$	5,426,805
Unreservced, undesignated reported in:	•						
Special revenue funds:							
Mental health/development disabilities		1,714,861		2,042,319	2,166,738		1,218,233
Secondary Roads		666,640		690,460	875,848		561,446
Rural services		157,643		155.078	132,012		83,889
Recorders management fees		78,772		111,718	154,882		192,259
Capital projects funds, capital projects		4,068,251		7,743,389	9,007,745		5,916,295
Total all other governmental		.,,201		.,,	0,000,00		0,010,200
funds	\$	12,909,855	\$	16,706,800	\$ 18,026,061	\$	13,398,927

	Fiscal Year										
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008
\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	116,175
Ψ	1,423,314	Ψ	1,508,314	Ψ	1,673,314	Ψ	1,863,314	Ψ	2,262,314	¥	2,702,314
	151,021		160,678		170,507		182,850		196,692		206,674
	1,116,806		805,257		886,689		886,689		1,004,488		718,847
	6,372,309		5,488,379		4,637,761		5,479,818		5,301,970		5,849,553
\$	9,163,450	\$	8,062,628	\$	7,468,271	\$	8,512,671	\$	8,865,464	\$	9,593,563
\$	5,142,886	\$	724,111	\$	5,269,337	\$	4,460,937	\$	4,152,198	\$	3,728,760
	1,021,020		1,000,512		1,251,251		855,147		396,372		572,242
	2,189,357		2,943,900		1,552,667		1,459,411		936,185		486,405
	2,148,185		1,997,741		2,191,392		111,064		123,384		118,672
	259,036		93,315		117,636		129,231		138,081		139,847
	1,788,279		1,275,218		3,426,597		4,223,180		6,945,117		5,541,207
\$	12,548,763	\$	8,034,797	\$	13,808,880	\$	11,238,970	\$	12,691,337	\$	10,587,133

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	1999*	2000	2001	2002
Revenues:	A (0.177.010 A	40.000.507	A (0.050.005 A	
Property taxes	\$ 18,177,319 \$, ,	\$ 19,852,285 \$	20,644,047
Local option sales tax	3,317,574	3,341,526	3,196,756	3,195,497
Other taxes	894,402	902,381	1,876,688	1,980,614
Interest and penalty on taxes	420,615	489,444	522,155	579,951
Intergovernmental	13,586,119	13,670,627	15,491,941	15,895,641
Charges for services	3,336,418	3,172,085	3,576,260	4,181,051
Investment earnings	1,751,709	2,097,176	2,286,576	956,679
Licenses and permits	362,164	428,267	386,316	418,998
Rentals and fees	156,948	139,890	163,735	142,050
Other	466,149	509,131	392,014	784,724
Total revenues	42,469,417	44,034,124	47,744,726	48,779,252
Expenditures:				
Public safety and legal services	10,277,713	10,625,223	12,247,225	12,490,629
Physical health and social services	4,212,753	4,493,516	5,305,350	5,675,225
Mental health	9,903,740	10,574,774	11,615,292	12,507,653
County environment and education	2,233,586	2,336,675	2,601,159	2,974,726
Roads and transportation	3,047,814	3,215,371	3,240,775	3,380,066
Governmental services to residents	1,449,209	1,509,901	1,658,522	1,748,504
Administration	-	-	5,824,175	5,907,458
Interprogram services	4,478,582	5,439,162	-	-
Capital outlay	3,155,483	3,408,430	4,128,588	13,388,707
Debt service:				
Principal	670,000	720,000	275,000	290,000
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-
Interest	388,675	354,375	317,485	317,818
Total expenditures	39,817,555	42,677,427	47,213,571	58,680,786
Excess of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	2,651,862	1,356,697	531,155	(9,901,534)
	2,001,002	1,000,007	001,100	(0,001,004)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	4,129,217	7,467,088	6,761,451	5,919,049
Transfers out	(4,129,217)	(7,467,088)	(6,761,451)	(5,919,049)
Proceeds from sale of cpaital assets	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	-	-	-	5,041,777
Bond premium	-	-	-	-
Payment to bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources				
(uses)	-	-	-	5,041,777
Net change in fund balances	2,651,862	1,356,697	531,155	(4,859,757)
Fund balances, beginning of year	20,082,481	22,734,343	24,411,832	24,942,986
Residual equity transfer in	-	-	-	1,863,748
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 22,734,343	\$ 24,091,040	\$ 24,942,987 \$	21,946,977
			<u>, Ξ.,οιε,οοι ψ</u>	,5 10,011
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	2.97%	2.81%	1.39%	1.36%

2003		2004	2005	cal Year	2006		2007		2008
2000		2004	2003		2000		2001		2000
22.7	69,823 \$	24,996,346	\$ 25,895,065	\$	31,364,663	\$	32,017,310	\$	33,120,748
	39,382	3,403,432	3,418,462	·	3,382,318	·	3,727,522		3,860,101
	39,181	2,171,528	2,192,673		2,328,812		2,233,601		2,222,446
	67,318	652,959	837,554		791,859		782,123		731,456
	30,707	17,181,934	17,899,516		18,596,027		18,714,770		19,873,049
	98,212	4,389,232	4,336,407		4,656,145		4,521,226		4,337,36
	18,804	348,442	738,160		1,381,353		2,008,067		1,447,57
	30,540	454,731	529,000		572,049		517,197		540,170
	27,387	113,952	124,758		141,568		144,693		157,323
	64,798	604,805	695,374		569,001		636,018		701,770
	36,152	54,317,361	56,666,969		63,783,795		65,302,527		66,992,00
02,2		01,011,001					00,002,021		
13.5	84,142	14,593,427	16,507,338		18,225,493		19,330,101		19,214,446
	79,964	5,563,018	5,398,110		5,489,011		5,638,002		5,915,796
	40,895	12,454,452	12,673,353		13,416,089		14,288,703		15,182,707
	31,750	3,809,045	3,554,450		3,558,603		3,845,185		4,099,54
	25,694	3,716,998	3,915,398		3,937,871		4,360,061		4,493,009
	38,400	1,746,145	1,765,623		1,866,796		1,933,065		2,012,787
	14,537	6,622,680	6,815,170		7,306,402		7,555,798		8,238,360
0,2	14,337	0,022,000	0,013,170		7,300,402		1,000,190		0,230,300
0.2	- 56,988	- 5,320,722	- 5,583,383		- 5,290,532		5,580,379		- 5,832,46
9,2	50,900	5,520,722	3,303,303		3,290,332		5,500,579		3,632,400
6	10,000	580,000	610,000		2,570,000		1,880,000		1,925,000
	-	-	-		-		99,453		-
5	02,750	458,905	436,926		665,130		1,569,359		1,503,74
55,9	85,120	54,865,392	57,259,751		62,325,927		66,080,106		68,417,86
(3,7	48,968)	(548,031)	(592,782))	1,457,868		(777,579)		(1,425,862
	49,549	6,468,235	5,835,149		6,665,376		5,107,655		8,516,22
(5,9-	49,549)	(6,468,235)	(5,835,149))	(6,665,376)		(5,107,655)		(8,516,22)
	-	-	-		-		33,394		49,75
	-	-	-		-		6,185,000		-
	-	-	-		-		9,345		-
	-	-	-		-		(3,645,000)		-
	-	-	-		-		2,582,739		49,75
(3,7	48,968)	(548,031)	(592,782))	1,457,868		1,805,160		(1,376,10
23,1	83,554	19,434,586	18,886,555		18,293,773		19,751,641		21,556,80
10 4	- 34,586 \$	- 18,886,555	- \$ 18,293,773	¢	- 19,751,641	¢	-	\$	20,180,696
19,4	J4,JOU \$	10,000,000	\$ 18,293,773	\$	19,701,041	\$	21,556,801	φ	20,100,090
	2.44%	2.14%	2.079	N/	6.01%		6.03%		5.8

Program Revenues by Function/Program Last Six Fiscal Years* (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
Function / Program		2003		2004		2005		
Governmental activities:								
Public safety and legal services	\$	1,510,542	\$	1,440,430 \$	5	2,076,189		
Physical health and social services		1,995,547		2,278,296		2,393,807		
Mental health		2,681,440		5,019,401		5,435,434		
County environment and education		1,064,191		1,253,269		1,143,866		
Roads and transportation		1,180,590		725,079		5,980,515		
Governmental services to residents		3,048,029		3,041,924		2,705,131		
Administration		426,676		336,192		507,453		
Total governmental activities		11,907,015		14,094,591		20,242,395		
Busines-type activities, Glynns Creek Golf Course		1,033,286		1,101,788		1,008,046		
Total government	\$	12,940,301	\$	15,196,379 \$	5	21,250,441		

GASB Statement No. 34 implemented in fiscal year 2003.

	Fiscal Year	
2006	2007	2008
\$ 2,396,794	\$ 2,624,858	\$ 2,087,424
2,126,736	2,114,672	2,179,694
5,507,832	6,324,361	7,891,347
1,197,394	1,074,486	1,306,680
1,943,220	979,629	54,786
3,670,976	2,824,963	2,926,459
367,437	410,222	432,315
17,210,389	16,353,191	16,878,705
1,019,793	875,270	947,487
\$ 18,230,182	\$ 17,228,461	\$ 17,826,192

Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years *(modified accrual basis of accounting)* (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Property	Local Option Sales Tax Oth		Other Tax	Interest & Penalties Other Tax on Taxes					
1001	roporty								Intergovernmental	
1999	\$ 18,177,319	\$	3,317,574	\$	894,402	\$	420,615	\$	13,586,119	
2000	19,283,597		3,341,526		902,381		489,444		13,670,627	
2001	19,852,285		3,196,756		1,876,688		522,155		15,491,941	
2002	20,644,047		3,195,497		1,980,614		579,951		15,895,641	
2003	25,895,065		3,418,462		2,192,673		837,554		17,899,516	
2004	24,996,346		3,403,432		2,171,528		652,959		17,181,934	
2005	25,895,065		3,418,462		2,192,673		837,554		17,899,516	
2006	31,364,663		3,382,318		2,328,812		791,859		18,596,027	
2007	32,017,310		3,727,522		2,233,601		782,123		18,714,770	
2008	33,120,748		3,860,101		2,222,446		731,456		19,873,049	
Change										
1998-2008	82.21%		16.35%	>	148.48%	,)	73.90%	•	46.27	

Source: County records.

 Charges for Services		Investment Earnings		Licenses & Permits		Rentals & Fees		Other	Total
\$ 3,336,418	\$	1,751,709	\$	362,164	\$	156,948	\$	466,149	\$ 42,469,417
3,172,085		2,097,176		428,267		139,890		509,131	44,034,124
3,576,260		2,286,576		386,316		163,735		392,014	47,744,726
4,181,051		956,679		418,998		142,050		784,724	48,779,252
4,336,407		738,160		529,000		124,758		695,374	56,666,969
4,389,232		348,442		454,731		113,952		604,805	54,317,361
4,336,407		738,160		529,000		124,758		695,374	56,666,969
4,656,145		1,381,353		572,049		141,568		569,001	63,783,795
4,521,226		2,008,067		517,197		144,693		636,018	65,302,527
4,337,361		1,447,577		540,170		157,323		701,770	66,992,001
30.00%)	(17.36)%)	49.15%	1	0.24%	þ	50.55%	57.74%

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Real I	⁻ rop	erty		Persona	ıl Proj	perty	Uti	lities	
Ended	 Taxable		Assessed	·	Taxable		Assessed	 Taxable		Assessed
June 30	Value		Value		Value		Value	 Value		Value
1999	\$ 3,807,731,607	\$	5,668,739,100	\$	255,956,108	\$	255,956,108	\$ 390,444,779	\$	390,533,049
2000	3,972,859,733		5,777,153,288		244,123,480		244,123,480	360,261,226		360,261,226
2001	4,283,599,697		6,382,142,701		190,103,913		190,103,913	367,488,907		367,528,097
2002	4,494,546,377		6,542,552,088		128,389,476		128,389,476	373,127,833		373,127,833
2003	4,697,380,131		7,262,052,360		55,912,460		55,912,460	376,912,988		376,928,465
2004	4,812,295,795		7,645,182,637		5,356,152		5,356,152	402,785,799		403,680,208
2005	5,087,898,264		8,391,908,858		-		-	416,619,162		416,632,167
2006	5,299,824,281		8,858,213,729		-		-	405,323,627		405,323,627
2007	5,636,684,084		9,304,359,638		-		-	242,007,768		287,536,004
2008	5,782,600,890		9,629,908,628		-			236,556,404		311,762,064

Source: Auditor's Office

Note 1: Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to the actual value.

Note 2: Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

T	otal		Rati Taxal to	-	Tax Increment Financing	
Taxable		Assessed	Asses	sed	District	Total Direct
 Value		Value	Valu	ie	Values	Tax Rate
\$ 4,454,132,494 4,577,244,439 4,841,192,517 4,996,063,686	\$	6,315,228,257 6,381,537,994 6,939,774,711 7,044,069,397		70.5% \$ 71.7 69.8 70.9	115,708,030 175,894,540 207,991,891 218,666,744	\$ 2.01 2.06 2.09 2.10
5,129,605,579 5,220,437,746		7,694,893,285 8,054,218,997		66.7 64.8	226,164,092 232,697,034	2.25 2.39
5,504,517,426		8,808,541,125		62.5	213,970,420	2.38
5,705,147,908		9,263,537,356		61.6	235,146,048	2.74
5,878,691,852		9,591,895,642		61.3	235,149,590	2.72
6,019,157,294		9,941,670,692		59.1	330,175,178	3.24

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago *(in thousands of dollars)* (Unaudited)

		1999	
			Percentage
			of Total County
	Taxable		Taxable
	Assessed		Assessed
	 Value	Rank	Value
MidAmerican Energy	\$ 232,230,100	1	5.54%
Aluminum Company of America	192,154,039	2	4.58%
Equitable Life Assurance Society	79,251,932	3	1.89%
Davenport Water Company	43,489,511	4	1.04%
J.S. West Communications	28,866,057	5	0.69%
Davenport Cement Company	28,522,951	6	0.68%
Oscar Mayer Foods Corporation	26,127,905	7	0.62%
Deere & Company	25,829,336	8	0.62%
Quanex Corporation	24,916,092	9	0.59%
Ralston Purina Company	24,272,101	10	0.58%
	\$ 705,660,024		16.83%

		2008	
			Percentage
			of Total County
	Taxable		Taxable
	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value
Isle of Capri Bettendorf	\$ 85,283,690	1	1.42%
SDG Macerich Properties	68,877,000	2	1.14%
Aluminum Company of America	40,852,700	3	0.68%
Gulf Investments LLC	24,522,800	4	0.41%
Quanex Corporation	22,322,600	5	0.37%
Deere & Company	22,375,800	6	0.37%
The Davenport North Development	17,364,800	7	0.29%
Davenport-Durler Family Trust	20,554,200	8	0.34%
GenVentures Inc	21,067,347	9	0.35%
National Amusement Inc	19,015,000	10	0.32%
Total	\$ 342,235,937		5.69%

Source: County records

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	T	Property axes Levied	Property Collected W Fiscal Year o	/ithin the		Property Tax Collections	Property Ta Total Collections	
Ended		for the	A	Percentage	In Subsequent		A	Percentage
June 30		Fiscal Year	 Amount	of Levy		Years	 Amount	of Levy
1999	\$	138,308,158	\$ 137,499,635	9942.00%	\$	50,202	\$ 137,549,837	88.45%
2000		141,568,042	140,229,377	99.05		117,589	140,346,966	99.14
2001		146,117,608	145,193,712	99.37		119,615	145,313,327	99.45
2002		152,133,150	151,191,798	99.38		75,947	151,267,745	99.43
2003		164,344,090	163,141,398	99.27		38,060	163,179,458	99.29
2004		170,396,572	168,156,252	98.69		618,183	168,774,435	99.05
2005		181,497,890	179,753,240	99.04		1,664,237	181,417,477	99.96
2006		194,032,266	193,001,228	99.46		195,545	193,196,773	99.57
2007		202,141,914	200,878,707	99.38		(20,856)	200,857,851	99.36
2008		210,294,826	209,445,543	99.60		131,295	209,576,838	99.66

Source: County records.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Years (*rate per \$1,000 of assessed value*) (Unaudited)

		Year Taxes are	Payable	
	1999	2000	2001	2002
County direct rates:				
Scott County Urban Rate	3.91472	4.05869	4.15929	4.18290
Scott County Rural Rate	7.23492	7.29139	7.13428	7.23474
City and town rates:				
Bettendorf	11.45555	11.49320	11.46317	11.45555
Blue Grass	10.57459	10.38054	11.14846	11.56925
Buffalo	6.65000	6.65000	7.00003	6.99999
Davenport	13.96012	13.95123	14.63429	14.60301
Dixon	8.09974	8.09981	7.92961	8.09975
Donahue	5.25586	5.31451	5.14553	5.20471
Durant	12.88643	12.84869	12.58764	12.19810
Eldridge	7.16197	6.46747	6.37566	6.37553
LeClaire	14.94376	14.44722	14.69772	14.69771
Long Grove	5.78412	6.99376	7.50571	7.87004
Maysville	3.99799	4.60923	4.31483	4.76008
McCausland	6.52507	7.91701	7.64701	7.64697
New Liberty	1.47129	1.49144	1.44891	1.52958
Panorama Park	6.30832	6.16271	5.64725	6.13308
Princeton	6.69140	6.69112	7.15950	9.30742
Riverdale	1.51305	1.76835	2.29856	2.29648
Walcott	8.14002	10.09000	10.50225	10.00001
School District Rates:				
Bennett Schools	13.17830	13.38001	12.01282	11.62167
Bettendorf Schools	15.57107	14.81448	14.57951	14.56220
Davenport Schools	15.26607	14.92898	15.50967	15.46758
Durant Schools	11.14827	10.95551	12.11375	12.18444
North Scott Schools	17.73248	15.76085	15.70745	15.66165
Pleasant Valley Schools	14.68808	14.44722	13.45589	13.45953
Area IX CC	0.57182	0.54709	0.60302	0.60382
Other:				
Scott County Assessor	0.25072	0.22997	0.31843	0.31830
Davenport City Assessor	0.29389	0.29311	0.31303	0.33488
Ag. Extension - BANGS	0.03868	0.06732	0.06700	0.06790

Source: County records - Auditor's Office.

2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
4.48067	4.80887	4.75497	5.56513	5.51106	5.3379
7.49188	7.71192	7.84647	8.60445	8.52602	8.3574
11.85000	11.85000	12.34932	12.34952	12.60000	12.8500
12.43356	12.48463	11.51524	11.43975	11.58668	11.0729
7.00203	7.65547	8.09999	8.09998	8.10000	8.0999
14.63000	14.96445	15.24000	15.24000	15.56702	15.5758
8.09986	8.09977	8.10000	8.10000	8.10000	8.100
5.15138	7.96293	7.36868	5.42517	5.43321	5.963
12.17088	12.17088	14.20315	15.56204	15.56204	15.562
6.37555	6.64799	6.64795	6.64795	6.64800	6.648
14.69660	14.69660	14.69639	14.69637	14.69636	14.699
7.89977	8.10000	8.10000	8.10000	8.39529	9.768
4.85690	5.16066	5.16083	5.16097	5.16094	5.161
7.91705	7.91704	8.10000	8.10000	8.10000	8.100
1.52478	2.22375	2.99975	2.90011	3.57028	2.938
6.27994	6.29016	6.25158	6.50590	6.76329	5.649
9.30739	9.22504	8.81288	9.02314	8.97804	8.947
2.29649	2.30970	2.30949	2.93819	2.50485	2.701
9.50001	9.50000	9.75001	9.75001	9.75000	10.000
11.85225	12.43900	12.85967	11.78130	11.62880	11.013
15.78768	15.77779	15.46630	14.69042	15.00216	14.846
16.96204	17.07873	17.09591	17.09734	17.10760	17.087
12.24493	12.04676	12.21711	12.62186	11.96178	12.603
15.32122	14.99307	15.03382	15.12320	15.17814	14.764
13.45042	13.45835	13.46470	13.66430	13.86154	13.987
0.62633	0.61738	0.59216	0.59269	0.61277	0.606
0.33124	0.33119	0.27124	0.27404	0.29563	0.288
0.37656	0.31521	0.27648	0.26045	0.29672	0.276
0.06248	0.06721	0.06939	0.06973	0.07034	0.068

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands, except per capita) (Unaudited)

				Governmer	ntal A	ctivities		
	Gene							
Fiscal	Obliga	tion				Compensated		Claims
Year	Bond	ds		Capital Lease		Absences		Payable
1999	\$	6,635	\$	-	\$	88	\$	-
2000	·	5,915	•	-	•	113	•	-
2001		5,640		-		786		-
2002		10,435		-		224		1,052
2003		9,825		-		1,649		1,132
2004		9,245		-		1,713		819
2005		8,635		-		1,838		891
2006		8,000		27,765		1,916		724
2007		9,655		26,770		2,142		1,004
2008		8,760		25,740		2,375		719

* Calculation made using population and personal income figures from Demographics and Economic Statistics Table.

Source: County records.

Capital Lease	Purchase Contract	mpensated \bsences	Go	Total overnment	Percentage of Personal Income*	Per Capita*
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	6,723	15.80% \$	42.39
-	-	-		6,028	0.13	37.80
-	-	-		6,426	0.14	40.50
-	-	-		11,711	0.24	73.81
-	2,361	28,150		43,117	0.87	268.50
218	2,101	24,755		38,851	0.73	241.48
476	1,918	26,102		39,860	N/A	248.91
370	1,725	31,309		71,809	N/A	446.02
266	1,523	39		41,399	N/A	252.69
156	1,304	45		39,099	N/A	237.47

Business-Type Activities

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year		neral Bonded ot Outstanding General Obligation Bonds	Percent of Debt to Assessed Value	Per Capita*
1999	\$	6,635,000	11.00% \$	41.84
2000	÷	5,915,000	0.09	37.09
2001		5,640,000	0.08	35.55
2002		10,435,000	0.15	65.77
2003		9,825,000	0.13	61.18
2004		9,245,000	0.12	57.46
2005		8,635,000	0.10	53.92
2006		8,000,000	0.09	49.69
2007		9,655,000	0.10	58.93
2008		8,760,000	0.09	53.20

* Calculated using population figure from Demographics and Economic Statistics Table.

Source: County records.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2008 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Scott County	\$ 8,760,000	100.00% _\$	8,760,000
School Districts:			
Bettendorf Community	10,380,000	100.00	10,380,000
Durant Community	2,452,554	26.04	638,544
North Scott Community	715,000	100.00	715,000
Wheatland Community	1,780,000	7.70	136,999
Eastern Iowa Community College	49,585,000	58.75	29,130,780
Subtotal, School Districts		_	41,001,323
Cities:			
Bettendorf	62,360,000	100.00	62,360,000
Blue Grass	593,912	100.00	593,912
Buffalo	365,000	100.00	365,000
Davenport	135,675,000	100.00	135,675,000
Durant	2,240,000	4.56	102,222
Eldridge	5,260,000	100.00	5,260,000
LeClaire	11,380,080	100.00	11,380,080
Long Grove	1,088,000	100.00	1,088,000
Princeton	1,000,000	100.00	1,000,000
Walcott	3,610,000	100.00	3,610,000
Subtotal, Cities		_	221,434,214
Total direct and overlapping debt:		<u> </u> \$	271,195,537

Source: County records

Legal Debt Margin Information As of June 30, 2007 (Unaudited)

	 1999*		2000	2001	2002
Debt limit	\$ 315,761,413	\$	319,076,900	\$ 347,055,848	\$ 352,203,470
Total net debt applicable to limit	 6,635,000		5,915,000	5,640,000	10,435,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 309,126,413	\$	313,161,900	\$ 341,415,848	\$ 341,768,470
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	2.15%	,	1.89%	1.65%	3.05%

Source: County records.

		-	Debt Margin Calcu ssed value	lation	for Fiscal Year 200)7		\$	9,941,670,692
		Debt	limit (5% of assess	sed va	lue)			\$	497,083,535
		Debt	applicable to limit:						
			General obligation	bonds					8,760,000
			Capital lease						25,740,000
			Total net applicable	e to lin	nit				34,500,000
		Legal	debt margin					\$	462,583,535
 2003	2004		2005		2006		2007		2008
\$ 363,102,618	\$ 392,500,605	\$	428,112,694	\$	451,734,795	\$	479,594,782	\$	497,083,535
 9,825,000	9,245,000		8,635,000		35,765,000		36,425,000		34,500,000
\$ 353,277,618	\$ 383,255,605	\$	419,477,694	\$	415,969,795	\$	443,169,782	\$	462,583,535
2.78%	2.41%		2.06%		8.60%		8.22%	,	7.46%

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

Year	Population ¹	Personal Income (000's) ²	Per Capita Personal Income ²	Farm Proprietors ³	School Enrollment ⁴	Unemployment Rate ⁵
1999	158,591	\$ 4,256,086	\$ 26,807	830	N/A	3.0
2000	159,458	4,469,469	28,169	830	27,793	3.4
2001	158,668	4,677,783	29,507	780	27,500	3.9
2002	158,668	4,855,622	30,599	750	27,436	4.6
2003	160,582	4,945,087	31,131	740	27,328	4.7
2004	160,889	5,360,743	33,628	740	27,264	5.0
2005	160,141	5,613,427	35,036	730	27,216	4.5
2006	160,998	5,974,647	36,950	730	27,126	3.8
2007	163,835	N/A	N/A	730	27,316	3.8
2008	164,650	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.9

¹ **Source:** Woods and Pool Economics, Inc.

² Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

³ Source: Iowa Department of Agriculture website "nass.usda.gov"

⁴ **Source**: lowa Department of Education

⁵ Source: Iowa Workforce Development,2008 Data Average Through June.

Note: Historical figures may be adjusted from prior publications due to re-benchmarking according to the various methodologies used by the individual set

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

		1998	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Employer	Employees	Nalik	Employment
Genesis Medical Center	2,900	1	3.3%
Davenport Community Schools	2,537	2	2.9%
Alcoa	2,500	3	2.9%
Oscar Mayer	1,660	4	1.9%
City of Davenport	1,234	5	1.4%
President Riverboat Casino & Blackhawk Hotel	1,000	7	1.2%
Eastern Iowa Community College District	902	8	1.0%
MidAmerican	900	6	1.0%
Deere & Company (Davenport Works)	N/A	9	N/A
APAC Customer Service Inc.	550	10	0.6%

		2008		
			Percentage of Total County	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	
Genesis Health System	3,000+	1	3.4%	
Alcoa	2,200	2	2.5%	
Kraft Foods	1,600	3	1.8%	
MidAmerican	1,200	4	1.4%	
Deere & Company (Davenport Works)	1,200	5	1.4%	
Farraddays (Isle of Capri)	1,000	6	1.1%	
APAC Customer Services Inc	900	7	1.0%	
Rhythm City Casino	700	8	0.8%	
Sears Manufacturing	600	9	0.7%	
AT&T	500	10	0.6%	

Sources: Dunn and Bradstreet Marketplace 2nd Qtr 2008 and responses from individual organizations, compiled by Bi-State Regional Commission **Note:** Data provided is derived from multiple sources with varying levels of accuracy.

Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function /Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Ye	ar	
Function / Program	1999	2000	2001	2002
Public safety and legal services:				
Attorney	37.00	37.00	37.00	31.00
Health	2.76	2.76	2.90	2.90
Juvenile Court Services	11.00	11.80	12.40	12.40
Sheriff	135.70	136.70	137.70	140.70
Physical health and social services:				
Community Services	8.75	9.70	9.20	9.70
Health	29.63	29.14	30.00	30.75
Mental Health, Mental Retardation				
& Developmental Disabilities:				
Community Services	4.50	3.55	3.55	3.55
County Environment and Education				
Conservation	39.60	40.60	40.60	40.60
Planning & Development	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33
Roads and Transportation				
Secondary Roads	33.10	33.40	33.40	33.40
Governmental services to residents:				
Auditor	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Recorder	14.00	14.00	14.00	13.00
Treasurer	15.00	15.00	15.00	14.70
Administration:				
Administration	2.70	2.70	2.70	3.70
Auditor	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.40
Facility & Support Services	17.79	17.79	19.24	23.74
Human Resources	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50
Information Technology	14.50	15.50	15.50	10.00
Non-Departmental	-	-	-	-
Supervisors, Board of	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Treasurer	13.60	13.60	13.60	13.90
Total	411.86	415.47	419.02	416.27

Source: Scott County Year-End Actual Revenue and Expenditure Reports

	Fiscal Year						
2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008		
30.63	30.63	30.63	30.75	30.75	31.0		
2.30	4.90	4.90	7.30	8.30	8.3		
15.20	15.20	14.20	14.20	14.20	14.2		
141.70	154.15	159.65	166.10	164.10	166.1		
9.20	9.20	8.70	8.70	8.70	8.7		
31.85	31.25	32.25	31.85	29.85	30.8		
3.80	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.8		
40.60	40.60	41.60	41.60	41.60	41.6		
4.33	4.08	4.08	4.08	4.08	4.0		
33.40	35.15	35.15	35.15	35.15	35.1		
6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.0		
13.00	13.00	12.00	12.00	11.50	11.5		
14.20	14.20	14.20	14.20	14.20	14.2		
3.70	3.70	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.1		
9.40	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.90	9.9		
23.74	23.74	24.19	24.19	28.69	28.6		
7.50	7.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.5		
10.00	10.00	10.00	11.00	11.00	11.0		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.0		
14.40 419.95	<u> </u>	<u>14.40</u> 437.75	<u>14.40</u> 447.32	<u>14.40</u> 448.82	14.4 452.0		

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Ye	ar	
Function / Program	1999	2000	2001	2002
Public Safety and Legal Services				
Attorney:				
# of felonies/aggravated field cases filed	5,445	4,296	4,302	4,322
Sheriff:				
# of civil papers served	13,379	12,383	13,571	14,311
# of jail bookings	5,061	5,254	6,789	7,780
# of traffic citations written	-	-	3,315	2,714
# of 9-1-1 calls	15,276	17,973	18,717	10,867
Physical Health and Social Services Community Services:				
# of applications for general assistance	4,918	4,612	5,353	6,506
# of applications approved for general assist	2,037	1,974	2,395	2,750
# of requests for veteran services	460	407	516	682
# of invol commit filed for substance abuse	172	152	141	184
Health Department:				
# of health related inmate contacts within jail	3,417	2,386	2,334	2,583
# of comm disease requiring investigation	95	204	182	157
# of environmntal health inspections				
conducted	3,719	4,443	3,801	3,986
Mental Health, HR & DD				
Community Services:				
# of invol commit filed for mental health	199	224	216	237
# of persons with MH/CMI served	2,936	-	-	3,221
# of persons with MR/DD served	450	-	-	493
# of protective payee cases	381	417	433	426
County Environment and Education Conservation:				
# of camp sites available	738	738	738	738
# of rounds for golf course	37,162	39,880	36,717	34,004
Planning & Development:				
# of building permits issued	638	745	724	664
Roads and Transportation: Secondary Roads:				
# of miles of road paved	167	167	168	168
# of bridges/culverts repaired/replaced	104	102	103	99
- ' '				

(Continued)

Source: County records - Year-end Indicator Report

Fiscal Year						
2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	
4,152	4,641	4,832	5,077	4,845	4,81	
14,973	15,069	15,620	14,764	14,479	14,87	
8,257	9,343	9,876	10,859	11,658	9,74	
1,882	4,003	3,114	3,502	2,068	2,23	
11,830	12,088	11,767	11,088	11,580	13,00	
7,354	7,822	6,575	6,446	6,524	7,54	
3,025	4,133	3,490	3,354	3,569	3,79	
911	1,026	1,055	1,613	814	98	
244	213	241	289	340	26	
2,762	2,520	4,509	3,795	3,979	5,43	
153	234	122	302	369	28	
3,806	3,124	3,955	3,987	4,363	4,46	
263	218	322	304	338	33	
3,667	3,777	4,115	4,015	4,136	4,07	
502	529	518	560	572	57	
441	430	434	398	401	39	
738	788	788	788	788	78	
33,316	33,012	30,803	30,898	27,196	27,76	
550	653	613	691	622	60	
168	175	176	176	176	17	
100	98	102	104	140	21	

Operating Indicators by Function/Program (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Ye	ar		
Function / Program	1999	2000	2001	2002	
Governmental Services to Residents					
Auditor:					
# of elections	16	25	14	26	
# of registered voters	107,489	109,227	107,073	110,557	
Recorder:					
# of real estate transactions recorded	52,815	45,312	43,103	57,177	
# of vital statistics registered/issued	21,748	21,657	21,593	22,393	
# of passport applications accepted	124	223	280	389	
# of conservation privileges Issued	25,010	4,044	4,255	2,524	
# of conservation licenses - ATV/Snow					
boat reg, titles and liens and privileges					
issued	11,107	2,843	13,264	5,212	
Treasurer:					
# of titles issued	53,751	57,753	58,500	67,330	
Administration					
Auditor:					
# of real estate transactions processed	8,726	8,384	7,659	8,108	
Facility & Support Service:					
# of service calls	1,462	1,414	2,655	3,273	
# of purchase requisitions received	2,130	1,983	1,841	1,890	
# of pieces of outgoing mail	596,146	548,658	568,504	548,028	
# of files imaged	75,390	95,234	53,343	59,063	
Information Technology:					
# of network users	-	409	424	415	
# of 3rd party applications maintained	-	41	62	90	
Treasurer					
# of prop tax/spec assessmt statutes issued	150,559	157,538	166,091	166,932	
# of tax certificates issued	1,799	2,056	2,027	1,613	

2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
	2001	2000	2000	2004	2003
2	11	26	6	24	6
116,57	115,457	114,507	111,806	104,462	97,139
40,49	43,976	48,297	49,447	59,384	68,404
20,72	21,830	20,207	20,315	21,770	22,302
1,43	1,564	788	531	641	427
Ν	797	808	1,235	1,282	2,379
6,50	13,498	6,098	13,642	5,587	13,946
60,34	64,468	76,517	75,405	72,522	67,729
7,72	8,414	8,859	8,829	9,357	8,791
4,40	4,586	4,608	5,810	5,010	4,524
1,11	864	849	733	739	1,014
491,57	547,591	524,752	550,631	524,775	562,476
746,69	887,629	327,979	273,526	109,450	80,120
85	805	686	652	566	424
5	54	52	47	108	62
176,45	186,423	180,196	184,685	183,741	162,190
2,11	1,974	1,834	3,284	23	2,003

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years <u>(</u>Unaudited)

		Fiscal Ye	ar	
Function / Program	1999	2000	2001	2002
Public safety and legal services:				
Sheriff				
# of patrol cars	45	45	46	48
Physical health and social services:				
Health Department				
# of vehicles	14	14	14	15
County environment and education:				
Conservation				
# of acres managed	1,795	2,795	2,795	2,795
Planning and Development				
# of vehicles	2	2	2	2
Roads and transportation:				
Secondary Roads				
# of vehicles	61	61	61	61
# of buildings	9	9	9	10
Administration:				
Facility and Support Services				
# of vehicles	4	4	4	4
# of buildings maintained	8	7	11	11
Non-Departmental (Risk Management)				
# of vehicles	-	-	-	1

Source: County records - Vehicle Report & FSS and Conservation Offices.

	Fiscal Year					
20	03	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	53	48	62	54	54	55
	15	16	18	13	13	13
	2,795	2,795	2,795	2,795	2,795	2,795
	2	2	2	2	2	2
	61 10	61 10	61 10	61 10	61 10	61 10
	5 11 1	5 12 1	4 12 1	6 12	6 12 6	5 12 1
	I	I	I	6	0	I



COMPLIANCE

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2008

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agricultural Food and Nutrition Services			
(Passed through lowa Department of Human Services):			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	\$ 14,519
Food Stamp Program	10.561	N/A	92,198
			106,717
(Passed through Iowa Department of Public Health):			
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program For Women, Infants			
and Children (WIC)	10.557	5887AO36	179,070
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program For Women, Infants			
and Children (WIC)	10.557	5888AO36	503,831
Summer Food Health Inspection Grant	10.559	101307	2,300
			685,201
(Passed through Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship),			
Iowa Farmers' Market Nutrition Program	10.572	1191-05-36	622
lowa Farmers' Market Nutrition Program	10.572	N/A	1,446
Ŭ			2,068
Total U.S. Department of Agricultural Food and Nutrition Services			793,986
U.S. Department of Justice			
(Passed through the Governor's Alliance on Substance Abuse):			
Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2006-DJ-BX-0377	28,715
Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2007-DJ-BX-0265	201,230
			229,945
(Passed through State of Iowa Department of Justice,			
Crime Victim Assistance Division):			
Stop Violence Against Women	16.588	VW-08-15	20,710
(Passed through the Governor's Office of Drug Control Policy),			
Eastern Iowa Clan Lab Task Force	16.710	06JAG/HS-A26	47,719
Midwest High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area	16.738	I7PMWP556	63,951
			111,670
Total U.S. Department of Justice			362,325
U.S. Department of Transportation			
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration			
(Passed through Iowa Department of Public Safety-Governor's			
Traffic Safety Division):			
Police Traffic Services	20.600	PAP 08-02, Task 05	9,482
Police Traffic Services	20.600	PAP 07-02, Task 05	7,708
Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.000		17,190

(Continued)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2008

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
J.S. Department of Homeland Security			
(Passed through Iowa Disaster Services Division):			
Emergency Management Agency- State and Local Assistance Grant (Passed through Iowa Homeland Security & Emergency Management Division):	97.042	N/A	39,000
FY 2005 Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program	97.067	FY2005-LETPP-LEIN6-06	67,569
FY 2006 Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program	97.067	FY2006-LETPP-LEIN6-06	217,675
2004 State Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	2004-GE-T4-0046	156,879
			442,123
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			481,123
J.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
(Passed through Iowa Department of Health):			
Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention	93.197	5888LP07	42,557
I-4 Project	93.268	58871417	32,991
I-4 Project	93.268	58881468	19,901
			52,892
Child Health Grant	93.994	5887MH21	14,239
Maternal Health Grant	93.994	5887MH21	947
Child Health Grant	93.994	5888MH21	69,168
Dental Health Grant	93.994	5888MH21	6,850
Maternal Health Grant	93.994	5888MH21	45,689
			136,893
Health Breast/Cervical Cancer Early Detection	93.283	5888NB21	91,035
Local Bioterrorism Grant	93.283	8207	1,006
Local Bioterrorism Grant	93.283	8208	32,583
Mosquito Surveillance Project	93.283	MOU-2008-ELC09	1,040
Regional Bioterrorism	93.283	5887BT12	10,040
Regional Bioterrorism	93.283	5888BT12	4,498
			140,202
Directly Observed Therapy	93.116	MOU-2006-TB08	100
Directly Observed Therapy	93.116	MOU-2008-TB12	3,535
			3,635
HRSA EMS Disaster Preparedness	93.889	5887EM181	4,242
Total passed through lowa Department of Health			380,421

(Continued)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2008

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Passed through Iowa Department of Human Services):			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	N/A	100,154
Child Care Development Fund	93.596	N/A	24,31
Foster Care	93.658	N/A	58,595
Adoption	93.659	N/A	13,936
Expansion Title XXI	93.767	N/A	833
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	N/A	850,18 ⁻
Scott County Empowerment Agreement (DECAT)	93.575	N/A	76,88
Medical Assistance	93.778	N/A	127,42
			1,252,32
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			1,632,75
Total expenditures of federal awards			\$ 3,287,374

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the County of Scott, Iowa and its discretely presented component units and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States and Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue from federal awards is recognized when the County has done everything necessary to establish its right to revenue. For governmental funds, revenue from federal grants is recognized when they become both measurable and available. Expenditures of federal awards are recognized in the accounting period when the liability is incurred.

Note 3. Pass-Through Funding

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the County provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Amount Provided to Subrecipient
Infonto and Children (MIC)	10.557	\$ 675,901
Infants and Children (WIC)		,
Iowa Farmers' Market Nutrition Program	10.572	2,068
Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	163,138
Midwest High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area	16.738	59,827
Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention	93.197	1,870
Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program	97.067	108,797
Health Breast/Cervical Cancer Early Detection	93.283	91,035
Directly Observed Therapy	93.116	3,635
I-4 Project	93.268	33,951
HRSA EMS Disaster Preparedness	93.889	4,242
Maternal, Child Health, Dental Health Grant	93.994	121,339
		\$ 1,265,803

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Finding	Status	Corrective Action Plan or Other Explanation
Significant Defi	ciencies		
07-II-A	The County does not have an adequate segregation of duties over the revenue transaction cycle and the cash disbursement cycle in the Sheriff's department.	Not corrected.	See response and corrective action plan at 08-II-A.
07-II-B	The County Library does not have an adequate segregation of duties over the cash receipt and revenue transaction cycle.	Corrected.	
Significant Defi	ciencies in Administering Federal Awards		
07-III-A	The County does not have an adequate system in place for monitoring subrecipient eligibility activities.	Corrected.	
Other Findings	Related to Required Statutory Reporting		
07-IV-K	The County did not publish a report of receipts, disbursements and ending cash balances of each fund with the warrant/checks outstanding against each fund during the year.	Not corrected.	See response and corrective action plan at 08-IV-K.



McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Supervisors County of Scott, Iowa Davenport, Iowa

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Scott, Iowa as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County of Scott, Iowa's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Scott, Iowa's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Scott Iowa's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Scott, Iowa's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the deficiency described as 08-II-A in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

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Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe the significant deficiency described above is not a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Scott Iowa's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances on noncompliance or other matters that are described in Part IV of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the County's operations for the year ended June 30, 2008 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the basic financial statements of the County. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters in Section IV of the schedule of findings and questioned costs are not intended to constitute legal interpretation of those statutes.

The County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the County's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County in a separate letter dated November 13, 2008.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

McGladrey & Pallen, LCP

Davenport, Iowa November 13, 2008

McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

To the Board of Supervisors County of Scott, Iowa Davenport, Iowa

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the County of Scott, Iowa with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The County of Scott, Iowa's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County of Scott Iowa's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County of Scott, Iowa's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Scott, Iowa's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County of Scott, Iowa's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County of Scott, Iowa complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the County of Scott, lowa is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Scott, lowa's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Scott, lowa's internal control over compliance.

McGladrey & Pullen, LLP is a member firm of RSM International an affiliation of separate and independent legal entities. A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by any entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Mc Hadrey & Pallen, LCP

Davenport, Iowa November 13, 2008

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2008

I. Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified?
- Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?
- Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weakness(es) identified?
- Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unqualified

 Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133?

Identification of major program:

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

(Continued)

☐ Yes ☑ No ☑ Yes ☐ None Reported ☐ Yes ☑ No

🗌 Yes	\checkmark	No
🗌 Yes	\checkmark	None Reported

Yes	\checkmark	No

🗹 Yes 🔲 No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2008

II. Findings Related to the Financial Statement Audit as Required to be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

A. Significant Deficiencies in Internal Control

08-II-A

<u>Finding</u>: A good internal control contemplates an adequate segregation of duties so that no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to its completion. The County of Scott, Iowa's Sheriff's Department has an improper segregation of duties over the cash receipt and cash disbursement cycles.

<u>Condition</u>: The office administrator reconciles the bank statement, has the ability to generate checks and has access to the electronic signature stamp.

<u>Criteria</u>: A system of internal control contemplates an adequate segregation of duties. An adequate segregation of duties requires that no one individual shall handle a transaction from inception to completion.

Context: Pervasive to Sheriff's Department cash receipts and disbursements.

Effect: Transaction errors occurred and were not detected in a timely manner.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend removing access of the signature stamp from the individuals performing the check writing function. Also, we recommend an individual independent of the cash reconciliation process review the reconciliations and bank statements for completeness.

<u>Response and Corrective Action Plan</u>: The Sheriff's Department will review the system and will consider the above mentioned recommendations.

B. Compliance Findings

None

III. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

A. Significant Deficiencies in Internal Control

None

B. Instance of Noncompliance

None

(Continued)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2008

IV. Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

<u>08-IV-A</u> <u>Certified Budget</u>: Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2008 did not exceed the amounts budgeted.

<u>08-IV-B Questionable Expenditures</u>: No expenditures were noted that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in the Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.

<u>08-IV-C</u> <u>Travel Expense</u>: No expenditures of County money for travel expenses of spouses of County officials or employees were noted.

<u>08-IV-D</u> Business Transactions: No business transactions between the County and County officials or employees were noted.

<u>08-IV-E</u> Bond Coverage: Surety bond coverage of County officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure that coverage is adequate for current operations.

<u>08-IV-F</u> Board Minutes: No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not.

<u>08-IV-G</u> <u>Deposits and Investments</u>: No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the County's investment policy were noted.

<u>08-IV-H</u> Resource Enhancement and Protection Certification: The County properly dedicated property tax revenue to conservation purposes as required by Chapter 455A.19(1)(b) of the Code of Iowa in order to receive the additional REAP funds allocated in accordance with Subsections (b)(2) and (b)(3).

<u>08-IV-I</u> Capital Lease Purchase Agreements: No lease purchase agreements were entered into in the current year by the County.

<u>08-IV-J</u> County Extension Office: The County Extension Office is operated under the authority of Chapter 176A of the Code of Iowa and serves as an agency of the state of Iowa. This fund is administered by an extension council separate and distinct from County operations.

Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2008 for the County Extension Office did not exceed the amount budgeted.

<u>08-IV-K</u> County Treasurer Report: According to Chapter 349.16(3) of the Code of Iowa, the County Treasurer shall publish a report of the receipts, disbursements and ending cash balances of each fund with the warrant/checks outstanding against each fund. During the year ended June 30, 2008, this report was not published.

Recommendation: The County should prepare and publish the report per the requirements of the code.

<u>Response</u>: We will obtain the necessary documentation and prepare the report as required by the code. The report will be published in the same media used for other publications of the County.

Conclusion: Response accepted.

Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2008

Current Number	Comment	Corrective Action Plan	Anticipated Date of Completion	Contact Person
Significant	Deficiencies			
08-II-A	The County does not have an adequate segregation of duties over the revenue transaction cycle and the cash disbursement cycle in the Sheriff's department.	See response and corrective action plan at 08-II-A.	June 2009	Pam Bennett
Other Findi	ngs Related to Required Statutory Reporting			
08-IV-K	The County did not publish a report of receipts, disbursements and ending cash balances of each fund with the warrant/checks outstanding against each fund during the year.	See response and corrective action plan at 08-IV-K.	June 2009	Craig Hufford