COUNTY OF SCOTT, IOWA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2005

Prepared by:

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Office of County Auditor

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Office of County Treasurer

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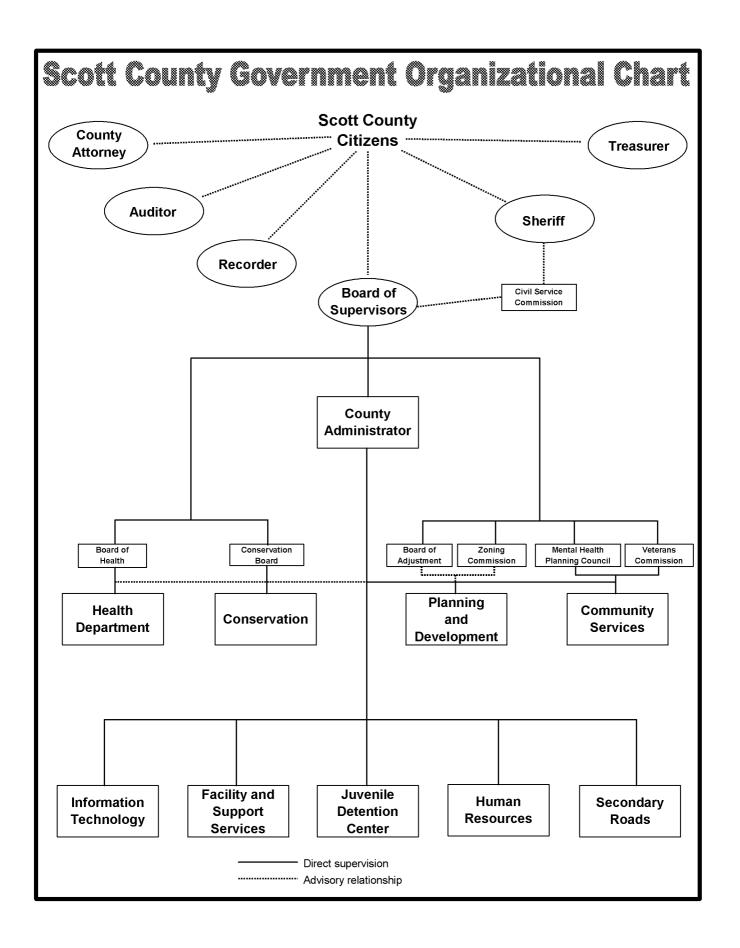
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County Officials

Official Title	Official	Term Expiration Date of Elected Officials
Elected Officials		
Supervisor, Chairperson Supervisor Supervisor Supervisor Supervisor	Larry Minard Gregory P. Adamson Chris Gallin Jim Hancock Tom Sunderbruch	2006 2006 2006 2008 2008
Attorney Auditor Recorder Sheriff Treasurer Administration	William E. Davis Karen L. Fitzsimmons Rita Vargas Dennis Conard Bill Fennelly	2006 2008 2006 2008 2006
County Administrator	C. Ray Wierson	
Department Heads		
Community Services Conservation Facility and Support Services Health Human Resources Information Technology Juvenile Detention Center Planning and Development Secondary Roads	Lori Elam Roger Kean Dave Donovan Lawrence Barker Paul Greufe Matt Hirst Scott Hobart Tim Huey Larry Mattusch	



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Scott, Iowa

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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Many L. Zielle President

Executive Director

OFFICE OF THE COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR

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October 14, 2005

To the Members of the Scott County Board of Supervisors, and Citizens of Scott County:

State law requires that every general purpose local government publish within nine months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

McGladrey & Pullen, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion of Scott County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2005. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of Scott County Government

Scott County, lowa was incorporated on December 31, 1837. Antoine LeClaire, an early settler of the County, donated the square of land the Scott County Courthouse stands on today. If the County ever abandons the site, the property would revert to the heirs of Antoine LeClaire. The first courthouse was erected on this land during 1840-41 and served for 45 years. The following years to 1874 saw changes and additions to the structure of Scott County government. One of the major changes was in the structure of the governing board. From 1838 until 1850 County commissioners were elected on an annual basis. By 1861, the name Board of Supervisors had been mandated, with 14 supervisors from throughout the County representing the citizens. In 1870 the structure changed again and only three board supervisors were elected Countywide. In 1874, the membership of the board of supervisors increased to its present five officials, all elected at-large.

Only recently have there been dramatic changes in the actual governing of the County. In 1979, an administrator form of government was adopted and the Board of Supervisors hired a county administrator. Subsequently, staff and departments have grown in efficiency and capacity to serve citizens. In 1978 the County Home Rule Bill was enacted, granting all powers to counties consistent with state laws and not specifically prohibited by the lowa General Assembly.

The County provides a full range of services. These services include law enforcement and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health and developmental disabilities services, County environment and education, planning and zoning, construction and maintenance of secondary roads, education and general administrative services.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

The County's discreetly presented component units are as follows: Emergency Management Agency, which provides direction for the delivery of the emergency management services and planning, administration, coordination, training and support for local governments and their departments; County Library, which provides library services to all cities within Scott County with the exception of the City of Bettendorf and the City of Davenport; County Assessor, which is responsible for the operations of the Scott County Assessor's office including the assessment of all properties within Scott County with the exception of the City of Davenport, County Assessor Special, which is responsible to the County Conference Board to perform in-house revaluations for various classes of property; City Assessor, which is responsible for the operations of the City Assessor's office, including assessment of all properties within the City of Davenport; City Assessor Special, which is responsible to the City Conference Board to perform in-house revaluations for various classes of property; and the Scott County Public Safety Authority, which is responsible for the construction of the recently voter approved jail expansion project.

These component units are discretely presented in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position, results of operations and cash flows from those of the primary government. The County Board is a voting member of each of the governing bodies of all component units except for the Scott County Library for which the County Board appoints all the Library Trustees and the Public Safety Authority for which the County Board appoints two commissioners, one jointly appointed with the City of Davenport. The component units are discussed further in Note 1.

The Board is required to adopt a final budget by no later than March 15th prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for Scott County's financial planning and control. The state of lowa requires the passage of an annual budget of total County operating expenditures by major program service areas (i.e., public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, etc.). Activities of the General Fund, special revenue funds, capital projects fund and Debt Service Fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is at the total program service area level. The County also maintains administrative budgetary control beyond the state required program service area level at the major object of expenditure basis within each County department.

Local Economy

Scott County is part of a three county, bi-state, metropolitan area referred to as the Quad-Cities. The counties of Scott (lowa), Rock Island and Henry (Illinois), contain the Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), with a 2000 U.S. Census Bureau count of 359,062 which is a 2.3% increase over the 1990 census count of 350,861. The U.S. Census Bureau's 2000 population of Scott County was 158,668, which is a 5.1% increase over the 1990 census count of 150,979. However, that

figure is still under the 1980 census count for Scott County which was 160,022 and only 11.2% greater than the 1970 census count of 142,687. Woods and Poole Economics projects the population of the Quad Cities MSA to reach 376,470 by 2025, an approximate 4.8% increase over the above cited year 2000 figure. The same projection expects Scott County's population to grow to 179,214. This would represent an increase in population for the County over that 25 year time period of 12.9%.

The Quad-Cities has been historically known as an industrial, retail/service and transportation center. In the last twenty five years the economy has shifted, showing a decline in the number of manufacturing sector jobs. In 1980, 30% of the area jobs were in manufacturing and 53% in the service sector. In 1990, that had changed to 18% manufacturing and 61% service sector. In 2004 the split was 13.5% manufacturing and 67% classified as service sector. The portion of government sector jobs has remained fairly even at 16.2% in 1980, to 16% in 1990 and 15% in 2004.

The shift in the Quad-Cities area economy towards creation of service sector jobs in the professional, non-professional, retail and wholesale sectors of the economy has been significant. From 1990 until 2004, the number of service providing jobs in the QCA increased from 130,100 to 150,100. This is an increase of 15.4%, which offsets the loss of over 3,800 durable goods manufacturing sector jobs, a 19.5% decrease over that same time period. The number of total manufacturing sector jobs was down from 28,900 in 1990 to 24,300 in 2004, a 15.9% drop, with a decrease of 9.5% in jobs in the non-durable goods manufacturing sector. Construction and mining sector jobs have increased by 1,300 jobs, an 19.4% increase from 1990 to 2004.

The annual average labor force in the Quad Cites MSA was 188,208 in 2004 which was a 4.9% increase from the 1990 figure of 179,426. The annual average labor force for Scott County was 86,277 in 2004, which was a 9.7% increase over the 1990 annual average labor force of 78,660 for the County. In 1980, the unemployment rate for the Quad Cities was 6.7%. In 1983 the unemployment rate for the Quad-Cities MSA hit a high of 14.8%. Scott County's unemployment rate that same year was 10.8%, following a Scott County high the year before in 1982 of 11.2%. In 1990, the unemployment rate for the QCA was 5.0% and Scott County was 4.2%. Those rates dipped to a low of 3.4% and 2.7% in 1998 but have risen slightly to the current rates for 2004 of 5.4% and 4.6%, respectively.

The median household income in Scott County has risen between 1980 and 2000, from \$20,767 in 1980 to \$29,979 in 1990 and \$42,701 in 2000. That is an increase of 105.6% over the twenty-year period. The 2003 per capita personal income for Scott County was 109.1% of the statewide average and 98.2% of the national average at \$30,924. The per capita personal income for Scott County was \$10,969 in 1980, \$18,757 in 1990 and \$28,158 in 2000.

New residential construction is very strong in the Quad-Cities MSA. Between 1985 and 1987, only 700 single family dwelling units were started in Scott County, with only 925 in the entire Quad Cities MSA over those same three years. 1,546 building permits for new single family dwelling units have been issued in Scott County from 1998 through 2000. Over that same time period, 2,500 new house permits have been issued in the MSA. Between 1998 and 2000, of the new house permits issued in the Quad Cites, 62% have been in Scott County. This is an average for Scott County of over 500 permits a year over that three year time period. In 2002, of the 863 new house permits issued, 583 were issued in Scott County. For 2003, those figures were 801 and 556, respectively. The 2004 figures continued to show an increase in housing starts for Scott County at 608 with a drop for the total MSA to 748. This is an average of 550 new house starts a year for Scott County over the latest three year time period.

Even with a strong housing market, the Quad Cities remains one of the most affordable housing markets in the country. The average sales price for homes in the lowa Quad Cities was \$126,200 in June 2000, \$127,300 in June 2002, 137,600 in June 2004 and \$154,300 in June 2005. On the Illinois

side of the river the average sales price was \$90,400 in June 2000, \$95,600 in June 2002, \$101,400 in June 2004 and \$110,000 in June 2005. The median home values between 1980 and 1990 in Scott County only increased 3% from \$52,800 to \$54,400. From 1990 to 2000 the median home values in Scott County jumped 70% to \$92,400.

With the apparent improvement of the national economic indicators and the increase in consumer confidence the immediate outlook for the Quad Cities is positive. There have been some layoffs and production slow downs at some of the areas largest employers, while others have seen modest increases or have been hiring to replace retiring workers. Although the recent BRAC announcement will reduce positions at the Arsenal over the next six years, current production capacity at the Rock Island Arsenal is increasing with the increasing need for vehicle armor and other munitions. The Local Arsenal Redevelopment Task Force is working to attract new private jobs to the Arsenal in the future. Also, with interest and mortgage rates remaining low, building and construction activity is be expected to remain steady. Economic development efforts for the Quad Cities continue to try to diversify the economy, while taking advantage of its unique location on major transportation corridors and the tremendous asset of the Mississippi River.

Long-Term Financial Planning

Unreserved, undesignated fund balance in the General Fund (14% of total General Fund expenditures) falls nearly within the policy guidelines set by the Board for budgetary and planning purposes (i.e., minimum of 15 percent of total General Fund expenditures). It is noted that the reserved portion of the General Fund for the advance to the golf course enterprise fund will begin to be paid back in 2013 when the golf course debt retirement is completed.

As a part of Scott County's target issues the renovation and expansion of the County jail is underway. This \$29.7 million project will be financed through Public Safety Authority revenue bonds. Increased operating costs for this facility projected to be completed in 2008 will be offset by the elimination of inmate housing costs in out of County facilities due to the current facility being at capacity.

Relevant Financial Policies

It is Scott County's policy to use its share of riverboat gaming proceeds for one-time capital projects. The County is currently using these funds toward a pay as you go courthouse renovation project. County funding of new, additional community projects such as Bettendorf's RiversEdge project and Davenport's RiverVision project must come from anticipated increased future gaming revenues.

Major Initiatives

In addition to the aforementioned jail expansion/renovation project, the County is also beginning to develop a County-wide GIS system. This \$2.5 million project will be financed by essential service general obligation bonds. Scott County created a GIS Strategic Plan in 2003. The development and implementation of this County-wide GIS system is estimated to take three years.

The continued renovation of the Courthouse will be completed on a pay as you go basis over the next several years. This will complete the Space Planning Master Plan developed in the 1990's which moved all non-public safety/court offices from the Courthouse to the Administrative Center.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Scott County for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. This was the sixteenth consecutive year that Scott County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, Scott County also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated March 10, 2005. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staffs of the Auditor's Office, Treasurer's Office and the Administration Office. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of our offices who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Appreciation is also expressed for the excellent assistance received from our independent accountants, McGladrey & Pullen, LLP. Credit also must be given to the Board of Supervisors for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Scott County's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Bill Fennelly,

County Treasurer

Karen L. Fitzsimmons,

County Auditor

C. Ray Wierson,

County Administrator



McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Supervisors County of Scott, Iowa Davenport, Iowa

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Scott, Iowa as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County of Scott, Iowa's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Scott, lowa as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 14, 2005, on our consideration of the County of Scott, lowa's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 13, and budgetary comparison information on pages 53 and 54 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Scott, lowa's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules, listed in the table of contents as supplementary information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information for the year ended June 30, 2005 has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The accompanying introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

McGladrey of Pullen, LLP

Davenport, Iowa October 14, 2005

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

It is an honor to present to you the financial picture of the County of Scott, Iowa. We offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County of Scott, Iowa for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the County of Scott exceeded its liabilities as of June 30, 2005 and 2004 by \$73,134,072 and \$68,714,730 (net assets), respectively. Of this amount, \$9,405,050 and \$10,005,791, respectively, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The government's total net assets increased by \$4,419,342 and \$1,692,138 during the years ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

As of June 30, 2005, the County of Scott's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$18,293,773, a decrease of \$592,782 in comparison with 2004. Approximately 60% of this total amount, \$10,977,059, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved undesignated fund balance). As of June 30, 2004, the County of Scott's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$18,886,555, a decrease of \$548,031 in comparison with 2003. Approximately 61% of this total amount, \$11,484,214, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved undesignated fund balance).

As of June 30, 2005, unreserved undesignated fund balance for the General Fund was \$4,637,761 or 14% of total General Fund expenditures and \$5,488,379 or 17% for 2004

The County of Scott, Iowa's total long-term debt, excluding compensated absences and claims payable, decreased by \$535,550 (5%) during fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 and \$621,517 (5.1%) during fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. The decrease was mainly attributable to scheduled debt payments.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County of Scott's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> – The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County of Scott's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the County of Scott, Iowa's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguished functions of the County of Scott that are principally supported by taxes (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County of Scott include public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, County environment and education, roads and transportation, government services to residents, and administration. The business-type activities of the County of Scott include an eighteen-hole golf course.

The government-wide financial statements include the County of Scott and the following discretely presented component units: Emergency Management Agency, County Library, County Assessor, County Assessor Special, City Assessor, City Assessor Special, and Public Safety Authority. There are no other organizations or agencies whose financial statements should be combined and presented with the financial statements of the County.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 through 17 of this report.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Scott, Iowa, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County of Scott, lowa maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Mental Health/Development Disabilities Fund, and Secondary Roads Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other four governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 23 of this report.

Proprietary funds – The County of Scott maintains one type of proprietary funds: enterprise, Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County of Scott maintains one enterprise fund. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Golf Course Fund, as this fund is considered to be a major fund of the County of Scott.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24 through 26 of this report.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County of Scott, lowa's own programs. The fiduciary funds of the County are considered agency funds. Total assets of the fiduciary funds was \$179,480,879 and \$172,627,215 and for the years ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 27 of this report.

<u>Notes to the basic financial statements</u> – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County of Scott, Iowa's budgetary comparison. This information can be found on pages 53 and 54 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements and the required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The County's total net assets have increased from a year ago from \$68,714,730 to \$73,134,072.

Of the County of Scott's net assets, 80 percent reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County of Scott uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The County's net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, was \$58,746,206 for 2005 and \$53,395,542 for 2004. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Table 1 - County of Scott's Net Assets

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	Total County			
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004		
Current and other assets	\$ 56,955,496	\$ 53,070,237	\$ (1,305,620)	\$ (1,143,815)	\$ 55,649,876	\$ 51,926,422		
Capital assets	67,038,448	62,441,584	2,736,492	2,518,242	69,774,940	64,959,826		
Total assets	123,993,944	115,511,821	1,430,872	1,374,427	125,424,816	116,886,248		
Noncurrent liabilities outstanding	8,856,455	9,495,951	2,101,636	2,093,034	10,958,091	11,588,985		
Other liabilities	40,620,950	35,981,559	711,703	600,974	41,332,653	36,582,533		
Total liabilities	49,477,405	45,477,510	2,813,339	2,694,008	52,290,744	48,171,518		
Net assets:								
Invested in capital assets, net of								
related debt	58,403,448	53,196,584	342,758	198,958	58,746,206	53,395,542		
Restricted	4,656,711	4,988,770	326,105	324,627	4,982,816	5,313,397		
Unrestricted	11,456,380	11,848,957	(2,051,330)	(1,843,166)	9,405,050	10,005,791		
Total net assets	\$ 74,516,539	\$ 70,034,311	\$ (1,382,467)	\$ (1,319,581)	\$ 73,134,072	\$ 68,714,730		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

A restricted portion of the County's net assets (7 percent for 2005 and 8 percent for 2004) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, \$9,405,050 for 2005 and \$10,005,791 for 2004, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County of Scott, Iowa is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The County's total net assets increased by \$4,419,342 during the current fiscal year as compared to \$1,692,138 in 2004. The governmental-type activities' net assets increased by \$4,482,228 in 2005 and \$1,577,749 in 2004. The total business-type activities' net assets decreased by \$62,886 in 2005 and increased by \$114,389 in 2004. The 2004 increase was mainly attributable to controlled spending, increased tax revenues and the self-supporting ability of the business-type activities to cover the expenses of the program with revenues generated through user charges while the 2005 slight decrease was due to lease payments for new golf cards with GPS capabilities to increase future rounds of play.

Table 2 highlights the County's revenues and expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 and 2004. These two main components are subtracted to yield the change in net assets. This table utilizes the full accrual method of accounting.

Revenue is further divided into two major components: program revenue and general revenue. Program revenue is defined as charges for services and sales and services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions. General revenue includes taxes, investment income and other unrestricted revenue sources.

Table 2 - County of Scott's Changes in Net Assets

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	Total County			
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004		
Revenues								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 4,865,407	\$ 4,843,962	\$ 1,008,046	\$ 1,101,788	\$ 5,873,453	\$ 5,945,750		
Operating grants and contributions	8,857,256	8,544,625	-	-	8,857,256	8,544,625		
Capital grants and contributions	6,519,732	706,004	-	-	6,519,732	706,004		
General revenues:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	25,923,952	24,998,507	-	-	25,923,952	24,998,507		
Local option sales tax	3,488,462	3,393,432	-	-	3,488,462	3,393,432		
Gaming	904,897	919,864	-	-	904,897	919,864		
Other taxes	59,143	117,731	-	-	59,143	117,731		
Utility tax replacements	1,228,633	1,133,932	-	-	1,228,633	1,133,932		
Penalties, interest and costs on taxes	837,554	652,959	-	-	837,554	652,959		
State tax replacement credits	5,152,761	5,435,819	-	-	5,152,761	5,435,819		
State shared revenues	2,909,524	2,851,114	-	-	2,909,524	2,851,114		
Contribution from solid waste	258,703	274,703	-	-	258,703	274,703		
Investment earnings	782,291	367,089	3,822	796	786,113	367,885		
Miscellaneous	824,119	738,062	-	-	824,119	738,062		
Total revenues	62,612,434	54,977,803	1,011,868	1,102,584	63,624,302	56,080,387		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Tota	al County
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Expenses:						
Public safety and legal services	17,378,230	15,359,610	-	-	17,378,230	15,359,610
Physical health and social services	5,433,189	5,599,865	-	-	5,433,189	5,599,865
Mental health	12,689,373	12,464,838	-	-	12,689,373	12,464,838
County environment and education	3,978,818	4,179,381	-	-	3,978,818	4,179,381
Roads and transportation	6,514,158	5,322,321	-	-	6,514,158	5,322,321
Government services to residents	1,853,466	1,834,390	-	-	1,853,466	1,834,390
Administration	9,848,118	8,182,576	-	-	9,848,118	8,182,576
Debt service, interest	434,854	457,073	-	-	434,854	457,073
Golf course	-	-	1,074,754	988,195	1,074,754	988,195
Total expenses	58,130,206	53,400,054	1,074,754	988,195	59,204,960	54,388,249
Increase in net assets	4,482,228	1,577,749	(62,886)	114,389	4,419,342	1,692,138
Net assets, beginning	70,034,311	68,456,562	(1,319,581)	(1,433,970)	68,714,730	14,464,210
Net assets, ending	\$ 74,516,539	\$ 70,034,311	\$ (1,382,467)	\$ (1,319,581)	\$ 73,134,072	\$ 16,156,348

Table 3 below discloses cost of services for governmental activities. The total cost of services column contains all costs related to the programs and the net cost column shows how much of the total amount is not covered by program revenues. Succinctly put, net costs are costs that must be covered by local taxes or other general revenue or transfers.

Table 3 - County of Scott's Governmental Activities

Programs		Total Cost of Services 2005		Total Cost of Services 2004		et (Expense) of Services 2005	Net (Expense) of Services 2004
Public safety and legal services	\$	17,378,230	\$	15,359,610	\$	(15,302,041)	\$ (13,919,180)
Physical health and social services		5,433,189		5,599,865		(3,039,382)	(3,321,569)
Mental health		12,689,373		12,464,838		(7,253,939)	(7,445,437)
County environment and education		3,978,818		4,179,381		(2,834,952)	(2,926,112)
Roads and transportation		6,514,158		5,322,321		(533,643)	(4,597,242)
Government services to residents		1,853,466		1,834,390		851,665	1,207,534
Administration		9,848,118		8,182,576		(9,340,665)	(7,846,384)
Debt service, interest		434,854		457,073		(434,854)	(457,073)
Golf course		1,074,754		988,195		(66,708)	113,593
Total	\$	59,204,960	\$	54,388,249	\$	(37,954,519)	\$ (39,191,870)

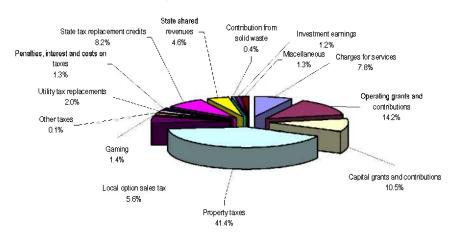
Net cost of services is 64% of total cost of services in 2005, which is comparable to 72% for the year ended June 30, 2004. This reflects a continued reliance on taxes and other general revenue sources to fund the cost of services.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

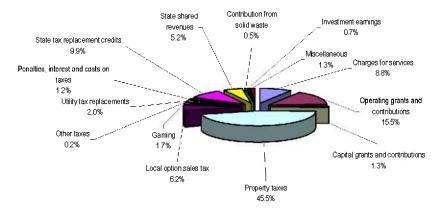
Governmental Activities

The graphs below show the percentage of the total governmental activities revenues allocated by each revenue type for 2005 and 2004.

Revenues By Sources - Governmental Activities 2005



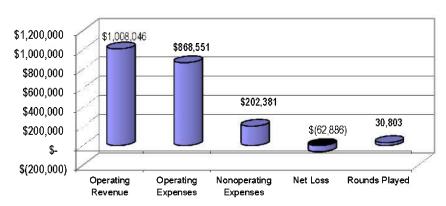
Revenues By Source - Governmental Activities 2004



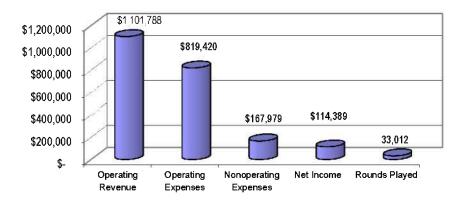
Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Total business-type activities' revenue for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 was \$1,011,868 and \$1,102,584, respectively. All but \$3,822 and \$796 of this revenue was generated for specific business-type activity expenses. The graphs below show a comparison between the business-type activity expenditures and program revenues and operations for Glynns Creek Golf Course in 2005 and 2004.

Golf Course Operations 2005



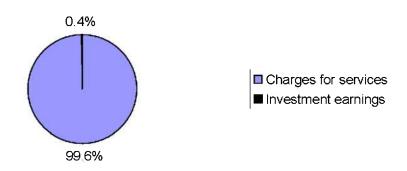
Golf Course Operations 2004



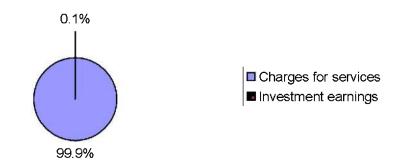
Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

The graphs below show the breakdown of revenues by source for the business-type activities in 2005 and 2004.

Revenues By Source - Business-Type Activities 2005



Revenues By Source - Business-Type Activities 2004



Business-type activities: Business-type activities decreased the County of Scott's net assets by \$62,886, accounting for (5)% of the decline in the government's net assets in fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 compared to the recovery of \$114,389 and 6.7% in fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. The Golf Course Fund is responsible for this decrease.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County of Scott, Iowa uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental funds</u> – The focus of the County of Scott, Iowa's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County of Scott, lowa's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$18,293,773, a decrease of \$592,782 in comparison with the prior year fund balance of \$18,886,555. Approximately 65% of the 2005 total amount, \$11,863,748 and \$12,289,471 or 65% for 2004 constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. However, approximately 53% of this unreserved amount, \$6,339,298 in 2005 and 55% \$6,801,092 in 2004, is reported in special revenue funds or capital projects funds. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the fiscal year, the unreserved and undesignated fund balance of the General Fund was \$4,637,761 for 2005 and \$5,488,379 for 2004 while total fund balance reached \$7,468,271 for 2005 and \$8,062,628 for 2004. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved/undesignated fund balance and total fund balance to fund expenditures. Unreserved/undesignated fund balance represents 14% and 17% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance also represents approximately 22% and 25% of that same amount for years ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

The fund balance of the County's General Fund decreased by \$594,357 during the year ended June 20, 2005. The key factor in this decline is the transfer of funds to the Capital Projects Fund for various one time projects.

For 2004, the fund balance of the County's General Fund decreased by \$1,100,822 from 2003. The key factors in this decline was the Board transferred \$1,100,000 to the Capital Projects Fund toward completion of the Courthouse renovation project.

It should be noted the County also experienced an increase in the cost to house inmates in out-of-county facilities due to the current jail being at capacity. These operating budget impacts were managed during the year through the County's biennial Financial Initiatives Program. This is a program that encourages County departments and offices to identify ways to reduce ongoing expenditures or increase nontax revenues. Management of these revenue decreases and expenditure increases illustrates the County's ability to manage the Organization's finances effectively.

The Mental Health/Development Disabilities Fund balance increased to \$1,251,251 in 2005 from \$1,000,512 in 2004 and decreased from \$2,021,020 in 2003. Revenues are to be used to provide mental health and disability services.

The Secondary Roads Fund decreased \$421,855 from \$1,974,522 in 2004 to \$1,552,667 in 2005.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> – The County of Scott's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

Budgetary Highlights

Formal and legal budgetary control is based on nonmajor classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund or fund type. Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget can be summarized as follows:

The total original revenue budget of \$55,324,999 was increased to \$56,667,631 (an increase of \$1,342,632)
 mainly due to an expected increase in intergovernmental revenues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

- The total original expenditure budget of \$58,215,134 was increased to \$59,847,131 (an increase of \$1,631,997) mainly for expected expenditures in the service areas of public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, government services to residents, administration, and capital projects.
- The total original budget for transfers in and out of \$6,169,651 was unchanged.

During the year, however, expenditures were less than budgetary expenditures. Iowa law requires budget amendments to specific expenditure service areas, i.e., public safety and legal service, to be enacted by the Board of Supervisors no later than May 31 of each fiscal year. Since the County's fiscal year ends on June 30 and since the County's budget is based on the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, the Board takes a conservative approach when enacting year-end budget amendments. This means the comparison of actual to budgeted amounts will usually show expenditures to be well below budgeted amounts. This is especially true for capital outlay function when projects may roll over to a subsequent fiscal year. The budgeted transfers out are for transfers to capital projects and special revenue funds.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u> - The County of Scott's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2005 and 2004, amounts to \$69,774,940 and \$64,959,826 (net of accumulated depreciation), respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment, infrastructure and construction-in-progress. The total increase in capital assets for 2005 was 7% (a 9% increase for governmental activities and a 7% increase for business-type activities) and for 2004 was 2% (a 2% increase for governmental activities and a 10% increase for business-type activities).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 included completion of the Scott County Park cabins, West Lake beach house replacement, jail kitchen expansion, resurfacing of old Highway 61, expanded program space at the Tremont Minimum Security Center, parking lot expansion at the Administrative Center, various vehicle replacements in the Sheriff's Office, and for various computer system upgrades and replacements.

Major capital asset events during the prior fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 included completion of the Bald Eagle Campground at Scott County Park, completion of the Juvenile Detention Center expansion/renovation project, and completion of the Administrative Center renovation project. In addition, the acquisition and implementation of a multi-department property tax computer software application replacement system was completed.

Table 4 - County of Scott's Capital Assets

	Business-Type Activities				Governme	ntal .	Activities	Total			
	2005		2004		2005		2004		2005		2004
Land	\$ 1,556,336	\$	1,556,336	\$	4,365,740	\$	4,284,987	\$	5,922,076	\$	5,841,323
Construction-in-progress			-		19,862		34,511		19,862		34,511
Buildings	506,490		506,490		33,778,294		32,821,198		34,284,784		33,327,688
Improvements other than buildings	663,428		663,428		2,431,002		2,358,146		3,094,430		3,021,574
Infrastructure	62,374		62,374		71,984,393		65,128,120		72,046,767		65, 190, 494
Machinery and equipment	970,549		619,860		14,426,864		14,075,251		15,397,413		14,695,111
Accumulated depreciation	(1,022,685)		(890,246)		(59,967,707)		(56,260,629)		(60,990,392)		(57, 150, 875)
Total	\$ 2,736,492	\$	2,518,242	\$	67,038,448	\$	62,441,584	\$	69,774,940	\$	64,959,826

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Additional information on the County of Scott's capital assets can be found in Note 7 of this report.

<u>Debt</u> - As of June 30, 2005, the County of Scott, lowa had general obligation bonds outstanding totaling \$8,635,000 and a purchase contract and capital lease (business-type activities) outstanding totaling \$2,393,734. In the current year, the County governmental activities paid \$610,000 in principal and \$436,925 in interest on outstanding debt. Business-type activities paid \$276,239 in principal and \$206,203 in interest on outstanding debt in the current year.

As of June 30, 2004, the County of Scott, Iowa had general obligation bonds outstanding totaling \$9,245,000 and a purchase contract and capital lease (business-type activities) outstanding totaling \$2,319,284. In 2004, the County paid \$580,000 in principal and \$458,905 in interest on outstanding debt. Business-type activities paid \$259,961 in principal and \$146,628 in interest on outstanding debt in 2004.

Table 5 - County of Scott's Outstanding Debt, June 30

	 2005	2004	Maturity
Governmental activities, general obligation bonds	\$ 8,635,000	\$ 9,245,000	2017
Business-type activities, purchase contract and capital lease	2,393,734	2,319,284	2013

Additional information about the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The County of Scott increased the urban county levy rate by 17.3 percent and increased the rural county levy rate by 9.6 percent for the budget year ending June 30, 2006 primarily due to the voter approved jail expansion/renovation project.
- The tax base for the County of Scott increased 3.6 percent over the previous year.
- Health care costs and personnel costs, which make up a significant portion of the County's operating costs, continue to rise. Three of the County's five bargaining unit contracts are currently under four year agreements with various expiration dates. Two will be in negotiation for the next budget year.
- The jail capacity problem is causing costs for housing inmates in out-of-County facilities to continue to increase. This problem will be resolved in two to three years when the voter approved jail expansion/renovation project is completed.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County of Scott, lowa's budget for the June 30, 2006 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

These financial statements and discussions are designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a complete disclosure of the County's finances and to demonstrate a high degree of accountability for the public dollars entrusted to us. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please write C. Ray Wierson, County Administrator, Scott County Administrative Center, 428 Western Avenue, Davenport, Iowa 52801-1004.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

	Primary Government							
Assets		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	_	Component Units
Cash and investments	\$	18,177,875	\$	11,776	\$	18,189,651	\$	1,699,969
Cash and investments in escrow		-		326,105		326,105		-
Restricted cash		170,507		-		170,507		-
Receivables:								
Property taxes		33,982,872		-		33,982,872		1,527,308
Accrued interest		384,680		-		384,680		-
Accounts		152,230		21,052		173,282		-
Due from component unit		389,475		-		389,475		-
Due from other governmental agencies		1,924,543		-		1,924,543		105,655
Inventories		-		8,761		8,761		-
Total current assets		55,182,182		367,694		55,549,876		3,332,932
Noncurrent assets: Receivables, notes Internal balances		100,000 1,673,314		- (1,673,314)		100,000		-
Capital assets:								
Not depreciated: Land		4,365,740		1,556,336		5,922,076		16.600
Construction-in-progress		19.862		1,550,550		19,862		398,707
Depreciated:		10,002		-		10,002		550,101
Buildings		33,778,294		506,490		34,284,784		1,202,595
Improvements other than buildings		2,431,002		663,428		3,094,430		-
Infrastructure		71,984,393		62,374		72,046,767		-
Machinery and equipment		14,426,864		970,549		15,397,413		328,617
Less accumulated depreciation		(59,967,707)		(1,022,685)		(60,990,392)		(353,524)
Total capital assets		67,038,448		2,736,492		69,774,940		1,592,995
Total noncurrent assets		68,811,762		1,063,178		69,874,940		1,592,995
Total assets	\$	123,993,944	\$	1,430,872	\$	125,424,816	\$	4,925,927

		Prima	ary Government				
	Governmental	Вι	usiness-Type				Component
Liabilities and Net Assets	Activities		Activities		Total		Units
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 2,793,094	\$	32,628	\$	2,825,722	\$	156,352
Current portion of claims payable	831,466		-		831,466		-
Accrued liabilities	1,436,757		37,781		1,474,538		62,570
Interest payable	34,340		311,062		345,402		-
Unearned revenue	33,848,776		12,032		33,860,808		1,519,926
Compensated absences	1,041,517		13,096		1,054,613		46,495
Due to primary government	-		-		-		389,475
Current portion of general obligation bonds	635,000		-		635,000		-
Current portion of purchase contract	-		200,000		200,000		-
Current portion of capital leases	-		105,104		105,104		-
Total current liabilities	40,620,950		711,703		41,332,653		2,174,818
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Claims payable	59,774		_		59,774		_
Compensated absences	796,681		13,006		809,687		94,316
General obligation bonds payable	8,000,000		-		8,000,000		-
Purchase contract	-		1,718,103		1,718,103		-
Capital leases	_		370,527		370,527		-
Total noncurrent liabilities	8,856,455		2,101,636		10,958,091		94,316
Total liabilities	49,477,405		2,813,339		52,290,744		2,269,134
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	58,403,448		342,758		58,746,206		1,592,995
Restricted for:							
Debt service	4,486,204		-		4,486,204		-
County conservation sewage treatment	170,507		-		170,507		-
Lease purchase contract	-		326,105		326,105		-
Unrestricted	11,456,380		(2,051,330)		9,405,050		1,063,798
Total net assets	74,516,539		(1,382,467)		73,134,072		2,656,793
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 123,993,944	\$	1,430,872	\$	125,424,816	\$	4,925,927

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2005

			Program Revenues						
Functions/ Programs		Expenses		Charges for Sales and Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government									
Governmental activities:									
Public safety and legal services	\$	17,378,230	\$	878,359	\$	1,163,408	\$	34,422	
Physical health and social services		5,433,189		291,344		1,655,268		447,195	
Mental health		12,689,373		40,441		5,394,993		-	
County environment and education		3,978,818		880,593		93,979		169,294	
Roads and transportation		6,514,158		9,241		102,453		5,868,821	
Government services to residents		1,853,466		2,501,165		203,966		-	
Administration		9,848,118		264,264		243,189		-	
Interest on long-term debt		434,854		-		-			
Total governmental activities		58,130,206		4,865,407		8,857,256		6,519,732	
Business-type activities, golf		1,074,754		1,008,046		-		<u>-</u>	
Total primary government	\$	59,204,960	\$	5,873,453	\$	8,857,256	\$	6,519,732	
Component Units	\$	2,702,110	\$	14,926	\$	1,083,044	\$	<u>-</u>	

General Revenues

Taxes:

Property taxes

Local option sales tax

Gaming

Other taxes

Utility tax replacements

Penalties, interest and costs on taxes

State tax replacement credits, unrestricted

State shared revenues, unrestricted

Contribution from solid waste

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Changes in net assets

Net assets, beginning of year

Net assets, end of year

	Net (Expens	e) Revenue and Changes i Primary Government	n Net Assets	
	Governmental	Business-Type		
Activities		Activities	Total	Component Units
	7.0441400	/ tourings	1001	
\$	(15,302,041)	\$ -	\$ (15,302,04	
	(3,039,382)	-	(3,039,38	
	(7,253,939)	-	(7,253,93	
	(2,834,952)	-	(2,834,95	*
	(533,643)	-	(533,64	•
	851,665	-	851,66	65 -
	(9,340,665)	-	(9,340,66	•
	(434,854)	-	(434,85	
	(37,887,811)	-	(37,887,81	-
	-	(66,708)	(66,70	
	(37,887,811)	(66,708)	(37,954,51	9) -
	-	-		(1,604,140)
	25,923,952	<u>-</u>	25,923,95	52 1,382,797
	3,488,462	-	3,488,46	- 52
	904,897	-	904,89	
	59,143	-	59,14	69,558
	1,228,633	-	1,228,63	-
	837,554	-	837,55	-
	5,152,761	-	5,152,76	51 -
	2,909,524	-	2,909,52	
	258,703	-	258,70	
	782,291	3,822	786,11	
	824,119	-	824,11	
	42,370,039	3,822	42,373,86	
	4,482,228	(62,886)	4,419,34	
	70,034,311	(1,319,581)	68,714,73	
\$	74 516 539	\$ (1.382.467)	\$ 73.134.07	'2 \$ 2.656.793

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2005

		Primary Government				
Assets	General			Mental Health/ Development Disabilities		
Cash and investments	\$	6,385,290	\$	2,820,711		
Restricted cash	•	170,507	Ţ	-,,		
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:		,				
Property taxes, net of allowance for collection losses of \$74,925		27,801,305		3,321,013		
Accrued interest		384,680		-		
Accounts		151,861		369		
Notes		100,000		-		
Due from component unit		, <u>-</u>		-		
Advance to other funds		1,673,314		-		
Due from other governmental agencies		1,347,311		69,156		
Total assets	\$	38,014,268	\$	6,211,249		
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	1,019,703	\$	1,611,116		
Claims payable		4,551		-		
Accrued liabilities		1,300,646		24,818		
Deferred revenue		28,211,316		3,324,064		
Compensated absences		9,781		-		
Total liabilities		30,545,997		4,959,998		
Fund balances:						
Reserved for:						
Notes receivable		100,000		-		
Advances		1,673,314		-		
Debt service		-		-		
County conservation sewage treatment		170,507		-		
Unreserved, designated, claim liabilities		886,689		-		
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:						
General Fund		4,637,761		-		
Special revenue funds		-		1,251,251		
Capital Projects Fund		-				
Total fund balances		7,468,271		1,251,251		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	38,014,268	\$	6,211,249		

	Primary Government							
Nonmajor Secondary Governmental Roads Funds Total								
\$	1,243,414 -	\$	7,728,460 -	\$	18,177,875 170,507			
	-		2,860,554		33,982,872 384,680 152,230			
	- -		389,475 -		100,000 389,475 1,673,314			
	481,603		26,473		1,924,543			
\$	1,725,017	\$	11,004,962	\$	56,955,496			
\$	61,057	\$	101,218	\$	2,793,094			
	- 111,293		-		4,551 1,436,757			
	111,293		2,882,160		34,417,540			
	_		-		9,781			
	172,350		2,983,378		38,661,723			
	-		-		100,000			
	-		-		1,673,314			
	-		4,486,204		4,486,204			
	-		-		170,507			
	-		-		886,689			
	_		-		4,637,761			
	1,552,667		231,819		3,035,737			
	<u> </u>		3,303,561		3,303,561			
	1,552,667		8,021,584		18,293,773			
\$	1,725,017	\$	11,004,962	\$	56,955,496			

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances - Primary Government to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2005

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 18,293,773
Amounts reported for governmental activities are not financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Land	4,365,740
Construction-in-progress	19,862
Buildings	33,778,294
Improvements other than buildings	2,431,002
Infrastructure	71,984,393
Machinery and equipment	14,426,864
Accumulated depreciation	(59,967,707)
·	67,038,448
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds: Deferred revenues	568,764
Long-term liabilities including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the	,
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Claims payable	(886,689)
Compensated absences	(1,828,417)
Accrued interest payable	(34,340)
General obligation bonds payable	 (8,635,000)
	 (11,384,446)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 74,516,539

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2005

Revenues: general Mental Healthy Development Disabilities Property taxes \$20,546,014 \$3,029,508 Local option sales tax 1,041,978 \$2,220 Other taxes 1,041,978 \$152,297 Intergovernmental 4,179,944 9,880,773 Charges for services 4,246,486 40,441 Investment earnings 712,011 0 Charges for services 124,758 0 Charges for services 124,758 0 Intergovernmental 124,758 0 Interest and pemitis 52,746,887 0 Rentals and fees 124,758 0 Other 431,215 15,073 Rentals and fees 124,758 15,073 Other Total revenues 18,507,338 12,673,365 Physical health and social services 5,398,110 0 Physical health and social services 5,398,110 0 Government services to residents 1,765,623 0 Government services to residents 6,815,179 0			Primary Government			
Property taxes \$ 20,546,014 \$ 3,029,508 Local option sales tax 3,418,462 - Other taxes 10,141,978 152,297 Interest and penalties on taxes 837,554 - Interprovernmental 4,179,944 9,686,773 Charges for services 42,46,486 40,441 Investment earnings 712,011 - Charges for services 124,758 - Rentals and fees 124,758 - Other 413,126 15,073 Cotract 15,073,338 - Public safety and legal services 5,398,110 - Physical health and social services 5,398,110 - Physical health and social services 5,398,110 - Roads and transportation 3,113,765 - Government services to residents 1,765,623 - Administration 6,815,170 - Capital outlay - - Deb services - - Principal - -			General	Development		
Local option sales tax 3,418,462 - Other taxes 1,041,978 152,297 Interest and penalties on taxes 837,554 - Intergovernmental 4,179,944 9,686,773 Charges for services 4,246,486 40,441 Investment earnings 172,011 - Licenses and permits 527,405 - Rentals and fees 143,788 - Other 413,126 15,073 Total revenues 36,047,738 12,924,092 Expenditures - 16,507,338 - Current: - 12,673,358 - Physical health and social services 5,398,110 - 12,673,353 County environment and education 3,113,765 - - Roads and transportation - 1,656,623 - Government services to residents 1,765,623 - - Capital outlay - - - - - Principal - - - <t< td=""><td></td><td>Φ.</td><td>00 E46 044</td><td>2 000 500</td></t<>		Φ.	00 E46 044	2 000 500		
Other taxes 1,041,978 152,297 Interest and penalties on taxes 837,554 - Intergovernmental 4,179,944 9,686,773 Charges for services 4,246,488 40,441 Investment earnings 721,011 - Exertals and fees 124,758 - Charges for services 124,758 - Rentals and fees 124,758 - Other 413,126 15,073 Total revenues 538,10 15,073 Expenditures: 15,073,338 - Current 15,073,338 - Physical health and social services 15,893,353 - Physical health and social services 15,893,353 - Roads and transportation 1,765,623 - Roads and transportation 6,815,170 - Government services to residents 1,765,623 - Administration 6,815,170 - Capital outlay - - Debt services - -		\$		\$ 3,029,508		
Interest and penalties on taxes 837,554 - Intergovernmental 4,179,944 9,686,773 Charges for services 4246,846 40,441 Investment earnings 712,011 - Licenses and permits 527,405 - Rentals and fees 143,758 - Other 413,126 15,073 Total revenues 15,073,38 12,924,092 Expenditures: - 16,507,338 2 Current: - 16,507,338 - Physical health and social services 5,398,110 - Physical health and social services 5,398,110 - County environment and education 3,113,765 - Roads and transportation - - - Government services to residents 1,765,623 - Administration 6,815,170 - - Capital outlay - - - - Debt service: - - - - Interest	·			- 4E0 007		
Intergovermental 4,179,944 9,686,773 Charges for services 4,246,486 40,41 Investment earnings 712,011 4.72 Licenses and permits 527,405 - Rentals and fees 124,758 - Other 413,126 15,073 Total revenues 36,047,738 12,924,092 Expenditures: 2 16,507,338 - Current: 16,507,338 - - Physical health and social services 5,398,110 - - Physical health and social services 5,398,110 - - County environment and education 3,113,765 - - Roads and transportation 3,113,765 - - Government services to residents 1,765,623 - - Administration 6,815,170 - - Capital outlay - - - Debt service: - - - Principal - - -				152,297		
Charges for services 4,246,486 40,441 Investment earnings 712,011				- 0.000.770		
Investment earnings 712,011 - Licenses and permits 527,405 - Rentals and fees 124,758 - Other 413,126 15,073 Total revenues 36,047,738 12,924,092 Expenditures: Expenditures: Current: Public safety and legal services 16,507,338 - Physical health and social services 5,398,110 - Physical health and social services 5,398,110 - County environment and education 3,113,765 - Roads and transportation 3,113,765 - Roads and transportation 6,815,170 - Government services to residents 1,765,623 - Administration 6,815,170 - Capital outlay - - Debt service: - - Principal - - Interest - - Total expenditures 33,600,006 12,673,353 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures				, ,		
Licenses and permits 527,405 - Rentals and fees 124,758 - Other 413,126 15,073 Total revenues 36,047,738 12,924,092 Expenditures: Current: Public safety and legal services 16,507,338 - Physical health and social services 16,507,338 - Physical health and social services 1 2,673,353 County environment and education 3,113,765 - - Roads and transportation - - - - Government services to residents 3,113,765 - - - Government services - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>40,441</td></t<>				40,441		
Rentals and fees 124,758 - Other 413,126 15,073 Total revenues 36,047,738 12,924,092 Expenditures: Current: Public safety and legal services 16,507,338 - Physical health and social services 5,398,110 - Physical health and social services 5,398,110 - Mental health - 12,673,353 County environment and education 3,113,765 - Roads and transportation - - - Roads and transportation - - - - Government services to residents 1,765,623 - - Administration 6,815,170 - - Capital outlay - - - - Debt service: - - - - Principal - - - - Interest 33,600,006 12,673,353 - Excess (deficiency) of revenue ov				-		
Other 413,126 15,073 Total revenues 36,047,738 12,924,092 Expenditures: Current: Public safety and legal services 16,507,338 - Physical health and social services 5,988,110 - Physical health and social services 5,988,110 - Mental health - 12,673,353 County environment and education 3,113,765 - Roads and transportation - - Government services to residents 1,765,623 - Capital outlay - - Capital outlay - - Debt service: - - Principal - - - Interest 33,600,006 12,673,353 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 33,600,006 12,673,353 Other financing sources (uses): - - Transfers in 67,231 - Transfers out (3,109,320) - Total other financing sources (uses) <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>				-		
Total revenues 36,047,738 12,924,092 Expenditures: Current: Total public safety and legal services 16,507,338 - Physical health and social services 5,998,110 - - Mental health 12,673,353 -<				45.070		
Expenditures Current: Current: Public safety and legal services 16,507,338 - - - - - - - -						
Current: Current: Public safety and legal services 16,507,338 - Physical health and social services 5,398,110 - Mental health - 12,673,353 County environment and education 3,113,765 - Roads and transportation - - Government services to residents 1,765,623 - Administration 6,815,170 - Capital outlay - - Debt service: - - Principal - - Interest - - Total expenditures 33,600,006 12,673,353 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 2,447,732 250,739 Other financing sources (uses): - - Transfers out 67,231 - Total other financing sources (uses) (3,109,320) - Total other financing sources (uses) (3,042,089) - Fund balances, beginning of year 8,062,628 1,000,512	lotal revenues		36,047,738	12,924,092		
Public safety and legal services 16,507,338 - Physical health and social services 5,398,110 - Mental health - 12,673,353 County environment and education 3,113,765 - Roads and transportation - - Government services to residents 1,765,623 - Administration 6,815,170 - Capital outlay - - Debt service: - - Principal - - Interest - - Total expenditures 33,600,006 12,673,353 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 2,447,732 250,739 Other financing sources (uses): - - Transfers out 67,231 - Total other financing sources (uses) 3,042,089 - Net change in fund balances (594,357) 250,739 Fund balances, beginning of year 8,062,628 1,000,512	Expenditures:					
Physical health and social services 5,398,110 - Mental health - 12,673,353 County environment and education 3,113,765 - Roads and transportation - - Government services to residents 1,765,623 - Administration 6,815,170 - Capital outlay - - Debt service: - - Principal - - - Interest - - - Total expenditures 33,600,006 12,673,353 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 2,447,732 250,739 Other financing sources (uses): - - Transfers in 67,231 - Total other financing sources (uses) - - Net change in fund balances (594,357) 250,739 Fund balances, beginning of year 8,062,628 1,000,512	Current:					
Mental health - 12,673,353 County environment and education 3,113,765 - Roads and transportation - - Government services to residents 1,765,623 - Administration 6,815,170 - Capital outlay - - Debt service: - - Principal - - Interest - - Total expenditures 33,600,006 12,673,353 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 2,447,732 250,739 Other financing sources (uses): - - Transfers in 67,231 - Transfers out (3,109,320) - Total other financing sources (uses) - - Net change in fund balances (594,357) 250,739 Fund balances, beginning of year 8,062,628 1,000,512	Public safety and legal services		16,507,338	-		
County environment and education 3,113,765 - Roads and transportation - - Government services to residents 1,765,623 - Administration 6,815,170 - Capital outlay - - Debt service: - - Principal - - - Interest - - - Total expenditures 33,600,006 12,673,353 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 2,447,732 250,739 Other financing sources (uses): - - Transfers in 67,231 - Transfers out (3,109,320) - Total other financing sources (uses) (3,042,089) - Net change in fund balances (594,357) 250,739 Fund balances, beginning of year 8,062,628 1,000,512	Physical health and social services		5,398,110	-		
Roads and transportation - - Government services to residents 1,765,623 - Administration 6,815,170 - Capital outlay - - Debt service: - - Principal - - - Interest - - - Total expenditures 33,600,006 12,673,353 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 2,447,732 250,739 Other financing sources (uses): 67,231 - Transfers in 67,231 - Transfers out (3,109,320) - Total other financing sources (uses) (3,042,089) - Net change in fund balances (594,357) 250,739 Fund balances, beginning of year 8,062,628 1,000,512	Mental health		-	12,673,353		
Government services to residents 1,765,623 - Administration 6,815,170 - Capital outlay - - Debt service: - - Principal - - Interest - - Total expenditures 33,600,006 12,673,353 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 2,447,732 250,739 Other financing sources (uses): - - Transfers in 67,231 - Transfers out (3,109,320) - Total other financing sources (uses) (3,042,089) - Net change in fund balances (594,357) 250,739 Fund balances, beginning of year 8,062,628 1,000,512	County environment and education		3,113,765	-		
Administration 6,815,170 - Capital outlay - - Debt service: - - Principal - - Interest - - Total expenditures 33,600,006 12,673,353 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 2,447,732 250,739 Other financing sources (uses): - - Transfers in 67,231 - Transfers out (3,109,320) - Total other financing sources (uses) (3,042,089) - Net change in fund balances (594,357) 250,739 Fund balances, beginning of year 8,062,628 1,000,512	Roads and transportation		-	-		
Capital outlay - - Debt service: - - Principal - - Interest - - Total expenditures 33,600,006 12,673,353 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 2,447,732 250,739 Other financing sources (uses): - Transfers in 67,231 - Transfers out (3,109,320) - Total other financing sources (uses) (3,042,089) - Net change in fund balances (594,357) 250,739 Fund balances, beginning of year 8,062,628 1,000,512	Government services to residents		1,765,623	-		
Debt service: Principal - - Interest - - - Total expenditures 33,600,006 12,673,353 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 2,447,732 250,739 Other financing sources (uses): 67,231 - Transfers in 67,231 - Transfers out (3,109,320) - Total other financing sources (uses) (3,042,089) - Net change in fund balances (594,357) 250,739 Fund balances, beginning of year 8,062,628 1,000,512	Administration		6,815,170	-		
Principal Interest -	Capital outlay		-	-		
Interest -<	Debt service:					
Total expenditures 33,600,006 12,673,353 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 2,447,732 250,739 Other financing sources (uses): 67,231 - Transfers in (3,109,320) - Total other financing sources (uses) (3,042,089) - Net change in fund balances (594,357) 250,739 Fund balances, beginning of year 8,062,628 1,000,512	Principal		-	-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 2,447,732 250,739 Other financing sources (uses): 67,231 - Transfers in (3,109,320) - Transfers out (3,042,089) - Total other financing sources (uses) (594,357) 250,739 Net change in fund balances 8,062,628 1,000,512	Interest		-	-		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 67,231 - Transfers out (3,109,320) - Total other financing sources (uses) (3,042,089) - Net change in fund balances (594,357) 250,739 Fund balances, beginning of year 8,062,628 1,000,512	Total expenditures		33,600,006	12,673,353		
Transfers in 67,231 - Transfers out (3,109,320) - Total other financing sources (uses) (3,042,089) - Net change in fund balances (594,357) 250,739 Fund balances, beginning of year 8,062,628 1,000,512	Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		2,447,732	250,739		
Transfers in 67,231 - Transfers out (3,109,320) - Total other financing sources (uses) (3,042,089) - Net change in fund balances (594,357) 250,739 Fund balances, beginning of year 8,062,628 1,000,512	Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers out (3,109,320) - Total other financing sources (uses) (3,042,089) - Net change in fund balances (594,357) 250,739 Fund balances, beginning of year 8,062,628 1,000,512			67.231	_		
Total other financing sources (uses) (3,042,089) - Net change in fund balances (594,357) 250,739 Fund balances, beginning of year 8,062,628 1,000,512	Transfers out			_		
Fund balances, beginning of year 8,062,628 1,000,512				-		
	Net change in fund balances		(594,357)	250,739		
Fund balances, end of year \$ 7,468,271 \\$ 1,251,251	Fund balances, beginning of year	_	8,062,628	1,000,512		
	Fund balances, end of year	\$	7,468,271	\$ 1,251,251		

	Primary Government								
Secondary Roads Fund			Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total				
\$	- - - - 3,011,978 7,646 - 1,595	\$	2,319,543 - 998,398 - 1,020,821 41,834 26,149 -	\$	25,895,065 3,418,462 2,192,673 837,554 17,899,516 4,336,407 738,160 529,000 124,758				
	145,795		121,380		695,374				
	3,167,014		4,528,125		56,666,969				
					40 507 000				
-			-		16,507,338				
-			-		5,398,110				
	_		- 440,685		12,673,353 3,554,450				
	3,915,398		440,065		3,915,398				
	-		_		1,765,623				
	-		_		6,815,170				
	1,902,127		3,681,256		5,583,383				
	- -		610,000 436,926		610,000 436,926				
	5,817,525		5,168,867		57,259,751				
	(2,650,511)		(640,742)		(592,782)				
	2,228,656		3,539,262 (2,725,829)		5,835,149 (5,835,149)				
	2,228,656		813,433		-				
	(421,855)		172,691		(592,782)				
	1,974,522		7,848,893		18,886,555				

8,021,584 \$

1,552,667 \$

18,293,773

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities - Primary Government Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ (592,782)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of		
activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the		
statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their		
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following is the detail		
of the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year.		2 620 707
Capital outlay		3,632,707
Capital assets contributed		5,868,821
Depreciation: Public safety and legal services \$	(659,296)	
Physical health and social services	(23,467)	
Mental health	(12,636)	
County environment and education	(368,639)	
Roads and transportation	(2,225,073)	
Governmental services to residents	(82,830)	
Administration	(1,327,200)	(4,699,141)
	(1,021,200)	, , ,
Loss on sales of capital assets		(205,523)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial		
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		76.644
resources are necroported as revenues in the lands.		70,044
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the		
repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		610,000
		,
Expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current		
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the		
governmental funds interest expense.		2,070
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current		
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds:		
Change in claims payable		(81,432)
Change in compensated absences	_	(129,136)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	_	\$ 4,482,228

Statement of Net Assets Enterprise Fund June 30, 2005

	Golf Course
Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 11,776
Cash and investments in escrow	326,105
Receivables, accounts	21,052
Inventories	8,761
Total current assets	367,694
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Land	1,556,336
Buildings	506,490
Improvements other than buildings	663,428
Infrastructure	62,374
Machinery and equipment	970,549
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,022,685)
Total noncurrent assets	2,736,492
Total assets	\$ 3,104,186
Liabilities and Net Assets (Deficit)	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 32,628
Accrued liabilities	37,781
Interest payable	311,062
Deferred revenue	12,032
Compensated absences	13,096
Current portion of purchase contract	200,000
Current portion of capital lease	105,104
Total current liabilities	711,703
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absences	13,006
Advance from other funds	1,673,314
Purchase contract, noncurrent portion	1,718,103
Capital lease, noncurrent	370,527
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,774,950
Total liabilities	4,486,653
Net assets (deficit):	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	342,758
Restricted for lease purchase contract	326,105
Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,051,330)
Total net assets (deficit)	(1,382,467)
Total liabilities and net assets (deficit)	\$ 3,104,186

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Enterprise Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2005

	(Golf Course
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$	891,334
Sales, net of cost of goods sold of \$75,466		115,514
Other		1,198
Total operating revenues		1,008,046
Operating expenses:		
Personnel		497,379
Depreciation		132,439
Other		238,733
Total operating expenses		868,551
Operating income		139,495
Nonoperating revenues (expense):		
Investment earnings		3,822
Interest expense		(206,203)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(202,381)
Change in net assets		(62,886)
Total net assets (deficit), beginning of year		(1,319,581)
Total net assets (deficit), end of year	\$	(1,382,467)

Statement of Cash Flows Enterprise Fund Year Ended June 30, 2005

	 Golf Course
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,076,837
Cash payments to acquire goods for resale	(71,659)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(262,592)
Cash payments to employees for services	 (494,378)
Net cash provided by operating activities	 248,208
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Payments of purchase contract	(190,000)
Payments on capital lease	(93,502)
Interest paid on purchase contract and capital lease	(137,049)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(420,551)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities,	
advance from other funds	 165,000
Cash Flows from Investing Activities, interest received	3,822
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(3,521)
Cash and cash equivalents:	
Beginning	044 400
Dogining	341,402
Ending	\$ 341,402
Ending	\$
Ending Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash	\$
Ending Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	337,881
Ending Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income	\$
Ending Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	337,881
Ending Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	337,881 139,495
Ending Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation	337,881
Ending Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	337,881 139,495 132,439
Ending Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in:	337,881 139,495 132,439 (10,523)
Ending Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in: Receivables Inventories	337,881 139,495 132,439
Ending Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in: Receivables Inventories Increase (decrease) in:	337,881 139,495 132,439 (10,523) 3,807
Ending Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in: Receivables Inventories	337,881 139,495 132,439 (10,523)
Ending Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in: Receivables Inventories Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable	337,881 139,495 132,439 (10,523) 3,807 (23,859)
Ending Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in: Receivables Inventories Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	337,881 139,495 132,439 (10,523) 3,807 (23,859) 1,654
Ending Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in: Receivables Inventories Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Compensated absences	337,881 139,495 132,439 (10,523) 3,807 (23,859) 1,654 1,347
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in: Receivables Inventories Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Compensated absences Deferred revenue Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 337,881 139,495 132,439 (10,523) 3,807 (23,859) 1,654 1,347 3,848
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in: Receivables Inventories Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Compensated absences Deferred revenue	\$ 337,881 139,495 132,439 (10,523) 3,807 (23,859) 1,654 1,347 3,848
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in: Receivables Inventories Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Compensated absences Deferred revenue Net cash provided by operating activities: Noncash capital and related financing activities:	\$ 337,881 139,495 132,439 (10,523) 3,807 (23,859) 1,654 1,347 3,848 248,208

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2005

Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 5,912,327
Receivables, property taxes	173,568,552
Total assets	\$ 179,480,879
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 173,651
Due to other governmental agencies	178,867,106
Due to private individuals	440,122
Total liabilities	\$ 179.480.879

Statement of Net Assets Discretely Presented Component Units June 30, 2005

	Emergency Manage- ment	County	County	County Assessor
Assets	 Agency	Library	Assessor	Special
Current Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 189,891	\$ 443,961	\$ 295,920	\$ 345,870
Receivables, property taxes	-	246	562,357	125,596
Due from other governmental agencies	8,297	97,358	-	-
Total current assets	198,188	541,565	858,277	471,466
Noncurrent assets, capital assets:				
Land	-	16,600	_	_
Construction-in-progress	-	9,232	_	_
Buildings	-	1,202,595	_	_
Machinery and equipment	42,046	176,110	_	_
Accumulated depreciation	(39,154)	(240,862)	-	-
Total noncurrent assets,	 · , ,	, , ,		_
capital assets	 2,892	1,163,675	-	
Total assets	\$ 201,080	\$ 1,705,240	\$ 858,277	\$ 471,466
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 396	\$ 111,559	\$ 2,090	\$ -
Accrued liabilities	4,077	28,644	29,849	-
Deferred revenue	-	-	560,436	125,585
Compensated absences	1,863	18,166	26,466	-
Due to primary government	-	-	-	-
Total current liabilities	6,336	158,369	618,841	125,585
Noncurrent liabilities, compensated absences	 7,879	-	37,002	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	 14,215	158,369	655,843	125,585
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net of				
related debt	2,892	1,163,675	_	-
Unrestricted	183,973	383,196	202,434	345,881
Total net assets	186,865	1,546,871	202,434	345,881
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 201,080	\$ 1,705,240	\$ 858,277	\$ 471,466

City Assessor	City Assessor Special	Public Safety Authority	Total
\$ 307,857	\$ 116,395	\$ 75	\$ 1,699,969
627,890	211,219	-	1,527,308
 -	-	=	105,655
 935,747	327,614	75	3,332,932
-	_	-	16,600
-	-	389,475	398,707
-	-	-	1,202,595
110,461	-	-	328,617
(73,508)	-	-	(353,524)
36,953	-	389,475	1,592,995
\$ 972,700	\$ 327,614	\$ 389,550	\$ 4,925,927
\$ 21,071	\$ 21,161	\$ 75	\$ 156,352
-	-	-	62,570
622,722	211,183	-	1,519,926
-	-	- 389,475	46,495 389,475
643,793	232,344	389,550	2,174,818
,	,	,	_,,
49,435	-	-	94,316
693,228	232,344	389,550	2,269,134
36,953	-	389,475	1,592,995
242,519	95,270	(389,475)	1,063,798
279,472	95,270	-	2,656,793
\$ 972,700	\$ 327,614	\$ 389,550	\$ 4,925,927

Statement of Activities Discretely Presented Component Units Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Program Revenues						
	 Expenses		-		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Emergency Management Agency								
Public safety and legal services	\$ 121,828	\$	-	\$	66,430	\$	-	
County Library								
County environment and education	1,072,373		13,162		966,648		-	
County Assessor								
Government services to residents	559,699		1,764		17,053		-	
County Assessor Special								
Government services to residents	18,535		-		6,864		-	
City Assessor								
Government services to residents	699,993		-		20,981		-	
City Assessor Special								
Government services to residents	229,682		-		5,068		-	
Public Safety Authority								
Public safety and legal services	 		-		-		<u>-</u>	
Total component units	\$ 2,702,110	\$	14,926	\$	1,083,044	\$	-	

General Revenues

Taxes:

Property taxes

Other taxes

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Changes in net assets

Net assets, beginning of year

Net assets, end of year

Net (Expense)	Revenue and	Changes	in Not Acceta
IACL IEVDCIISCI	I VEVELIUE AIIC	i Olialiucs	III INCL ASSCIS

mergency anagement Agency		County Library	County Assessor	County Assessor Special		City Assessor	City Assessor Special		Assessor			Public Safety Authority	Total
\$ (55,398)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (55,398)		
-		(92,563)	-	-		-		-		-	(92,563)		
-		-	(540,882)	-		-		-		-	(540,882)		
-		-	-	(11,671)		-	_		-	(11,671)			
-		-	-	-		(679,012)		-		-	(679,012)		
-		-	-	-		- (2		(224,614)		-	(224,614)		
-		-	-	-		-		-		-	-		
(55,398)		(92,563)	(540,882)	(11,671)		(679,012)		(224,614)		-	(1,604,140)		
-		-	429,008	175,212		629,516		149,061		-	1,382,797		
-		-	18,627	7,600		35,023		8,308		-	69,558		
42,426		3,564	<u>-</u>			5,028		-			51,018		
42,426		3,564	447,635	182,812		669,567		157,369		-	1,503,373		
(12,972)		(88,999)	(93,247)	171,141		(9,445)		(67,245)		-	(100,767)		
 199,837		1,635,870	295,681	174,740		288,917		162,515		-	2,757,560		
\$ 186,865	\$	1,546,871	\$ 202,434	\$ 345,881	\$	279,472	\$	95,270	\$	-	\$ 2,656,793		

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of operations:

The County of Scott, lowa (The County) is incorporated and operates under the provisions of the Code of lowa. The County is governed by a County Board and managed by the County Administrator. The powers and duties of the County Administrator are to coordinate and direct all administrative and management functions of the County government not otherwise vested by law in boards or commissions or in other elected officials. The County provides many functions and services to citizens, including law enforcement, health and social services, parks and cultural activities, planning and zoning, education and general administrative services. Other activities include the operation of a road department and contracts with a third party to provide mental health services.

Financial reporting entity:

In accordance with the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, the basic financial statements include all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities for which the County is financially accountable. The County has also considered all other potential organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the County to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for that organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the County. Based on these criteria, the County is presented as a primary government and includes the following component units because of their operational significance and relationship with the County. All of the component units have a June 30 year-end and are considered discretely presented component units. Discretely presented component units are as follows:

Emergency Management Agency: The Scott County Emergency Management Commission provides direction for the delivery of the emergency management services of planning, administration, coordination, training and support for local governments and their departments. The Commission coordinates its services in the event of a disaster. The Commission receives its funding from the federal government, public utility companies and voluntary allocations from the participating governments.

<u>County Library</u>: The Scott County Library Board of Trustees provides library services to all the cities within Scott County with the exception of the City of Bettendorf and the City of Davenport. In addition, the Library provides services to the unincorporated residents of Scott County and also to the citizens of the City of Durant through a contractual arrangement. The Trustees annually direct the Board of Supervisors to levy property taxes to the unincorporated area, in addition to providing tax levying amounts to each of the participating cities.

<u>County Assessor</u>: The County Conference Board is responsible for the operations of the Scott County Assessor's Office, including the assessment of all properties within Scott County with the exception of the City of Davenport. The County Conference Board is a separate tax certifying body. The County Assessor's Office provides services to the County, all incorporated cities in the County, except the City of Davenport, and school districts in the County.

County Assessor Special: The County Assessor Special is responsible to the City Conference Board to perform in-house revaluations for various classes of property. The Code of lowa requires the County to be custodian of funds for the County Assessor Special and account for all transactions within the books and records of the County. The County Assessor Special is included as a component unit of the County based on the significance of this relationship.

<u>City Assessor</u>: The City Conference Board is responsible for the operations of the City Assessor's Office, including the assessment of all properties within the City of Davenport. The City Conference Board is a separate tax certifying body. The Code of lowa requires the County to be custodian of funds for the City Assessor and accounts for all transactions of the City Assessor in the books and records of the County. The City Assessor is included as a component unit of the County based on the significance of this relationship.

<u>City Assessor Special</u>: The City Assessor Special is also responsible to the City Conference Board to perform in-house revaluations for various classes of property. The Code of lowa requires the County to be custodian of funds for the City Assessor Special and account for all transactions within the books and records of the County. The City Assessor Special is included as a component unit of the County based on the significance of this relationship.

<u>Public Safety Authority</u>: The Public Safety Authority (PSA) is responsible for the jail expansion project through the issuance of revenue bonds. The jail expansion will provide holding cells and a centralized booking area to the County and the City of Davenport. The Authority will enter into leases with the County and the City of Davenport to provide the funding necessary for the bond repayment schedule. Although the PSA has a jointly appointed Board by the County of Scott, lowa and the City of Davenport, it is considered a component unit of the County due to the PSA being fiscally dependent on the County of Scott, lowa, making the County of Scott, lowa financially accountable for the PSA.

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices or from the office of the County Administrator in the Scott County Administrative Center, 428 Western Avenue, Davenport, Iowa.

In addition, the GASB issued Statement No. 39, in May 2002, which sets forth additional criteria to determine whether certain organizations for which the County is not financially accountable should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the County. These criteria include 1) the economic resources being received or held by the separate organization being entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the County, its component units, or its constituents, 2) the County being entitled to, or having the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the County and 3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the County is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the County. Based on these additional criteria, there are no additional organizations which should be included in these basic financial statements.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of presentation:

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide and fund financial statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

<u>Fund accounting</u>: The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance/net assets, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The County has the following fund types:

Governmental fund types: Governmental fund types are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used; current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they are paid; and the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities, the fund equity, is referred to as "fund balance". The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Mental Health/Developmental Disabilities Fund</u>: To account for state revenues allocated to the County to be used to provide mental health and disability services. The Mental Health/Developmental Disabilities Fund is a special revenue fund.

<u>Secondary Roads Fund</u>: To account for state revenue allocated to the County to be used to maintain and improve the County's roads.

The other governmental funds of the County are considered nonmajor and are as follows:

Special Revenue Funds: are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than certain capital projects that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific projects).

<u>Rural Services Fund</u>: To account for taxes levied to benefit the rural residents of the County.

<u>Recorders Management Fees Fund</u>: To account for one dollar fee collected for each recorded transaction to be used for the purpose of preserving and maintaining public records.

Debt Service Fund: To account for the servicing of the general long-term debt not financed by a specific source.

Capital Projects Fund: To account for the acquisition of property and equipment or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary funds.

Proprietary fund types: Proprietary fund types are used to account for a government's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon income determination, financial position and cash flows.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u>: are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the County has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the County has elected to apply all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements, including those issued on or before November 30, 1989, except for those pronouncements which conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The following is the County's major Enterprise Fund:

Glynns Creek Golf Course Fund: This fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance for the County's 18-hole golf course.

Fiduciary fund types: Fiduciary fund types are used to account for net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary funds of the County are considered agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The County's agency funds consist of the following:

<u>Agricultural Extension Service Fund, Bangs Eradication Fund, City Taxing Districts Fund, Community College Taxing District Fund, Fire Taxing District Fund, School Taxing District Fund, Township Taxing District Fund and Other Taxing Districts Fund:</u> To account for the property taxes collected by the County for the Districts.

<u>City Special Assessments</u>: To account for the special assessment taxes collected by the County on behalf of the City of Davenport.

<u>County Sheriff Agency Fund</u>: To account for the funds received for court services performed by the Sheriff's department.

<u>Community Services Fund</u>: To account for funds for those individuals who are incapable of managing their own affairs.

<u>County Recorder Agency Fund, Motor Vehicle Tax Fund and Use Tax Fund</u>: To account for fees and taxes collected by the County for the state.

Tax Sale Redemption Fund: To account for the tax sale proceeds collected by the County.

<u>Jail Inmate Fund</u>: To account for receipts from the sale of commissary items to inmates and for funds confiscated upon arrest.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the County; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded and the availability criteria. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, charges for sales and services, and miscellaneous revenues are generally recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are measurable and available.

Property taxes are recognized as a receivable at the time an enforceable legal claim is established. This is determined to occur when the budget is certified and approved by the state of lowa. The current tax levy recognized in revenue was certified in March 2004, based on the 2003 assessed valuations. These taxes are due in two installments, on September 30 and March 31, with a 1.5% per month penalty for delinquent payment.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Significant accounting policies:

<u>Pooled cash and investment account</u>: Separate bank accounts and investments are not maintained for all County funds, as certain funds maintain their cash and investment balances in a pooled account. Accounting records are maintained to show the portion of the pooled account attributable to each participating fund.

Earnings on the pooled account are allocated to the General Fund unless statutes require otherwise or the Board of Supervisors has authorized otherwise. These respective allocations are made based on the average balances by fund.

<u>Investments</u>: Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost which approximates fair value. Securities traded on the national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Statement of cash flows</u>: For purposes of cash flows, the County considers its pooled cash and investment accounts as cash equivalents since these accounts have the general characteristics of demand deposits. Also, all highly liquid investments, with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, are considered to be cash equivalents.

Inventories: Inventories are carried at cost, as determined using the first-in, first-out method.

<u>Capital assets</u>: Capital assets, including land, construction-in-progress, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Infrastructure also includes assets acquired prior to June 30, 1980. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an initial useful life of one year or greater. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized in the current fiscal year.

All reported capital assets except land and construction-in-progress are depreciated.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. The estimated useful lives for each capital assets type are as follows:

Buildings 50 years Improvements other than buildings 20 years Infrastructure 10 -100 years Machinery and equipment 5 - 20 years

The County's collection of works of art, library books, and other similar assets are not capitalized. These collections are unencumbered, held for public exhibition and education, protected, cared for and preserved and subject to County policy that requires proceeds from the sale of these items, if any, to be used to acquire other collection items.

<u>Unearned revenue</u>: Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2005, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2006 operations, have been recorded as unearned revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Interfund transactions</u>: Transactions from County funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to County government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved.

Transactions which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Transactions, which constitute the transfer of resources from a fund receiving revenues to a fund through which revenues are to be expended, are separately reported in the respective funds' operating statements.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Noncurrent portions of long-term inter-fund loan receivables are reported as advances. Within the governmental funds, advances are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

Compensated absences: Under terms of the County's personnel policy, County employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based upon length of employment by the County. Vacation days accumulate up to two times the employee's yearly vacation rate, and total accumulated vacation will be paid upon termination of employment. Sick leave accumulates without limit. Employees hired before July 1, 2000 have an option of being paid 50% of all hours above 720 up to a maximum of 1,680 hours or to be paid 25% of all hours available up to a maximum of 1,680 hours. Payment should not exceed 480 hours. The option is not selected until retirement. Employees hired after July 1, 2000 are paid 25% of all hours available up to a maximum of 1,680. Payment should not exceed 420 hours.

For proprietary fund types, these accumulations are recorded as expenses and liabilities of the appropriate fund in the fiscal year earned. The governmental fund types report the amount of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave, which is considered due, as a result of employee retirements and resignations. The amount of the liability not considered due is not reported in the fund financial statements. However, the entire compensated absence liability is reported in the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Fund equity</u>: Reservations of fund balance represent amounts that are not appropriated or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Restrictions of net assets are limited to outside third-party restrictions. Designations of fund balance represents tentative management plans that are subject to change.

<u>Net assets</u>: Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, excludes unspent debt proceeds. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Financial Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The County first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

<u>Bond issue costs</u>: Bond issue costs are amortized over the life of the contract using a method which approximates the interest method.

<u>Budgetary information</u>: Budgets are prepared using the same accounting basis and practices as are used to account for and prepare financial reports for the funds; thus, budgets presented in this report for comparison to actual amounts are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The County uses the following procedures when establishing their operational budget:

- Prior to January 15, each County Officer and department submits budget estimates for the coming
 fiscal year to the Director of Budget and Information Processing. The Director of Budget and
 Information Processing compiles the budget estimates received from the officers and departments
 and presents them to the County Board prior to January 20.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to March 15, the budget is legally adopted by resolution of the County Board.
- The budget may be amended by majority approval of the County Board prior to May 31 after public notice has been published.
- Encumbrances are not recognized in the budget and appropriations lapse at year-end.

The legal level of control is at the program expenditure level. These seven classes are: public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, County environment and education, roads and transportation, governmental services to residents, and administration.

In addition, the County Board must appropriate, by resolution, the budgets for each of the different County offices and departments. Emphasis is placed on monitoring budgets at the departmental level by major class of expenditures, rather than by line item expenditure. County management can approve budget shifts within the major classes but not between major classes. During the year, there were two budget amendments adopted in January and May 2005.

<u>Use of estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general purpose financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 2. Deficit Net Assets

The Enterprise Fund, Glynns Creek Golf Course, had a net asset deficit of \$1,382,467 as of June 30, 2005. The deficit is expected to be eliminated through future earnings of the golf course.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

Interest rate risk: In accordance with the County's investment policy, portfolio maturities shall be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentration of assets in a specific maturity sector. Maturities shall be selected which provide stability of income and reasonable liquidity.

As of June 30, 2005, the County had the following investments:

Investments	Maturities	Fa	Fair Value				
Scott Area Solid Waste Commission Revenue Bond	6/1/2015*	\$	4,385,000				

^{*} The revenue bonds have a call date of June 1, 2005 or after.

<u>Credit risk</u>: The County is authorized by statute to invest in U.S. government and agency obligations, perfected repurchase agreements and commercial paper rated within the two highest prime classifications by at least one of the standard rating services. The County's investment policy does limit them from investing in reverse repurchase agreements, futures and options contracts, inverse floaters, and stripped securities, including principal-only and interest only strips. The County's Scott Area Solid Waste Commission Revenue Bonds as of June 30, 2005 are not rated.

Concentration of credit risk: The County's investment policy is to diversify its investment portfolio to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer, or a specific class of securities. However, the County's policy limits them from investing in prime bankers' acceptances or commercial paper of more than 10% of the investment portfolio and more than 5% of the investment portfolio with a single issuer. In addition, no more than 5% of all amounts invested in commercial paper and other short-term corporate debt shall be invested in paper and debt rated in the second highest classification. The Scott Area Solid Waste Commission Revenue Bonds represent 100% of the County's investments recorded in the Debt Service Fund.

<u>Custodial credit risk</u>: For deposits, this is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. For an investment, custodial credit risk, is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Chapter 12C of the Code of lowa requires all County funds be deposited into an approved depository and be either insured or collateralized. As of June 30, 2005, the County had no deposits or investments subject to custodial credit risk.

The County's discretely presented component units did not own any investments as of June 30, 2005, and had no deposits subject to custodial credit risk.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. Interfund Account Balances

Individual due from and due to other fund balances as of June 30, 2005 are as follows:

	Due From			Due To	
	C	omponent		Primary	
		Unit	Government		
Nonmajor governmental fund, Capital Projects	\$	389,475	\$	-	
Component unit, Public Safety Authority		-		389,475	
	\$	389,475	\$	389,475	

Advances from and to other funds as of June 30, 2005 were as follows:

	A	dvances To	Ad	vances From_
Major governmental fund, General	\$	1,673,314	\$	-
Business-type activity, Glynns Creek Golf Course		-		1,673,314
	\$	1,673,314	\$	1,673,314

Any excess funds generated by the golf course are used to repay interest on this advance.

Note 5. Interfund Transfers

The following is a schedule of transfers as included in the basic financial statements of the County:

	7	ransfers In	Т	ransfers Out
Governmental activities:				
Major governmental funds:				
General	\$	67,231	\$	3,109,320
Secondary roads		2,228,656		-
Nonmajor governmental funds:				
Rural services		-		1,640,529
Recorders management fees		-		261,497
Capital projects		3,539,262		823,803
Total governmental activities	\$	5,835,149	\$	5,835,149

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them or (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Note Receivable

The County issued a note to Greater Davenport Redevelopment Corporation (GDRC) for the purpose of funding operating expenses. The note is due in one annual installment on June 30, 2006 with 4% interest. As of June 30, 2005, the outstanding balance was \$100,000.

Scott County has entered into a subordination agreement with Wells Fargo in regards to the GDRC note. This subordination agreement states that if GDRC defaults on their loan of \$400,000 with Wells Fargo, the County will be unable to collect the \$100,000 note receivable; therefore, the note receivable has been presented as a noncurrent asset.

Note 7. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2005:

Governmental Activities	2	004 Balance	Additions	Deletions	2	2005 Balance
Capital assets not depreciated:						
Land	\$	4,284,987	\$ 80,753	\$ -	\$	4,365,740
Construction-in-progress		34,511	266,984	(281,633)		19,862
Total capital assets not being						
depreciated		4,319,498	347,737	(281,633)		4,385,602
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings		32,821,198	957,096	-		33,778,294
Improvements other than buildings		2,358,146	72,856	-		2,431,002
Infrastructure		65,128,120	6,856,273	-		71,984,393
Machinery and equipment		14,075,251	1,549,199	(1,197,586)		14,426,864
Total capital assets being depreciated		114,382,715	9,435,424	(1,197,586)		122,620,553
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		12,558,244	1,376,669	-		13,934,913
Improvements other than buildings		267,100	131,725	-		398,825
Infrastructure		35,105,457	1,828,060	-		36,933,517
Machinery and equipment		8,329,828	1,362,687	(992,063)		8,700,452
Total accumulated depreciation		56,260,629	4,699,141	(992,063)		59,967,707
Total capital assets being depreciated,						
net		58,122,086	4,736,283	(205,523)		62,652,846
Governmental activities capital assets,				,		
net	\$	62,441,584	\$ 5,084,020	\$ (487,156)	\$	67,038,448

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-Type Activities	20	004 Balance	Additions	Deletions	2	005 Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated,						
land	\$	1,556,336	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,556,336
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings		506,490	-	-		506,490
Improvements other than buildings		663,428	-	-		663,428
Infrastructure		62,374	-	-		62,374
Machinery and equipment		619,860	350,689	-		970,549
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,852,152	350,689	-		2,202,841
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		114,310	10,130	-		124,440
Improvements other than buildings		505,397	12,376	-		517,773
Infrastructure		62,374	-	-		62,374
Machinery and equipment		208,165	109,933	-		318,098
Total accumulated depreciation		890,246	132,439	-		1,022,685
Total capital assets being depreciated,				-		
net		961,906	218,250	-		1,180,156
Business-type activities capital assets,						
net	\$	2,518,242	\$ 218,250	\$ -	\$	2,736,492

A summary of the changes in capital assets of the discretely presented component units is as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Units	20	004 Balance	Additions	Deletions	2	005 Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	16,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$	16,600
Construction-in-progress		-	398,707	-		398,707
Total capital assets not being						
depreciated		16,600	398,707	-		415,307
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings		1,202,595	-	-		1,202,595
Machinery and equipment		336,726	18,762	(26,871)		328,617
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,539,321	18,762	(26,871)		1,531,212
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		60,696	24,052	-		84,748
Machinery and equipment		272,575	23,072	(26,871)		268,776
Total accumulated depreciation		333,271	47,124	(26,871)		353,524
Total capital assets being depreciated,						
net		1,206,050	(28,362)	-		1,177,688
Component units capital assets, net	\$	1,222,650	\$ 370,345	\$ -	\$	1,592,995

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Public safety and legal services	\$ 659,296
Physical health and social services	23,467
Mental health	12,636
County environment and education	368,639
Roads and transportation	2,225,073
Governmental services to residents	82,830
Administration	 1,327,200
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$ 4,699,141
Business-type activities, golf course	\$ 132,439

Note 8. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2005:

\$ 11,777,752 \$ 2,070,263 \$ 2,483,577 \$ 11,364,438 \$ 2,507,983 Balance June 30, 2004 Additions Retirements Balance June 30, 2005 Due Within One Year Business-Type Activities: Capital lease \$ 218,444 \$ 350,689 \$ 93,502 \$ 475,631 \$ 105,104 Purchase contract 2,100,840 - 182,737 1,918,103 200,000 Compensated absences 24,755 14,443 13,096 26,102 13,096			Balance					Balance	D	ue Within
General obligation bonds \$ 9,245,000 \$ - \$ 610,000 \$ 8,635,000 \$ 635,000 Compensated absences 1,713,272 1,156,662 1,031,736 1,838,198 1,041,517 Claims payable 819,480 913,601 841,841 891,240 831,466 \$ 11,777,752 \$ 2,070,263 \$ 2,483,577 \$ 11,364,438 \$ 2,507,983 Balance June 30, 2004 Additions Retirements June 30, 2005 One Year Business-Type Activities: Capital lease \$ 218,444 \$ 350,689 \$ 93,502 \$ 475,631 \$ 105,104 Purchase contract 2,100,840 - 182,737 1,918,103 200,000 Compensated absences 24,755 14,443 13,096 26,102 13,096		,	July 1, 2004	Additions		Deletions	J	une 30, 2005	(One Year
Compensated absences 1,713,272 1,156,662 1,031,736 1,838,198 1,041,517 Claims payable 819,480 913,601 841,841 891,240 831,466 \$11,777,752 \$2,070,263 \$2,483,577 \$11,364,438 \$2,507,983 Business-Type Activities: Capital lease \$218,444 \$350,689 \$93,502 \$475,631 \$105,104 Purchase contract 2,100,840 - 182,737 1,918,103 200,000 Compensated absences 24,755 14,443 13,096 26,102 13,096			•					·		
Claims payable 819,480 913,601 841,841 891,240 831,466 \$11,777,752 \$2,070,263 \$2,483,577 \$11,364,438 \$2,507,983 Business-Type Activities: Capital lease \$218,444 \$350,689 \$93,502 \$475,631 \$105,104 Purchase contract 2,100,840 - 182,737 1,918,103 200,000 Compensated absences 24,755 14,443 13,096 26,102 13,096	General obligation bonds	\$	9,245,000	\$ -	\$	610,000	\$	8,635,000	\$	635,000
\$ 11,777,752 \$ 2,070,263 \$ 2,483,577 \$ 11,364,438 \$ 2,507,983 Balance June 30, 2004 Additions Retirements Balance June 30, 2005 Due Within One Year Business-Type Activities: Capital lease \$ 218,444 \$ 350,689 \$ 93,502 \$ 475,631 \$ 105,104 Purchase contract 2,100,840 - 182,737 1,918,103 200,000 Compensated absences 24,755 14,443 13,096 26,102 13,096	Compensated absences		1,713,272	1,156,662		1,031,736		1,838,198		1,041,517
Balance June 30, 2004 Additions Retirements Balance June 30, 2005 Due Within One Year Business-Type Activities: Capital lease \$ 218,444 \$ 350,689 \$ 93,502 \$ 475,631 \$ 105,104 Purchase contract 2,100,840 - 182,737 1,918,103 200,000 Compensated absences 24,755 14,443 13,096 26,102 13,096	Claims payable		819,480	913,601		841,841		891,240		831,466
Business-Type Activities: June 30, 2004 Additions Retirements June 30, 2005 One Year Capital lease \$ 218,444 \$ 350,689 \$ 93,502 \$ 475,631 \$ 105,104 Purchase contract 2,100,840 - 182,737 1,918,103 200,000 Compensated absences 24,755 14,443 13,096 26,102 13,096	-	\$	11,777,752	\$ 2,070,263	\$	2,483,577	\$	11,364,438	\$:	2,507,983
Business-Type Activities: June 30, 2004 Additions Retirements June 30, 2005 One Year Capital lease \$ 218,444 \$ 350,689 \$ 93,502 \$ 475,631 \$ 105,104 Purchase contract 2,100,840 - 182,737 1,918,103 200,000 Compensated absences 24,755 14,443 13,096 26,102 13,096			5.					5.	_	18444
Business-Type Activities: Capital lease \$ 218,444 \$ 350,689 \$ 93,502 \$ 475,631 \$ 105,104 Purchase contract 2,100,840 - 182,737 1,918,103 200,000 Compensated absences 24,755 14,443 13,096 26,102 13,096										
Capital lease \$ 218,444 \$ 350,689 \$ 93,502 \$ 475,631 \$ 105,104 Purchase contract 2,100,840 - 182,737 1,918,103 200,000 Compensated absences 24,755 14,443 13,096 26,102 13,096	_	<u>J</u> ı	une 30, 2004	Additions	F	Retirements	J	une 30, 2005	(One Year
Purchase contract 2,100,840 - 182,737 1,918,103 200,000 Compensated absences 24,755 14,443 13,096 26,102 13,096	Business-Type Activities:									
Compensated absences 24,755 14,443 13,096 26,102 13,096	Capital lease	\$	218,444	\$ 350,689	\$	93,502	\$	475,631	\$	105,104
	Purchase contract		2,100,840	-		182,737		1,918,103		200,000
	Compensated absences		24,755	14,443		13,096		26,102		13,096
		\$	2,344,039	\$ 365,132	\$	289,335	\$	2,419,836	\$	318,200
Balance Balance Due Within										
June 30, 2004 Additions Retirements June 30, 2005 One Year	_	_ <u>J</u>	une 30, 2004	Additions	F	Retirements	J	une 30, 2005	(One Year
Discretely Presented Component Units Activities,	•									
compensated absences <u>\$ 140,242 \$ 50,091 \$ 49,522 \$ 140,811 \$ 46,495</u>	compensated absences	\$	140,242	\$ 50,091	\$	49,522	\$	140,811	\$	46,495

General obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2005 consist of \$4,385,000 of solid waste disposal bonds with interest at rates ranging from 5.0 percent to 5.7 percent and \$4,250,000 of general obligation urban renewal bonds with interest at rates ranging from 2.3 percent to 4.6 percent.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Compensated absences and claims payable attributable to governmental activities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

The debt service requirements on the bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2005 are as follows:

Year ending June 30:	Principal Principal			Interest	Total	
	•	205.222	•	440.075	•	4 0 47 075
2006	\$	635,000	\$	412,075	\$	1,047,075
2007		670,000		385,105		1,055,105
2008		700,000		355,775		1,055,775
2009		735,000		323,925		1,058,925
2010		770,000		289,433		1,059,433
2011-2015		4,245,000		833,845		5,078,845
2016-2017		880,000		60,750		940,750
Total	\$	8,635,000	\$	2,660,908	\$	11,295,908

The computation of the County's legal margin as of June 30, 2005 is as follows:

January 2003 assessed valuation	\$ 8,581,711,922
Less military exemption	19,458,038
Total assessed value	\$ 8,562,253,884
Debt limit, 5% of assessed valuation (lowa statutory limitation)	\$ 428,112,694
Total amount of debt applicable to debt margin	8,635,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 419,477,694

In May 1990, the County entered into an agreement to lease certain land of the County to a golf course developer. The agreement, which expires April 30, 2030, required the developer to make a one-time payment to the County of \$10 and to make deposits into various escrow accounts to pay for the construction of the golf course on the leased ground.

Simultaneously, the County entered into a lease purchase contract with the developer for the acquisition of the golf course. This agreement was to provide the financing for the project. The final agreement (as refinanced in 1993) between the County and Boatmen's Trust Company requires the County to make varying semiannual rental payments through May 1, 2013. The terms of the lease purchase contract provide that should the County fail to make an annual appropriation for any year before the beginning of that year in an amount sufficient, together with amounts budgeted to be available for such purpose in the Enterprise Fund, for the scheduled payments coming due during that year, the agreement shall terminate as of the beginning of that year.

The County may at any time during this agreement pay the total prepayment price at which time the land lease is canceled.

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A schedule of annual principal and interest payments under this agreement and the prepayment price at the end of each year is as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Total Payment Principal		Interest		Prepayment Price		
2006	\$	321,180	\$ 200,000	\$	121,180	\$	1,775,000
2007		319,180	210,000		109,180		1,565,000
2008		321,580	225,000		96,580		1,340,000
2009		318,080	235,000		83,080		1,105,000
2010		318,510	250,000		68,510		855,000
2011		323,010	270,000		53,010		585,000
2012		321,271	285,000		36,271		300,000
2013		318,600	300,000		18,600		=
Scheduled cash payments		2,561,411	1,975,000		586,411	-	
Unamortized discount and bond							
issue costs		-	(56,897)		56,897		
	\$	2,561,411	\$ 1,918,103	\$	643,308	=	

The original contract included a purchase contract for certain equipment. This contract was refinanced in 2001 and again in 2004. The current agreement requires annual payments of \$48,460, including interest of 4.99% through July 2008. A schedule of annual principal and interest payments under this agreement as of the end of the year is as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Tota	al Payment	Principal	Interest		
2006	\$	48,460	\$ 39,869	\$	8,591	
2007		48,460	41,862		6,598	
2008		48,460	43,955		4,505	
2009		48,460	46,153		2,307	
	\$	193,840	\$ 171,839	\$	22,001	

The County also entered into two separate agreements to lease certain equipment to be used in the operation of the golf course. One agreement requires annual payments of \$24,511, including interest of 3.85% through August 2009. The other agreement requires annual payments of \$53,000 including interest of 8.63% through July 2009. A schedule of annual principal and interest payments under this agreement at the end of each year is as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Tota	al Payment	Principal	Interest		
2006	\$	77,511	\$ 65,235	\$	12,276	
2007		77,511	61,126		16,385	
2008		77,511	65,409		12,102	
2009		77,511	70,025		7,486	
2010		44,511	41,997		2,514	
	\$	354,555	\$ 303,792	\$	50,763	

Note 9. Retirement System

The County and its component units contribute to the lowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the state of lowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 3.70% of their annual covered salary and the County is required to contribute 5.75% of annual covered payroll, except for law enforcement employees, in which case the percentages are 8.535% and 8.535%, respectively. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The County's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2005, 2004 and 2003 were \$1,134,104, \$1,038,761 and \$1,009,623, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Note 10. Deferred Compensation Plan

The County (and its component units) offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all County (and component unit) employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Effective January 1, 1997, the plan was amended to comply with IRC Section 457(g) which provides for the assets to be placed in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. Under these new requirements, the County is no longer fiduciarily accountable for the amount deferred by employees and, therefore, the liability and corresponding investment are not reflected in the financial statements.

Note 11. Risk Management and Insurance

The County is self-insured for general and automobile liability, property and workers' compensation claims. This activity is accounted for within the County's General Fund. Charges were made to the operating funds based upon actual claims, historical claim experience and estimated claims incurred and not yet reported for general and automobile liability, property and worker's compensation. Unemployment claims were charged quarterly to the applicable funds based upon actual claims as assessed by the state. Claim settlement and loss expenses are accrued in the General Fund for the estimated settlement value of general, automobile liability, property and workers' compensation claims reported and unreported arising from incidents during the year except for the long-term portion of such estimated claim settlements which are recorded in the government-wide statements until amounts are due and spendable resources become available to liquidate such liabilities.

Self-insurance is in effect up to a stop loss amount of approximately \$300,000 per claim for general and automobile liability, \$100,000 per claim for property and \$400,000 per claim for workers' compensation. Coverage from a private insurance company is maintained for losses in excess of the aggregate stop loss amount with \$9,700,000 maximum coverage on general and automobile liability, \$71,757,564 maximum coverage on property and \$2,000,000 maximum coverage on workers' compensation. All claim's handling procedures are performed by the County.

The County is commercially insured for health benefits. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 11. Risk Management and Insurance (Continued)

As of June 30, 2005, the amount of liabilities recorded for estimated claim settlements for general, automobile, property, and workers' compensation liability claims was \$891,240 of which \$4,551 was recorded in the General Fund and \$886,689 was recorded on the government-wide statement of net assets. The County has designated \$886,689 of General Fund balance for payment of future claims liability.

The changes in the aggregate liabilities for claims for the years ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 are as follows:

	 Self-Insurance						
	 2005						
Claims payable, beginning of year Claims expense and change in reserve Claims payments	\$ 819,480 913,601 (841,841)	\$	1,132,278 399,760 (712,558)				
Claims payable, end of year	\$ 891,240	\$	819,480				
1 7 7	 						

The Emergency Management Agency, County Library, County Assessor, County Assessor Special, City Assessor, City Assessor Special and Public Safety Authority component units of the County have transferred risk by purchasing commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 12. Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the County has issued revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the County, the state, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2005, there were six series of revenue bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal balance of the revenue bonds outstanding is \$21,875,000.

Note 13. Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission Agreement

In June 1995, the County issued \$7,100,000 in General Obligation County Solid Waste Disposal Bonds for which the County pledged its full faith and credit and power to levy direct general ad valorem taxes without limit as to rate or amount. The total amount of the bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2005 is \$4,385,000.

The County loaned the proceeds from the sale of the bonds to the Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission ("the Commission") for the acquisition, construction and equipping of a material recovery system, recovery facility and a new landfill ("the Project") pursuant to the Financing Agreement by and between the County and the Commission. To obligate itself under the Financing Agreement, the Commission issued a \$7,100,000 Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bond to the County pursuant to a resolution dated April 11, 1995. The repayment of the Revenue Bond, as shown as an investment in the Debt Service Fund, corresponds to the payment of the Bonds by the County and \$4,385,000 remains outstanding as of June 30, 2005.

Note 13. Scott Area Solid Waste Management Commission Agreement (Continued)

Under the terms of the Financing Agreement, dated April 11, 1995, the Commission is obligated to establish rates, charges and fees sufficient to pay the cost of operations and maintenance of the Project and to leave net revenues sufficient to pay the semiannual debt service requirements of the bonds. In the event that net revenues are insufficient to pay 100% of the debt service on the bonds, the Commission is obligated to pay the County from other funds it has legally available, including the Reserve Fund, which is equal to the maximum annual debt service requirement on the bonds due in any remaining fiscal year. If the Commission does not have sufficient funds to pay 100% of the debt service on the bonds when due, the County is obligated to pay such deficiency from and of its funds legally available. Any amounts which are paid by the County for debt service payments on the bonds must be reimbursed by the Commission out of future net revenues of the Project or other Commission funds which become available.

In the event future net revenues or other Commission funds are insufficient to repay the County, each of the Members of the Commission have obligated itself to repay the County its pro rata share of the deficiency from rates imposed on each property within its jurisdiction. The Financing Agreement may not be terminated so long as the bonds are outstanding.

Financial statements of the Commission may be obtained by contacting Scott Area Solid Waste Commission, 11555 110th Avenue, Davenport, Iowa 52804.

Note 14. Litigation

The County is a defendant in several claims and lawsuits. In the opinion of the County Attorney and management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the future financial statements of the County.

Note 15. Commitments and Contingency

The County has financial commitments relating to various road and bridge construction and maintenance projects that are estimated to be approximately \$1,005,402.

The Public Safety Authority, a discretely presented component unit, has financial commitments relating to the jail expansion construction that are estimated to be approximately \$1,460,000.

Note 16. Operating Lease Commitments

The County leases office space for juvenile court services under a noncancelable operating lease agreement which expires March 31, 2011. Rents are based on a price per square foot for the basic shell including common areas, which increases annually, plus a price per square foot for property taxes, insurance, and normal maintenance of the property. The total rentals paid under this agreement amounted to \$96,810 for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Note 16. Operating Lease Commitments (Continued)

The total minimum lease commitment as of June 30, 2005, is as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2006	\$ 79,564
2007	82,595
2008	85,626
2009	88,657
2010	91,688
2011	70,471
	\$ 498,601

Note 17. New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements and Pending Pronouncements

The County adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, during the year ended June 30, 2005. The adoption of this Statement required the County to modify their disclosure related to investment risks related to credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, deposit risk, and foreign currency risk.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has also issued several statements not yet implemented by the County. The statements which might impact the County are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 42, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries, issued November 2003, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2006. This Statement requires governments to report the effects of capital asset impairment in their financial statements when it occurs and requires all governments to account for insurance recoveries in the same manner.

GASB Statement No. 43, Financial Reporting For Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, issued April 2004, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2008. This Statement establishes uniform financial reporting standards for other postemployment benefit plans (OPEB plans) and supersedes existing guidance.

GASB Statement No. 44, *Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section*, issued May 2004, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2006. This Statement improves the understandability and usefulness of statistical section information by addressing the comparability problems that have developed in practice and by adding information from the new financial reporting model required by Statement No. 34 and related statements.

GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, issued June 2004, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2009. This Statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of other postemeployment benefits expenses and related liabilities or assets, note disclosures and, if applicable, required supplementary information in the financial reports.

Note 17. New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements and Pending Pronouncements (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 46, *Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation*, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 34, issued December 2004, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2006. The purpose of Statement No. 46 is to help governments determine when net assets have been restricted to a particular use by the passage of enabling legislation and to specify how those net assets should be reported in financial statements when there are changes in the circumstances surrounding such legislation.

GASB Statement No. 47, *Accounting for Termination Benefits*, issued June 2005, will be effective for the County beginning with its year ending June 30, 2006. This Statement establishes accounting standards for termination benefits. In financial statements prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, employers should recognize a liability and expense for voluntary termination benefits (early retirement incentives) when the offer is accepted and the amount can be estimated. A liability for involuntary termination benefits (severance benefits) should be recognized when a plan of termination has been approved by those with the authority to commit the government to the plan, the plan has been communicated to the employees, and the amount can be estimated. In financial statements prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, liabilities and expenditures for termination benefits should be recognized to the extent the liabilities are normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

The County's management has not yet determined the effect these Statements will have on the County's financial statements.

Note 18. Uncertainty

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, management became aware of the existence of certain unauthorized transactions within a department of the County. The transactions, which were accounted for and reported through a fiduciary fund of the County, are currently under investigation. The investigation is currently in an early stage and management is uncertain regarding the total amount of the unauthorized transactions and the extent of any potential recovery. However, at this time, management does not believe the effect of these transactions would be material to the financial statements

Note 19. Authorized Bonds

On November 2, 2004, the County of Scott, lowa voters approved the Scott County Public Safety Authority to issue revenue bonds not to exceed \$29.7 million to renovate and expand existing jail facilities. It is anticipated the issuance of these bonds will take place in January 2006.

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Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule All Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2005

			ıdget		_ Go	overnmental Fund		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
D		Original		Final		Types Actual		(Unfavorable)
Revenues:	Φ.	05 007 044	Φ.	05 007 044	•	05 005 005	•	(400, 470)
Property taxes	\$	25,997,241	\$	25,997,241	\$	25,895,065	\$	(102,176)
Local option sales tax		3,570,210		3,570,210		3,418,462		(151,748)
Other taxes		2,348,761 559,000		2,348,761 559,000		2,192,673 837,554		(156,088) 278,554
Interest and penalties on taxes		16,539,000		17,781,674		637,554 17,899,516		276,554 117,842
Intergovernmental		4,994,980		4,994,980		4,336,407		
Charges for services Investment earnings		4,994,980		4,994,980 434,768				(658,573) 303,392
Licenses and permits		434,766		434,766		738,160 529,000		303,392 120,720
Rentals and fees		406,260 131,950		400,200 131,950		124,758		(7,192)
Other		340,767		440,767		695,374		(7,192) 254,607
Total revenues		55,324,999		56,667,631		56,666,969		(662)
Total Teveriues		55,524,999		30,007,031		50,000,909		(002)
Expenditures: Current:								
Public safety and legal services		15,960,225		16,720,332		16,507,338		212.994
Physical health and social services		5,744,453		5,844,453		5,398,110		446,343
Mental health		13,160,374		13,160,374		12,673,353		487,021
County environment and education		3,746,490		3,746,490		3,554,450		192,040
Roads and transportation		3,916,900		4,016,900		3,915,398		101,502
Government services to residents		1,801,748		1,855,113		1,765,623		89,490
Administration		7,171,510		7,216,510		6,815,170		401,340
Capital outlay		5,666,508		6,240,033		5,583,383		656,650
Debt service		1,046,926		1,046,926		1,046,926		· -
Total expenditures		58,215,134		59,847,131		57,259,751		2,587,380
Excess (deficiency) of revenue								
over expenditures		(2,890,135)		(3,179,500)		(592,782)		2,586,718
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		6,169,651		6,169,651		5,835,149		(334,502)
Transfers out		(6,169,651)		(6,169,651)		(5,835,149)		334,502
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	\$	(2,890,135)	\$	(3,179,500)	\$	(592,782)	\$	2,586,718

See Note to Required Supplementary Information.

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the County Board of Supervisors annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all governmental funds. The budget basis of accounting is in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon nine major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These nine functions are: public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, County environment and education, roads and transportation, government services to residents, administration, capital outlay, and debt service. Function expenditures required to be budgeted do not include expenses for the enterprise fund. The legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not at the fund or fund type level. During the year, two budget amendments increased budgeted expenditures by \$1,631,997. The budget amendment was primarily due to changes in capital projects and to allow for spending authority for various state and federal pass-through public safety grants.

During the year ended June 30, 2005, expenditures/expenses did not exceed the amounts budgeted in the general government functions.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2005

	Special Revenue					
	Rural			Recorders		
		Services		Management		
	Fund			Fees Fund		Debt Service
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	114,070	\$	117,636	\$	4,486,105
Receivables, property taxes		2,077,322		-		783,232
Due from component unit		-		-		· <u>-</u>
Due from other governmental agencies		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	2,191,392	\$	117,636	\$	5,269,337
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_
Deferred revenue	*	2,077,209	*	_	*	783,133
Total liabilities		2,077,209		-		783,133
Fund balances:						
Reserved for debt service		_		_		4,486,204
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Special revenue funds Capital Projects Fund		114,183 -		117,636 -		-
		114,183		117,636		4,486,204
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,191,392	\$	117,636	\$	5,269,337

Capital Projects	Total				
\$ 3,010,649	\$ 7,728,460				
-	2,860,554				
389,475	389,475				
26,473	26,473				
\$ 3,426,597	\$ 11,004,962				
\$ 101,218	\$ 101,218				
21,818	2,882,160				
123,036	2,983,378				
-	4,486,204				
-	231,819				
3,303,561	3,303,561				
3,303,561	8,021,584				
\$ 3,426,597	\$ 11,004,962				

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Special Revenue					
	Rural			Recorders		
		Services		Management		
	Fund			Fees Fund	Debt Service	
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	1,907,855	\$	-	\$	411,688
Other taxes		73,638		-		19,864
Intergovernmental		96,424		-		273,486
Charges for services		=		41,834		-
Investment earnings		-		4,836		-
Other, primarily refunds and reimbursements		-		-		
Total revenues		2,077,917		46,670		705,038
Expenditures:						
Current, County environment and education		440,685		-		<u>-</u>
Capital outlay		-		_		_
Debt service:						
Principal		_		_		610,000
Interest		_		_		436,926
Total expenditures		440,685		-		1,046,926
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		1,637,232		46,670		(341,888)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		_		-		_
Transfers out		(1,640,529)		(261,497)		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,640,529)		(261,497)		
		(1,010,020)		(==:,:::)		
Net change in fund balances		(3,297)		(214,827)		(341,888)
Fund balances, beginning of year		117,480		332,463		4,828,092
Fund balances, end of year	\$	114,183	\$	117,636	\$	4,486,204

Capital Projects	Total					
\$ -	\$	2,319,543				
904,896		998,398				
650,911		1,020,821				
=		41,834				
21,313		26,149				
121,380		121,380				
1,698,500		4,528,125				
=		440,685				
3,681,256		3,681,256				
=		610,000				
 -		436,926				
 3,681,256		5,168,867				
 (1,982,756)		(640,742)				
3,539,262		3,539,262				
(823,803)		(2,725,829)				
2,715,459		813,433				
• •		•				
732,703		172,691				
2,570,858		7,848,893				
\$ 3,303,561	\$	8,021,584				

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Balance June 30,						Balance June 30,
Agricultural Extension Service Fund Assets		2004		Additions		Deletions		2005
Cash and investments	\$	1,704	\$	360,756	\$	358,148	\$	4,312
Receivables, property taxes		363,998		376,776		363,998		376,776
Total assets	\$	365,702	\$	737,532	\$	722,146	\$	381,088
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	365,702	\$	737,532	\$	722,146	\$	381,088
Bangs Eradication Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	10,349	\$	22,061	\$	21,626	\$	10,784
Receivables, property taxes		22,266		22,922		22,266		22,922
Total assets	\$	32,615	\$	44,983	\$	43,892	\$	33,706
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	32,615	\$	44,983	\$	43,892	\$	33,706
City Taxing Districts Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	281,846	\$	73,911,677	\$	73,272,452	\$	921,071
Receivables, property taxes		74,624,028		77,538,402		74,624,027		77,538,403
Total assets	\$	74,905,874	\$	151,450,079	\$	147,896,479	\$	78,459,474
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	74,905,874	\$	151,450,079	\$	147,896,479	\$	78,459,474
Community College Taxing District Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	16,639	\$	3,266,897	\$	3,244,506	\$	39,030
Receivables, property taxes	Ψ	3,296,306	Ψ	3,396,155	Ψ	3,296,307	•	3,396,154
Total assets	\$	3,312,945	\$	6,663,052	\$	6,540,813	\$	3,435,184
				· ·				
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	3,312,945	\$	6,663,052	\$	6,540,813	\$	3,435,184
Fire Taxing District Fund Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	2,230	\$	273,182	\$	271,134	\$	4,278
Receivables, property taxes Total assets	\$	275,087 277,317	\$	278,312 551,494	\$	275,087 546,221	\$	278,312 282,590
10141 455615	Ψ	211,311	φ	551,484	φ	J40,221	Ψ	202,390
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	277,317	\$	551,495	\$	546,222	\$	282,590

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2005

School Taxing District Fund		Balance June 30, 2004		Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2005
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	415,068	\$	88,757,240	\$	88,102,855	\$ 1,069,453
Receivables, property taxes		89,584,157		91,654,752		89,584,158	91,654,751
Total assets	\$	89,999,225	\$	180,411,992	\$	177,687,013	\$ 92,724,204
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	89,999,225	\$	180,412,517	\$	177,687,538	\$ 92,724,204
Township Taxing District Fund Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	1,357	\$	156,061	\$	155,002	\$ 2,416
Receivables, property taxes		156,006		154,056		156,006	154,056
Total assets	\$	157,363	\$	310,117	\$	311,008	\$ 156,472
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	157,363	\$	310,155	\$	311,046	\$ 156,472
Other Taxing Districts Fund Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	13,772	\$	16,535,483	\$	16,427,819	\$ 121,436
Receivables, property taxes	·	26,642	·	147,178	·	26,642	147,178
Total assets	\$	40,414	\$	16,682,661	\$	16,454,461	\$ 268,614
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	8,203	\$	21,358	\$	14,681	\$ 14,880
Due to other governmental agencies		32,211		16,661,302		16,439,779	253,734
Total liabilities	\$	40,414	\$	16,682,660	\$	16,454,460	\$ 268,614
City Special Assessments Fund							
Assets, cash and investments	\$	89,273	\$	1,631,912	\$	1,517,502	\$ 203,683
Liabilities, due to other governmental	•	00.075	•	4.004.615	•	4.547.555	000.005
agencies	\$	89,273	\$	1,631,912	\$	1,517,502	\$ 203,683

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2005

County Recorder Agency Fund		Balance June 30, 2004		Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2005
Assets		2004		/ taditions		Deletions	
Cash and investments	\$	152,710	\$	1,496,561	\$	1,494,588	\$ 154,683
Receivables, accounts		-		1,502,188		1,502,188	-
Total assets	\$	152,710	\$	2,998,749	\$	2,996,776	\$ 154,683
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	152,710	\$	1,496,561	\$	1,494,588	\$ 154,683
County Sheriff Agency Fund Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	61,630	\$	14,103,880	\$	14,008,539	\$ 156,971
Liabilities, accounts payable	\$	61,630	\$	7,426,603	\$	7,331,262	\$ 156,971
Motor Vehicle Tax Fund							
Assets, cash and investments	\$	1,549,829	\$	19,514,978	\$	19,625,410	\$ 1,439,397
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	1,549,829	\$	19,514,978	\$	19,625,410	\$ 1,439,397
Original Band Issue Facusty Fund							
Original Bond Issue Escrow Fund Assets, cash and investments	\$	1,800	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,800
Liabilities, accounts payable	\$	1,800	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,800
Tax Sale Redemption Fund							
Assets, cash and investments	\$	18,359	\$	305,962	\$	257,283	\$ 67,038
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$	18,359	\$	305,962	\$	257,283	\$ 67,038
ago:10100	-	10,000	<u> </u>	000,002	<u> </u>	201,200	 51,000

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Balance June 30, 2004	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2005
Use Tax Fund				
Assets, cash and investments	\$ 1,390,552	\$ 15,951,217	\$ 16,065,916	\$ 1,275,853
Liabilities, due to other governmental agencies	\$ 1,390,552	\$ 15,951,217	\$ 16,065,916	\$ 1,275,853
Community Services Fund Assets, cash and investments	\$ 255,626	\$ 153,623	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 409,249
Liabilities, due to private individuals	\$ 255,626	\$ 153,623	\$ -	\$ 409,249
Jail Inmate Fund				
Assets, cash and investment	\$ 15,981	\$ 14,892	\$ -	\$ 30,873
Liabilities, due to private individuals	\$ 15,981	\$ 14,892	\$ -	\$ 30,873
Total Combined Funds Assets				
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 4,278,725	\$ 236,456,382	\$ 234,822,780	\$ 5,912,327
Property taxes Accounts	168,348,490 -	173,568,553 1,502,188	168,348,491 1,502,188	173,568,552 -
Total assets	\$ 172,627,215	\$ 411,527,123	\$ 404,673,459	\$ 179,480,879
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 71,633	\$ 7,447,961	\$ 7,345,943	\$ 173,651
Due to other governmental agencies	172,283,975	395,731,745	389,148,614	178,867,106
Due to private individuals	 271,607	168,515	-	440,122
Total liabilities	\$ 172,627,215	\$ 403,348,221	\$ 396,494,557	\$ 179,480,879

Combining Balance Sheet and Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets Discretely Presented Component Units June 30, 2005

Assets		mergency Manage- ment Agency	County Library	County Assessor			
Cash and investments	\$	189,891	\$	443,961	\$	295,920	
Receivables, property taxes	Ψ	-	Ψ	246	Ψ	562,357	
Due from other governmental agencies		8,297		97,358		-	
Total assets	\$	198,188	\$	541,565	\$	858,277	
Liabilities and Fund Balance Liabilities:	•	202	•		•	0.000	
Accounts payable	\$	396	\$	111,559	\$	2,090	
Accrued liabilities		4,077		28,644		29,849	
Deferred revenue		-		-		562,309	
Due to primary government Total liabilities		4,473		140,203		<u>-</u> 594,248	
Total Habilities		4,473		140,203		594,246	
Fund balances, unreserved, undesignated		193,715		401,362		264,029	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	198,188	\$	541,565	\$	858,277	
Reconciliation to statement of net assets:							
Total component unit fund balances	\$	193,715	\$	401,362	\$	264,029	
Amounts reported for governmental activities	•	,.	•	,	•		
in the statement of net assets are different because:							
Capital assets used in governmental activities							
are not financial resources and, therefore, are							
not reported in the funds:							
Capital assets:							
Land		-		16,600		-	
Construction-in-progress		-		9,232		-	
Buildings		-		1,202,595		-	
Machinery and equipment		42,046		176,110		-	
Accumulated depreciation		(39,154)		(240,862)		-	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay							
for current period expenditures and, therefore,							
are deferred in the funds, deferred revenue		-		-		1,873	
Liabilities not due and payable in the current		=				/	
period are not reported in the funds, compensated absences		(9,742)		(18,166)		(63,468)	
Total net assets	\$	186,865	\$	1,546,871	\$	202,434	

County Assessor Special	City Assessor	City Assessor Special	Public Safety Authority	Total
\$ 345,870 125,596	\$ 307,857 627,890	\$ 116,395 211,219	\$ 75 -	\$ 1,699,969 1,527,308
-	-	-	-	105,655
\$ 471,466	\$ 935,747	\$ 327,614	\$ 75	\$ 3,332,932
\$ -	\$ 21,071	\$ 21,161	\$ 75	\$ 156,352
-	-	-	-	62,570
125,585	627,785	211,183	- 389,475	1,526,862 389,475
 125,585	648,856	232,344	389,550	2,135,259
 120,000	040,000	202,044	309,330	2,100,209
345,881	286,891	95,270	(389,475)	1,197,673
\$ 471,466	\$ 935,747	\$ 327,614	\$ 75	\$ 3,332,932
\$ 345,881	\$ 286,891	\$ 95,270	\$ (389,475)	\$ 1,197,673
-	-	-	- 389,475	16,600
-	-	-	389,475	398,707 1,202,595
- -	110,461	-	-	328,617
-	(73,508)	-	-	(353,524)
	•			· · · · · ·
-	5,063	-	-	6,936
-	(49,435)	-	-	(140,811)
\$ 345,881	\$ 279,472	\$ 95,270	\$ -	\$ 2,656,793

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and Reconciliation to Statement of Activities - Discretely Presented Component Units Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Emergency Manage- ment Agency		County Library
Revenue:	•		Φ.	
Property taxes Other taxes	\$	-	Þ	-
Intergovernmental		66,430		966.648
Charges for services		-		13,162
Other, primarily sale of noncapital assets		42,426		3,564
Total revenue		108,856		983,374
Expenditures: Current: Public safety and legal services County environment and education Government services to residents		116,221 -		- 1,050,505 -
Total expenditures		116,221		1,050,505
Net change in fund balances		(7,365)		(67,131)
Fund balances, beginning of year		201,080		468,493
Fund balances, end of year	\$	193,715	\$	401,362
Reconciliation to statement of activities, net change in fund balances	\$	(7,365)	\$	(67,131)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following is the detail of the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year: Capital outlay Depreciation		(3,853)		9,232 (28,650)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds		-		-
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the component unit, change in compensated absences				
Changes in net assets of component units		(1,754)		(2,450)
	\$	(12,972)	\$	(88,999)

	County Assessor		County Assessor Special	City Assessor		City Assessor Special		Public Safety Authority		Total
\$	429,448 18,627 17,053	\$	175,212 7,600 6,864	\$ 628,341 35,023 20,981	\$	149,061 8,308 5,068	\$	- - -	\$	1,382,062 69,558 1,083,044
_	1,764 - 466,892		- - 189,676	5,028 689,373		- - 162,437		- - -		14,926 51,018 2,600,608
	_		-	_		_		389,475		505,696
	- 559,805		- 18,535	- 707,663		- 229,682		· -		1,050,505 1,515,685
	559,805		18,535	707,663		229,682		389,475		3,071,886
	(92,913)		171,141	(18,290)		(67,245)		(389,475)		(471,278)
	356,942		174,740	305,181		162,515		-		1,668,951
\$	264,029	\$	345,881	\$ 286,891	\$	95,270	\$	(389,475)	\$	1,197,673
\$	(92,913)	\$	171,141	\$ (18,290)	\$	(67,245)	\$	(389,475)	\$	(471,278)
	- -		- -	18,762 (14,621)		- -		389,475 -		417,469 (47,124)
	(440)		-	1,175		-		-		735
	106		_	3,529		_		_		(569)
\$	(93,247)	\$	 171,141	\$ (9,445)	\$	(67,245)	\$		\$	(100,767)
<u> </u>	(00,211)	Ψ.	11.1,1.1	 (0,1.0/	-	(01,210)	-		<u> </u>	1.00,1017



Government-Wide Expenses By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Public Safety and Legal Services	Safety Health and and Legal Social		Mental Health		County Environment and Education	Roads and Trans- portation	
2002-03 (1) 2003-04 2004-05	\$ 14,416,219 15,359,610 17,378,230	\$	5,354,508 5,599,865 5,433,189	\$ 12,560,244 12,464,838 12,689,373	\$	4,077,028 4,179,381 3,978,818	\$	5,319,941 5,322,321 6,514,158

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal year 2003 was the first year of government-wide statements.

Government Services to Residents	Ad	dministration	De	ebt Service	Golf	Total
\$ 1,728,824 1,834,390 1,853,466	\$	6,864,076 8,182,576 9,848,118	\$	498,341 457,073 434,854	\$ 964,728 988,195 1,074,754	\$ 51,783,909 54,388,249 59,204,960

Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Charges for Sales and Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Taxes	State Shared Revenues
2003 (1)	\$ 6,162,037	\$ 5,448,938	\$ 1,329,326	\$ 37,002,967	\$ 2,804,003
2004	5,945,750	8,544,625	706,004	36,652,244	2,851,114
2005	5,873,453	8,857,256	6,519,732	37,595,402	2,909,524

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal year 2003 was the first year of government-wide statements.

С	ontribution					
	From	Ir	nvestment			
S	olid Waste		Earnings	Mis	scellaneous	Total
\$	289,800	\$	521,265	\$	656,813	\$ 54,215,149
	274,703		367,885		738,062	56,080,387
	258,703		786,113		824,119	63.624.302

General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Physical				
Fiscal Year	Public Safety and Legal Services (2)		Physical Health and Education (2)		Health and Social Services (2)		Mental Health		Social Services (2)
1995-96	\$	9,707,673	\$ 2,287,912	\$	-	\$	9,707,547	\$	1,079,838
1996-97		9,182,380	2,348,643		-		9,829,781		1,161,225
1997-98		9,452,170	3,139,497		-		10,072,368		1,290,668
1998-99		10,277,713	2,443,397		-		9,903,740		1,769,356
1999-00		10,625,223	2,822,211		-		10,574,774		1,671,305
2000-01		12,247,225	3,489,652		-		11,615,292		1,815,698
2001-02		12,490,629	3,846,548		-		12,507,653		1,828,677
2002-03		13,584,142	-		5,279,964		12,540,895		-
2003-04		14,593,427	-		5,563,018		12,454,452		-
2004-05		16,507,338	-		5,398,110		12,673,353		-

⁽¹⁾ Includes all governmental funds.

⁽²⁾ Beginning with fiscal year 2003, public safety and legal services were combined into one function; social services were combined with physical health; education was combined with county environment; state and local government services is now called government services to resident; and inter-program services is now referred to as administration.

County Environment (2)	County Environment and Education (2)	Roads and Transportation	Government Services to Residents (2)	Administration (2)	Capital Outlay	Debt Services	Total
\$ 2,003,329 2,251,761 2,248,617 2,233,586 2,336,675 2,601,159 2,974,726	\$ - - - - - 3,331,750 3,809,045 3,554,450	\$ 2,566,390 3,141,328 2,964,738 3,047,814 3,215,371 3,240,775 3,380,066 3,025,694 3,716,998 3,915,398	\$ 1,241,581 1,348,174 1,453,858 1,449,209 1,509,901 1,658,522 1,748,504 1,638,400 1,746,145 1,765,623	\$ 4,714,536 4,594,126 5,028,129 4,478,582 5,439,162 5,824,175 5,907,458 6,214,537 6,622,680 6,815,170	\$ 2,448,271 2,745,124 3,383,005 3,155,483 3,408,430 4,128,588 13,388,707 9,256,988 5,320,722 5,583,383	\$ 1,014,870 1,038,735 1,039,825 1,058,675 1,074,375 592,485 607,818 1,112,750 1,038,905 1,046,926	\$ 36,771,947 37,641,277 40,072,875 39,817,555 42,677,427 47,213,571 58,680,786 55,985,120 54,865,392 57,259,751

General Governmental Revenue by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Intergovern-	(Charges for	Investment		_icenses	Miscel-	
Year	Taxes (2)	mental		Services	Earnings	ar	nd Permits	laneous	Total
1995-96	\$ 21,442,172	\$ 12,203,185	\$	2,388,571	\$ 1,348,927	\$	249,440	\$ 601,273	\$ 38,233,568
1996-97	22,635,375	12,912,534		2,634,903	1,367,732		306,103	752,424	40,609,071
1997-98	21,763,513	13,908,755		3,048,139	1,699,696		324,532	551,808	41,296,443
1998-99	22,809,910	13,586,119		3,336,418	1,751,709		362,164	623,097	42,469,417
1999-00	24,016,948	13,670,627		3,172,085	2,097,176		428,267	649,021	44,034,124
2000-01	25,447,884	15,491,941		3,576,260	2,286,576		386,316	555,749	47,744,726
2001-02	26,400,109	15,895,641		4,181,051	956,679		418,998	926,774	48,779,252
2002-03	28,765,704	17,130,707		4,698,212	518,804		430,540	692,185	52,236,152
2003-04	31,224,265	17,181,934		4,389,232	348,442		454,731	718,757	54,317,361
2004-05	32,343,754	17,899,516		4,336,407	738,160		529,000	820,132	56,666,969

⁽¹⁾ Includes all governmental funds.

⁽²⁾ Taxes include property, local option sales and other taxes, plus interest and penalties on delinquent property taxes.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent Of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections
1995-96	127,689,138	\$ 127,056,457	99.50% \$	126,402
1996-97	127,684,330	126,877,840	99.37	123,797
1997-98	128,794,368	128,168,403	99.51	(86,183)
1998-99	138,308,158	137,499,635	99.42	50,202
1999-00	141,568,042	140,229,377	99.05	117,589
2000-01	146,117,608	145,193,712	99.37	119,615
2001-02	152,133,150	151,191,798	99.38	75,947
2002-03	164,344,090	163,141,398	99.27	38,060
2003-04	170,396,572	168,156,252	98.69	618,183
2004-05	181,497,890	179,753,240	99.04	1,664,237

	Total		
	Collections		Delinquent
Total Tax as Percent		Outstanding	as Percent
Collections	of Current	Delinquent	of Current
 (1)	Levy	Taxes	Levy
\$ 127,182,859	99.60% \$	325,723	0.26%
127,001,637	99.47	248,744	0.19
128,082,220	99.45	176,244	0.14
137,549,837	99.45	176,505	0.13
140,346,966	99.14	192,803	0.14
145,313,327	99.45	279,914	0.19
151,267,745	99.43	332,007	0.22
163,179,458	99.29	486,766	0.30
168,774,435	99.05	427,988	0.25
181,417,477	99.96	422,000	0.23

Assessed and Taxable Values of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 Real I	^o roper	ty		perty		
Fiscal Year	Taxable Value		Assessed Value (1)		Taxable Value		Assessed Value (1)
1995-96	\$ 3,384,478,122	\$	4,419,320,298	\$	258,921,872	\$	258,921,872
1996-97 1997-98	3,502,340,089 3,593,077,609		4,982,800,925 5,094,524,701		270,794,085 267,715,978		270,794,085 267,715,978
1998-99 1999-00	3,807,643,337 3,993,773,850		5,668,827,370 5,777,153,288		255,956,108 244,123,480		255,956,108 244,123,480
2000-01 2001-02	4,304,167,224 4,514,894,846		6,382,142,701 6,542,552,088		190,103,913 128,389,476		191,387,931 128,389,476
2002-03 2003-04	4,717,636,660 4,853,874,538		7,262,052,360 7,451,909,949		55,912,460 -		55,912,460 -
2004-05	5,098,172,973		8,168,755,209		-		-

⁽¹⁾ Assessed value equals estimated actual value.

	Railroad	Railroad and Utilities		Gas and Electric				
	Taxable		Assessed		Taxable		Assessed	
	Value		Value (1)		Value		Value (1)	
\$	360,586,917	\$	372,882,986		*		*	
·	343,109,441	·	343,726,116		*		*	
	332,821,148		332,821,148		*		*	
	390,533,049		390,444,779		*		*	
	360,261,226		360,261,226		*		*	
	131,809,001		131,905,709	\$	235,680,620	\$	235,680,620	
	143,708,855		143,708,855		229,418,978		229,418,978	
	139,813,043		140,428,520		236,499,945		236,499,945	
	158,216,681		159,111,090		258,742,646		258,742,646	
	158,445,509		158,458,514		258,173,653		254,498,199	

				Ratio of	Tax Increment
	 To	otal		Taxable to	Financing
	Taxable		Assessed	Assessed	District
Fiscal Year	Value		Value (1)	Value	Values
1995-96	\$ 4,003,986,911	\$	5,051,125,156	79.3% \$	62,253,911
1996-97	4,116,243,615		5,597,321,126	73.5	81,615,161
1997-98	4,193,614,735		5,695,061,827	73.6	117,883,768
1998-99	4,454,132,494		6,315,228,257	70.5	94,850,981
1999-00	4,598,158,556		6,381,537,994	72.1	116,708,030
2000-01	4,861,760,758		6,941,116,961	70.0	191,814,278
2001-02	5,016,412,155		7,044,069,397	71.2	196,484,536
2002-03	5,149,862,108		7,694,893,285	66.9	210,368,130
2003-04	5,270,833,865		7,869,763,685	67.0	215,887,559
2004-05	5,514,792,135		8,581,711,922	64.3	213,970,420

(Continued)

Property Tax Rates Per \$1,000 Taxable Valuation -All Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

Bettendorf North Scott		Cities								
Beltendorf North Scott Valley Beltendorf Davenport			Bettendorf							
Beltendorf North Scott Valley Beltendorf Davenport				Pleasant		Davenport				
2004-05:		Bettendorf	North Scott	Valley -	Bettendorf					
Area IX Community College	2004-05:			•		•				
Area IX Community College	City	12.34932	12.34932	12.34932	15.24000	15.24000				
School District 15, 46630 15,03382 13,46470 15,46630 1709591 State 0.06939 0.0	Area IX Community College	0.59216	0.59216	0.59216	0.59216	0.59216				
Assessor (1)		15.46630	15.03382	13.46470	15.46630	17.09591				
County Total levy 4,75497 4,75497 4,75497 4,75497 3,7779 1,75497 3,77779 1,707873 3,77779 1,707873 3,77779 1,707873 3,75418 3,061738 0,61738 <th>State</th> <th>0.06939</th> <th>0.06939</th> <th>0.06721</th> <th>0.06939</th> <th>0.06939</th>	State	0.06939	0.06939	0.06721	0.06939	0.06939				
County Total levy 4,75497 4,75497 4,75497 4,75497 4,75497 4,75497 36,02891 Ratio of Scott County to totals 0,14193 0,14378 0,15095 0,13063 0,12504 2003-04: City 11,85000 11,85000 11,85000 14,96445 14,96445 Area IX Community College 0,61738 <t< th=""><th>Assessor (1)</th><th>0.27124</th><th>0.27124</th><th>0.27124</th><th>0.27648</th><th>0.27648</th></t<>	Assessor (1)	0.27124	0.27124	0.27124	0.27648	0.27648				
Ratio of Scott County to totals 0.14193 0.14378 0.15095 0.13063 0.12504 2003-04: City 11.85000 11.85000 11.85000 11.85000 14.96445 14.96445 Area IX Community College 0.61738 0.61721 0.06721 0.	County	4.75497	4.75497	4.75497	4.75497	4.75497				
2003-04: City	Total levy	33.50338	33.07090	31.49960	36.39930	38.02891				
City 11.85000 11.85000 11.85000 14.96445 14.96445 Area IX Community College 0.61738 0.6271 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.33119 0.33119 0.33119 0.33124 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.13762 0.31525 0.31525 0.13762 0.12704 0.12704 0.12704 0.12704 0.12704 0.12704 0.12704 0.12704 <td>Ratio of Scott County to totals</td> <td>0.14193</td> <td>0.14378</td> <td>0.15095</td> <td>0.13063</td> <td>0.12504</td>	Ratio of Scott County to totals	0.14193	0.14378	0.15095	0.13063	0.12504				
City 11.85000 11.85000 11.85000 14.96445 14.96445 Area IX Community College 0.61738 0.6271 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.33119 0.33119 0.33119 0.33124 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.13762 0.31525 0.31525 0.13762 0.12704 0.12704 0.12704 0.12704 0.12704 0.12704 0.12704 0.12704 <td>2003-04:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	2003-04:									
Area IX Community College 0.61738 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.06721 0.03119 0.31192 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.32672 31.13300 36.56991 37.85185 County totals 0.14375 0.14721 0.15446 0.13157 0.12704 City 11.85000 11.85000 11.85000 11.85000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 </td <td></td> <td>11.85000</td> <td>11.85000</td> <td>11.85000</td> <td>14.96445</td> <td>14.96445</td>		11.85000	11.85000	11.85000	14.96445	14.96445				
School District 15.77779 14.99307 13.45835 15.77779 17.07873 State 0.06721 0.3119 0.33119 0.33119 0.33119 0.33119 0.33119 0.33119 0.33119 0.33119 0.33119 0.33119 0.33119 0.33119 0.331521 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.31521 0.14721 0.15446 0.13157 0.12704 City 11.85000 11.85000 11.85000 11.85000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000 14.63000	·									
State 0.06721 0.06724 4.80887 4.80807 4.80900		15.77779		13.45835	15.77779					
Assessor (1) 0.33119 0.33119 0.33119 0.31521 0										
County 4.80887 3.85185 County to totals 0.14375 0.14721 0.15446 0.13157 0.12704 2002-03: City 11.85000 11.85000 11.85000 14.63000 14.63000 Area IX Community College 0.62633 0.026248 0.06248 0.06248 0.0624	Assessor (1)	0.33119	0.33119							
Ratio of Scott County to totals 33.45244 32.66772 31.13300 36.55091 37.85185 2002-03: City 11.85000 11.85000 11.85000 14.63000 14.63000 Area IX Community College 0.62633 0.62648 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.33124 0.33124 0.33124 0.33124 0.33124 0.37656 0.37656 0.37656 0.37656 0.37656 0.3713808 0.8014 35.96372 37.13808	* *									
2002-03: City			32.66772							
City 11.85000 11.85000 11.85000 14.63001 14.63001 14.63001 14.63001 14.63001 14.63001 14.60301 <th< td=""><td>Ratio of Scott County to totals</td><td>0.14375</td><td>0.14721</td><td>0.15446</td><td>0.13157</td><td>0.12704</td></th<>	Ratio of Scott County to totals	0.14375	0.14721	0.15446	0.13157	0.12704				
City 11.85000 11.85000 11.85000 14.63001 14.63001 14.63001 14.63001 14.63001 14.63001 14.60301 <th< td=""><td>2002.02.</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	2002.02.									
Area IX Community College 0.62633 0.62620 4.60204 4.8067 4.8062 4.006248 0.033124 0.33124 0.33124 0.33124 0.33124 0.37656 0.37656 0.37656 0.37656 0.37656 0.37650 0.12459 0.12459 0.12459 0.12065 <tr< td=""><td></td><td>11 05000</td><td>11 05000</td><td>11 05000</td><td>14 62000</td><td>14 62000</td></tr<>		11 05000	11 05000	11 05000	14 62000	14 62000				
School District 15,78768 15,32122 13,45042 15,78768 16,96204 State 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 Assessor (1) 0.33124 0.33124 0.33124 0.37656 0.37656 County 4.48067 4.48067 4.48067 4.48067 4.48067 4.48067 Total levy 33.13840 32.67194 30.80114 35.96372 37.13808 Ratio of Scott County to totals 0.13521 0.13714 0.14547 0.12459 0.12065 City 11.45555 11.45555 11.45555 14.60301 14.60301 Area IX Community College 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 School District 14.56220 15.66165 13.45953 14.56220 15.46758 State 0.06790 0.06790 0.06790 0.06790 0.06790 0.06790 Assessor (1) 0.31830 0.31830 0.31830 0.31830 0	•									
State Assessor (1) 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.06248 0.037656 0.37656 4.48067 <td>, ,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	, ,									
Assessor (1) 0.33124 0.33124 0.33124 0.37656 0.37656 County 4.48067 4.160301 4.60301 4.60301 4.60301 4.60301 4.60301 4.60301 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>										
County Total levy 4.48067 3.713808 County 11.45555 10.13714 0.14547 0.12459 0.12065 Total levy 11.455555 11.455555 11.455555 11.455555 11.455555 14.60301 14.60301 14.60301 14.60301 14.60301 14.60301 14.60301 14.60301 14.60301 14.60301 14.60301										
Total levy 33.13840 32.67194 30.80114 35.96372 37.13808 Ratio of Scott County to totals 0.13521 0.13714 0.14547 0.12459 0.12065 2001-02: City 11.45555 11.45555 11.45555 14.60301 14.60301 Area IX Community College 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 School District 14.56220 15.66165 13.45953 14.56220 15.46758 State 0.06790 0.06790 0.06790 0.06790 0.06790 Assessor (1) 0.31830 0.31830 0.31830 0.33488 0.33488 County 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 Total levy 31.18084 32.28029 30.07817 34.34488 35.25026										
Ratio of Scott County to totals 0.13521 0.13714 0.14547 0.12459 0.12065 2001-02: City Area IX Community College 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 14.56220 15.66165 13.45953 14.56220 15.46758 State 0.06790 0.06790 0.06790 0.06790 Assessor (1) 0.31830 0.31830 0.31830 0.31830 0.33488 0.33488 County 10.12459 0.12459 0.12459 0.12065										
2001-02: City 11.45555 11.45555 11.45555 14.60301 14.60301 Area IX Community College 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 School District 14.56220 15.66165 13.45953 14.56220 15.46758 State 0.06790 0.06790 0.06790 0.06790 0.06790 Assessor (1) 0.31830 0.31830 0.31830 0.33488 0.33488 County 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 Total levy 31.18084 32.28029 30.07817 34.34488 35.25026	1 Otal 164 y	33.13040	32.07 134	30.00114	33.90312	37.13000				
City 11.45555 11.45555 11.45555 14.60301 14.60301 Area IX Community College 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 0.60382 School District 14.56220 15.66165 13.45953 14.56220 15.46758 State 0.06790 0.06790 0.06790 0.06790 0.06790 Assessor (1) 0.31830 0.31830 0.31830 0.33488 0.33488 County 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 34.34488 35.25026	Ratio of Scott County to totals	0.13521	0.13714	0.14547	0.12459	0.12065				
Area IX Community College 0.60382 0.60798 15.46758 0.60790 0.06	2001-02:									
Area IX Community College 0.60382 0.60798 15.46758 0.60790 0.06	City	11.45555	11.45555	11.45555	14.60301	14.60301				
School District 14.56220 15.66165 13.45953 14.56220 15.46758 State 0.06790 0.06790 0.06790 0.06790 0.06790 Assessor (1) 0.31830 0.31830 0.31830 0.31830 0.33488 0.33488 County 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 34.34488 35.25026		0.60382	0.60382	0.60382	0.60382	0.60382				
Assessor (1) 0.31830 0.31830 0.31830 0.33488 0.33488 County 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 Total levy 31.18084 32.28029 30.07817 34.34488 35.25026										
Assessor (1) 0.31830 0.31830 0.31830 0.33488 0.33488 County 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 Total levy 31.18084 32.28029 30.07817 34.34488 35.25026	State	0.06790		0.06790	0.06790	0.06790				
County 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 4.17307 3.17307 4.17307 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>										
Total levy 31.18084 32.28029 30.07817 34.34488 35.25026										
Ratio of Scott County to totals 0.13383 0.12928 0.13874 0.12150 0.11838						35.25026				
	Ratio of Scott County to totals	0.13383	0.12928	0.13874	0.12150	0.11838				

					Walc	ott
North Scott	Blue Grass	Buffalo	Eldridge	LeClaire	Davenport	Durant
15.24000	11.51524	8.09999	6.64795	14.69639	9.75001	9.75001
0.59216	0.59216	0.59216	0.59216	0.59216	0.59216	0.59216
15.03382	17.09591	17.09591	15.03382	13.46470	17.09591	12.21711
0.06939	0.06939	0.06939	0.06939	0.06939	0.06939	0.06939
0.27648	0.27124	0.27124	0.27124	0.27124	0.27124	0.27124
4.75497	4.75497	4.75497	4.75497	4.75497	4.75497	4.75497
35.96682	34.29891	30.88366	27.36953	33.84885	32.53368	27.65488
0.13220	0.13863	0.15396	0.17373	0.14048	0.14616	0.17194
14.96445	12.48463	7.65547	6.64799	14.69660	9.50000	9.50000
0.61738	0.61738	0.61738	0.61738	0.61738	0.61738	0.61738
14.99307	17.07873	17.07873	14.99307	13.45835	17.07873	12.04676
0.06721	0.06721	0.06721	0.06721	0.06721	0.06721	0.06721
0.31521	0.33119	0.33119	0.33119	0.33119	0.33119	0.33119
4.80887	4.80887	4.80887	4.80887	4.80887	4.80887	4.80887
35.76619	35.38801	30.55885	27.46571	33.97960	32.40338	27.37141
0.13445	0.13589	0.15736	0.17509	0.14152	0.14841	0.17569
14.63000	12.43356	7.00203	6.37555	14.69660	9.50001	9.50001
0.62633	0.62633	0.62633	0.62633	0.62633	0.62633	0.62633
15.32122	16.96204	16.96204	15.32122	13.45042	16.96204	12.24493
0.06248	0.06248	0.06248	0.06248	0.06248	0.06248	0.06248
0.37656	0.33124	0.33124	0.33124	0.33124	0.33124	0.33124
4.48067	4.48067	4.48067	4.48067	4.48067	4.48067	4.48067
35.49726	34.89632	29.46479	27.19749	33.64774	31.96277	27.24566
0.12623	0.12840	0.15207	0.16475	0.13316	0.14018	0.16445
14.60301	11.56925	6.99999	6.37553	14.69771	10.00001	10.00001
0.60382	0.60382	0.60382	0.60382	0.60382	0.60382	0.60382
15.66165	15.46758	15.46758	15.66165	13.45953	15.46780	12.18444
0.06790	0.06790	0.06790	0.06790	0.06790	0.06790	0.06790
0.33488	0.31830	0.31830	0.31830	0.31830	0.31830	0.31830
4.17307	4.17307	4.17307	4.17307	4.17307	4.17307	4.17307
35.44433	32.19992	27.63066	27.20027	33.32033	30.63090	27.34754
0.11774	0.12960	0.15103	0.15342	0.12524	0.13624	0.15259

(Continued)

Property Tax Rates Per \$1,000 Taxable Valuation -All Direct and Overlapping Governments (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Cities		
Bettendorf North Scott Valley Bettendorf Daverport			Bettendorf			
2000-01: City				Pleasant		Davenport
City		Bettendorf	North Scott	- Valley	Bettendorf	Davenport
City						_
Area IX Community College 0.60302 0.60302 0.60302 0.60302 0.60302 0.60302 0.60302 0.60302 0.60302 0.60302 0.60300 School District 14.57951 15.70745 13.45589 14.57951 15.0086 State 0.06700 0.06710 0.06732 0						
School District 14,57951 15,70745 13,45589 14,57951 15,5096 State 0,06700 0,03103 0,31030 0,31303 0,31303 0,31303 0,31303 0,31303 3,31302 0,31303 0,31303 3,31302 0,31303 3,31302 0,31303 3,318026 3,32884 0,11792 0,11792 0,11792 0,11792 0,11792 0,11792 0,11792 0,11792 0,11792 0,11792 0,11792						
State 0.06700 0.06808 34.35832 35.28844 Ratio of Scott County to totals 0.13341 0.12876 0.13840 0.12112 0.11793 State Community College 0.54709						0.60302
Assessor (1) 0.31843 0.31843 0.31843 0.31843 0.31303 0						
County				0.06700	0.06700	0.06700
Total levy 31.19260 32.32054 30.06898 34.35832 35.28848		0.31843	0.31843	0.31843	0.31303	0.31303
Ratio of Scott County to totals 0.13341 0.12876 0.13840 0.12112 0.11793 1999-00: City	County		4.16147	4.16147		4.16147
1999-00:	Total levy	31.19260	32.32054	30.06898	34.35832	35.28848
City Area IX Community College 11.49320 11.49320 11.49320 13.95123 13.95123 Area IX Community College 0.54709 0.56732 0.06732<	Ratio of Scott County to totals	0.13341	0.12876	0.13840	0.12112	0.11793
City Area IX Community College 11.49320 11.49320 11.49320 13.95123 13.95123 Area IX Community College 0.54709 0.56732 0.06732<	1000.00					
Area IX Community College 0.54709 0.54709 0.54709 0.54709 0.54709 School District 14.81448 15.76085 13.41119 14.81448 14.9289 State 0.06732 0.06732 0.06732 0.06732 0.06732 0.06732 Assessor (1) 0.22997 0.22997 0.22997 0.22997 0.29311 0.06732 County 4.06203 4.06203 4.06203 4.06203 4.06203 4.06203 Total levy 31.21409 32.16046 29.81080 33.73526 33.84976 Ratio of Scott County to totals 0.13014 0.12631 0.13626 0.12041 0.12001 1998-99: City 11.45555 11.45555 11.45555 13.96012 13.96012 Area IX Community College 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 <td></td> <td>11 /0220</td> <td>11 40220</td> <td>11 40220</td> <td>13 05122</td> <td>13 05102</td>		11 /0220	11 40220	11 40220	13 05122	13 05102
School District 14.81448 15.76085 13.41119 14.81448 14.9289 State 0.06732 0.12041 0.12041 0.12041 0.12041 0.12041 0.12041 0.12001 1.12061 0.12041 0.12041 0.12040 1.12001	•					
State 0.06732 0.02301 4.06203	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Assessor (1) 0.22997 0.22997 0.22997 0.29311 0.29311 County						
County Total levy 4.06203 4.06203 4.06203 4.06203 4.06203 4.06203 4.06203 4.06203 4.06203 4.06203 4.06203 4.06203 4.06203 3.3.73526 33.84976 Ratio of Scott County to totals 0.13014 0.12631 0.13626 0.12041 0.12000 1998-99: City 11.45555 11.45555 11.45555 13.96012 13.96012 Area IX Community College 0.57182 0.587182						
Total levy 31.21409 32.16046 29.81080 33.73526 33.84976 Ratio of Scott County to totals 0.13014 0.12631 0.13626 0.12041 0.12000 1998-99: City 11.45555 11.45555 11.45555 13.96012 13.96012 Area IX Community College 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 School District 15.57107 17.73248 14.68808 15.57107 15.26600 State 0.03868 0.	* *					
Ratio of Scott County to totals 0.13014 0.12631 0.13626 0.12041 0.12000 1998-99: City 11.45555 11.45555 11.45555 11.45555 13.96012 13.96012 13.96012 School District 15.57107 17.73248 14.68808 15.57107 15.26600 State 0.03868	•					
1998-99: City 11.45555 11.45555 13.96012 13.96012 Area IX Community College 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 0.57182 School District 15.57107 17.73248 14.68808 15.57107 15.26601 State 0.03868 0.03868 0.03868 0.03868 0.03868 0.03868 Assessor (1) 0.25072 0.25072 0.25072 0.29389 0.29389 County 3.91472 3.91472 3.91472 3.91472 3.91472 3.91472 Total levy 31.80256 33.96397 30.91957 34.35030 34.04530 Ratio of Scott County to totals 0.12309 0.11526 0.12661 0.11074 0.11499 1997-98: City 11.45630 11.45630 11.45630 13.96012 13.96012 Area IX Community College 0.58671 0.58671 0.58671 0.58671 0.58671 School District 15.46181 15.98307 14.05556 15.46181 15.19449 State 0.04077 0.04077 0.04077 0.04077 0.04077 Assessor (1) 0.23867 0.23867 0.23867 0.34669 0.34669 County 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239	l otal levy	31.21409	32.16046	29.81080	33./3526	33.84976
City 11.45555 11.45555 11.45555 13.96012 13.96012 Area IX Community College 0.57182 0.57660 0.3868 0.03868 <td>Ratio of Scott County to totals</td> <td>0.13014</td> <td>0.12631</td> <td>0.13626</td> <td>0.12041</td> <td>0.12000</td>	Ratio of Scott County to totals	0.13014	0.12631	0.13626	0.12041	0.12000
City 11.45555 11.45555 11.45555 13.96012 13.96012 Area IX Community College 0.57182 0.57660 0.3868 0.03868 <td>1998-99</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	1998-99					
Area IX Community College 0.57182 5.57107 15.26600 5.56000 5.57107 15.26600 5.5600 0.3868 0.038		11 45555	11 45555	11 45555	13 96012	13 96012
School District 15.57107 17.73248 14.68808 15.57107 15.26600 State 0.03868 0.23867 0.12661 0.11074 0.11498 0.11498 0.11498 0.11498 0.11498 0.11498 0.11498 0.11498 0.11498 0.11498 0.11498	•					
State 0.03868 0.23867 0.1472 3.91472 3	• •					
Assessor (1) 0.25072 0.25072 0.25072 0.29389 0.29389 County 3.91472						
County 3.91472 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>						
Total levy 31.80256 33.96397 30.91957 34.35030 34.045300 34.045300 31.80256 33.96397 30.91957 34.35030 34.0453000 34.045300 31.80256 33.96397 30.91957 34.35030 34.0453000 34.045300 31.90012 31	* *					
Ratio of Scott County to totals 0.12309 0.11526 0.12661 0.11074 0.11498 1997-98: City 11.45630 11.45630 11.45630 11.45630 13.96012 13.96012 13.96012 Area IX Community College 0.58671 0.58671 0.58671 0.58671 0.58671 School District 15.46181 15.98307 14.05556 15.46181 15.19448 State 0.04077 0.04077 0.04077 0.04077 Assessor (1) 0.23867 0.23867 0.23867 0.23867 0.34669 0.34669 0.34669 County	•					34.04530
City 11.45630 11.45630 11.45630 13.96012 13.96012 Area IX Community College 0.58671 0.58671 0.58671 0.58671 0.58671 School District 15.46181 15.98307 14.05556 15.46181 15.19446 State 0.04077 0.04077 0.04077 0.04077 0.04077 0.04077 0.34669 0.34669 County 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239	·	0.12309	0.11526	0.12661	0.11074	0.11499
City 11.45630 11.45630 11.45630 13.96012 13.96012 Area IX Community College 0.58671 0.58671 0.58671 0.58671 0.58671 School District 15.46181 15.98307 14.05556 15.46181 15.19446 State 0.04077 0.04077 0.04077 0.04077 0.04077 0.04077 0.34669 0.34669 County 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239						
Area IX Community College 0.58671 0.46181 15.19448 0.04077			44 45000	44 45000	10.00010	10.00010
School District 15.46181 15.98307 14.05556 15.46181 15.19446 State 0.04077						
State 0.04077						
Assessor (1) 0.23867 0.23867 0.23867 0.34669 0.34669 County 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239						
County 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239 4.19239						0.04077
	• •					0.34669
Total levy 31,97665 32,49791 30,57040 34,58849 34,32116	•					
2	Total levy	31.97665	32.49791	30.57040	34.58849	34.32116
Ratio of Scott County to totals 0.13111 0.12900 0.13714 0.12121 0.12215	Ratio of Scott County to totals	0.13111	0.12900	0.13714	0.12121	0.12215

					Walc	ott
North Scott	Blue Grass	Buffalo	Eldridge	LeClaire	Davenport	Durant
14.63429	11.14846	7.00003	6.37566	14.69772	10.50225	10.5022
0.60302	0.60302	0.60302	0.60302	0.60302	0.60302	0.6030
15.70745	15.50967	15.50967	15.70745	13.45589	15.50967	12.1137
0.06700	0.06700	0.06700	0.06700	0.06700	0.06700	0.0670
0.31303	0.31843	0.31843	0.31843	0.31843	0.31843	0.3184
4.16147	4.16147	4.16147	4.16147	4.16147	4.16147	4.1614
35.48626	31.80805	27.65962	27.23303	33.30353	31.16184	27.7659
0.11727	0.13083	0.15045	0.15281	0.12496	0.13354	0.1498
13.95123	10.38054	6.65000	6.46747	14.44722	10.09000	10.0900
0.54709	0.54709	0.54709	0.54709	0.54709	0.54709	0.5470
15.76085	14.92898	14.92898	15.76085	13.41119	14.92898	10.9555
0.06732	0.06732	0.06732	0.06732	0.06732	0.06732	0.0673
0.29311	0.22997	0.22997	0.22997	0.22997	0.22997	0.2299
4.06203	4.06203	4.06203	4.06203	4.06203	4.06203	4.0620
34.68163	30.21593	26.48539	27.13473	32.76482	29.92539	25.9519
0.11712	0.13443	0.15337	0.14970	0.12398	0.13574	0.1565
13.96012	10.57459	6.65000	7.16197	14.94376	8.14002	8.1400
0.57182	0.57182	0.57182	0.57182	0.57182	0.57182	0.5718
17.73248	15.26607	15.26607	17.73248	14.68808	15.26607	11.1482
0.03868	0.03868	0.03868	0.03868	0.03868	0.03868	0.0386
0.29389	0.25072	0.25072	0.25072	0.25072	0.25072	0.2507
3.91472	3.91472	3.91472	3.91472	3.91472	3.91472	3.9147
36.51171	30.61660	26.69201	29.67039	34.40778	28.18203	24.0642
0.10722	0.12786	0.14666	0.13194	0.11377	0.13891	0.1626
40.000	,,			40.55151		
13.96012	11.60248	6.65000	8.05589	13.66101	6.70018	6.7001
0.58671	0.58671	0.58671	0.58671	0.58671	0.58671	0.5867
15.98307	15.19448	15.19448	15.98307	14.05556	15.19448	11.1847
0.04077	0.04077	0.04077	0.04077	0.04077	0.04077	0.0407
0.34669	0.23867	0.23867	0.23867	0.23867	0.23867	0.2386
4.19239	4.19239	4.19239	4.19239	4.19239	4.19239	4.1923
35.10975	31.85550	26.90302	29.09750	32.77511	26.95320	22.9434
	0.13161	0.15583	0.14408	0.12791	0.15554	0.1827

Property Tax Rates Per \$1,000 Taxable Valuation -All Direct and Overlapping Governments (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Cities		
		Bettendorf			
			Pleasant		Davenport
	Bettendorf	North Scott	Valley	Bettendorf	Davenport
1996-97 ⁻					
City	11.45613	11.45613	11.45613	13.96012	13.96012
Area IX Community College	0.51543	0.51543	0.51543	0.51543	0.51543
School District	15.58368	15.77880	13.81073	15.58368	15.33816
State	0.04144	0.04144	0.04144	0.04144	0.04144
Assessor (1)	0.23869	0.23869	0.23869	0.34674	0.34674
County	4.32681	4.32681	4.32681	4.32681	4.32681
Total levy	32.16218	32.35730	30.38923	34.77422	34.52870
Ratio of Scott County to totals	0.13453	0.13372	0.14238	0.12443	0.12531
1995-96:					
City	11.45562	11.45562	11.45562	13.95250	13.95250
Area IX Community College	0.51856	0.51856	0.51856	0.51856	0.51856
School District	16.72025	17.00862	14.95000	16.72025	16.65193
State	0.04246	0.04246	0.04246	0.04246	0.04246
Assessor (1)	0.22992	0.22992	0.22992	0.28729	0.28729
County	4.42243	4.42243	4.42243	4.42243	4.42243
Total levy	33.38924	33.67761	31.61899	35.94349	35.87517
Ratio of Scott County to totals	0.13245	0.13132	0.13987	0.12304	0.12327

⁽¹⁾ Assessor includes the County Assessor which is a component unit of the County.

All tax rates are expressed in dollars per thousand of taxable valuation.

Included in this report are the major cities and towns within Scott County.

Not shown are the Rural Services Fund of the County and the following taxing bodies over and above the cities listed:

- a. 10 cities (population under 1,000)
- b. 13 townships
- c. 6 benefited fire districts
- d. 1 sanitary sewer district

					Walcott			
North Scott	Blue Grass	Buffalo	Eldridge	LeClaire	Davenport	Durant		
13.96012	11.62014	6.64999	8.05711	14.18106	6.50002	6.5000		
0.51543	0.51543	0.51543	0.51543	0.51543	0.51543	0.5154		
15.77880	15.33816	15.33816	15.77880	13.81073	15.33816	11.3162		
0.04144	0.04144	0.04144	0.04144	0.04144	0.04144	0.0414		
0.34674	0.23869	0.23869	0.23869	0.23869	0.23869	0.2386		
4.32681	4.32681	4.32681	4.32681	4.32681	4.32681	4.3268		
34.96934	32.08067	27.11052	28.95828	33.11416	26.96055	22.9385		
0.12373	0.13487	0.15960	0.14942	0.13066	0.16049	0.1886		
13.95250	13.55156	6.65001	8.57041	14.51839	6.15001	6.1500		
0.51856	0.51856	0.51856	0.51856	0.51856	0.51856	0.5185		
17.00862	16.65193	16.65193	17.00862	14.95000	16.65193	12.2267		
0.04246	0.04246	0.04246	0.04246	0.04246	0.04246	0.0424		
0.28729	0.22992	0.22992	0.22992	0.22992	0.22992	0.2299		
4.42243	4.42243	4.42243	4.42243	4.42243	4.42243	4.4224		
36.23186	35.41686	28.51531	30.79240	34.68176	28.01531	23.5901		
0.12206	0.12487	0.15509	0.14362	0.12751	0.15786	0.1874		

Ratio of Outstanding General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Values and Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	(Bo	General Dbligation Inded Debt utstanding (1)		Assessed Value	Percent of Debt to Assessed Value		Estimated Population	Debt Per Capita
1995-96	\$	8.515.000	\$	5,051,125,156	0.17%	\$	157.783	\$ 53.97
1996-97		7,925,000	•	5,597,321,126	0.14	•	158,416	50.03
1997-98		7,305,000		5,695,061,827	0.13		157,433	46.40
1998-99		6,635,000		6,315,228,257	0.11		158,591	41.84
1999-00		5,915,000		6,381,537,994	0.09		159,458	37.09
2000-01		5,640,000		6,941,116,961	0.08		158,668	35.55
2001-02		10,435,000		7,044,069,397	0.15		158,668	65.77
2002-03		9,825,000		7,694,893,285	0.13		160,582	61.18
2003-04		9,245,000		7,611,021,039	0.12		160,889	57.46
2004-05		8,635,000		8,327,213,723	0.10		160,141	53.92

⁽¹⁾ The fund balance of the Debt Service Fund has been excluded due to the immateriality of such balances.

The computation of the County's legal margin as of June 30, 2005 is as follows:

January 2003 assessed valuation Plus gas and electric utilities	\$ 8,327,213,723 254,498,199
·	 8,581,711,922
Less military exemption	19,458,038
Total assessed value	\$ 8,562,253,884
Debt limit, 5% of assessed valuation (lowa statutory limitation)	\$ 428,112,694
Total amount of debt applicable to debt margin	8,635,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 419,477,694

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt

		Applicable to Scott County			
	Amount —	Average			
	of Debt	Percent	Amount		
Scott County	\$ 8,635,000	100.0%	8,635,000		
School Districts:					
Bettendorf Community	5,585,000	100.00	5,585,000		
Durant Community	2,699,337	32.93	888,892		
North Scott Community	8,110,000	100.00	8,110,000		
Wheatland Community	2,525,000	8.02	202,505		
Eastern Iowa Community College	40,980,000	59.71	24,469,158		
Cities:					
Bettendorf	50,410,000	100.00	50,410,000		
Blue Grass	206,000	100.00	206,000		
Buffalo	460,000	100.00	460,000		
Davenport	118,765,000	100.00	118,765,000		
Durant	2,485,000	5.25	130,463		
Eldridge	755,000	100.00	755,000		
Le Claire	5,170,000	100.00	5,170,000		
Princeton	120,000	100.00	120,000		
Walcott	265,000	100.00	265,000		
	238,535,337		215,537,018		
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 247,170,337	<u>.</u>	224,172,018		

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures to Total General Governmental Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest		Total Debt Service Expenditures	ſ	Total Govern- mental Expenditures	Percent of General Debt Service Expenditures to Total Govern- mental Expenditures
1995-96	\$	540,000	\$	474,870	\$	1,014,870	\$	36,771,947	2.76%
1996-97	·	590,000	•	448,735	•	1,038,735	,	37,641,277	2.76
1997-98		620,000		419,825		1,039,825		40,072,875	2.59
1998-99		670,000		388,675		1,058,675		39,817,555	2.66
1999-00		720,000		354,375		1,074,375		42,677,427	2.52
2000-01		275,000		317,485		592,485		47,213,571	1.25
2001-02		290,000		317,818		607,818		58,680,786	1.04
2002-03		610,000		502,750		1,112,750		55,985,120	1.99
2003-04		580,000		458,905		1,038,905		54,865,392	1.89
2004-05		610,000		436,926		1,046,926		57,259,751	1.83

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Per Capita		Median	Unemploy-	School
Fiscal Year	Population		Income	Age	ment Rate	Enrollment
1995-96	157,783	\$	17,204	35	3.3%	45,176
1996-97	158,416		17,621	34	3.1	50,431
1997-98	157,433		22,931	32	2.8	49,375
1998-99	158,591		23,120	37	3.2	47,347
1999-00	159,458		25,313	32	2.4	48,587
2000-01	158,668		26,462	35	2.9	44,014
2001-02	158,668		21,310	35	4.0	44,009
2002-03	160,582		30,331	36	4.0	41,223
2003-04	160,889		30,000	36	5.7	47,792
2004-05	160,141		21,310	36	5.1	44,337

Source: Bi-State Regional Commission, Iowa Bureau of Economic Development, Iowa Department of Employment Services, Mississippi Bend AEA.

Property Value, Construction and Bank Deposits Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Thousands) June 30, 2005

	New Construction										
Fiscal Year	Commercial		Residential		Industrial		Agricultural			Total	
1995-96 1996-97	\$	23,761 26,257	\$	75,083 67.918	\$	5,115 14,842	\$	1,585 814	\$	105,544 109,831	
1997-98		42,210		60,247		7,123		585		110,165	
1998-99 1999-00		21,957 63,072		57,236 82,635		8,623 10,400		2,582 1,716		90,398 157,823	
2000-01 2001-02		70,614 48,001		94,117 114,456		15,244 3,241		2,597 2,157		182,572 167,855	
2002-03 2003-04		36,288 65,446		112,688 137,672		2,664 322		369 287		152,009 203,727	
2004-05		63,232		150,816		1,061		3,868		218,977	

⁽¹⁾ Property value is the assessed value for real property before any exemptions or state rollbacks. Personal property, assessed as real and utilities are not included in the figures above.

⁽²⁾ Bank deposits for banks in Scott County as reported in the Iowa Bank Directory.

⁽³⁾ Bank deposits for banks in Scott County estimated for 1998-99.

⁽⁴⁾ Most recent data available from the FDIC.

			Prop	erty Value (1)			Bank Deposits	
(Commercial	Residential		Industrial	Α	\gricultural	Total	(2)	
\$	908,559	\$ 3,077,752	\$	237,261	\$	193,092	\$ 4,416,664	\$ 741,762	
	1,058,430	3,471,115		243,859		206,740	4,980,144	1,183,000	
	1,086,795	3,552,365		248,706		206,659	5,094,525	1,179,667	
	1,247,253	3,938,355		256,096		227,035	5,668,739	1,297,634	(3)
	1,608,327	4,284,721		260,831		227,659	6,381,538	2,029,485	(4)
	1,556,962	4,490,767		276,934		250,736	6,575,399	2,067,654	(4)
	1,533,499	4,616,245		276,725		246,687	6,673,156	2,185,649	
	1,627,700	5,169,581		274,967		247,034	7,319,282	2,110,037	
	1,622,686	5,308,371		274,622		247,482	7,453,161	2,254,000	(4)
	1,806,749	5,890,474		268,326		204,956	8,170,505	2,280,000	

Ten Principal Taxpayers June 30, 2005

		Percentage of Total Taxable Value	
SDG Macerich Properties	\$	71,516,500	1.30%
Quanex Corporation		20,862,200	0.38
Davenport 1031 LLC		18,517,300	0.34
THF Davenport North Development		18,294,007	0.33
National Amusement Inc		18,254,200	0.33
Petersen Properties, LLC		14,866,780	0.27
Bradley Operation LTD Partners		14,724,800	0.27
Genesis Medical Center		13,418,862	0.24
Oscar Mayer Foods Corp.		12,543,615	0.23
Davenport Center LTD Partnership		12,000,000	0.22
Total	\$	214,998,264	3.91%

Surety Bonds of Principal Officials June 30, 2005

	2004-05 Annual Bonded Salary Amount						
County Auditor	\$	65,601	\$	20,000			
County Attorney		94,300		20,000			
County Recorder		65,601		20,000			
Sheriff		83,701		20,000			
Treasurer		6,561		50,000			
Board of Supervisors		33,300		20,000			
Chairman, Board of Supervisors		36,300		20,000			

All officials (except the Treasurer) and employees of Scott County are bonded in the amount of \$20,000.

Schedule of Insurance in Force June 30, 2005

Insurance Company	Type of Coverage	Insured	Amount of Coverage
Genesis	Excess liability - SIR	General, auto and law	\$9,700,000 in excess of Self- Insured Retention
		Agg. (not including auto)	\$19,400,000
	Excess liability - SIR	public official	\$4,900,000 in excess of Self-
	Excess liability - SIIV	public official	Insured Retention
Safety National	Excess workers'	Specific excess workers'	Statutory Workers Compensation
	compensation	compensation & employers	Employers Liability \$2,000,000
		liability in excess of SIR	
Federal	Excess property/	Combined bldg. & per. property	\$71,757,564
	inland marine/property	including towers, antenna, voting machines	
		Contractor's equipment	\$5,000,000
		Auto physical damage	\$4,000,000
		Historical bldgs.	\$1,753,970
		Earthquake	\$25,000,000
		Museum pieces	\$226,304
Hartford Steam Boiler	Boiler and machinery	Comprehensive - 10 locations	\$17,000,000 per accident
Old Republic	Surety bond	All employees except elected officials and county assessor	\$500,000
Evanston	Professional liability	Health department	\$1,000,000 each claim \$3,000,000 annual aggregate
MMIC	Professional liability	Dr. Scott Ludwig	\$1,000,000 each claim \$3,000,000 annual aggregate
Employers Mutual	Property	Dwellings owned by conservation board	\$546,700
Selective	Flood	Buffalo Shores Recreation Area	\$175,700
Taylor	Liquor liability	Glynns Creek Golf Course	\$1,000,000 each occurrence
IIASC	Agent Broker Service Fee	N/A	N/A
West Bend Mutual	Commercial package	County library	\$500,000 GL aggregate \$500,000 auto liability incl. physical damage \$1,608,138 property , EDP, & IM Equipment Breakdown
(Continued)			

Deductible	Policy Number	Expiration Date	Premium		
\$300,000 SIR	YXB300610G	07/01/2006	\$ 365,750		
\$100,000 SIR					
\$400,000 SIR	SP9985-IA	07/01/2006	\$ 57,458		
\$100,000 \$25,000 property in transit	3583-30-33	07/01/2006	\$ 92,675		
\$1,500 direct/24 hrs. indirect \$2,500 Transformers \$5,000 AC/Refrigeration Equip	FBP2206942	07/01/2006	\$ 10,941		
\$250	RPE0561274	08/18/2006	\$ 8,142 3 yr premium		
N/A	SM835792	07/01/2005	\$ 18,209		
N/A	ISP000560	01/01/2006	\$ 8,001		
\$500	1X5584506	07/01/2006	\$ 4,568		
\$500	90021	03/21/2006	\$ 617		
N/A	LLP194427697	11/01/2005	\$ 3,411		
N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 34,072		
N/A Plymouth 50/250 Bookmobile 100/1,000 \$250/1,000 breakdown	CP101213461-14	07/01/2006	\$ 8,474		

Schedule of Insurance in Force (Continued) June 30, 2005

Insurance Company	Type of Coverage	Insured	Amount of Coverage
West Bend Mutual	Workers' compensation	County library	Coverage A - per statute Coverage B - 100/100/500
West Bend Mutual	Commercial package - assessor	County assessor	\$1,000,000 GL aggregate \$500,000 each occ. 1,000,000 H/O Auto \$155,000 BPP \$500,000 valuable papers \$200,000 valuable papers away \$38,000 EDP
West Bend Mutual	Worker's comp assessor	County assessor	Coverage A - per statute Coverage B - 500/500/500

Deductible	Policy Number	Expiration Date	Premium
N/A	WC10105230-17	07/01/2006 \$	2,659
N/A N/A	CP10218863-09	07/01/2006 \$	6,442 Included
N/A \$250 \$250 \$250 \$1,000			Included Included Included Included
N/A	WCI10216749-09	07/01/2006 \$	5,217

Miscellaneous Statistics June 30, 2005

Date of incorporation: December 21, 1837		Recreation: Parks:	
Form of government: County Board/County Administrator		County parks Number of acres	7 2,348
Area: 447 Square Miles Median age of population: 35.1		Number of doles	2,040
Miles of roads and streets:			
Interstate highways	43	Golf courses:	
State highways	78	Private	2
County roads	570	Public	7
City street	727	_ Municipal	3
Total miles	1,418		
	=	Snowmobile trails, total miles	86
Acres of industrial lands	749		
		State wildlife preserve open to public	
Farming acres	228,400	hunting and fishing	2,785 acres
Number of farms	740	Number of lakes	5
		Number of boat launches	4
County employees:		Number of beaches	1
Board members	5	Number of swimming pools	2
Elected officials	5	Number of zoos	0
Full- and part-time	426	Number of baseball diamonds	2
Schools within the County:		Public safety:	
Public schools:		County sheriff department	1
Elementary	38	City police department	8
Junior high	9	Fire department:	
Senior high	6	Full-time	2
Total students	26,886	Volunteers	11
		Rescue squads	2
Nonpublic schools:			
K-8	7	Building permits:	
High school	2	Issued in the year ended June 30, 2005	684
Total students	2,582	Value of issued permits	\$ 30,651,066
Higher education:			
University	1		
Colleges	1		
Junior college	1		
Vocational schools	3		
Total students	14,869		



Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2005

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agricultural Food and Nutrition Services			
(Passed through Iowa Department of Human Services):			
Severe Needs School Breakfast	10.553	82-8029	\$ 819
National School Lunch Program	10.555	82-8029	13,667
Food Stamp Program	10.561	N/A	49,357
			63,843
(Passed through Iowa Department of Public Health), Special Supplemental Nutrition Program For Women, Infants,			
and Children (WIC)	10.557	5884AO36	89,183
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program For Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)	10.557	5885AO36	435,168
and official (vito)	10.001	0000,1000	524,351
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(Passed through lowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship),			
Iowa Farmers' Market Nutrition Program	10.572	1191-05-36	1,312
Total U.S. Department of Agricultural Food and Nutrition Services			589,506
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
(Passed through lowa Department of Economic Development),			
Community Development Block Grant, Career Link Program	14.228	02-CRL-004	40.047
Community Development Block Grant, Family Resources, Inc.	14.228	03-CF-033	469,013
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban			
Development			509,060
U.S. Department of Justice			
(Passed through the Governor's Alliance on Substance Abuse):			
Bureau of Justice Assistance Drug Control			
and System Improvement Grant	16.579	03A-0203	4,769
Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Enforcement			,
Assistance Program	16.579	04A-0206	149,756
			154,525
(Passed through State of Iowa Department of Justice, Crime Victim Assistance Division):			
Stop Violence Against Women	16.579	VW-05-21	10,000
			10,000
(Passed through the Governor's Office of Drug Control Policy),			
Eastern Iowa Clan Lab Task Force	16.710	03-HOTSPOTS-14	67,019
Total U.S. Department of Justice			231,544

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

Fodougl Cuputou/Doog Thusuak Cuputou/Ducamous Title	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through Grantor's Identifying	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (Passed through Iowa Department of Public Safety- Governor's Traffic Safety Division):			
Police Traffic Services	20.600	PAP04-04, Task 21	\$ 4,469
Police Traffic Services	20.600	PAP05-04, Task 21	8,493
OWI Prevention Grant	20.600	PAP05-163 Task 05-163	7,023
Safe Communities	20.600	PAP04-163, Task 60	971
			20,956
(Passed through Iowa Department of Public Defense),			
EMA-SARA Training Grant	20.703	N/A	1,454
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			22,410
			,
Federal Emergency Management Agency (Passed through Iowa Disaster Services Division):			
Emergency Management Agency	97.042	N/A	28,332
Emergency Management Agency	97.042	N/A	7,624
Total Federal Emergency Management Agency			35,956
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
(Passed through Iowa Homeland Security & Emergency Management Division),			
FY2004 ODP Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	N/A	3,663
Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program	97.004	FY2004-LETPP-LEIN6-06	155,860
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			159,523
U.S. Department of Education			
(Passed through the Division of Educational Services),	84.126	04.0005.47	200
Supported Employment Supported Employment	84.126	04-CPSE-17 05-CPSE-17	389 5,241
Total U.S. Department of Education	04.120	00-0F3E-17	5,630
Total G.G. Bopartment of Education			0,000
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (Passed through Iowa Department of Health):			
HIV Testing and Counseling Acquired	00.040	5004AD44	40.050
Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) HIV Testing and Counseling Acquired	93.940	5884AP14	13,250
Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS)	93.940	5885AP14	12,761
, , , ,			26,011
Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention	93.197	5885LP10	45,007
I-4 Project	93.268	58841417	23,013
I-4 Project	93.268	58851417	22,035
•			45,048
(Continued)			

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Health Breast/Cervical Cancer Early Detection	93.283	5885NB21	139,950
Access to Baby and Child Dentistry Program	93.110	5885DH19	2,868
Child Health Grant	93.994	5884AO36	18,020
Dental Health Grant	93.994	5884AO36	3,073
Maternal Health Grant	93.994	5884AO36	3,421
Child Health Grant	93.994	5885AO36	77,374
Dental Health Grant	93.994	5885AO36	7,263
Maternal Health Grant	93.994	5885AO36	60,925
			170,076
Bioterrorism Grant	93.283	5883BT84	30,040
Bioterrorism Grant	93.283	8205	61,218
Mosquito Surveillance Project	93.283	MOU-2005-ELC09	600
Mosquito Surveillance Project	93.283	MOU-2006-ELC09	400
Regional Bioterrorism	93.283	5884BT14	4,050
Regional Bioterrorism	93.283	5885BT12	14,820
			111,128
Directly Observed Therapy	93.116	MOU-2005-TB05	2,750
Total passed through lowa Department of Health			542,838
(Passed through Iowa Department of Human Services):			
Refugee and Entrant Assistance	93.026	N/A	89
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	N/A	65,921
Child Care Development Fund	93.596	N/A	12,942
Foster Care	93.658	N/A	34,533
Adoption	93.659	N/A	8,044
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	N/A	848,416
Medical Assistance	93.778	N/A	70,870
Scott County Empowerment Agreement (DECAT)	93.575	N/A	50,000
			1,090,815
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			1,633,653
(Passed through Linn County d/b/a Iowa AIR Coalition): Radon Testing Grant	66.032	5885RC02	2,476
Total expenditures of federal awards			_\$ 3,189,758

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the County of Scott, lowa and its discretely presented component units and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States and Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue from federal awards is recognized when the County has done everything necessary to establish its right to revenue. For governmental funds, revenue from federal grants is recognized when they become both measurable and available. Expenditures of federal awards are recognized in the accounting period when the liability is incurred.

Note 3. Pass-Through Funding

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the County provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Amount Provided to Subrecipient	
Bureau of Justice Assistance Drug Control and System			
Improvement Grant	16.579	\$ 3,179	
Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Enforcement	10.070	Ψ 0,170	
Assistance Program	16,579	104,646	
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women,		,	
Infants and Children (WIC)	10.557	516,941	
Iowa Farmers' Market Nutrition Program	10.572	1,312	
Community Development Block Grant, Career			
Link Program	14.228	40,047	
Community Development Block Grant, Family			
Resources, Inc	14.228	469,013	
Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program	97.004	3,275	
FY2004 ODP Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	3,663	
Supported Employment	84.126	5,630	
Child Health Grant	93.994	84,718	
Maternal Health Grant	93.994	58,989	
Dental Health Grant	93.994	10,336	
		\$ 1,301,749	

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Finding	Status	Corrective Action Plan or Other Explanation			
Reportable (Conditions					
04-II-A	The County does not have an adequate segregation of duties over the revenue transaction cycle and the cash disbursement cycle.	Corrected.				
04-II-B	The County does not reconcile their bank statements for all cash accounts to the general ledger on a monthly basis.	Not corrected.	See corrective action plan at 05-II-C.			
Reportable (Conditions in Administering Federal Awards					
04-III-A	The County does not have an adequate system in place for monitoring subrecipient activities for the Career Link Program.	Not corrected.	See corrective action plan at 05-III-A.			
Other Findin	Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting					
04-IV-M	The County did not publish a report of receipts, disbursements and ending cash balances of each fund with the warrant/checks outstanding against each fund during the year ended June 30, 2004.	Not corrected.	See corrective action plan at 05-IV-M.			

McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Supervisors County of Scott, Iowa Davenport, Iowa

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Scott, lowa as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the County of Scott, lowa's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 14, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Scott, lowa's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the County of Scott, lowa's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 05-II-A, 05-II-B and 05-II-C.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe none of the reportable conditions described above is a material weakness.

We also noted certain matters that we have reported to management of the County of Scott, Iowa in a separate letter dated October 14, 2005.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Scott, lowa's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that are described in Section IV of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the County's operations for the year ended June 30, 2005 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the basic financial statements of the County. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters in Section IV of the schedule of findings and questioned costs are not intended to constitute legal interpretation of those statutes.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Supervisors, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

McGladry of Pullen, LCP

Davenport, Iowa October 14, 2005

McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

To the Board of Supervisors County of Scott, Iowa Davenport, Iowa

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the County of Scott, Iowa with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement,* that are applicable to each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005. The County of Scott, Iowa's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County of Scott, Iowa's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County of Scott, Iowa's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Scott, lowa's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County of Scott, lowa's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County of Scott, lowa complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance with those requirements that are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 05-III-B.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the County of Scott, lowa is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Scott, lowa's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

We noted certain matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over compliance that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the County of Scott, lowa's ability to administer a major federal program in accordance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. The reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 05-III-A.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe none of the reportable conditions described above is a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Supervisors, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

McGladrey of Pullen, LCP

Davenport, Iowa October 14, 2005

I.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2005

Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results				
Financial Statements				
Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified				
Internal control over financial reporting: • Material weakness(es) identified? • Reportable condition(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? • Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	☐ Yes ☑ Yes ☐ Yes	✓ No None Reported No		
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs: • Material weakness(es) identified? • Reportable condition(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? • Ves None Report				
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unqualified ◆ Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133? ☑ Yes ☐ No				
Identification of major program:				
CFDA Number Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
14.228 Community Development Block Grant Programs 93.667 Social Services Block Grant				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$300,000				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		□ No		
Continued)				

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

II. Findings Related to the Financial Statement Audit as Required to be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

A. Reportable Conditions in Internal Control

05-II-A

<u>Finding</u>: A good internal control contemplates an adequate segregation of duties so that no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to its completion. The County of Scott, lowa's Sheriff's Department has an improper segregation of duties over the cash receipt and cash disbursement cycles.

<u>Condition</u>: The senior accounting clerk has access to cash, the ability to adjust the amount of cash received in the system, prepares the deposit, and has access to print the balancing reports. This position also prints the checks, has access to the signature stamp, and mails the checks to the third parties. The office administrator reconciles the bank statement, has the ability to generate checks, and has access to the signature stamp.

In addition, the back-up documentation for the payable checks issued was not retained for any amount of time. While a copy of the process log sheet can be printed from the system, this report only shows the original deposit paid. The reduction of the deposit information is not entered into the computer system; therefore, the amount of the check is unable to be determined by the printed copy of the process log sheet.

Effect: Transaction errors occurred and were not detected in a timely manner.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the review of the check registers by an independent individual. We also recommend removing access of the signature stamp from the individuals performing the check writing function. Also, we recommend restricting the ability to adjust the cash receipts to the individual originally entering the cash receipts information or a person independent of the cash receipt process.

We also recommend the original process log sheets be retained according to the County's file retention policy.

Response and Corrective Action Plan: The deposit will be prepared by an individual with no system access and the deposit slip will be used by the senior accounting clerk to balance cash to the system. The clerk III will agree the signed payable checks to the back-up documentation before she mails the checks. The office administrator will also review and approve the check register.

05-II-B

<u>Finding</u>: A good internal control contemplates an adequate segregation of duties so that no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to its completion. The County of Scott, lowa's Library has an improper segregation of duties over the cash receipt cycle.

<u>Condition</u>: One employee has access to cash, and prepares the general ledger posting from the cash register reports, and deposits the money with the Treasurer's office. While the individual does not have access to the general ledger, there is no review of the entry or a comparison to the cash register reports by another individual. There are also no controls over cash receipts at the branches of the library.

Effect: Transaction errors occurred and were not detected in a timely manner.

Recommendation: We recommend an individual independent of cash handling review the cash register reports to the spreadsheet used to accumulate a total deposit on a daily basis. Then on a monthly basis, review the spreadsheet for reasonableness for the month based on the daily comparison. An alternative would be to have an individual with no cash access prepare the spreadsheet from the cash register report and prepare the journal entry for the deposit.

We recommend establishing policies and procedures for the other library branches outlining the requirements of documentation, maximum amounts of cash on hand, and other procedures to implement controls over cash. Also consider establishing revenue expectations for the branches and comparing the actual revenues to these expectations, the prior month's revenue and the prior year's monthly revenue.

Other recommendations to improve controls are as follows:

- The Friends and Foundation Treasurer regularly collects the monies for the Library to deposit in the Friends and Foundation bank account. We would recommend the County create a form stating the amount and date of monies received by the Treasurer. The Treasurer and library staff would sign the form noting agreement to the information.
- Currently, the over and short amounts of cash are not recorded in the general ledger. We
 recommend these amounts be part of the journal entry and the elimination of the slush
 fund held at the library.
- The library on occasion purchases items with petty cash monies, which includes the daily
 revenues of the library until the deposit is made. Due to these purchases, the revenues are
 posted as net of the expenditures. We recommend the expenditure be posted to an
 expenditure account and gross revenues posted to the general ledger.
- The cash on hand is held in locked cabinets with the keys hidden in various locations. We
 recommend the purchase of a safe and a limited number of employees have access to the
 combination. This will allow the majority of the cash on hand to be secured and a limited
 number of individuals having access to the cash.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

Response and Corrective Action Plan: The Library will review the system for ways to reassign and realign duties in the process to increase the controls in place over the system.

05-II-C

<u>Finding</u>: The County continued to have unresolved differences when reconciling their bank statements to the general ledger on a monthly basis.

<u>Condition</u>: The ending balances on the County's workpapers that were also in agreement with balances on the bank statements did not agree to the general ledger in total as of June 30, 2005 due to an accumulation of differences throughout the year and prior years.

Effect: Transaction errors occurred and were not detected in a timely manner.

Recommendation: We recommend the general ledger be reconciled monthly for all bank accounts held by the County and any unresolved differences be investigated immediately.

Response and Corrective Action Plan: Subsequent to year-end, the County wrote off the difference between the general ledger and bank reconciliations that had accumulated from prior years and will continue to reconcile all accounts to the general ledger and investigate differences immediately upon identification.

B. Compliance Findings

None

III. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

A. Reportable Conditions in Internal Control

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:

Passed through the lowa Department of Economic Development Community Development Block Grant – Career Link Program (CFDA 14.228) Pass-through Grantor's Identifying Number: 02-CRL-004

Federal Award Year: 2003

05-III-A

<u>Finding</u>: The County does not have an adequate system in place for monitoring the subrecipient's activities to provide reasonable assurance that the subrecipient is administering Federal awards in compliance with Federal requirements.

Questioned Costs: None

<u>Condition:</u> Currently, the only monitoring procedures performed by the County over the subrecipient is checking for mathematical accuracy of the reimbursement request summaries submitted by the subrecipient.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

Criteria: OMB Circular A-133 requires a pass-through entity to, Monitor the activities of subrecipients as necessary to ensure that federal awards are used for authorized purposes in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements and that performance goals are achieved. The pass through entity is accountable for the federal awards even though they are administered by the subrecipient.

Recommendation: We recommend the County gain an understanding of the subrecipients' controls in place for meeting eligibility requirements of the grant agreement. In addition, we recommend all supporting documentation of expenditures being requested for reimbursement by the subrecipient be sent to the County for review as well as documentation to support the subrecipient is meeting the eligibility and reporting requirements. The County should consider obtaining a copy of any state on-site visit reports or any audit reports performed in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 from the subrecipient and ensure any findings are being corrected by the subrecipient. The County should also consider performing site visits to the subrecipients to review financial and programmatic records and observe operations.

Response and Corrective Action Plan: Scott County Planning and Development will obtain copies of state on-site visit reports and/or any audit reports to ensure compliance of grant requirements. Planning and Development will perform random site visits to review financial and programmatic records. Scott County Planning and Development will also request supporting documentation of expenditures being requested for reimbursements, including participant income guidelines and completion information.

В. Instance of Noncompliance

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:

Passed through the Iowa Department of Economic Development Community Development Block Grant – Family Resources (CFDA 14.228) Pass-through Grantor's Identifying Number: 03-CF-033

Federal Award Year: 2003

05-III-B

Finding: The County did not use the competitive sealed bids method of procurement for the construction services of the program.

Questioned Costs: None

Condition: While the County did receive approval for a sole source procurement for architectural services, they did not receive approval for the construction services. The County also did not use the competitive sealed bids method.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

<u>Criteria</u>: The lowa Department of Economic Development (IDED) requires the competitive sealed bids method of procurement be used for all construction projects unless prior approval is granted by IDED to use an alternate competitive procurement method.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the County obtain guidelines for procurements from the granting agency and a system be put in place to ensure these guidelines are being followed.

Response and Corrective Action Plan: The County has noted the requirements and will apply this criteria to future projects from the IDED.

IV. Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

- **05-IV-A** Official Depositories: A resolution naming official depositories has been adopted by the Board. The maximum deposit amounts stated in the resolution were not exceeded during the year.
- **05-IV-B** <u>Certified Budget</u>: Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2005 did not exceed the budgeted amounts.
- **05-IV-C** <u>Questionable Expenditures</u>: No expenditures were noted that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in the Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- **05-IV-D** <u>Travel Expense</u>: No expenditures of County money for travel expenses of spouses of County officials or employees were noted.
- **05-IV-E** <u>Business Transactions</u>: No business transactions between the County and County officials or employees were noted.
- **05-IV-F** Bond Coverage: Surety bond coverage of County officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure that coverage is adequate for current operations.
- **05-IV-G** Board Minutes: No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not.
- **05-IV-H** Deposits and Investments: No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the County's investment policy were noted.
- **05-IV-I** Resource Enhancement and Protection Certification: The County properly dedicated property tax revenue to conservation purposes as required by Chapter 455A.19(1)(b) of the Code of lowa in order to receive the additional REAP funds allocated in accordance with Subsections (b)(2) and (b)(3).
- **05-IV-J** Economic Development: According to Chapter 15A of the Code of Iowa and an Attorney General's opinion dated August 28, 1986, government financing of economic development may, in appropriate circumstances, serve a public purpose. There was no financing noted in the current year.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

05-IV-K Capital Lease Purchase Agreements: During the year ended June 30, 2005, the County entered into two capital lease purchase agreements for the purchase of golf carts and a global positioning system for the golf course. The County authorized the lease purchase agreement as required by Chapter 331.464 of the Code of lowa.

05-IV-L County Extension Office: The County Extension Office is operated under the authority of Chapter 176A of the Code of Iowa and serves as an agency of the state of Iowa. This fund is administered by an extension council separate and distinct from County operations.

Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2005 for the County Extension Office did not exceed the amount budgeted.

05-IV-M County Treasurer Report: According to Chapter 349.16(3) of the Code of Iowa, the County Treasurer shall publish a report of the receipts, disbursements and ending cash balances of each fund with the warrant/checks outstanding against each fund. During the year ended June 30, 2005, this report was not published.

Recommendation: The County should prepare and publish the report per the requirements of the code.

Response: We will obtain the necessary documentation and prepare the report as required by the code. The report will be published in the same media used for other publications of the County.

Conclusion: Response accepted.

Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2005

Current Number	Comment	Corrective Action Plan	Anticipated Date of Completion	Contact Person		
Reportable	Reportable Conditions:					
05-II-A	The County does not have an adequate segregation of duties over the revenue transaction cycle and the cash disbursement cycle in the Sheriff department.	See response and corrective action plan at 05-II-A	June 2006	Pam Bennett		
05-II-B	The County Library does not have an adequate segregation of duties over the cash receipt and revenue transaction cycle.	See response and corrective action plan at 05-II-B	June 2006	Pam Collins		
05-II-C	The County does not reconcile their bank statements for all cash accounts to the general ledger on a monthly basis.	See response and corrective action plan at 05-II-C	June 2006	Craig Hufford Wes Rostenbach		
Reportable	Conditions in Administering Federal Awards					
05-III-A	The County does not have an adequate system in place for monitoring subrecipient activities.	See response and corrective action plan at 05-III-A	June 2006	Tim Huey		
Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards						
05-III-B	The County did not use the competitive sealed bids method of procurement for the construction services of the program.	See response and corrective action plan at 05-III-B	June 2006	C. Ray Wierson		
Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting						
05-IV-M	The County did not publish a report of receipts, disbursements and ending cash balances of each fund with the warrant/checks outstanding against each fund during the year ended June 30, 2005.	See response and corrective action plan at 05-IV-M.	June 2006	Craig Hufford		